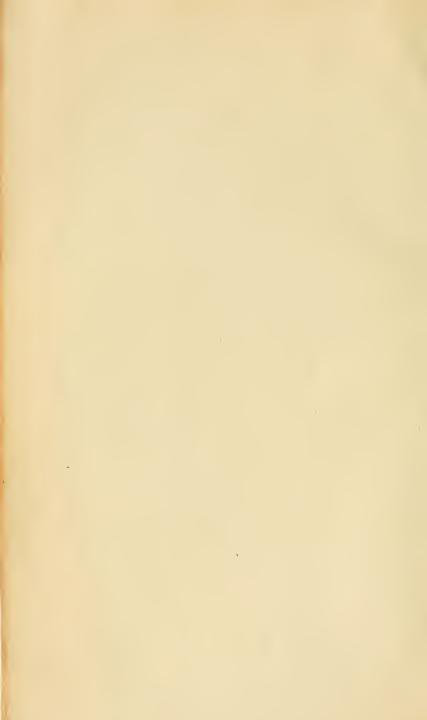




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DAVID BRAINERD,

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MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL; MISSIONARY TO THE INDIANS FROM THE HONOURABLE SOCIETY, IN SCOTLAND, FOR THE PROPAGATION OF CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE; AND PASTOR OF A CHURCH OF CHRISTIAN INDIANS IN NEW-JERSEY.

Who died at NORTHAMPTON, in New-England, October 9th, 1747, in the 30th year of his age.

CHIEFLY TAKEN FROM HIS OWN DIARY, AND OTHER PRIVATE WRITINGS, WRITTEN FOR HIS OWN USE.

BY JONATHAN EDWARDS, A. M. LATE PRESIDENT OF THE COLLEGE IN NEW-JERSEY.

TO WHICH ARE ADDED

EXTRACTS from Mr. BRAINERD'S JOURNAL,

COMPRISING THE MOST MATERIAL THINGS IN THAT PUBLICATION.

PRINTED AT WORCESTEP, MASSACHUSETTS; BY LEONARD WORCESTER;

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THE EDITOR'S PREFACE.

IT is acknowledged on all hands that one method of conveying religious and moral instruction is by example. This is a medium of diffeminating truth, and extending the influence of virtue, which is accommodated to every capacity, and adapted in a peculiar manner to meet the feelings of mankind. Examples, drawn jufly, exhibit the deformity of vice, and the beauty of virtue; not with the languor of mere speculation, but with the energy of striking fast, in which the legitimate effect of sentiment is seen. The example furnished in the following pages is that of strict and almost unvarying piety. The christian life of Mr. Brainerd, though (hort, was lovely. It was fuch as has firikingly adorned the doctrine of God our Saviour, and, as delineated in this volume, prefents the most falutary instruction to all descriptions of men. It is removed from oftentatious feeming zeal on the one hand, and a stupid inaction on the other; from enthusiasm, and formality. Here we may fee the leading fentiments of the gospel, having their genuine influence on the heart, and A a reduced

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reduced to a uniform practice; the real spirit of christianity, stripped of all difguise, and forming an obvious contrast to the barren indevout lives of thousands of professors. Mr. Brainerd was a christian, not in name only; but in reality, in life, in the progressive ardour of true godlinefs. His religion was supernatural, and experimental; founded in boly love, constituting a bond of union to God, embracing all the interests of his government, and resembling his pure nature. It was not the mere decency of a reformed life, the popular goodness of the prefent day. It reached the heart, and formed the character of the whole man. It did not confift in a being proselyted to one party or the other, but in a cordial, unconditional, perfevering devotedness to God through the grace which is by Jefus Chrift. Since instances of equal piety are rare, especially at the present day, it is happy for the cause of religion that such a life has been preserved from oblivion, and that, through the medium of the press, it may be spread abroad, as an object of refreshing contemplation to God's people, and as a source of restraint and conviction to finners. The Life of Mr. Brainerd, prefented to the publick by Prefident Edwards, of which the following, excepting fome few retrenchments, is an exact copy, has always been read with pleasure and improvement by the friends of pure christianity. And the editor cannot but flatter himself, that, under the bleffing of God, the present edition may have its utility, in the fecurity of the fame great objects, the conviction of finners, and the edification and confolation of some, at least, of the children of Zion

Zion. The authenticity of what is exhibited in the Life and Journal of Mr. Brainerd, can admit of no doubt; fince the former was published by a gentleman whose reputation for learning, integrity, and universal piety, is established even beyond the cavils of impiety itfelf, and was compiled by him chiefly from Mr. Brainerd's own Diary ; and fince the latter was written by Mr. Brainerd's own hand, was attefted by feveral reputable ministers of the gospel, and was published under the fanction and patronage of the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge in Scotland. With respect to the retrenchments which have been made, the editor has exercifed his best judgment. Nothing, in fact, has been suppressed which was of importance to an impartial display of Mr. Brainerd's character; nothing but what had either been repeatedly faid before, or was local, or referred to circumstances in which the reader cannot be interested. The object of the retrenchmenis. was merely to exclude what was superfluous, without concealing a fingle trait of character, or a fingle fentiment ; to reduce, in short, all that was confiderably valuable within a smaller compass. Whatever opinion the critical reader may have of this alteration ; whether he may think it an amendment or differvice, the editor is confident, that the volume, as it is now prefented, will be deemed by all the friends of experimental religion as a valuable poffession. If we have a taste for moral beauty, if we love what constitutes the glory of God himfelf, we shall find fatisfaction in perusing the following May we find spiritual improvement alfo. May pages.

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we be prompted, in imitation of this eminent fervant of God, to gird up the loins of our minds, to make an habitual confecration of ourfelves to the will and fervice of God, and like bim find, in our own progressive experience, that the ways of wildom are ways of pleafantnefs, and that all her paths are peace. The ferious reader will unavoidably make an estimate of his own spiritual state, in a comparison with what Mr. Brainerd appears to have experienced, and the manner in which be lived. The trial will be severe ; but if made judicioufly it can have no ill effect. As, however, fome of God's people, who are rather prone to view things on the dark fide, may be in danger of miscalculating, it cannot be improper to observe, that a man may be a real christian, though he be not of the stature of Mr. Brainerd. His life is not exhibited to the publick view as a standard, to the complete measure of which every one must come or not be faved. It is believed that the spirit of vital christianity is in its nature every where the Same, and that, in the general, the fame things in kind must be experienced, the same affections exercised, and the fame holy conversation maintained : But of true christians there are undoubtedly some of a larger, and Some of a smaller growth. If we have the distinguishing evidences of a flate of grace, though not with the fame indubitable clearness with which Mr. Brainerd seems to bave been favoured, we are allowed to entertain hope towards God, and should do wrong to reject the confolations subich infinite mercy may present us. The strong ought to bear the infirmities of the weak; and the weak, inflead

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stead of finking into a dejected unprofitable despondency, ought to press forward to perfection.

It is manifest that Mr Brainerd was, from his conflitutional habit, inclined to melancholy. His bodily health was generally low. And the peculiar circumstances into which he was thrown in the profecution of his publick duty, conspired with his natural infirmities to plunge him often into extreme dejection. This dejection the careles reader may impute to his particular views of christianity. But they ought not to be confounded. This dejection formed no part of his religion. It was merely animal. His religion, in fact, was his only relief from his deptessions. That the reader may be exempted from that unhappy portion of his experience and enjoy the infinitely precious part, the divine consolations with which he was favoured, is the fervent prayer of his friend and servant in Jesus Christ,

SAMUEL AUSTIN. Worcester, May 29th, 1793.

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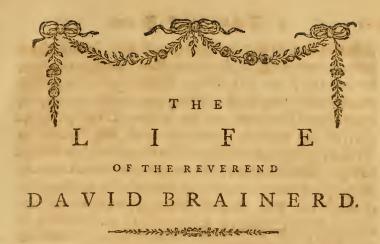
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IN the fubfeription papers the publick had a partial encouragement that fhould the fubferibers be numerous, there would be a diminution of the price. The expectations of the Editor are not fully answered in this respect. But had they been answered, the addition of more than fifty pages to the number mentioned in the conditions will be confidered as an ample equivalent to fuch a benefit, and be a fecurity from all possible imputation.



PART I.

From his BIRTH, to the time when he began to devote himfelf to the STUDY of DIVINITY, in order to his being fitted for the Work of the MINISTRY.

[NR. David Brainerd was born April 20, 1718. at Haddam, a town belonging to the county of Middlefex, in the state of Connecticut, New-En-His father, who died when this his fon was gland. about nine years of age, was the Worshipful Hezekiah Brainerd, Efg; an affistant, or one of his Majefty's Council for the then colony, and the fon of Daniel Brainerd, Efq; a justice of the peace, and a deacon of the church of Chrift in Haddam. His mother was Mrs. Dorothy Hobart, daughter to the Rev. Mr. Jeremiah Hobart, who preached a while at Topsfield, and then removed to Hempstead on Long-Ifland, and afterwards removed from Hempflead (by reafon of numbers turning Quakers, and many others being fo irreligious, that they would do nothing towards the fupport of the ministry) and came and fettled in the work of the ministry at Haddam : Where he died in the 85th year of his age : Of whom it is remarkable, that he went to the publick

lick worfhip in the forenoon, and died in his chair between meetings. And this Rev. gentleman was fon of the Rev. Mr. Peter Hobart, who was firft minifter of the gofpel at Hingham, in the county of Norfolk in England, and by reafon of the perfecution of the puritans, removed with the family to New-England, and was fettled in the miniftry at Hingham, in Maffachufetts. The mother of Mrs. Dorothy Hobart (who was afterwards Brainerd) was daughter to the Rev. Mr. Samuel Whiting, minifter of the gofpel, firft at Bofton in Lincolnfhire, and afterwards at Lynn in Maffachufetts, New-England : He had three fons that were minifters of the gofpel.

Mr. David Brainerd was the third fon of his parents. They had five fons and four daughters. Their eldeft fon was Hezekiah Brainerd, Elg; a juftice of the peace, and for feveral years a reprefeutative of the town of Haddam, in the General Affembly of Connecticut. The fecond was the Kev. Mr. Nehemiah Brainerd, a worthy minister at Eastbury in Connecticut, who died of a confumption, November 10, 1742. The fourth was Mr. John Brainerd, who fucceeded his brother David, as miffionary to the Indians, and paftor of the fame church of chriftian Indians in New-Jerfey : And the fifth was Ifrael, student at Yale-College in New-Haven, who died foon after his brother David. Mrs. Dorothy Brainerd having lived feveral years a widow, died when her fon, (whofe life I am about to give an account of,) was about fourteen years of age : So that in his youth he was left both fatherlefs and mother-What account he has given of himfelf, and lefs. his own life, may be feen in what follows.]

I WAS, I think, from my youth, fomething fober, and inclined rather to melancholy, than the contrary extreme; but do not remember any thing of conviction of fin, worthy of remark, until I was, I believe,

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about feven or eight years of age; when I became fomething concerned for my foul, and terrified at the thoughts of death, and was driven to the performance of duties*. But it appeared a melancholy bufinefs, and deftroyed my eagernefs for play. And alas ! this religious concern was but thortlived. However, I fometimes attended fecret prayer : and thus lived at ease in Zion, without God in the world, and without much concern, as I remember, until I was above thirteen years of age. But fome time in the winter, 1732, I was fomething roufed out of carnal fecurity, by I fearce knew what means at first; but was much excited by the prevailing of a mortal ficknefs in Haddam. I was frequent, conftant, and fomething fervent in duties, and took delight in reading, efpecially Mr. Janeway's Token for Children; I felt fometimes much melted in duties, and took great delight in the performance of them : And I fometimes hoped that I was converted, or at leaft in a good and hopeful way for heaven and happinefs, not knowing what conversion was. The Spirit of God at this time proceeded far with me; I was remarkably dead to the world, and my thoughts were almost wholly employed about my foul's concerns ; and I may indeed fay, almost I was perfuaded to be a christian. Iwasalfo exceedingly distressed and melancholy at the death of my mother, in March, 1732. But afterwards my religious concern began to decline, and I by degrees fell back into a confiderable degree of fecurity; though 1 still attended fecret prayer frequently.

About the 15th of April, 1733, I removed from my father's house to East-Haddam, where I spent four years, but still without God in the world; though for

* The reader will find from the general current of Mr. Brainerd's writings, that by the term duty, he doth not mean any real, genuine compliance with the law or gofpel, but certain external performances, the refult of conviction and concern only, and entirely compatible with reigning enmity of heart to God.

for the moft part I went a round of fecret duty. I was not exceedingly addicted to young company, or frolicking (as it is called.) But this I know, that when I did go into company, I never returned from a frolick in my life, with fo good a confcience as I went with: It always added new guilt to me, and made me afraid to come to the throne of grace, and fpoiled those good frames, I was wont fometimes to please myself with. But alas ! all my good frames were but felf righteousness, not bottomed on a defire for the glory of God.

About the latter end of April, 1737, being full nineteen years of age, I removed to Durham, and began to work on my farm, and fo continued the year out, or near, until I was twenty years old, frequently longing, from a natural inclination, after a liberal education. When I was about twenty years of age, I applied myfelf to fludy; and fome time before, was more than ordinarily excited to and in duty: But now engaged more than ever in the duties of religion. I became very flrict, and watchful over my thoughts, words, and actions; and thought I muft be fober indeed, becaufe I defigned to devote myfelf to the miniftry; and imagined I did dedicate myfelf to the Lord.

Some time in April, 1738, I went to Mr. Fifke's, and lived with him, during his life*. And I remember, he advifed me wholly to abandon young company, and affociate myfelf with grave elderly people : Which counfel I followed ; and my manner of life was now exceeding regular, and full of religion, fuch as it was : For I read my Bible more than twice through in lefs than a year, I fpent much time every day in fecret prayer, and other fecret duties : I gave great attention to the word preached, and endeavoured to my utmost to retain it. So much concerned

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was I about religion, that I agreed with fome young perfons to meet privately on Sabbath evenings for religious exercifes, and thought myfelf fincere in thefe duties ; and after our meeting was ended, I ufed to repeat the difcourfes of the day to myfelf, and recollect what I could, though fometimes it was very late in the night. Again on Monday mornings, I ufed fometimes to recollect the fame fermons. And I had fometimes confiderable movings of affections in duties, and much pleafure, and had many thoughts of joining to the church. In fhort, I had a very good outfide, and refted entirely on my duties, though I was not fenfible of it.

After Mr. Fifke's death, I proceeded in my learning with my brother; and was ftill very conftant in religious duties, and often wondered at the levity of profeffors; it was a trouble to me, that they were fo carelefs in religious matters. Thus I proceeded a confiderable length on a felf righteous foundation; and fhould have been entirely loft and undone, had not the mere mercy of God prevented.

Some time in the beginning of winter, anno 1738, it pleafed God, on one Sabbath day morning, as I was walking out for fome fecret duties (as I remember) to give me on a fudden fuch a fenfe of my danger and the wrath of God, that I flood amazed, and my former good frames, that I had pleafed myfelf with, all prefently vanished; and from the view, that I had of my fin and vilenefs, I was much diftreffed all that day, fearing the vengeance of God would foon overtake me; I was much dejected, and kept much alone, and fometimes begrudged the birds and beafts their happinefs, because they were not expofed to eternal mifery, as I evidently faw I was. And thus I lived from day to day, being frequently in great diffrefs. Sometimes there appeared mountains before me to obstruct my hopes of mercy ; and

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the work of conversion appeared fo great, I thought I should never be the fubject of it : But used however, to pray and cry to God, and perform other duties with great earneftnefs, and hoped by fome means to make the cafe better. And though I, hundreds of times, renounced all pretences of any worth in my duties (as I thought) even in the feafon of the performance of them, and often confeffed to God? that I deferved nothing for the very beft of them," but eternal condemnation : Yet still I had a fecret latent hope of recommending myfelf to God by my religious duties; and when I prayed affectionately, and my heart feemed in fome meafure to melt, I hoped God would be thereby moved to pity me; my prayers then looked with fome appearance of goodnefs in them, and I feemed to mourn for fin ; and . then I could in fome measure venture on the mercy of God in Chrift, (as I thought ;) though the preponderating thought and foundation of my hope was fome imagination of goodnefs in my heart meltings, and flowing of affections in duty, and fometimes extraordinary enlargements therein, &c. Though at fome times the gate appeared fo very ftrait, that it looked next to impoffible to enter, yet at other times I flattered myfelf that it was not fo very difficult, and hoped I fhould by diligence and watchfulnefs foon gain the point. Sometimes after enlargement in duty and confiderable affection, I hoped I had made a good flep towards heaven, and imagined that God was affected as I was, and that he would hear fuch fincere cries, (as I called them) and for fometimes when I withdrew for fecret duties in great diftrefs, I returned fomething comfortable; and thus healed myfelf with my duties.

Some time in February, 1738,9, I fet apart a day for fecret fasting and prayer, and spent the day in almost incessfant cries to God for mercy, that he would

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open my eyes to fee the evil of fin, and the way of life by Jefus Chrift. And God was pleafed that day to make confiderable difcoveries of my heart to me : But ftill I trufted in all the duties I performed; though there was no manner of goodnefs in the duties I then performed, there being no manner of refpect to the glory of God in them, norany fuch principle in my heart : Yet God was pleafed to make my endeavours that day, a means to fhew me my helpleffnefs, in fome meafure.

Sometimes I was greatly encouraged, and imagined that God loved me and was pleafed with me, and thought I should foon be fully reconciled to God ; while the whole was founded on mere prefumption. arifing from enlargement in duty, or flowing of affections, or fome good refolutions, and the like. And when, at times, great diffress began to arife, on a fight of my vilenefs and nakednefs, and inability to deliver myfelf from a fovereign God, I ufed to put off the difcovery, as what I could not bear. Once, I remember, a terrible pang of diffrefs feized me, and the thoughts of renouncing myfelf, and flanding naked before God, stripped of all goodness, were fo dreadful to me, that I was ready to fay to them as Felix to Paul, Go thy way for this time. Thus, though I daily longed for greater conviction of fin, fuppofing that I must fee more of my dreadful state in order to a remedy, yet when the difcoveries of my vile hellifh heart were made to me, the fight was fo dreadful, and fhewed me fo plainly my exposedness to damnation, that I could not endure it. I conftantly frove after whatever qualifications. I imagined others obtained before the reception of Chrift, in order to recommend me to his favour. Sometimes I felt the power of an hard heart, and fupposed it must be softened before Christ would accept of me; and when I felt any meltings of heart,

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I hoped now the work was almost done: And hence, when my diftress still remained, I was wont to murmur at God's dealings with me; and thought, when others felt their hearts softened, God shewed them mercy: But my diftress remained still.

Sometimes I grew remifs and fluggifh, without any great convictions of fin, for a confiderable time together; but after fuch a feafon, convictions fometimes feized me more violently. One night I remember in particular, when I was walking folitarily abroad, I had opened to me fuch a view of my fin, that I feared the ground would cleave afunder under my feet, and become my grave, and fend my foul quick into hell, before I could get home. And though I was forced to go to bed, left my diffrefs fhould be difcovered by others, which I much feared ; yet I fcarce durft fleep at all, for I thought it would be a great wonder if I should be out of hell in the morning. And though my diffrefs was fometimes thus great, yet I greatly dreaded the lofs of convictions, and returning back to a flate of carnal fecurity, and to my former infenfibility of impending wrath; which made me exceeding exact in my behaviour, left I should stifle the motions of God's Spirit. When at any time I took a view of my convictions of my own finfulnefs, and thought the degree of them to be confiderable, I was wont to truft in my convictions : But this confidence, and the hopes that arofe in me from it, of foon making fome notable advances towards deliverance, would eafe my mind, and I foon became more fenfeless and remiss : But then again when I difcerned my convictions to grow languid, and I thought them about to leave me, this immediately alarmed and diftreffed me. Sometimes I expected to take a large ftep, and get very far towards conversion by some particular opportunity or means I had in view.

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The many difappointments, and great diffreffes and perplexity I met with, put me into a most horrible frame of contesting with the Almighty ; with an inward vehemence and virulence, finding fault with his ways of dealing with mankind. I found great fault with the imputation of Adam's fin to his posterity : And my wicked heart often wished for fome other way of falvation than by Jefus Chrift : And being like the troubled fea, and my thoughts confused, I used to contrive to escape the wrath of God by fome other means, and had ftrange projections, full of Atheifm, contriving to difappoint God's defigns and decrees concerning me, or to elcape God's notice, and hide myfelf from him : But when, upon reflection. I faw these projections were vain, and would not ferve me, and that I could contrive nothing for my own relief, this would throw my mind into the most horrid frame, to wish there was no God, or to with there were fome other God that could control him, &c. Thefe thoughts and defires were the fecret inclinations of my heart, that were frequently acting before I was aware ; but alas. they were mine ! although I was affrighted with them, when I came to reflect on them : When I confidered of it, it diftreffed me, to think that my heart was fo full of enmity against God; and it made me tremble, left God's vengeance should fuddenly fall upon me. I used before to imagine my heart was not fo bad as the fcriptures and fome other books represented. Sometimes I used to take much pains to work it up into a good frame, a humble fubmiffive difposition; and hoped there was then fome goodnefs in me : But it may be on a fudden, the thoughts of the strictness of the law, or the fovereignty of God, would fo irritate the corruption of my heart, that I had fo watched over, and hoped I had brought to a good frame, that it would break over.

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all bounds, and burft forth on all fides, like floods of waters, when they break down their dam. But being fenfible of the neceffity of a deep humiliation in order to a faving clofe with Chrift, I used to fet myfelf to work in my own heart those convictions, that were requifite in fuch an humiliation : As, a conviction, that God would be just, if he cast me off foreyer; and that if ever, God fhould beftow mercy on me, it would be mere grace, though I should be in diftrefs many years first, and be never fo much engaged in duty; that God was not in the leaft obliged to pity me the more for all past duties, cries, and tears, &c. Thefe things I ftrove to my utmost to bring myfelf to a firm belief of, and hearty affent to; and hoped that now I was brought off from myfelf, and truly humbled and bowed to the divine fovereignty; and was wont to tell God in my prayers, that now I had those very dispositions of foul that he required, and on which he shewed mercy to others, and thereupon to beg and plead for mercy to me : But when I found no relief, and was still oppreffed with guilt and fears of wrath, my foul was in a tumult, and my heart role against God, as dealing hardly with me. Yet then my conficience flew in my face, putting me in mind of my late confeffion to God of his justice in my condemnation, &c. And this, giving me a fight of the badnefs of my heart, threw me again into diffrefs, and I wifhed I had watched my heart more narrowly, to keep it from breaking out against God's dealings with me, and I even withed I had not pleaded for mercy on account of my humiliation, becaufe thereby I had loft all my feeming goodnefs.

Thus, fcores of times, I vainly imagined myfelf humbled and prepared for faving mercy.

While I was in this diffreffed, bewildered, and sumultuous flate of mind, the corruption of my heart

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heart was especially irritated with these things following:

1. The ftrictness of the divine law. For I found it was impossible for me, after my utmost pains, to answer the demands of it. I often made new resolutions, and as often broke them. I imputed the whole to careleffnefs, and the want of being more watchful, and ufed to call myfelf a fool for my negligence : But when, upon a ftronger refolution, and greater endeavours, and close application of myfelf to failing and prayer, I found all attempts fail, then I quarrelled with the law of God, as unreafonably rigid. I thought, if it extended only to my outward actions and behaviour, I could bear with it : But I found it condemned me for my evil thoughts, and fins of my heart, which I could not poffibly prevent. I was extremely loth to give out, and own my utter helpleffnefs in this matter : But after repeated difappointments, thought that, rather than perifh, I could do a little more still, especially if fuch and fuch. circumstances might but attend my endeavours and ftrivings; I hoped that I fhould ftrive more earneftly ly than ever, if the matter came to extremity (though I never could find the time to do my utmost, in the manner l intended :) And this hope of future more favourable circumstances, and of doing fomething great hereafter, kept me from despair in myself, and from seeing myfelf fallen into the hands of a fovereign God, and dependent on nothing but free and boundlefs grace :

2. Another thing was, that faith alone was the condition of falvation ; and that God would not come down to lower terms, that he would not promife life and falvation upon my fincere and hearty prayers and endeavours. That word, Mark xvi. 16. He that believeth not, Shall be damned, cut off all hope there : And I found, faith was the fovereign gift of God ; that I could not get it as of myfelf, and could not

not oblige God to beftow it upon me, by any of my performances. Eph. ii. 1. 8. This, I was ready to fay, is a hard faying, Who can hear it ? I could not bear, that all I had done fhould ftand for mere nothing, who had been very confcientious in duty, and had been exceeding religious a great while, and had (as I thought) done much more than many others that had obtained mercy. I confeffed indeed the vilenefs of my duties; but then, what made them at that time feem vile, was my wandering thoughts in them; not becaufe I was all over defiled like a devil, and the principle corrupt from whence they flowed, fo that I could not poffibly do any thing that was good. And therefore I called what I did, by the name of honeft faithful endeavours; and could not bear it, that God had made no promifes of falvation to them.

3. Another thing was, that I could not find out what faith was; or what it was to believe, and come to Chrift. I read the calls of Chrift, made to the weary and heavy laden; but could find no way, that he directed them to come in. I thought, I would gladly come, if I knew how, though the path of duty directed to were never fo difficult. I read Mr. Stoddard's Guide to Chrift (which I truft was, in the hand of God, the happy means of my converfion) and my heart role against the author ; for though he told me my very heart all along under convictions, and feemed to be very beneficial to me in his directions ; yet here he failed, he did not tell me any thing I could do, that would bring me to Chrift, but left me as it were with a great gulf between me and Chrift, without any direction to get through. For I was not yet effectually and experimentally taught, that there could be no way prefcribed, whereby a natural man could, of his own ftrength, obtain that which is fupernatural, and which the highest angel cannot give.

4. Another

MR. DAVID BRAINERD. 21

4. Another thing that I found a great inward opposition to, was the fovereignty of God. I could not bear, that it fhould be wholly at God's pleafure. to fave or damn me, just as he would. That paffage, Rom. ix. 11-23. was a conftant vexation to me, especially verse 21. The reading or meditating on this always deftroyed my feeming good frames : When I thought I was almost humbled, and almost refigned to God's fovereignty, the reading or thinking on this paffage would make my enmity against the fovereignty of God appear. And when I came to reflect on my inward enmity and blafphemy, that arofe on this occafion, I was the more afraid of God, and driven further from any hopes of reconciliation. with him; and it gave me fuch a dreadful view of myfelf, that I dreaded more than ever to fee myfelf in God's hands, and at his fovereign difpofal, and it made me more opposite than ever to fubmit to his fovereignty; for I thought God defigned my damnation.

All this time the Spirit of God was powerfully at work with me; and I was inwardly preffed to relinquifh all felf confidence, all hopes of ever helping myfelf by any means whatfoever : And the conviction of my loft eftate was fometimes fo clear and manifest before my eyes, that it was as if it had been declared to me in fo many words, " It is done, it is done, it is forever impoffible to deliver yourfelf." For about three or four days, my foul was thus diftreffed, efpecially at fome turns, when for a few moments I feemed to myfelf loft and undone ; but then would fhrink back immediately from the fight, becaufe I dared not venture myfelf into the hands of God, as wholly helplefs, and at the difpofal of his fovereign pleafure. I dared not fee that important truth concerning myfelf, that I was dead in trefpaffes and fins. But when I had as it were thrust away thefe

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these views of myself at any time, I felt diffressed to have the fame difcoveries of myfelf again; for I greatly feared being given over of God to final flupidity. When I thought of putting it off to a more convenient feafon, the conviction was fo clofe and powerful with regard to the prefent time, that it was the best time, and probably the only time, that I dared not put it off. It was the fight of truth concerning myfelf, truth refpecting my ftate, as a creature fallen and alienated from God, and that confequently could make no demands on God for mercy, but must fubscribe to the absolute fovereignty of the Divine Being; the fight of the truth, I fay, my foul fhrank away from, and trembled to think of beholding. Thus, he that doth evil (as all unregenerate men continually do) bates the light of truth, neither cares to come to it, because it will reprove bis deeds, and fhew him his just deferts. (John iii. 20.) And though, fome time before, I had taken much pains (as I thought) to fubmit to the fovereignty of God, yet I miftook the thing ; and did not once imagine, that feeing and being made experimentally fenfible of this truth, which my foul now fo much dreaded and trembled at a fenfe of, was the frame of foul that I had been fo earnest in pursuit of heretofore : For I had ever hoped, that when I had attained to that humiliation, which I fuppofed neceffary to go before faith, then it would not be fair for God to caft me off ; but now I faw it was to far from any goodness in me, to own myself fpiritually dead, and deftitute of all goodnefs, that on the contrary, my mouth would be forever flopped by it : and it looked as dreadful to me, to fee myfelf, and the relation I flood in to God, as a finner and a criminal, and he a great judge and fovereign, as it would be to a poor trembling creature, to venture off fome high precipice. And hence I put it off for a minute or two. and

and tried for better circumstances to do it in ; either I must read a passage or two, or pray first, or fonething of the like nature ; or elfe put off my fubmiffion to God's fovereignty, with an objection, that I did not know how to fubmit : But the truth was, I could fee no fafety in owning myfelf in the hands of a fovereign God, and that I could lay no claim to any thing better than damnation.

But after a confiderable time fpent in fuch like exercifes and diffreffes, one morning, while I was walking in a folitary place as ufual, I at once faw that all my contrivances and projections to effect or procure deliverance and falvation for myfelf, were utterly in vain : I was brought quite to a ftand, as finding myfelf totally loft. I had thought many times before, that the difficulties in my way were very great : But now I faw, in another and very different light, that it was forever impoflible for me to do any thing towards helping or delivering myfelf. I then thought of blaming myfelf, that I had not done more, and been more engaged, while I had opportunity (for it feemed now as if the feafon of doing was forever over and gone) but I inftantly faw, that let me have done what I would, it would no more have tended to my helping myfelf, than what I had done ; that I had made all the pleas I ever could have made to all eternity; and that all my pleas were vain. The tumult that had been before in my mind, was now quieted; and I was fomething eafed of that diffrefs, which I felt while ftruggling against a fight of myfelf, and of the divine fovereignty. I had the greatest certainty, that my state was forever miferable, for all that I could do ; and wondered, and was almost aftonished, that I had never been fensible of it before.

In the time while I remained in this state, my notions respecting my duties, were quite different B 4 from

from what I had ever entertained in times paft. Before this, the more I did in duty, the more I thought God was obliged to me ; or at least the more hard I thought it would be for God to caft me off; though at the fame time I confeffed, and thought I faw, that there was no goodnefs or merit in my duties : But now the more I did in prayer or any other duty, the more I faw I was indebted to God for allowing me to afk for mercy; for I faw, it was felf interest had led me to pray, and that I had never once prayed from any respect to the glory of God. Now I faw, there was no neceffary connection between my prayers and the bestowment of divine mercy; that they laid not the leaft obligation upon God to beftow his grace upon me; and that there was no more virtue or goodnefs in them, than there would be in my paddling with my hand in the water, (which was the comparison I had then in my mind) and this becaufe they were not performed from any love or regard to God. I faw that I had been heaping up my devotions before God, fafting, praying, &c. pretending, and indeed really thinking. at fome times, that I was aiming at the glory of God ; whereas I never once truly intended it, but only my own happinefs. I faw, that, as I had never done any thing for God, I had no claim to lay to any thing from him, but perdition, on account of my hypocrify and mockery. O how different did my duties now appear from what they used to do ! I used to charge them with fin and imperfection; but this was only on account of the wanderings and vain thoughts attending them, and not becaufe I had no regard to God in them ; for this I thought I had : But when I faw evidently that I had regard to nothing but felf interest, then they appeared vile mockery of God, felf worfhip, and a continual courfe of lies; fo that I faw now, there was fomething worfe

worfe had attended my duties, than barely a few wanderings, &c. for the whole was nothing but felf worfhip and an horrid abufe of God.

I continued, as I remember, in this state of mind, from Friday morning until the Sabbath evening following, July 12, 1739, when I was walking again in the fame folitary place where I was brought to fee myfelf loft and helplefs (as was before mentioned) and here, in a mournful melancholy state, was attempting to pray ; but found no heart to engage in that, or any other duty; my former concern, and exercife, and religious affections were now gone. I thought the Spirit of God had quite left me ; but still was not distressed : Yet disconsolate, as if there was nothing in heaven or earth could make me happy. And having been thus endeavouring to pray (though being, as I thought, very flupid and fenfelefs) for near half an hour, (and by this time the. fun was about half an hour high, as I remember) then, as I was walking in a dark thick grove, unfpeakable glory feemed to open to the view and apprehension of my foul : I do not mean any external brightnefs, for I faw no fuch thing; nor do I intend any imagination of a body of light, fome where away in the third heavens, or any thing of that nature; but it was a new inward apprehenfion or view that I had of God, fuch as I never had before, nor any thing which had the least refemblance of it. I flood flill, and wondered and admired ! I knew that I never had feen before any thing comparable to it for excellency and beauty : It was widely different from all the conceptions that ever I had had of God, or things divine. I had no particular apprehenfion of any one perfon in the Trinity, either the Father. the Son, or the Holy Ghoft ; but it appeared to be divine glory that I then beheld : And my foul rejoiced with joy unipeakable, to fee fuch a God, fuch

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a glorious divine Being ; and I was inwardly pleafed and fatisfied, that he fhould be God over all forever and ever. My foul was fo captivated and delighted with the excellency, lovelinefs, greatnefs, and other perfections of God, that I was even fwallowed up in him ; at leaft to that degree, that I bad no thought (as I remember) at first, about my own falvation, and fcarce reflected there was fuch a creature as myfelf.

Thus God, I truft, brought me to a hearty difpofition to exalt him, and fet him on the throne, and principally and ultimately to aim at his honour and glory, as King of the Univerfe.

I continued in this state of inward joy and peace, yet astonishment, until near dark, without any sensible abatement; and then began to think and examine what I had seen; and selt sweetly composed in my mind all the evening following: I felt myself in a new world, and every thing about me appeared with a different aspect from what it was wont to do.

At this time, the way of falvation opened to me with fuch infinite wifdom, fuitablenefs and excellency, that I wondered I fhould ever think of any other way of falvation ; was amazed that I had not dropped my own contrivances, and complied with this lovely, bleffed, and excellent way before. If I could have been faved by my own duties, or any other way that I had formerly contrived, my whole foul would now have refufed. I wondered that all the world did not fee and comply with this way of falvation, entirely by the righteoufnefs of Chrift.

The fweet relifh of what I then felt, continued with me for feveral days, almost constantly, in a greater or lefs degree : I could not but fweetly rejoice in God, lying down and rifing up. The next Lord's Day I felt fomething of the fame kind; though not fo powerful as before. But, not long after, was again

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again involved in thick darknefs, and under great diftrefs; yet not of the fame kind with my diftrefs under convictions. I was guilty, afraid and afhamed to come before God, was exceedingly preffed with a fenfe of guilt: But it was not long before I felt, I truft, true repentance and joy in God.

About the latter end of August, I again fell under great darkness; it seemed as if the presence of God was *clean gone forever*. Though I was not so much distressed about my spiritual state, as I was at my being shut out from God's presence, as I then sensibly was. But it pleased the Lord to return graciously to me, not long after.

In the beginning of September I went to college*. and entered there : But with fome degree of reluctancy, fearing left I should not be able to lead a life of strict religion, in the midst of fo many temptations. After this, in the vacancy, before I went to tarry at college, it pleafed God to vifit my foul with clearer manifestations of himfelf and his grace. I was fpending fome time in prayer, and felf examination ; and the Lord by his grace fo fhined into my heart, that I enjoyed full affurance of his favour for that time; and my foul was unspeakably refreshed with divine and heavenly enjoyments. At this time efpecially, as well as fome others, fundry paffages of God's word opened to my foul with divine clearnefs, power and fweetnefs, fo as to appear exceeding precious, and with clear and certain evidence of its being the word of God. I enjoyed confiderable fiveetnefs in religion, all the winter following.

In January, 1739,40, the meafles fpread much in college; and I having taken the diffemper, went home to Haddam: But fome days before I was taken fick, I feemed to be greatly deferted, and my foul mourned the abfence of the Comforter exceedingly:

* Yale College in New-Haven.

It feemed to me, all comfort was forever gone ; I prayed and cried to God for help, yet found no prefent comfort or relief. But through divine goodnefs. a night or two before I was taken ill, while I was walking alone in a very retired place, and engaged in meditation and prayer, I enjoyed a fweet refreshing vifit, as I truft, from above, fo that my foul was raifed far above the fears of death ; indeed I rather longed for death, than feared it. O how much more refreshing this one feason was, than all the pleafures and delights that earth can afford ! After a day or two I was taken with the meafles, and was very ill indeed, fo that I almost despaired of life : But had no diffreffing fears of death at all. However, through divine goodness I foon recovered : Yet. by reafon of hard and clofe ftudies, and being much exposed on account of my freshmanship, I had but little time for fpiritual duties ; my foul often mourned for want of more time and opportunity to be alone with God. In the fpring and fummer following I had better advantages for retirement, and enjoyed more comfort in religion : Though indeed my ambition in my fludies greatly wronged the activity and vigour of my fpiritual life : Yet this was ufually the cafe with me, that in the multitude of my thoughts within me, God's comforts principally delighted my foul: Thefe were my greatest confolations day by day.

One day I remember in particular (I think it was in June, 1740) I walked to a confiderable diffance from the college, in the fields alone at noon, and in prayer found fuch unfpeakable fweetnefs and delight in God, that I thought, if I muft continue ftill in this evil world, I wanted always to be there, to behold God's glory: My foul dearly loved all mankind, and longed exceedingly that they fhould enjoy what I enjoyed. It feemed to be a little refemblance of Heaven. On Lord's Day, July 6, being facrament day, I found fome divine life and fpiritual refrefhment in that holy ordinance. When I came from the Lord's table, I wondered how my fellow fludents could live as I was fenfible most did. Next Lord's Day, July 13, I had fome fpecial fweetnefs in religion. Again Lord's Day, July 20, my foul was in a fweet and precious frame.

Sometime in August following, I became fo weakly and difordered, by too clofe application to my ftudies, that I was advifed by my tutor, to go home, and difengage my mind from ftudy; as much as I could; for I was grown fo weak, that I began to fpit blood. I took his advice, and endeavoured to lay afide my ftudies. But being brought very low, I looked death in the face more fteadfaftly; and the Lord was pleafed to give me renewedly a fweet fenfe and relifh of divine things; and particularly in October 13, I found divine help and confolation in the precious duties of fecret prayer and felf examination; and my foul took delight in the bleffed God : So likewife on the 17th of October.

Saturday, October 18, in my morning devotions, my foul was exceedingly melted for, and bitterly mourned over my exceeding finfulnefs and vilenefs. I never before had felt fo pungent and deep a fenfe of the odious nature of fin, as at this time. My foul was then unufually carried forth in love to God, and had a lively fenfe of God's love to me. And this love and hope, at that time, caft out fear. Both morning and evening I fpent fome time in felf examination, to find the truth of grace, as alfo my fitnefs to approach to God at his table the next day ; and through infinite grace, found the Holy Spirit influencing my foul with love to God, as a witnefs within myfelf.

Lord's Day, October 19, in the morning I felt my foul bungering and thirfting after rightcoufnefs.

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In the forenoon when I was looking on the facramental elements, and thinking that *Jefus Cbrift* would foon be *fet. forth crucified before me*, my foul was filled with light and love, fo that I was almost in an ecstafy; my body was fo weak, I could fcarcely stand. I felt at the fame time an exceeding tenderne's and most fervent love towards all mankind; fo that my foul and all the powers of it feemed, as it were, to melt into fostne's and fweetne's. But in the feason of the communion there was fome abatement of this fweet life and fervour. This love and joy cast out fear; and my foul longed for perfect grace and glory. This fweet frame continued until the evening, when my foul was fweetly spiritual in fecret duties.

Monday, October 20, I again found the fweet affiftance of the Holy Spirit in fecret duties, both morning and evening, and life and comfort in religion through the whole day.

Tuesday, October 21, I had likewise experience of the goodness of God in shedding abroad his love in my heart, and giving me delight and confolation in religious duties. And all the remaining part of the week, my foul feemed to be taken up with divine things. I now fo longed after God, and to be freed from fin, that when I felt myfelf recovering, and thought I must return to college again, which had proved fo hurtful to my fpiritual interest the year paft, I could not but be grieved, and I thought I had much rather have died ; for it distressed me to think of getting away from God. But before I went, I enjoyed feveral other fweet and precious feafons of communion with God, (particularly October 30, and November 4,) wherein my foul enjoyed unfpeakable comfort.

I returned to college about November 6, and through the goodnefs of God felt the power of religion almost daily, for the fpace of fix weeks.

November

November 28, in my evening devotion, I enjoyed precious difcoveries of God, and was unfpeakably refreshed with that passage, Heb. xii. 22, 23, 24. That my foul longed to wing away for the paradife of God; I longed to be conformed to God in all things. A day or two after, I enjoyed much of the *light of God's countenance*, most of the day; and my foul rested in God.

Tuefday, December 9, I, was in a comfortable frame of foul most of the day; but especially in evening devotions, when God was pleased wonderfully to affist and strengthen me; fo that I thought nothing should ever move me from the love of God in Christ Jesus my Lord. O! one bour with God infinitely exceeds all the pleasures and delights of this lower world.

Sometime towards the latter end of January, 1740,1, I grew more cold and dull in matters of religion, by means of my old temptation, viz. ambition in my fludies. But through divine goodnefs, a great and general awakening fpread itfelf over the college, about the latter end of February, in which I was much quickened, and more abundantly engaged in religion.

[This awakening here fpoken of, was at the beginning of that extraordinary religious commotion through the land, which is frefh in every one's memory. This awakening was for a time very great and general at New-Haven; and the college had no fmall fhare in it : That fociety was greatly reformed, the ftudents in general became ferious, and many of them remarkably fo, and much engaged in the concerns of their eternal falvation. And however undefirable the iffue of the awakenings of that day have appeared in many others, there have been manifeftly happy and abiding effects of the imprefilons then made on the minds of many of the members of that

that college. And by all that I can learn concerning Mr. Brainerd, there can be no reafon to doubt but that he had much of God's gracious prefence, and of the lively actings of true grace, at that time : But yet he was afterwards abundantly fenfible, that his religious experiences and affections at that time were not free from a corrupt mixture, nor his conduct to be acquitted from many things that were imprudent . and blamable; which he greatly lamented himfelf. and was willing that others fhould forget, that none might make an ill improvement of fuch an example. And therefore, although in the time of it, he kept a constant Diary, containing a very particular account of what paffed from day to day, for the next thirteen months, from the latter end of January, 1740,1, forementioned, in two fmall books, which he called the two first volumes of his Diary, next following the account before given of his convictions, converfion, and confequent comforts ; yet, when he lay on his death bed, he gave order (unknown to me, until after his death) that thefe two volumes should be deftroyed, and in the beginning of the third book of his Diary, he wrote thus, (by the hand of another, he not being able to write himfelf)-" The two preceding volumes, immediately following the account of the author's conversion, are loft. If any are defirous to know how the author lived in general, during that fpace of time, let them read the first thirty pages of this volume ; where they will find fomething of a fpecimen of his ordinary manner of living, through that whole fpace of time, which was about thirteen months ; excepting that here he was more refined from fome imprudencies and indecent heats, than there; but the fpirit of devotion running through the whole, was the fame."

It could not be otherwife than that one whofe heart had been fo prepared and drawn to God, as Mr.

Mr. Brainerd's had been, fhould be mightily enlarged, animated and engaged, at the fight of fuch an alteration made in the college, the town and land, and fo great an appearance of men's reforming their lives, and turning from their profaneness and immorality, to feriousness and concern for their falvation, and of religion's reviving and flourishing almost evcry where. But as an intemperate imprudent zeal, and a degree of enthufiafm foon crept in, and mingled itfelf with that revival of religion; and fo great and general an awakening being quite a new thing in the land, at leaft as to all the living inhabitants of it; neither people nor ministers had learned thoroughly to diffinguish between folid religion and its delusive counterfeits; even many ministers of the gofpel, of long ftanding and the best reputation, were for a time overpowered with the glaring appearances of the latter : And therefore furely it was not to be wondered at, that young Brainerd, but a fophimore at college, fhould be fo; who was not only young in years, but very young in religion and experience, and had had but little opportunity for the fludy of divinity, and flill lefs for obfervation of the circumstances and events of fuch an extraordinary state of things : A man must divest himself of all reason, to make strange of it. - In these difadvantageous circumstances, Brainerd had the unhappines to have a tincture of that intemperate indifcreet zeal, which was at that time too prevalent; and was led. from his high opinion of others that he looked upon better than himfelf, into fuch errors as were really contrary to the habitual temper of his mind. One inftance of his mifconduct at that time, gave great offence to the rulers of the college, even to that degree that they expelled him the fociety ; which it is neceffary should here be particularly related, with its circumftances.

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In the time of the awakening at college, there were feveral religious students that affociated themfelves one with another for mutual conversation and affistance in spiritual things, who were wont freely to open themfelves one to another, as fpecial and intimate friends. Brainerd was one of this company. And it once happened, that he and two or three more of these his intimate friends were in the hall together, after Mr. Whittelfey, one of the tutors, had been to prayer there with the fcholars; no other perfon now remaining in the hall, but Brainerd and thefe his companions. Mr. Whittelfey having been unufually pathetical in his prayer, one of Brainerd's friends on this occafion afked him what he thought of Mr. Whittelfey ; he made anfwer, "He has no more grace than this chair." One of the frefhmen happening at that time to be near the hall (though not in the room) overheard those words of his; though he heard no name mentioned, and knew not who the perfon was, which was thus cenfured. He informed a certain woman that belonged to the town, withal telling her his own fufpicion, viz. that he believed Brainerd faid this of fome one or other of the rulers of the college. Whereupon fhe went and informed the rector, who fent for this freshman and examined him; and he told the rector the words that he heard Brainerd utter, and informed him who were in the room with him at that time. Upon which the rector fent for them : They were very backward to inform against their friend, of that which they looked upon as private conversation, and efpecially as none but they had heard or knew of whom he had uttered those words ; yet the rector compelled them to declare what he faid, and of whom he faid it. Brainerd looked on himfelf greatly abufed in the management of this affair ; and thought, that what he faid in private, was injurioufly extort-

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ed from his friends, and that then it was injurioufly required of him (as it was wont to be of fuch as had been guilty of fome open notorious crime) to make a publick confession, and to humble himself before the whole college in the hall, for what he had faid only in private conversation. He not complying with this demand, and having gone once to the feparate meeting at New-Haven, when forbidden by the rector, and alfo having been accufed by one perfon of faying concerning the rector, that he wondered he did not expect to drop down dead for fining the fcholars who followed Mr. Tennent to Milford, though there was no proof of it (and Mr. Brainerd. ever profeffed that he did not remember his faying any thing to that purpose) for these things he was expelled the college.

Now, how far the circumstances and exigences of that day might justify fuch great feverity in the governours of the college, I will not undertake to determine; it being my aim, not to bring reproach on the authority of the college, but only to do justice to the memory of a perfon who I think to be eminently one of those whose memory is bleffed. The reader will fee, in the fequel of the story of Mr. Brainerd's life,* what his own thoughts afterwards were of his behaviour in these things, and in how christian a manner he conducted himself, with respect to this affair; though he ever, as long as he lived, supposed himself much abused in the management of it, and in what he suffered in it.

His expulsion was in the winter anno 1741,2, while be was in his third year in college.]

> اليا 17-15 في المتلاكة. اليا 41<u>4 من الحريم</u> الريد ا

* Particularly under the date, Wednefday, September 14, 1743

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PART II.

From about the time that he first began to devote himself more especially to the STUDY of DIVINITY, until he was examined and licensed to preach, by the As-SOCIATION of MINISTERS belonging to the eastern district of the county of Fairfield in Connecticut.

MR. Brainerd, the fpring after his expulsion, went to live with the Rev. Mr. Mills of Ripton, to follow his fludies with him, in order to his being fitted for the work of the ministry; where he fpent the greater part of the time until the affociation licenfed him to preach; but frequently rode to visit the neighbouring ministers, particularly Mr. Cooke of Stratfield, Mr. Graham of Southbury, and Mr. Bellamy of Bethlehem.

Here (at Mr. Mills's) he began the third book of his Diary, in which the account he wrote of himfelf, is as follows.]

Thursday, April 1, 1742.- I feem to be declining with refpect to my life and warmth indivine things : Had not fo free accefs to God in prayer as ufual of late. O that God would humble me deeply in the dust before him.' I deferve hell every day, for not loving my Lord more, who has (I truft) loved me and given bimfelf for me; and every time I am enabled to exercife any grace renewedly, I am renewedly indebted to the God of all grace for fpecial affiftance. Where then is boafling ? Surely it is excluded, when we think how we are dependent on God for the being and every act of grace. O if ever I get to heaven, it will be becaufe God will, and nothing elf e; for I ver did any thing of myfelf, but get F: 28 away

away from God ! My foul will be aftonifhed at the unfearchable riches of divine grace, when I arrive at the manfions which the bleffed Saviour is gone before to prepare.

Friday, April 2.—In the afternoon I felt fomething fweetly in fecret prayer, much refigned, calm and ferene. What are all the florms of this lower world, if Jefus by his Spirit does but come walking upon the feas 1. Some time paft I had much pleafure in the profpect of the heathen's being brought home to Chrift, and defired that the Lord would improve me in that work : But now my foul more frequently defires to die, to be with Chrift. O that my foul were wrapt up in divine love, and my longing defires after God increafed. In the evening, was refreshed in prayer, with the hopes of the advancement of Chrift's kingdom in the world.

Saturday, April 3.—Was very much amifs this morning, and had an ill night laft night. I thought, if God would take me to himfelf now, my foul would exceedingly rejoice. O that I may be always humble and refigned to God, and that God would caufe my foul to be more fixed on himfelf, that I may be more fitted both for doing and fuffering.

Lord's Day, April 4.—My heart was wandering and lifelefs. In the evening God gave me faith in prayer, and made my foul melt in fome measure, and gave me to tafte a divine fweetnefs. O my bleffed God ! Let me climb up near to him, and love, and long, and plead, and wreftle, and reach, and ftretch after him, and for *deliverance from the body of fin and deatb*. Alas, my foul mourned to think I fhould ever lofe fight of its beloved again ! O come Lord Jefus ! Amen.

[On the evening of the next day, he complains that he feemed to be void of all relifh of divine things, felt much of the prevalence of corruption, and faw

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in himfelf a difpolition to all manner of fin; which brought a very great gloom on his mind, and caft him down into the depths of melancholy; fo that he fpeaks of himfelf, as aftonifhed, amazed, having no comfort, being filled with horror, feeing no comfort in heaven or earth.]

Tuefday, April 6 .- I walked out this morning to the fame place where I was last night, and felt fomething as I did then ; but was fomething relieved by, reading fome paffages in my Diary, and feemed to feel as if I might pray to the great God again with freedom; but was fuddenly ftruck with a damp, from the fenfe I had of my own vilenefs. Then I cried to God to wash .my foul and cleanse me from my exceeding filthinefs, to give me repentance and pardon; and it began to be fomething fweet to pray : And I could think of undergoing the greatest fufferings in the caufe of Chrift, with pleafure ; and found myfelf willing (if God fhould fo order it) to fuffer banishment from my native land, among the heathen, that I might do fomething for their fouls' falvation, in diftreffes and deaths of any kind. Then God gave me to wreftle earneftly for others, for the kingdom of Chrift in the world, and for dear chriftian friends. I felt weaned from the world and from my own reputation amongst men, willing to be defpifed, and to be a gazing flock for the world to behold. It is impossible for me to express how I then felt : I had not much joy, but fome fenfe of the majesty of God, which made me as it were tremble. I faw myfelf mean and vile, which made me more willing that God fhould do what he would with me; it was all infinitely reafonable.

Thurfday, April 8.—Had raifed hopes to day refpecting the heathen. O that God would bring in great numbers of them to Jefus Chrift. I cannot but hope I shall fee that glorious day. Every thing in this

this world feems exceeding vile and little to me : I look fo to myfelf. I had fome little dawn of comfort to day in prayer : But efpecially to night I think I had fome faith and power of interceffion with God, was enabled to plead with God for the growth of grace in myfelf ; and many of the dear children of God then lay with weight upon my foul. Bleffed be the Lord. It is good to wreftle for divine bleffings.

Friday, April 9.—Moft of my time in morning devotion was fpent without fenfible fweetnefs; yet I had one delightful profpect of arriving at the heavenly world. I am more amazed than ever at fuch thoughts; for I fee myfelf infinitely vile and unwor-thy. I feel very heartlefs and dull; and though I long for the prefence of God, and feem conftantly to reach towards God in defires, yet I cannot feel that divine and heavenly fweetnefs that I ufed to enjoy. No poor creature flands in need of divine grace more than I, and none abufe it more than I have done, and ftill do.

Saturday, April 10.-Spent much time in fecret prayer this morning, and not without fome comfort in divine things, and I hope had fome faith in exercife: But am fo low, and feel fo little of the fenfible prefence of God, that I hardly know what to call faith, and am made to poffels the fins of my youth, and the dreadful fin of my nature, and am all fin ; I cannot think, nor act, but every motion is fin. I feel fome faint hopes, that God will, of his infinite mercy, return again with fhowers of converting grace to poor gofpel abufing finners ; and my hopes of being improved in the caufe of God, which of late have been almost extinct, feem now a little revived. O that all my late diffreffes and awful apprehenfions might prove but Chrift's fchool, to make me fit for greater fervice, by learning me the great leffon of humility.

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Lord's Day, April 11.—In the morning, felt but little life, excepting that my heart was fomething drawn out in thankfulnefs to God for his amazing grace and condefcenfion to me in paft influences and affiftances of his Spirit. Afterwards had fome fweetnefs in the thoughts of arriving at the heavenly world. O for the happy day ! After publick worfhip God gave me fpecial affiftance in prayer; I wreftled with my dear Lord, with much fweetnefs; and interceffion was made a fweet and delightful employment to me. In the evening, as I was viewing the light in the north, was delighted in contemplation on the glorious morning of the refurrection.

Monday, April 12 .- This morning the Lord was pleafed to lift up the light of his countenance upon me in fecret prayer, and made the feafon very precious to my foul. And though I have been fo depreffed of late, respecting my hopes of future ferviceablenes in the caufe of God ; yet now I had much encouragement refpecting that matter. I was fpecially affifted to intercede and plead for poor fouls, and for the enlargement of Chrift's kingdom in the world, and for fpecial grace for myfelf, to fit me for fpecial fervices. I felt exceeding calm, and guite refigned to God, refpecting my future improvement, when, and where he pleafed : My faith lifed me above the world, and removed all those mountains, that I could not look over of late : I thought I wanted not the favour of man to lean upon; for I knew Chrift's favour was infinitely better, and that it was nomatter when, nor where, nor how Chrift fhould fend me, nor what trials he fhould still exercise me with, if I might be prepared for his work and will. I now found fweetly revived in my mind the wonderful difcovery of infinite wifdom in all the dilpenfations of God towards me, which I had a little before I met with my

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great trial at college : Every thing appeared full of the wifdom of God.

Tuefday, *April* 13.—Saw myfelf to be very mean and vile ; wondered at those that shewed me respect. Afterwards was something comforted in fecret retirement, and was affisted to wrestle with God, with. some power, spirituality and sweetness. Blessed be the Lord, he is never unmindful of me, but always fends me needed supplies, and, from time to time, when I am like one dead, raises me to life. O that I may never distrust infinite goodness.

Wednefday, April 14.—My foul longed for communion with Chrift, and for the mortification of indwelling corruption, efpecially fpiritual pride. O there is a fweet day coming, wherein the weary will be at reft. My foul has enjoyed much fweetnets this day in hopes of its speedy arrival.

Thurfday, April 15.—My defires apparently centered in God, and I found a fenfible attraction of foul after him, fundry times to day : I know I long for God, and a conformity to his will, in inward purity and holinefs, ten thousand times more than for any thing here below.

Friday and Saturday, April 16, 17.—Seldom prayed. without fome fenfible fweetnefs and joy in the Lord. Sometimes I longed much to be diffolved and to be with Chrift. O that God would enable me to grow in grace every day. Alas! my barrennefs is fuch, that God might well fay, Cut it down. I am afraid of a dead heart on the Sabbath now begun.: O that God would quicken me by his grace.

Lord's Day, April :8.—Retired early this morning into the woods for prayer.; had the affiltance of God's Spirit, and faith in exercife, and was enabled to plead with fervency for the advancement of Chrift's kingdom in the world, and to intercede for dear abfent friends. At noon, God enabled me to wreftle wreftle with him, and feel (as I truft) the power of divine love in prayer. At night, faw myfelf infinitely indebted to God, and had a view of my fhort comings : It feemed to me, that I had done as it were nothing for God, and that I never had *lived to bim* but a few hours of my life.

Monday, April 19.- I fet apart this day for fasting and prayer to God for his grace, especially to prepare me for the work of the ministry, to give me divine aid and direction in my preparations for that great work, and in his own time to fend me into his *barveft.* Accordingly, in the morning, endeavoured to plead for the divine prefence for the day, and not without fome life. In the forenoon, I felt a power of interceffion for precious immortal fouls, for the advancement of the kingdom of my dear Lord and Saviour in the world; and withal, a most fweet refignation, and even confolation and joy in the thoughts of fuffering hardships, distreffes, and even death itfelf, in the promotion of it; and had fpecial enlargement in pleading for the enlightening and conversion of the poor heathen. In the afternoon, God was with me of a truth. Oit was bleffed company indeed ! God enabled me fo to agonize in prayer, that I was quite wet with fweat, though in the fhade, and the wind cool. My foul was drawn out very much from the world ; I grafped for multitudes of fouls. I think I had more enlargement for finners, than for the children of God ; though I felt as if I could fpend my life in cries for both. I enjoyed great fweetnefs in communion with my dear Saviour. I think I never in my life felt fuch an entire weanednefs from this world, and fo much refigned to God in every thing. O that I may always live to and upon my bleffed God. Amen, Amen.

Tuesday, April 20.—This day I am twenty four years of age. O how much mercy have I received the

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year paft ! How often has God caufed his goodnefs to pafs before me 1 And how poorly have! I antwered the vows I made this time twelve months, to be wholly the Lord's, to be forever devoted to his fervice ! The Lord help me to live more to his glory for time to come. This has been a fiveet, a happy day, to me: Bleffed be God. I think my foul was never fo drawn out in interceffion for others, as it has been this night. Had a most fervent wrestle with the Lord to night for my enemies ; and I hardly ever, fo longed to live to God, and to be altogether devoted to him ; I wanted to wear out my life in his fervice and for his glory.

Wednefday, April 21.—Felt much calmnefs and refignation, and God again enabled me to wreftle for numbers of fouls, and had much férvency in the fweet duty of interceffion. I enjoy of late more fweetnefs in interceffion for others, than in any other part of prayer. My bleffed Lord really let me come near to bim, and plead with bim.

[The frame of mind, and exercises of foul, that he expresses the three days next following, Thurfday, Friday, and Saturday, are much of the fame kind with those expressed the two days past.]

Lord's Day, April 25.—This morning fpent about two hours in fecret duties, and was enabled more than ordinarily to agonize for immortal fouls; though it was early in the morning, and the fun fcarcely fhined at all, yet my body was quite wet with fweat. Felt much preffed now, as frequently of late, to plead for the mecknefs and calonnefs of *the Lamb of God* in my foul: Through divine goodnefs felt much of it this morning. O it is a fweet difpofition, heartily to forgive all injuries done to us; to wifh our greateft enemies as well as we do our own fouls ! Bleffed Jefus, may I daily be more and more conformed to thee. At night was exceedingly melted

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with divine love, and had fome feeling fenfe of the bleffednefs of the upper world. 'Those words hung upon me, with much divine fweetnefs, Pfal. lxxxiv. 7. They go from Arength to Brength, every one of them in Zion appeareth before God. Othe near access that God fometimes gives us in our addreffes to him ! This may well be termed appearing before God: It is fo indeed in the true spiritual fense, and in the sweeteft fenfe. I think I have not had fuch power of interceffion, thefe many months, both for God's children, and for dead finners, as I have had this evening. I wished and longed for the coming of my dear Lord : I longed to join the angelick hofts in praifes. wholly free from imperfection. O the bleffed moment haftens ! All I want is to be more holy, more like my dear Lord. O for fanctification ! My very foul pants for the complete reftoration of the bleffed image of my fweet Saviour; that I may be fit for the bleffed enjoyments and employments of the heavenly world.

Farewell, vain world ; my foul can bid adieu : My Saviour 's taught me to abandon you. Your charms may gratify a fenfual mind ; Not pleafe a foul wholly for God defign'd. Forbear t' entice, ceafe then my foul to call : 'Tis fix'd, through grace ; my God fhall be my *all*. While he thus lets me heavenly glories view, Your beauties fade, my heart 's no room for you.

The Lord refreshed my foul with many fweet paffages of his word. O the New Jerufalem ! my foul longed for it. O the fong of Moses and the Lamb ! And that bleffed fong, that no man can learn, but they that are redeemed from the earth ! And the glorious white robes, that were given to the fouls under the altar !

> Lord, I'm a firanger here alone; Earth no true comforts can afford : Yet, abfent from my deareft one, My foul delights to cry, My Lord !

Jefus, my Lord, my only love, Poffefs my foul, nor thence depart : Grant me kind vifits, heavenly dove; My God fhall then have all my heart.

Monday, April 26.—Continued in a fweet frame of mind; but in the afternoon felt fomething of fpiritual pride firring. God was pleafed to make it a humbling feafon at first; though afterwards he gave me fweetness. O, my foul exceedingly longs for that bleffed state of perfection of deliverance from all fin! At night, God enabled me to give my foul up to him, to cast myself upon him, to be ordered and disposed of according to his fovereign pleasure; and I enjoyed great peace and confolation in fo doing. My foul took fweet delight in God to night: My thoughts freely and fweetly centered in him. O that I could spend every moment of my life to his glory.

Tuesday, April 27 .- Retired pretty early for fecret devotions; and in prayer God was pleafed to pour fuch ineffable comforts into my foul, that I could do nothing for fome time but fay over and over, O my fweet Saviour ! O my fweet Saviour ! Whom have I in heaven, but thee? and there is none upon earth, that I defire befide thee. If I had had a thousand lives, my foul would gladly have laid them all down at once, to have been with Chrift. My foul never enjoyed fo much of heaven before ; it was the most refined and most spiritual seafon of communion with God I ever yet felt : I never felt fo great a degree of refignation in my life : I felt very fweetly all the forenoon. In the afternoon I withdrew to meet with my God, but found myfelf much declined, and God made it a humbling feafon to my foul : I mourned over the body of death, that is in me: It grieved me exceedingly, that I could not pray to and praife God with my heart full of divine heavenly love. O that my foul might never offer any dead cold fervices to my God.

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In the evening had not fo much fweet divine love as in the morning; but had a fweet feafon of fervent interceffion.

Wednefday, April 28.-Withdrew to my ufual place of retirement in great peace and tranquillity, and fpent about two hours in fecret duties. I felt much as I did yefterday morning, only weaker and more overcome. I feemed to hang and depend wholly on my dear Lord ; wholly weaned from all other dependences. I knew not what to fay to my God, but only lean on his boson, as it were, and breath out my defires after a perfect conformity to him in all things. Thirfting defires and infatiable longings poffefied my foul, after perfect holiness: God was so precious to my foul, that the world with all its enjoyments was infinitely vile : I had no more value for the favour of men, than for pebbles : 'The Lord was my all; and he overruled all; which greatly delighted me. I think my faith and dependence on God fcarce ever role fo high. I faw him fuch a fountain of goodnefs, that it feemed impossible I should distruct him again, or be any, way anxious about any thing that fhould happen to me. I now enjoyed great sweetness in praying for absent friends, and for the enlargement of Chrift's kingdom in the world. Much of the power of these divine enjoyments remained with me through the day. In the evening my heart feemed fweetly to melt, and, I truft, was really humbled for indwelling corruption, and I mourned like a dove. I felt that all my unhappinels arole from my being a finner ; for with refignation I could bid welcome all other trials ; but fin hung heavy upon me; for God difcovered to me the corruption of my heart : So that I went to bed with a heavy heart, because I was a finner; though I did not in the least doubt of God's love. O that God would purge away my drofs, and take away, my tin, and make me feven times refined.

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Thurfday, *April* 29.—Was kept off at a diffance from God; but had fome enlargement in interceffion for precious fouls.

Friday, April 30.—Was fomething dejected in fpirit: Nothing grieves me fo much, as that I cannot live conftantly to God's glory. I could bear any defertion or fpiritual conflicts, if I could but have my *heart* all the while *burning within me* with love to God and defires of his glory: But this is impoffible; for when I feel thefe, I cannot be dejected in my foul, but only rejoice in my Saviour, who has delivered me from the reigning power, and will fhortly deliver me from the indwelling of fin.

Saturday, May 1.—Was enabled to cry to God with fervency for ministerial qualifications, and that God would appear for the advancement of his own kingdom, and that he would bring in the heathen world, &c. Had much affistance in my fludies. This has been a profitable week to me; I have enjoyed many communications of the bleffed Spirit in my foul.

Lord's Day, May 2.—God was pleafed this morning to give me fuch a fight of mylelf, as made me appear very vile in my own eyes : I felt corruption ftirring in my heart, which I could by no means fupprefs ; felt more and more deferted ; was exceeding weak, and almost fick with my inward trials.

Monday, May 3.—Had a fenfe of vile ingratitude. In the morning I withdrew to my ufual place of retirement, and mourned for my abufe of my dear Lord: Spent the day in fafting and prayer: God gave me much power of wreftling for his caufe and kingdom: And it was a happy day to my foul. God was with me all the day, and I was more above the world than ever in my life.

[Through the remaining part of this week, he complains almost every day of defertion and inward trials and conflicts, attended with dejection of spirit;

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but yet fpeaks of times of relief and fweetnefs, and daily refreshing visits of the Divine Spirit, affording special affiftance and comfort, and enabling, at some times, to much fervency and enlargement in religious duties.]

Lord's Day, May 9.—I think I never felt fo much of the curfed pride of my heart, as well as the ftubbornnefs of my will before. O dreadful I what a vile wretch I am I I could not fubmit to be nothing, and to lie down in the duft! O that God would humble me in the duft. I felt myfelf fuch a finner, all day, that I had fcarce any comfort. Oh, when fhall I be *delivered from the body of this death* ! I greatly feared, left through ftupidity and careleffnefs I fhould lofe the benefit of thefe trials. O that they might be fanctified to my foul. Nothing feemed to touch me but only this, that I was a finner. Had fervency and refrefhment in focial prayer in the evening.

Monday, May 10.—Rode to New-Haven; faw fome chriftian friends there; had comfort in joining in prayer with them, and hearing of the goodness of God to them fince I last faw them.

Tuefday, May 11.—Rode from New-Haven to Weathersfield; was very dull most of the day; had little fpirituality in this journey, though I often longed to be alone with God; was much perplexed with vile thoughts; was fometimes afraid of every thing: But God was my helper. Catched a little time for retirement in the evening, to my comfort and rejoicing. Alas, I cannot live in the midst of a tumult! I long to enjoy God alone.

Wednefday, May 12.—Had a diffreffing view of the pride and enmity and vilenefs of my heart. Afterwards had fweet refrefhment in conversing, and worthipping God, with chriftian friends.

Thursday, May 13.—Saw fo much of 'the wickedness of my heart, that I longed to get away from myself. myfelf. I never before thought, there was fo much fpiritual pride in my foul: 1 felt almost preffed to death with my own vilenefs. O, what a body of death is there in me ! Lord, deliver my foul. I could not find any convenient place for retirement, and was greatly exercifed. Rode to Hartford in the afternoon : Had fome refreshment and comfort in religious exercifes with christian friends ; but longed for more retirement. O the closeft walk with God is the fweetest heaven, that can be enjoyed on earth !

Friday, May 14.—Waited on a council of minifters convened at Hartford, and fpread before them the treatment I had met with from the rector and tutors of Yale College; who thought it advifable to intercede for me with the rector and truftees, and to entreat them to reftore me to my former privileges in college*. After this, fpent fome time in religious exercifes with chriftian friends.

Saturday, May 15.—Rode from Hartford to Hebron; was fomething dejected on the road; appeared exceeding vile in my own eyes; faw much pride and flubbornnefs in my heart. Indeed I never faw fuch a week before, as this; for I have been almost ready to die with the view of the wickednefs of my heart. I could not have thought I had fuch a body of death in me. O that God would deliver my foul.

[The three next days, which he fpent at Hebron, Lebanon, and Norwich, he complains fill of dulnefs and defertion, and expresses a fense of his vilenefs, and longing to hide himself in some cave or den of the earth : But yet speaks of some intervals of comfort and soul refressment each day.] *Wednefday, May* 19.—[AtMillington] I was so amazingly deferted this morning, that I seemed to feel a fort of horror in my soul. Alas, when God withdraws. what is there that can afford any comfort to the souls D [Through]

" The application which was then made on his behalf, had not the defired fuccels.

[Through the eight days next following, he expreffes more calmness and comfort, and confiderable life, fervency and fweetness in religion.]

Friday, May 28.—[At New-Haven] I think, I fcarce ever felt fo calm in my life; I rejoiced in refignation, and giving myfelf up to God, to be wholly and entirely devoted to him forever.

[On the three following days, there was, by the account he gives, a continuance of the fame excellent frame of mind, laft expressed : But it feems not to be altogether to fo great a degree.]

Tuefday, June 1.—Had much of the prefence of God in family prayer, and had fome comfort in fecret. I was greatly refreshed from the word of God this morning, which appeared exceeding sweet to me: Some things that appeared mysterious, were opened to me. O that the kingdom of the dear Saviour might come with power, and the healing waters of the fanctuary spread far and wide for the bealing of the nations. Came to Ripton; but was very weak: However, being visited by a number of young people in the evening, I prayed with them.

[The remaining part of this week, he fpeaks of being much diverted and hindered in the bufinefs of religion, by great weaknefs of body, and neceffary affairs, that he had to attend, and complains of having but little power in religion; but fignifies, that God hereby fhewed him, he was like a helplefs infant caft out in the open field.]

Lord's day, June 6.—I feel much deferted : But all this teaches me my nothingnefs and vilenefs more than ever.

Monday, fune 7.—Felt still powerless in fecret prayer. Afterwards I prayed, and conversed, with some little life. God feeds me with crumbs : Blessed be his name for any thing. I felt a great defire, that all God's people might know how mean and little

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and vile I am; that they might fee I am nothing; that fo they may pray for me aright, and not have the leaft dependence upon me.

Tuefday, *June* 8.—I enjoyed one fweet and precious feafon this day : I never felt it fo fweet to be nothing, and lefs than nothing, and to be accounted nothing.

[The three next days he complains of defertion, and want of fervency in religion; but yet his Diary fhews that every day his heart was engaged in religion, as his great and as it were only bufinefs.]

Saturday, June 12.—Spent much time in prayer, this morning, and enjoyed much fweetnefs: Felt infatiable longings after God, much of the day : I wondered how poor fouls do to live, that have no God. The world, with all its enjoyments, quite vanifhed. I fee myfelf very helplefs: But I have a bleffed God to go to. I longed exceedingly to be diffolved, and to be with Chrift, to behold his glory. O, my weak weary foul longs to arrive at my Father's boufe.

Lord's Day, June 13.—Felt fomething calm and refigned in the publick worfhip: At the factament faw myfelf very vile and worthlefs. O that I may always lie low in the duft. My foul feemed fleadily to go forth after God, in longing defires to live upon him.

Monday, June 14.—Felt fomething of the fweetnefs of communion with God, and the conftraining force of his love : How admirably it captivates the foul, and makes all the defires and affections to center in God ! I fet apart this day for fecret fafting and prayer, to entreat God to direct and blefs me with regard to the great work I have in view, of preaching the gofpel; and that the Lord would-return to me and *fhew me the light of his countenance*. Had little life and power in the forenoon : Near the middle of the afternoon, God enabled me to wreftle ardently in interceffion for abfent friends : But juft at night, the Lord vifited me marvelloufly in prayer ; I think

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my foul never was in fuch an agony before : I felt no reftraint; for the treafures of divine grace were opened to me. I wreftled for abfent friends, for the ingathering of fouls, for multitudes of poor fouls, and for many that I thought were the children of God, perfonally, in many diftant places. I was in fuch an agony, from fun half an hour high, until near dark, that I was all over wet with fweat; but yet it feemed to me that I had wafted away the day, and had done nothing. O, my dear Jefus did *fweat blood* for poor fouls ! I long for more compafiion towards them. Felt ftill in a fweet frame, under a fenfe of divine love and grace; and went to bed in fuch a frame, with my heart fet on God.

Tuesday, June 15 .- Had the most ardent longings after God, that ever I felt in my life : At noon, in my fecret retirement, I could do nothing but tell my dear Lord, in a fweet calm, that he knew I longed for nothing but himfelf, nothing but holinefs; that he had given me thefe defires, and he only could give me the thing defired. I never feemed to be fo unhinged from myfelf, and to be fo wholly devoted to God. My heart was fwallowed up in God, most of the day. In the evening I had fuch a view of the foul's being as it were enlarged, to contain more holinefs, that my foul feemed ready to feparate from my body and ftretch to obtain it. I then wreftled in an agony for divine bleffings; had my heart drawn out in prayer for fome chriftian friends, beyond what I ever had before. I feel differently now from what ever I did under any fweet enjoyments before, more engaged to live to God forever, and lefs pleafed with my own frames : I am not fatisfied with my frames, nor feel at all more easy after fuch fweet ftrugglings than before; for it feems far too little, if I could always be fo. O, how thert do I fall of my duty in my fweetest moments !

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[In his Diary for the two next days, he expressed

fomething of the fame frame, but in a far lefs degree*.] Friday, June 18.—Confidering my great unfitnefs for the work of the ministry, my present deadness, and total inability to do any thing for the glory of God that way, feeling myfelf very helplefs, and at a great lofs what the Lord would have me to do, I fet apart this day for prayer to God, and spent most of the day in that duty ; but amazingly deferted, most of the day : Yet I found God gracioufly near, once in particular, while I was pleading for more compaffion for immortal fouls; my heart feemed to be opened at once, and I was enabled to cry with great ardency, for a few minutes. O, I' was' diffreffed, to think, that I should offer fuch dead cold fervices to the living God! My foul feemed to breathe after holiness, a life of constant devotedness to God. But I am almost lost fometimes in the purfuit of this bleffedness, and ready to fink, because I continually fall fhort and mifs of my defire. O that the Lord would help me to hold out, yet a little while, until the happy hour of deliverance comes.

Lord's Day, June 20.-Spent much time alone. My foul longed to be holy, and reached after God ; but feemed not to obtain my defire : I hungered and thirsted; but was not fweetly refreshed and fatisfied. My foul hung on God, as my only portion. O that I could grow in grace more abundantly every day.

[The next day he fpeaks of his having affiftance in his studies, and power, fervency and comfort in prayer.]

Tuesday, June 22.-In the morning, spent about two hours in prayer and meditation; with confiderable delight. Towards night, felt my foul go out in longing

*Here end the 30 first pages of the third volume of his Diary, which he speaks of in the beginning of this volume (as was observed before) as containing a specimen of his ordinary manner of living, through the whole fpace of time, from the beginning of those two volumes that were deftroyed,

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ing defires after God, in fecret retirement. In the evening, was fweetly composed and refigned to God's will; was enabled to leave myfelf and all my concerns with him, and to have my whole dependence upon him : My fecret retirement was very refreshing to my foul : It appeared fuch a happines to have God for my portion, that I had rather be any. other creature in this lower creation, than not come to the enjoyment of God : I had rather be a beaft, than a man, without God, if I were to live here to eternity. Lord, endear thyfelf more to me.

[In his Diary for the next feven days," he expresses a variety of exercises of mind : He speaks of great longings after God and holinefs, and earneft defires for the conversion of others, of fervency in prayer, and power to wreftle with God, and of composure, comfort and fweetnefs, from time to time; but expreffes a fense of the vile abomination of his heart, and bitterly complains of his barrennefs, and the preffing body of death ; and fays, he faw clearly that whatever he enjoyed better than hell, was free grace.]

Wednesday, June 30 .- Spent this day alone in the woods, in fafting and prayer; underwent the most dreadful conflicts in my foul, that ever I felt, in fome respects : I faw myself fo vile, that I was ready to fay. I shall now perifb by the hand of Saul. I thought, and almost concluded, I had no power to stand for the caufe of God, but was almost afraid of the shaking of a leaf. Spent almost the whole day in prayer, inceffantly. I could not bear to think of chriftians' fhewing me any respect. I almost despaired of doing any fervice in the world. I could not feel any hope or comfort respecting the heathen, which used to afford me some refreshment in the darkest hours of this nature. I fpent away the day in the bitternefs of my foul. Near night I felt a little better, and afterwards enjoyed fome fwcetnefs in fecret prayer.

Thur flay.

Thurfday, July 1.—Had fome fweetnefs in prayer this morning. Felt exceeding fweetly in fecret prayer to night, and defired nothing fo ardently as that God fhould do with me just as he pleafed.

Friday, July 2.—Felt composed in fecret prayer, in the morning. My defires fweetly ascended to God this day, as I was travelling: And was comfortable in the evening. Bleffed be God for all my confolations.

Lord's Day, July 4.-Had confiderable affiftance. In the evening, I withdrew and enjoyed a happy feafon in fecret prayer : God was pleafed to give me the exercise of faith, and thereby brought the invisible and eternal world near to my foul; which appeared fweetly to me. I hoped, that my weary pilgrimage in the world would be fhort, and that it would not be long before I was brought to my heavenly home and Father's houfe: I was fweetly refigned to God's will, to tarry his time, to do his work, and fuffer his pleafure. I felt thankfulnefs to God for all my preffing defertions of late; for I am perfuaded they have been made a means of making me more humble, and much more refigned. I felt pleafed, to be little, to be nothing, and to lie in the dust. I enjoyed life and fweet confolation in pleading for the dear children of God, and the kingdom of Chrift in the world : And my foul earneftly breathed after holinefs and the enjoyment of God. O, come Lord Jefus ! come quickly. Amen.

[By his Diary for the remaining days of this week, it appears that he enjoyed confiderable composure and tranquillity, and had fweetnefs and fervency of fpirit in prayer, from day to day.]

[The eight next days, he expresses confiderable comfort and fervency of spirit in christian conversation and religious exercises.]

Monday, July 19.-My defires feem especially to be carried out after weanedness from the world, per-

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fect deadnefs to it, and to be even crucified to all its allurements. My foul longs to feel itfelf more of a pilgrim and ftranger here below; that nothing may divert me from preffing through the lonely defert, until I arrive at my Father's houfe.

Tuefday, *July* 20.—It was fweet, to give away myfelf to God, to be difpofed of at his pleafure; and had fome feeling fenfe of the fweetnefs of being a pilgrim on earth.

[The next day, he expresses himself as determined to be wholly devoted to God; and it appears by his Diary, that he spent the whole day in a most diligent exercise of religion, and exceeding comfortably.]

Thurfday, July 22.—Journeying from Southbury to Ripton, called at a houfe by the way, where being very kindly entertained and refreshed, I was filled with amazement and shame, that God should ftir up the hearts of any to shew for much kindness to such a dead dog as I; was made sensible, in some measure, how exceeding vile it is, not to be wholly devoted to God. I wondered that God would suffer any of his creatures to feed and suffain me, from time to time.

[In his Diary for the fix next days, are expressed various exercises and experiences, such as sweet compositive and fervency of spirit in meditation and prayer, weanedness from the world, being sensibly a pilgrim and stranger on the earth, engagedness of mind to spend every inch of time for God, &c.]

Thurfday, July 29.—Was examined by the affociation met at Danbury, as to my learning, and alfo my experiences in religion, and received a licenfe from them to preach the gofpel of Chrift. Afterwards felt much devoted to God; joined in prayer with one of the ministers, my peculiar friend, in a convenient place; went to bed refolving to live devoted to God all my days.

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PART III.

From the time of his being licenfed to preach, by the Affociation, until he was examined in Newyork, by the Correspondents or Commissioners of the Society in Scotland for propagating Christian Knowledge, and approved and appointed as their MISSIONARY to the INDIANS.

FRIDAY, *July* 30, 1742.—Rode from Danbury to Southbury ; preached there from t Pet. iv. 8. Had much of the comfortable prefence of God in the exercife : I feemed to have power with God in prayer, and power to get hold of the hearts of the people in preaching.

Saturday, July 31.—Exceeding calm and compofed, and was greatly refreshed and encouraged.

[It appears by his Diary, that he continued in this fweetnefs and tranquillity, almost through the whole of the next week.]

Lord's Day, August 8.—In the morning felt comfortably in fecret prayer ; my foul was refreshed with the hopes of the heathen's coming home to Christ; was much refigned to God; I thought it was no matter what became of me. Preached both parts of the day at Bethlehem, from Job xiv. 14. It was fweet to me to meditate on death. In the evening, felt very comfortably, and cried to God fervently, in fecret prayer.

Thurfday, August 12.—Thismorning and last night was exercised with fore inward trials: I had no power to pray; but seemed shut out from God. I had in a great measure lost my hopes of God's fending me among the heathen as far off, and of seeing them flock flock home to Chrift. I faw fo much of my hellifth vilenefs, that I appeared worfe to myfelf, than any devil : I wondered that God would let me live, and wondered that people did not frome me, much more, that they would ever hear me preach ! It feemed as though I never could nor fhould preach any more; yet about nine or ten o'clock, the people came over, and I was forced to preach : And bleffed be God, he gave me his prefence and fpirit in prayer and preaching : So that I was much affifted, and fpake with power from Job xiv. 14. Some Indians cried out in great diffrefs*, and all appeared greatly concerned. After we had prayed and exhorted them to feek the Lord with conftancy, and hired an English woman to keep a kind of school among them. we came away about one o'clock, and came to Judea, about fifteen or fixteen miles. There God was pleafed to vifit my foul with much comfort. Bleffed be the Lord for all things I meet with.

[It appears, that the two next days he had much comfort, and had his heart much engaged in religion.]

Lord's Day, August 13.—Felt much comfort and devotednefs to God this day. At night, it was refreshing, to get alone with God and pour out my foul. O who can conceive of the fweetness of communion with the bleffed God, but those that have experience of it ! Glory to God forever, that I may taste heaven below.

Monday, August 16.—Had fome comfort in fecret prayer, in the morning. Felt fweetly fundry times in prayer this day: But was much perplexed in the evening with vain conversation.

Tuefday, *August* 17.—Exceedingly depressed in fpirit. It cuts and wounds my heart, to think how much felf exaltation, spiritual pride, and warmth of temper.

* It was in a place near Kent, in the weftern borders of Connecticut, where there was a number of Indians.

temper, I have formerly had intermingled with my endeavours to promote God's work : And fometimes I long to lie down at the feet of oppofers, and confefs what a poor imperfect creature I have been and ftill am. O, the Lord forgive me, and make me for the future wife as a ferpent, and harmlefs as a dove. Afterwards enjoyed confiderable comfort and delight of foul.

Wednefday, August 18.—Spent most of this day in prayer and reading. I fee fo much of my own extreme vileness, that I feel assumed and guilty before God and man : I look to myself, like the vilest fellow in the land : I wonder, that God stirs up his people to be fo kind to me.

Thurfday, August 19.—This day, being about to go from Mr. Bellamy's at Bethlehem, where I had refided fome time, prayed with him, and two or three other chriftian friends, and gave ourfelves to God with all our hearts, to be his forever. Eternity looked very near to me, while I was praying. If I never fhould fee thefe chriftians again in this world it feemed but a few moments before I fhould meet them in another world. Parted with them fweetly.

Friday, August 20.—I appeared fo vile to myfelf, that I hardly dared to think of being feen, efpecially on account of fpiritual pride. However, to night, I enjoyed a fweet hour alone with God [at Ripton.] I was lifted above the frowns and flatteries of this lower world, had a fweet relish of heavenly joys, and my foul did as it were get into the eternal world, and really tafte of heaven. I had a fweet feason of interceffion for dear friends in Chrisft ; and God helped me to cry fervently for Zion. Bleffed be God for this feason.

Monday, August 23.—Had a fweet feafon in fecret prayer : The Lord drew near to my foul, and filled me with peace and divine confolation. O, my foul

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tafted the fweetness of the upper world; and was fweetly drawn out in prayer for the world, that it might come home to Christ! Had much comfort in the thoughts and hopes of the ingathering of the heathen; and was greatly affisted in intercession for christian friends.

[He continued still in the fame frame of mind the next day, but in a leffer degree.]

Wednefday, August 25.—In family prayer, God helped me to climb up near him, fo that I fcarce ever got nearer.

Monday, August 30 .- Felt fomething comfortably in the morning; converfed fweetly with fome friends; was in a ferious compofed frame; praved at a certain house with some degree of sweetness. Afterwards, at another house, prayed privately with a dear chriftian friend or two; and I think I fcarce ever launched fo far into the eternal world, asthen; I got fo far out on the broad ocean, that my foul with joy triumphed over all the evils on the fhores of mortality. I think time and all its gay amufements and cruel difappointments, never appeared fo inconfiderable to me before : I was in a fweet frame ; I faw myfelf nothing, and my foul reached after God with intenfe defire. O! I faw what I owed to God, in fuch a manner, as I scarce ever did : I knew, I had never lived a moment to him, as I should do : Indeed it appeared to me, I had never done any thing in chriftianity : My foul longed with a vehement defire to live to God. In the evening, fung and prayed with a number of christians : Felt the powers of the world to come, in my foul, in prayer. Afterwards prayed again privately, with a dear chriftian or two, and found the prefence of God ; was fomething humbled in my fecret retirement ; felt my ingratitude, becaufe I was not wholly fwallowed up in God.

[He was in a fweet frame great part of the next day.] Wednefday,

MR. DAVID BRAINERD. 61

Wednefday, September 1.—Went to Judea, to the ordination of Mr. Judd. Dear Mr. Bellamy preached from Matth. xxiv. 46. Bleffed is that fervant, &c. I felt very folemn, and very fweetly, most of the time; had my thoughts much on that time when our Lord will come; that time refreshed my foul much; only I was afraid, I should not be found faithful, because I have so vile a heart. My thoughts were much in eternity, where I love to dwell. Bleffed be God for this folemn feason. Rode home to night with Mr. Bellamy; felt some friends until it was very late, and then retired to rest in a comfortable frame.

Thursday, September 2.—About two in the afternoon, I preached from Joh. vi. 67. and God affifted me in fome comfortable degree ; but more efpecially in my first prayer ; my foul feemed then to launch quite into the eternal world, and to be as it were feparated from this lower world. Afterwards preached again from Ifa. v. 4. God gave me fome affistance ; but I faw myfelf a poor worm.

[On Friday, September 3, he complains of having but little life in the things of God, the former part of the day, but afterwards fpeaks of fweetnefs and enlargement.]

Saturday, September 4.—Much out of health, and exceedingly deprefied in my foul, and was at an awful diftance from God. 'Towards night fpent fome time in profitable thoughts on Rom. viii. 2. Near night, had a very fweet feafon in prayer; God enabled me to wreftle ardently for the advancement of the Redeemer's kingdom; pleaded earneftly for my own dear brother John, that God would make him more of a pilgrim and ftranger on the earth, and fit him for fingular ferviceablenets in the world; and my heart fweetly exulted in the Lord, in the thoughts

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of any diffreffes that might alight on him or me, in the advancement of Chrift's kingdom. It was a fweet and comfortable hour unto my foul, while I was indulged freedom to plead, not only for myfelf, but for many other fouls.

Lord's Day, September 5.—Preached all day; was fomething ftrengthened and affifted in the afternoon; more efpecially in the evening: Had a fenfe of my unfpeakable fhort comings in all my duties. I found, alas! that I had never lived to God in my life.

Monday, September 6.—Was informed that they only waited for an opportunity to apprehend me for preaching at New-Haven lately, that fo they might imprifon me : This made me more folemn and ferious, and to quit all hopes of the world's friendship : It brought me to a further fense of my vilenes, and just defert of this, and much more, from the hand of God, though not from the hand of man : Retired into a convenient place in the woods, and spread the matter before God.

[*Tuefday*, September 7.—This day he rode to New-Haven, but was obliged to fecrete himfelf among private friends.]

Wednefday, September 8.—Felt very fweetly, when I firft rofe in the morning. In family prayer, had fome enlargement, but not much fpirituality, until eternity came up before me and looked near : I found fome fweetnefs in the thoughts of bidding a dying farewell to this tirefome world. Though fometime ago I reckoned upon feeing my dear friends at commencement, yet being now denied the opportunity, for fear of imprifonment, I felt totally refigned, and as contented to fpend this day alone in the woods, as I could have done, if I had been allowed to go to town. Felt exceedingly weaned from the world to day. In the afternoon difcourfed fomething on fome divine things with a dear chriftian friend,

friend, whereby we were both refreshed. Then I prayed, with a fweet fense of the blessedness of communion with God: I think I fcarce ever enjoyed more of God in any one prayer. O it was a blessed feason indeed to my foul! I knew not that ever I faw fo much of my own nothingness in my life; never wondered fo, that God allowed me to preach his word; never was fo astonished as now. This has been a fweet and comfortable day to my foul: Blessed be God. Prayed again with my dear friend, with fomething of the divine prefence. I long to be wholly conformed to God, and transformed into his image.

Thurfday, September 9.—Spent much of the day alone : Enjoyed the prefence of God in fome comfortable degree : Was vifited by fome dear friends, and prayed with them : Wrote fundry letters to friends ; felt religion in my foul while writing : Enjoyed fome fweet meditations on fome fcriptures. In the evening, went very privately into town, from the place of my refidence at the farms, and converfed with fome dear friends ; felt fweetly in finging hymns with them ; and made my efcape to the farms again, without being difcovered by my enemies, as I knew of. Thus the Lord preferves me continually.

Friday, September 10.—Longed with intenfe defire after God: My whole foul feemed impatient to be conformed to him, and to become holy, as he is holy. In the afternoon, prayed with a dear friend privately, and had the prefence of God with us; our fouls united together to reach after a bleffed immortality, to be unclothed of the body of fin and death, and to enter the bleffed world, where no unclean thing enters. O, with what intenfe defire did our fouls long for that bleffed day, that we might be freed from fin, and forever live to and in our God ! In the evening, took leave of that houfe; but firft kneeled down and

prayed;

prayed; the Lord was of a truth in the midft of us; it was a fweet parting feafon; felt in myfelf much fweetnefs and affection in the things of God. Bleffed be God for every fuch divine gale of his Spirit, to fpeed me in my way to the New Jerufalem ! Felt fome fweetnefs afterwards, and fpent the evening in converfation with friends, and prayed with fome life, and retired to reft very late.

[The five next days, he appears to have been in an exceeding comfortable, fweet frame of mind, for the most part, and to have been the fubject of the like heavenly exercises as are often expressed in preceding passages of his Diary.]

Thurfday, September 16.—At night, felt exceeding fweetly : Enjoyed much of God in fecret prayer : Felt an uncommon refignation, to be and do what God pleafed. Some days paft, I felt great perplexity on account of my paft conduct : My bitternefs, and want of chriftian kindnefs and love, has been very diftreffing to my foul. The Lord forgive me my unchriftian warmth, and want of a fpirit of meeknefs.

[The next day, he fpeaks of much refignation, calmnefs and peace of mind, and near views of the eternal world.]

Saturday, September 18.—Felt fome compafiion for fouls, and mourned I had no more. I feel much more kindnefs, meeknefs, gentlenefs and love towards all mankind, than ever. I long to be at the feet of my enemies and perfecutors. Enjoyed fome fweetnefs, in feeling my foul conformed to Chrift Jefus, and given away to him forever, in prayer to day.

[The next ten days, he appears to have been for the most part under great degrees of melancholy, exceedingly dejected and difcouraged; fpeaks of his being ready to give up all for gone respecting the cause

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caufe of Chrift, and exceedingly longing to die : Yet had fome fweet feafons and intervals of comfort, and fpecial affiftance and enlargement in the duties of religion, and in performing publick fervices, and confiderable fuccefs in them.]

Thurfday, September 30.—Still very low in fpirits, and did not know how to engage in any work or bufinefs, efpecially to correct fome diforders among chriftians; felt as though I had no power to be faithful in that regard. However, towards noon, preached from Deut. viii. 2. and was enabled with freedom to reprove fome things in chriftians' conduct, that I thought very unfuitable and irregular; infifted near two hours on this fubject.

Through this and the two following weeks, he paffed through a variety of exercifes : He was frequently dejected, and felt inward diffreffes; and fometimes funk into the depths of melancholy : At which turns, he was not exercifed about the flate of his foul, with regard to the favour of God and his interest in Christ, but about his own finful infirmities, and unfitness for God's service. His mind appears fometimes extremely depressed and funk with a fense of inexpressible vilenes. But in the mean time, he fpeaks of many feafons of comfort and fpiritual refreshment, wherein his heart was encouraged and strengthened in God, and sweetly refigned to his will, and of fome feafons of very high degrees of fpiritual confolation, and of his great longings after holinefs and conformity to God, of his great fear of offending God, of his heart's being fweetly melted in religious duties, of his longing for the advancement of Chrift's kingdom, and of his having at fome times much affiftance in preaching, and of remarkable effects on the auditory.]

Lord's Day, October 17.—Had a confiderable fenfe of my helplefinefs and inability; faw that I must be E dependent 66 THE LIFE OF

dependent on God for all I want; and especially when I went to the place of publick worthip: I found I could not fpeak a word for God without his ipecial help and affiftance : I went into the affembly trembling, as I frequently do, under a fenfe of my infufficiency to do any thing in the caufe of God, as I ought to do. But it pleafed God to afford me much affistance, and there seemed to be a confiderable effect on the hearers. In the evening, I felt a difposition to praise God for his goodness to me, in fpecial, that he had enabled me in fome measure to be faithful; and my foul rejoiced to think, that I had thus performed the work of one day more, and was one day nearer my eternal, and (I truft) my heavenly home. O that I might be faithful to the death, fulfilling as an bireling my day, until the fhades of the evening of life shall free my foul from the toils of the day ! This evening, in fecret prayer, I felt exceeding folemn, and fuch longing defires after deliverance from fin, and after conformity to God, as melted my heart. O, I longed to be delivered from this body of death ! I felt inward pleafing pain, that I could not be conformed to God entirely, fully and forever. I fcarce ever preach without being first vifited with inward conflicts and fore trials. Bleffed be the Lord for these trials and diffreses, as they are bleffed for my humbling.

Monday, October 18.-In the morning, felt fome fweetnefs, but still preffed through fome trials of foul. My life is a conftant mixture of confolations and conflicts, and will be fo until I arrive at the world of fpirits.

Tuesday, October 19 .- This morning and last night, felt a fweet longing in my foul after holinefs : My foul feemed fo to reach and ftretch towards the mark of perfect fanctity, that it was ready to break with longings.

Thursday,

MR. DAVID BRAINERD.

Thursday, October 21.—Had a very deep fense of the vanity of the world, most of the day; had little more regard to it, than if I had been to go into eternity the next hour. Through divine goodness I felt very ferious and folemn. O, I love to live on the brink of eternity, in my views and meditations! This gives me a fweet, awful and reverential fense and apprehension of God and divine things, when I fee myfelf as it were flanding before the judgment feat of Christ.

Friday, October 22.—Uncommonly weaned from the world to day : My foul delighted to be a ftranger and pilgrim on the earth : I felt a disposition in me never to have any thing to do with this world : The character given of fome of the ancient people of God, in Heb. xi. 13. was very pleafing to me, They confeffed ; that they were pilgrims and strangers on the earth, by their daily practice ; and O that I could always do fo! Spent fome confiderable time, in a pleafant grove, in prayer and meditation. O it is fweet, to be thus weaned from friends, and from myfelf, and dead to the prefent world, that fo I may live wholly to and upon the bleffed God. Saw myfelf little, low, and vile in myfelf. In the afternoon, preached at Bethlehem, from Deut. viii. 2. and felt fweetly both in prayer and preaching : God helped me to fpeak to the hearts of dear christians. Blessed be the Lord for this feafon : I truft, they and I shall rejoice on this account to all eternity. Dear Mr. Bellamy came in, while I was making the first prayer (being returned home from a journey) and after meeting, we walked away together, and fpent the evening in fweetly converfing on divine things, and praying together, with fweet/and tender love to each other, and retired to reft with our hearts in a ferious fpiritual frame.

Monday, October 25.-[At Turkey-Hills.] In the evening enjoyed the divine prefence in fecret prayer :

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It was a fweet and comfortable feafon to me : M_V foul longed for God, for the living God: Enjoyed a fweet folemnity of fpirit, and longing defire after the recovery of the divine image in my foul: Then shall I be satisfied, when I shall awake in God's likeness, and never before.

Tuesday, October 26 .- [At West-Suffield.] Underwent the most dreadful distresses, under a sense of my own unworthinefs : It feemed to me, I deferved rather to be driven out of the place, than to have any body treat me with any kindnefs, or come to hear me preach. And verily my fpirits were fodepreffed at this time, as well as at many others, that it was impoffible I fhould treat immortal fouls with faithfulnefs : I could not deal closely and faithfully with them, I felt fo infinitely vile in myfelf. O, what dust and albes I am, to think of preaching the gofpel to others ! Indeed, I never can be faithful for one moment, but fhall certainly daub with untempered mortar, if God does not grant me fpecial help. In the evening, I went to the meeting houfe, and it looked to me near as eafy for one to rife out of the grave and preach, as for me. However, God afforded me fome life and power, both in prayer and fermon : God was pleafed to lift me up, and fhew me that he could enable me to preach. O the wonderful goodness of God to fo vile a finner ! Returned to my quarters ; and enjoyed fome fweetnefs in prayer alone, and mourned that I could not live more to God.

Wednesday, October 27 .- Spent the forenoon in prayer and meditation : Was not a little concerned about preaching in the afternoon : Felt exceedingly without ftrength, and very helplefs indeed : Went into the meeting houfe, ashamed to fee any come to hear fuch an unfpeakably worthlefs wretch. However, God enabled me to fpeak with clearnefs, power, and pungency ; But there was fome noife and tumult

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mult in the affembly, that I did not well like, and endeavoured to bear publick testimony against, with moderation and mildnefs, through the current of my discourfe. In the evening, was enabled to be in fome measure thankful and devoted to God.

[The frames and exercifes of his mind, during the four next days, were mostly very fimilar to those of the two days paft; excepting intervals of confiderable degrees of divine peace and confolation.]

[Within this time he rode from Suffield to Eastbury, Hebron, and Lebanon.]

Thursday, November 4.- [At Lebanon.] Saw much of my nothingness, most of this day ; but felt concerned that I had no more fenfe of my infufficiency and unworthinefs. O it is fweet lying in the dust ! but it is diffreffing, to feel in my foul that hell of corruption, which still remains in me. In the afternoon, had a sense of the sweetness of a strict, close and constant devotedness to God, and my foul was comforted with the confolations of God ; my foul felt a pleafing, yet painful concern, left I should fpend fome moments without God. O may I always live to God. In the evening, was vifited by fome friends, and fpent the time in prayer and fuch conversation as tended to our edification. It was a comfortable feafon to my foul : I felt an intenfe defire to fpend every moment for God. God is unfpeakably gracious to me continually : In times past, he has given me inexpreffible fweetnefs in the performance of duty : Frequently my foul has enjoyed much of God ; but has been ready to fay, Lordit is good to be here; and fo to indulge floth, while I have lived on the fweetness of my feelings. But of late, God has been pleafed to keep my foul hungry, almost continually; fo that I have been filled with a kind of a pleafing pain : When I really enjoy God, I feel my defires of him the more infatiable, and my thirftings after

after holinefs the more unquenchable ; and the Lord will not allow me to feel as though I were fully fupplied and fatisfied, but keeps me ftill reaching forward; and I feel barren and empty, as though I could not live, without more of God in me; I feel ashamed and guilty before God. O, I fee, the law is spiritual, but I am carnal! I do not, I cannot live to God. O for holinefs ! O for more of God in my foul ! O this pleafing pain ! It makes my foul prefs after God; the language of it is, Then Shall I be Satisfied, when I awake in God's likeness, Pfal. xvii. ult. but never, never before ; and confequently I am engaged to press toward the mark, day by day. O that I may feel this continual hunger, and not be retarded, but rather animated by every clufter from Canaan, to reach forward in the narrow way, for the full enjoyment and polfeffion of the heavenly inheritance. O that I may never loiter in my heavenly journey.

[Thefe infatiable defires after God and holinefs, continued the two next days, with a great fenfe of his own exceeding unworthinefs, and the nothingnefs of the things of this world.]

Lord's Day, November 7.—[At Millington.] It feemed as if fuch an unholy wretch as I never could arrive at that bleffednefs, to be holy, as God is holy. At noon, I longed for fanctification, and conformity to God. O, that is the all, the all ! The Lord help me to prefs after God forever.

Monday, November 8.—Towards night, enjoyed much fweetnefs in fecret prayer, fo that my foul longed for an arrival in the heavenly country, the bleffed paradife of God. Through divine goodnefs, I have fearce feen the day, for two mouths, but death has looked fo pleafant to me at one time or other of the day, that I could have rejoiced the prefent fhould be my laft, notwithftanding my preffing inward trials and conflicts: And I truft, the Lord will finally

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ly make me a conqueror; and more than fo; that I shall beable to use that triumphant language, O death. where is thy fling I And, O grave, where is thy vietory !

[Within the next ten days, the following things are expressed: Longing and wrestling to be holy and to live to God ; a defire that every fingle thought might be for God; feeling guilty, that his thoughts were no more fwallowed up in God ; fweet folemnity and calmnefs of mind, fubmiffion and refignation to God, great weanedness from the world, abasement in the dust, grief at some vain conversation that was obferved, fweetnefs from time to time in fecret prayer, and in converfing and praying with chriftian friends. And every day he appears to have been greatly engaged in the great bufine's of religion and living to God, without interruption.] 1 Cr 1

Friday, November 19.- [At New-Haven.] Received a letter from the reverend Mr. Pemberton, of New-York, defiring me fpeedily to go down thither, and confult about the Indian affairs' in those parts, and to meet certain gentlemen there, that were entrufted with those affairs : My mind was instantly feized with concern; fo I retired with two or three chriftian friends and prayed; and indeed it was a fweet time with me ; I was enabled to leave myfelf and all my concerns with God; and taking leave of friends, I rode to Ripton, and was comforted in an opportunity to fee and converfe with dear Mr. Mills.

[In the four next following days, he was fometimes oppressed with the weight of that great affair, about which Mr. Pemberton had written to him : but was enabled from time to time to caft his burden on the Lord, and to commit himfelf and all his concerns to him : And he continued still in a sense of the excellency of holinefs, and longings after it, and earneft defires of the advancement of Chrift's king-E4 dom

dom in the world; and had from time to time fweet comfort in meditation and prayer.]

Wednefday, November 24.—Came to New-York ; felt ftill much concerned about the importance of my bufinefs ; put up many earneft requefts to God for his help and direction ; was confufed with the noife and tumult of the city ; enjoyed but little time alone with God ; but my foul longed after him.

Thursday, November 25 .- Spent much time in prayer and fupplication : Was examined by fome gentlemen, of my christian experiences, and my acquaintance with divinity, and fome other fludies, in order to my improvement in that important affair of gospellizing the heathen*: Was made fensible of my great ignorance and unfitness for publick fervice; I had the most abasing thoughts of myself, I think, that ever I had; I thought myfelf the worft wretch that ever lived : It hurt me and pained my very heart, that any body fhould fhew me any refpect : Alas ! me thought, how fadly they are deceived in me ; how miferably would they be difappointed, if they knew my infide ! O my heart ! And in this depressed condition, I was forced to go and preach to a confiderable affembly, before fome grave and learned ministers ; but felt such a pressure from a sense of my vilenefs, ignorance, and unfitnefs to appear in publick, that I was almost overcome with it ; my foul was grieved for the congregation, that they fhould fit there to hear fuch a dead dog as I preach; I thought myself infinitely indebted to the people, and longed that God would reward them with the rewards of his grace. I fpent much of the evening alone.

* These gentlemen that examined Mr. Brainerd, were the Correspondents, in New-York, New-Jersey, and Pennsylvania, of the honourable Society in Scotland for propagating Christian Knowledge; to whom was committed the management of their affairs in those parts, and who were now met at New-York.

PART

PART IV.

From the time of his examination by the Correspondents of the Society for propagating Christian Knowledge, and being appointed their MISSIONARY, to his first entrance on the business of his million among the Indians at Kaunaumeek.

FRIDAY, November 26.—Had still a sense of my great vileness, and endeavoured as much as I could to keep alone. O, what a nothing, what dust and ashes am I! Enjoyed fome peace and comfort in fpreading my complaints before the God of all grace. Saturday, November 27.-Committed my foul to God with fome degree of comfort ; left New-York about nine in the morning; came away with a diftreffing fenfe still of my unspeakable unworthines. Surely I may well love all my brethren; for none of them all is fo vile as I; whatever they do outwardly. yet it feems to me none is confcious of fo much guilt before God. O my leannefs, my barrennefs, my carnality, and past bitterness, and want of a gofpel temper ! Thefe things opprefs my foul, Rode from New-York, thirty miles, to White Plains, and most of the way continued lifting up my heart to God for mercy and purifying grace; and fpent the evening much dejected in fpirit.

[The three next days, he continued in this frame, in a great fenfe of his own vilenefs, with an evident mixture of melancholy, in no fmall degree; but had fome intervals of comfort and God's fenfible prefence with him.]

Wednefday, December 1.—My foul breathed after God, in fweet spiritual and longing defires of conformity formity to him; my foul was brought to reft itfelf and all on his rich grace, and felt ftrength and encouragement to do or fuffer any thing that divine Providence fhould allot me. Rode about twenty miles, from Stratfield to Newton.

[Within the fpace of the next nine days, he went a journey from Newton to Haddam, his native town; and after flaying there fome days, returned again into the western part of Connecticut, and came to Southbury. In his account of the frames and exercifes of his mind, during this fpace of time, are fuch things as thefe : Frequent turns of dejection, a fenfe of his vilenefs, emptinefs, and unfathomable abyfs of defperate wickednefs in his heart, attended with a conviction that he had never feen but little of it; bitterly mourning over his barrennefs, being greatly grieved that he could not live to God, to whom he owed his all ten thousand times; crying out, My leannefs, my leannefs ! a fenfe of the meetnefs and fuitablenefs of his lying in the duft beneath God's feet ; fervency and ardour in prayer ; longing to live to God, and being afflicted with fome impertinent trifling conversation that he heard, but enjoying fweetnefs in chriftian converfation.]

Saturday, December 11.—Converfed with a dear friend, to whom I had thought of giving a liberal education, and being at the whole charge of it, that he might be fitted for the gofpel ministry*. I acquainted him with my thoughts in that matter, and

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* Mr. Brainerd having now undertaken the bufinefs of a Miffionary to the Indians, and expecting in a little time to leave his native country, to go among the Savages, into the wildernefs. Iar diftant, and fpend the remainder of his life among them, and having fome effate left him by his father, and thinking he fhould have no occafion for it among them, (though afterwards he told me he found himtelf mittaken) he fet himfelf to think which way he might fpend it moft to the glory of God; and no way preferring to his thoughts, wherein he could do more good with it, than by being at the charge of educating fome young perfor for the miniftry, that appeared to be of good abilities and well difpoled, he pitched upon this perfor here fpoken of, to thus end : Who accordingly was foon put to learning; and Mr. Brainerd continued to be at the charge of his education from year to year fo long as he (Mr. Brainerd) lived, which was until this young man was carried through his third year in college.

fo left him to confider of it, until I fhould fee him again. Then I rode to Bethlehem, and fo came to Mr. Bellamy's lodgings; fpent the evening with him in fweet converfation and prayer: We recommended the important concern before mentioned (of fending my friend to college) unto the God of all grace. Bleffed be the Lord for this evening's opportunity together.

Lord's Day, December 12 .- I felt, in the morning. as if I had little or no power either to pray or preach. and felt a diffreffing need of divine help : I went to meeting trembling : But it pleafed God to affift me in prayer and fermon : I think my foul fcarce ever penetrated fo far into the immaterial world, in any one prayer that ever I made, nor were my devotions ever fo much refined, and free from grofs conceptions, and imaginations framed from beholding material objects. I preached with fome fweetnefs. from Matth. vi. 33. But feek ve first, &c. And in the afternoon from Rom. xv. 30. And now I befeesh vou, brethren, &c. There was much affection in the affembly. This has been a fweet Sabbath to me : And bleffed be God, I have reafon to think that my religion has become more refined and fpiritual, by means of my late inward conflicts. Amen ! May I always be willing that God fhould use his own methods with me.

Monday, December 13.—Joined in prayer with Mr. Bellamy; and found fweetnefs and composure in parting with him, who went a journey. Enjoyed fome fweetnefs through the day, and just at night rode down to Woodbury.

Tuefday, December 14.—Some perplexity hung on my mind: Was diffreffed laft night and this morning for the interest of Zion, especially on account of the false appearances of religion, that do but rather breed confusion, especially in some places. I cried cried to God for help, to enable me to bear teffimony againft those things, which instead of promoting, do but hinder the progress of vital piety. In the afternoon, rode down to Southbury, and conversed again with my friend about the important affair of his following the work of the ministry; and he appeared much inclined to devote himself to that work, if God should succeed his attempts to qualify himself for fo great a work. In the evening, I preached from I Thess. to undermine false religion. The Lord gave me fome affistance; but, however, I feemed fo vile, I was assumed to be feen when I came out of the meeting house.

Wednesday, December 15.-Enjoyed fomething of God to day, both in fecret and focial prayer; but was fenfible of much barrennefs, and defect in duty, as well as my inability to help myfelf for the time to come, or to perform the work and business I have to do. Afterwards, felt much of the fweetnefs of religion, and the tenderness of the gospel temper ; was far from bitternefs, and found a dear love to all mankind, and was afraid of fcarcely any thing fo much as left fome motion of anger or refentment should fome time or other creep into my heart. Had fome comforting foul refreshing discourse with some dear friends, just as we took our leave of each other, and fuppofed it might be likely we should not meet again until we came to the eternal world*. But I doubt not, through grace, but that fome of us shall have a happy meeting there, and blefs God for this feafon, as well as many others. Amen.

Thursday,

* It had been determined by the Commissioners, who employed Mr. Brainerd as a Miffionary, that he should go as soon as might be conveniently, to the Indians living nearthe Forks of Delaware river in Pennsylvania, and the Indians on Susquehannah river ; which being far off, where he would be exposed to many hardships and dangers ; this was the occasion of his taking leave of his friends in this manner.

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Thursday, December 16.—Rode down to Derby; had fome fweet thoughts on the road: My thoughts were very clear, especially on the effence of our falvation by Christ, from those words, Thou shalt call bis name Jesus, &c.

Friday, December 17.—Spent much time in fweet converfation on fpiritual things with dear Mr. Humphreys. Rode to Ripton ; fpent fome time in prayer with dear chriftian friends.

Saturday, December 18.—Spent much time in prayer in the woods : Seemed raifed above the things of the world : My foul was ftrong in the Lord of hofts : But was fenfible of great barrennefs.

Lord's Day, December 19.—At the facrament of the Lord's fupper, feemed firong in the Lord; and the world with all its frowns and flatteries in a great meafure difappeared, fo that my foul had nothing to do with them; and I felt a difposition to be wholly and forever the Lord's. In the evening, enjoyed fomething of the divine prefence; had a humbling fense of my vilenes, barrenness and finfulness. O, it wounded me, to think of the misimprovement of time ! God be merciful to me a finner.

Monday, December 20.—Spent this day in prayer, reading, and writing; and enjoyed fome affiftance, efpecially in correcting fome thoughts on a certain fubject; but had a mournful fenfe of my barrennefs.

Tuesday, December 21.—Had a fense of my infufficiency for any publick work and business, as well as to live to God. I rode over to Derby, and preached there: It pleased God to give me very sweet affistance and enlargement, and to enable me to speak with a fost and tender power and energy. We had afterwards a comfortable evening in singing and prayer: God enabled me to pray with as much spirituality and sweetness as I have done for some time: My mind seemed to be unclothed of sense and imagination.

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tion, and was in a meafure let into the immaterial world of fpirits. This day and evening was, I truft, through infinite goodnefs, made very profitable to a number of us, to advance our fouls in holinefs and conformity to God: The glory be to him forever. Amen. How bleffed it is to grow more and more like God !

Wednefday, December 22.—Enjoyed fome affiftance in preaching at Ripton; but my foul mourned within me for my barrennefs.

Thurfday, December 23.—Enjoyed, I truft, fomething of God this morning in fecret. O how divinely fweet it is to come into the fecret of his prefence, and abide in his pavillion ! Took an affectionate leave of friends, not expecting to fee them again for a very confiderable time, if ever in this world. Rode with Mr. Humphreys to his houfe at Derby ; fpent the time in fweet converfation ; my foul was refrefhed and fweetly melted with divine things. O that I was always confecrated to God. Near night, I rode to New-Haven, and there enjoyed fome fweetnefs in prayer and converfation, with fome dear chriftian friends : My mind was fweetly ferious and compofed : But alas, I too much loft the fenfe of divine things !

[He continued much in the fame frame of mind, and in like exercises, the two following days.]

Lord's Day, December 26.—Felt much fweetnefs and tendernefs in prayer; efpecially my whole foul feemed to love my worft enemies, and was enabled to pray for those that are strangers and enemies to God with a great degree of softness and pathetick fervour. In the evening, rode from New-Haven to Branford, after I had kneeled down and prayed with a number of dear christian friends in a very retired place in the woods, and so parted.

Monday, December 27.-Enjoyed a precious feafon indeed ; had a fweet melting fenfe of divine things,

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of the pure fpirituality of the religion of Chrift Jefus. In the evening, I preached from Matth. vi. 33. with much freedom, and fweet power and pungency: The prefence of God attended our meeting. O the fweetnefs, the tendernefs I felt in my foul ! If ever I felt the temper of Chrift, I had fome fenfe of it now. Bleffed be my God, I have feldom enjoyed a more comfortable and profitable day than this. O that I could fpend all my time for God.

Tuefday, *December* 28.—Rode from Branford to Haddam. In the morning, my clearnefs and fweetnefs in divine things continued ; but afterwards my fpiritual life fenfibly declined.

[The next twelve days, he was for the moft part extremely dejected, difcouraged and diftreffed, and was evidently very much under the power of melancholy; and there are from day to day moft bitter complaints of exceeding vilenefs, ignorance, corruption, an amazing Load of guilt, unworthinefs to creep on God's earth, everlafting ufeleffnefs, fitnefs for nothing, &c. and fometimes expreffions even of horror at the thoughts of ever preaching again. But yet in this time of great dejection, he fpeaks of feveral intervals of divine help and comfort.]

[The three next days, which were fpent at Hebron and the Crank (a parifh in Lebanon) he had relief, and enjoyed confiderable comfort.]

Friday, January 14, 1742, 3.—My fpiritual conflicts to day were unfpeakably dreadful, heavier than the mountains and overflowing floods : I feemed inclofed, as it were in hell itfelf ! I was deprived of all fenfe of God, even of the being of a God ; and that was my mifery ! I had no awful apprehenfions of God as angry. This was diffrefs, the neareft akin to the damned's torments, that I ever endured: Their torment, I am fure, will confift much in a privation of God, and confequently of all good. This taught

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me the abfolute dependence of a creature upon God the Creator, for every crumb of happiness it enjoys. O! I feel that if there is no God, though I might live forever here, and enjoy not only this, but all other worlds, I should be ten thousand times more miferable than a toad ! My foul was in fuch anguish I could not eat, but felt as I supposed a poor wretch would that is just going to the place of execution. I was almost fwallowed up with anguish, when I faw people gathering together to hear me preach. However, I went in that diftrefs to the houfe of God, and found not much relief in the first prayer : It feemed as if God would let loofe the people upon me, nor were the thoughts of death diftreffing to me, like my own vileness. But afterwards, in my discourse from Deut. viii. 2. God was pleafed to give me fome freedom and enlargement, fome power and fpirituality; and I fpent the evening fomething comfortably.

[The two next days, his comfort continues, and he feems to enjoy an almost continual fweetness of foul in the duties and exercises of religion and chriftian conversation. On Monday was a return of the gloom he had been under the Friday before. He rode to Coventry this day, and the latter part of the day, had more freedom. On Tuesday he rode to Canterbury, and continued more comfortable.]

Wednefday, January 19.—[At Canterbury.] In the afternoon preached the lecture at the meeting houfe: Felt fome tendernefs, and fomething of the gofpel temper: Exhorted the people to love one another, and not fet up their own frames as a ftandard to try all their brethren by. But was much preffed, most of the day, with a fenfe of my own badnefs, inward impurity, and unfpeakable corruption. Spent the evening in loving christian conversation.

Thursday, January 20.—Rode to my brother's house between Norwich and Lebanon; and preached in the the evening to a number of people: Enjoyed neither freedom nor fpirituality; but faw myfelf exceeding unworthy.

Friday, January 21.—Had great inward conflicts; enjoyed but little comfort. Went to fee Mr. Williams of Lebanon, and fpent feveral hours with him; and was greatly delighted with his ferious, deliberate and impartial way of difcourfe about religion.

[The next day, he was much dejected.]

Lord's Day, January 23.—Scarce ever felt myfelf fo unfit to exift, as now : I faw, I was not worthy of a place among the Indians, where I am going, if God permit : I thought I fhould be afhamed to look them in the face, and much more to have any refpect fhewn me there. Indeed I felt myfelf banished from the earth, as if all places were too good for fuch a wretch as I : I thought I should be assumed to go among the very favages of Africa : I appeared to myfelf a creature fit for nothing, neither heaven nor earth. None knows, but those that feel it, what the foul endures that is fensibly shut out from the prefence of God : Alas, it is more bitter than death !

[On Monday he rode to Stoningtown, Mr. Fifh's parifh. On Tuefday he expresses confiderable degrees of spiritual comfort and refreshment.]

Wednefday, fanuary 26.—Preached to a pretty large affembly at Mr. Fifh's meeting houfe: Infifted on humility, and fleadfaftnefs in keeping God's commands, and that through humility we fhould prefer one another in love, and not make our own frames the rule by which we judge others. I felt fweetly calm, and full of brotherly love; and never more free from party fpirit. I hope fome good will follow, that chriftians will be freed from falfe joy, and party zeal, and cenfuring one another.

[On Thursday, after confiderable time spent in prayer and christian conversation, he rode to New-London.]

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Friday, January 28.—Here I found fome fallen into fome extravagances, too much carried away with a falfe zeal, and bitternefs. O, the want of a gofpel temper is greatly to be lamented. Spent the evening in converfing with fome about fome points of conduct in both ministers and private christians; but did not agree with them; God had not taught them with briers and thorns to be of a kind disposition toward mankind.

[On Saturday, he rode to East-Haddam, and spent the three following days there; and in that space of time he speaks of his feeling weanedness from the world, a sense of the nearness of eternity, special affistance in praying for the enlargement of Christ's kingdom, times of spiritual comfort, &c.]

Wednefday, February 2.-Preached my farewell fermon, last night, at the house of an aged man, who had been unable to attend on the publick worfhip for fome time; and this morning, fpent the time in prayer, almost wherever I went ; and having taken leave of friends, I fet out on my journey towards the Indians; though by the way I was to fpend fome time at East-Hampton on Long-Island, by the leave of the commiffioners who employed me in the Indian affair* ; and being accompanied by a meffenger from East-Hampton, we travelled to Lyme. On the road I felt an uncommon preffure of mind : I feemed to ftruggle hard for fome pleafure in fomething here below, and feemed loth to give up all for gone; but then faw myfelf evidently throwing myfelf into all hardfhips and diffreffes in my prefent undertaking; I thought it would be lefs difficult to lie down in the grave : But yet I chofe to go, rather than flay. Came to Lyme that night.

* The reafon why the Commiffioners or Correspondents did not order Mr. Brainerd to go immediately to the Indians, and enter on his businefs as a Miffionary to them, was that the winter was not judged to be a convenient feafon for him first to go out into the wildernefs, and enter on the difficulties and hardships he must there be exposed to.

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[He waited the two next days for a paffage over the found, and fpent much of the time in inward conflicts and dejection, but had fome comfort.]

[On Saturday, he croffed the found, landed at Oyfter-Ponds on Long-Ifland, and travelled from thence to Eaft-Hampton. And the feven following days he fpent there, for the moft part, under extreme dejection and gloominefs of mind, with great complaints of darknefs, ignorance, &c. Yet his heart appears to have been conflantly engaged in the great bufinefs of religion, much concerned for the intereft of religion in Eaft-Hampton, and praying and labouring much for it.]

Saturday, February 12.—Enjoyed a little more comfort, was enabled to meditate with fome compofure of mind; and efpecially in the evening, found my foul more refreshed in prayer, than at any time of late; my foul seemed to take hold of God's strength, and was comforted with his consolations. O how fweet are fome glimps of divine glory ! How strengthening and quickening !

Lord's Day, February 13.—At noon, under a great degree of difcouragement; knew not how it was poffible for me to preach in the afternoon; was ready to give up all for gone; but God was pleafed to affift me in fome measure. In the evening, my heart was fweetly drawn out after God, and devoted to him.

[The next day, he had comfort and dejection intermingled.]

Tuesday, February 15.—Early in the day I felt fome comfort, afterwards I walked into a neighbouring grove, and felt more as a ftranger on earth, I think, than ever before; dead to any of the enjoyments of the world as if I had been dead in a natural fense. In the evening, had divine fweetness in fecret duty: God was then my portion, and my foul

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role above those *deep waters*, into which I have funk fo low of late : My foul then cried for Zion, and had fweetnefs in fo doing.

[This fweet frame continued the next morning; but afterwards his inward diffrefs returned.]

Thurfday, February 17.—In the morning, found myfelf fomething comfortable, and refted on God in fome meafure. Preached this day at a little village belonging to Eaft-Hampton; and God was pleafed to give me his gracious prefence and affiftance, fo that I fpake with freedom, boldnefs and fome power. In the evening, fpent fome time with a dear chriftian friend; felt fweetly ferious, as on the brink of eternity; my foul enjoyed fweetnefs in lively apprehenfions of ftanding before the glorious God : Prayed with my dear friend with fweetnefs, and difcourfed with utmoft folemnity. And truly it was a little emblem of heaven itfelf. I find my foul is more refined and weaned from a dependence on my frames and fpiritual feelings.

Friday, February 18.—Felt fomething fweetly moft of the day, and found accefs to the throne of grace. Bleffed be the Lord for any intervals of heavenly delight and composure, while I am engaged in the field of battle. O that I might be ferious, folemn, and always vigilant, while in an evil world. Had fome opportunity alone to day, and found fome freedom in fludy. O, I long to live to God.

Lord's Day, February 20.—Was fomething perplexed on account of my careleffnefs; I thought I could not be fuitably concerned about the important work of the day, and fo was reftlefs with my eafinefs. Was exceeding infirm again to day; but the Lord ftrengthened me both in the outward and inward man, fo that I preached with fome life and fpirituality, efpecially in the afternoon, wherein I was enabled to fpeak clofely against felfish religion, that

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that loves Chrift for his benefits, but not for himfelf.

[During the next fortnight, it appears that he for the most part enjoyed much spiritual peace and comfort. In his Diary for this space of time, are expreffed fuch things as thefe ; mourning over indwelling fin, and unprofitablenefs; deadnefs to the world; longing after God and to live to his glory; heart melting defires after his eternal home; fixed reliance on God for his help; experience of much divine affistance both in the private and publick exercises of religion ; inward ftrength and courage in the fervice of God ; very frequent refreshment, consolation and divine fweetnefs in meditation, prayer, preaching, and chriftian conversation. And it appears by his account, that this fpace of time was filled up with great diligence and earnestness in ferving God, in ftudy, prayer, meditation, preaching, and private inftructing and counfeling.]

Monday, March 7.- This morning when I arofe, I found my heart go forth after God in longing defires of conformity to him, and in fecret prayer found myfelf fweetly quickened and drawn out in praifes to God for all he had done to and for me, and for all my inward trials and diffreffes of late ; my heart afcribed-glory, glory, glory to the bleffed God ! And bid welcome all inward diffrefs again, if God faw meet to exercise me with it; time appeared but an inch long, and eternity at hand ; and I thought I could with patience and cheerfulnefs bear any thing for the caufe of God : For I faw that a moment would bring me to a world of peace and bleffednefs; and my foul, by the ftrength of the Lord, role far above this lower world, and all the vain amufements and frightful difappointments of it. Afterwards, was vifited by foine friends, but loft fome fweetnefs by the means. After that, had F3 fome

fome fweet meditation on Gen. v. 24. And Enoch walked with God, &c. This was a comfortable day to my foul.

[The next day, he feems to have continued in a confiderable degree of fweetnefs and fervency in religion.]

Wednefday, March 9.—Endeavoured to commit myfelf and all my concerns to God. Rode fixteen Miles to Mantauk*, and had fome inward fweetnefs on the road; but fomething of flatnefs and deadnefs after I came there and had feen the Indians: I withdrew, and endeavoured to pray, but found myfelf awfully deferted and left, and had an afflicting fenfe of my vilenefs and meannefs. However, I went and preached from Ifai. liii. 10. Had fome affiftance; and, I truft, fomething of the divine prefence was among us. In the evening, again I prayed and exhorted among them, after having had a feafon alone, wherein I was fo preffed with the blacknefs of my nature, that I thought it was not fit for me to fpeak fo much as to Indians.

[The next day, he returned to Eaft-Hampton; was exceeding infirm in body through the remaining part of this week; but fpeaks of affiftance and enlargement in fludy and religious exercifes, and of inward fweetnefs and breathing after God.]

Lord's Day, March 13.—At noon, I thought it impoffible for me to preach, by reafon of bodily weaknefs and inward deadnefs; and in the first prayer, was fo weak that I could hardly stand; but in fermon, God strengthened me, fo that I spake near an hour and half with sweet freedom, clearnefs and fome tender power, from Gen. v. 24. And Enoch walked with God. I was sweetly affisted to infiss on a close walk with God, and to leave this as my parting

* Mantauk is the eaftern cape or end of Long-Ifland, then inhabited chiefly by Indians,

ing advice to God's people here, that they should walk with God. May the God of all grace fucceed my poor labours in this place !

Monday, March 14 .- In the morning, was very bufy in preparation for my journey, and was almost continually engaged in ejaculatory prayer. About ten, took leave of the dear people of East-Hampton. My heart grieved and mourned, and rejoiced at the fame time; rode near fifty miles to a part of Brook-Haven, and lodged there, and had refreshing converfation with a chriftian friend.

[In two days more he reached New-York; but complains of much defertion and deadness on the road. He stayed one day in New-York, and on Friday went to Mr. Dickinson's at Elizabeth-Town. His complaints are the fame as on the two preceding days.]

Saturday, March 19 .- Was bitterly diftreffed under a fenfe of my ignorance, darknefs and unworthinefs; got alone, and poured out my complaint to God in the bitterness of my foul. In the afternoon, rode to Newark, and had fome fweetnefs in converfation with Mr. Burr, and in praying together. O! bleffed be God forever and ever, for any enlivening and quickening.

Lord's Day, March 20 .- Preached in the forenoon : God gave me fome affistance and fweetness, and enabled me to fpeak with real tendernefs, love and impartiality. In the evening preached again ; and of a truth God was pleafed to affift a poor worm. Bleffed be God, I was enabled to fpeak with life. power, and paffionate defire of the edification of God's people, and with fome power to finners. In the evening, I felt fomething fpiritual and watchful, left my heart fhould by any means be drawn away from God. O, when fhall I come to that bleffed world, where every power of my foul will be in-F4

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ceffantly and eternally wound up, in heavenly employments and enjoyments, to the highest degree?

[On Monday he went to Woodbridge, where he fpeaks of his being with a number of minifters*; and the remainder of this week and the greater part of the next he fpent in a journey to Stockbridge.]

* Thefe minifters were the Correspondents, who now met at Woodbridge, and gave Mr. Brainerd new directions, and inftead of fending him to the Indians at the Forks of Delaware, as before intended, they ordered him to go to a humber of Indians, at Kaunaumeek, a place in the province of New-York, in the woods between Stockbridge and Albany.

PART

MR. DAVID BRAINERD.

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PART V.

From his first beginning to instruct the Indians at Kaunaumeek, to his Ordination.

FRIDAY, April 1, 1743.—I rode to Kaunaumeek, near twenty miles from Stockbridge, where the Indians live, with whom I am concerned, and there lodged on a little heap of ftraw : Was greatly exercifed with inward trials and diffreffes all day; and in the evening, my heart was funk, and I feemed to have no God to go to. O that God would help me !

[The next five days, he was for the most part in a dejected depressed state of mind, and sometimes extremely so.]

Friday, April 7.—Appeared to myfelf exceeding ignorant, weak, helplefs, and unworthy, and altogether unequal to my work. It feemed to me, I fhould never do any fervice, or have any fuccefs among the Indians. My foul was weary of my life : I longed for death beyond meafure. When I thought of any godly foul departed, my foul was ready to envy him his privilege, thinking, O when will my turn come ! Muft it be years firft ! But I know thofe ardent defires at this and other times, rofe partly from want of refignation to God under all miferies ; and fo were but impatience. Towards night I had, I think, the exercise of faith in prayer, and fome affiftance in writing. O that God would keep me near him !

Friday, April 8.—Was exceedingly preffed under a fenfe of my pride, felfiftnefs, bitternefs, and party fpirit in times paft, while I attempted to promote the caufe of God : It's vile nature and dreadful confequences quences appeared in fuch odious colours to me, that my very heart was pained : I faw how poor fouls stumbled over it into everlasting destruction, that I was constrained to make that prayer in the bitterness of my foul, O Lord, deliver me from blood guiltinefs. I faw my defert of hell on this account. My foul was full of inward anguish and shame before God, that I had fpent fo much time in conversation tending only to promote a party fpirit. O, I faw I had not fuitably prized mortification, felf denial, refignation under all adversities, meekness, love, candour, and holinefs of heart and life : And this day was almost wholly fpent in fuch bitter and foul afflicting reflections on my past frames and conduct. Of late I have thought much of having the kingdom of Chrift advanced in the world; but now I faw I had enough to do within myself. The Lord be merciful to me a finner, and wash my foul.

Saturday, April 9.—Remained much in the fame flate as yefterday; excepting that the fense of my vileness was not fo quick and acute.

Lord's Day, April 10.—Rofe early in the morning, and walked out, and fpent confiderable time in the woods, in prayer and meditation. Preached to the Indians both forenoon and afternoon. They behaved foberly in general : Two or three in particular appeared under fome religious concern; with whom I difcourfed privately; and one told me, her heart had cried, ever fince fhe heard me preach first.

[The two next days he complains of much defertion, and manifests a great fense of guilt and stupidity.]

Wednefday, April 13.—My heart was overwhelmed within me : I verily thought I was the meaneft, vileft, moft helplefs, guilty, ignorant, benighted creature living. And yet I knew what God had done for my foul, at the fame time. Though fometimes, I was affaulted with damping doubts and fears, whether it was poffible for fuch a wretch as I to be in a ftate of grace.

Saturday, April 16.—Still in the depths of diffrefs. In the afternoon, preached to my people; but was more difcouraged with them than before; feared that nothing would ever be done for them to any happy effect. I retired and poured out my foul to God for mercy; but without any fenfible relief.— Soon after came an Irifhman and a Dutchman, with a defign, as they faid, to hear me preach the next day; but none can tell how I felt to hear their profane talk. O, I longed that fome dear chriftian knew my diffrefs. I got into a kind of hovel, and there groaned out my complaint to God; and withal felt more fenfible gratitude and thankfulnefs to God, that he had made me to differ from thefe men, as I knew through grace he had.

Lord's Day, April 17.—In the morning was again diffreffed as foon as I awaked, hearing much talk about the world and the things of it : Though I perceived the men were in fome meafure afraid of me; and I difcourfed fomething about fanctifying the Sabbath, if poffible, to folemnize their minds; but when they were at a little diffance, they again talked freely about fecular affairs. O, I thought, what a hell it would be to live with fuch men to eternity ! The Lord gave me fome affiitance in preaching, all day, and fome refignation, and a finall degree of comfort in prayer at night.

[He continued in this difconfolate frame the next day.]

Tuefday, *April* 19.—In the morning, enjoyed fome fweet repofe and reft in God; felt fome ftrength and confidence in God; and my foul was in fome measure refreshed and comforted. Spent most of the day in writing, and had fome exercise of grace fensible and comfortable;

comfortable ; my foul feemed lifted above the *deep* waters, wherein it has been fo long almost drowned ; felt fome fpiritual longings and breathings of foul after God ; found myself engaged for the advancement of Christ's kingdom in my own foul, more than in others, more than in the heathen world.

Wednefday, April 20.—Set apart this day for fafting and prayer, to bow my foul before God for the beftowment of divine grace; efpecially that all my fpiritual afflictions and inward diffreffes might be fanctified to my foul. And endeavoured alfo to remember the goodnefs of God to me in the year paft, this day being my birth day. Having obtained help of God, I have hitherto lived, and am now arrived at the age of twenty five years. My foul was pained to think of my barrennefs and deadnefs; that I have lived fo little to the glory of the eternal God. I fpent the day in the woods alone, and there poured out my complaint to God. O that God would enable me to live to his glory for the future.

Thurfday, April 21.—Spent the forenoon in reading and prayer, and found myfelf fomething engaged; but ftill much deprefied in fpirit under a fenfe of my vilenefs and unfitnefs for any publick fervice. In the afternoon, I vifited my people, and prayed and converfed with fome about their fouls' concerns: And afterwards found fome ardour of foul in fecret prayer. O that I might grow up into the likenefs of God.

Friday, April 22.—Spent the day in ftudy, reading and prayer; and felt a little relieved of my burden, that has been fo heavy of late. But ftill in fome meafure oppreffed. Had a fenfe of barrennefs. O, my leannefs teftifies against me ! My very foul abhors itfelf for its unlikenefs to God, its inactivity and fluggishnefs. When I have done all, alas, what an unprofitable fervant am I! My foul groans, to fee fee the hours of the day roll away, becaufe I do not fill them, in fpirituality and heavenly mindednefs. And yet I long they fhould fpeed their pace, to haften me to my eternal home, where I may fill up all my moments, through eternity, for God and his glory

[For feveral following days he feems to have been under an increase of dejection and melancholy. On Tuesday, he expresses forme relief. Wednesday he kept as a day of fasting and prayer, but in great diftress. The next three days following, his melancholy continued, but in a lesser degree, and with intervals of comfort.]

Lord's Day, May 1.—Was at Stockbridge to day. In the forenoon had fome relief and affiftance; though not fo much as ufual. In the afternoon, felt poorly in body and foul; while I was preaching, feemed to be rehearing idle tales, without the leaft life, fervour, fenfe or comfort : And efpecially afterwards, at the facrament, my foul was filled with confusion, and the utmost anguish that ever I endured, under the feeling of my inexpressible vileness and meanness.

[The remaining days of this week were fpent, for the most part, in inward distress and gloominess. The next Sabbath, he had encouragement, affistance and comfort; but on Monday funk again.]

Tuefday, May 10.—Was in the fame ftate, as to my mind, that I have been in for fome time, extremely preffed with a fenfe of guilt, pollution, blindnefs: The iniquity of my beels have compaffed me about; the fins of my youth have been fet in order before me; they have gone over my head, as an heavy burden, too heavy for me to bear. Almost all the actions of my life past feem to be covered over with fin and guilt; and those of them that I performed in the most confcientious manner, now fill me with fhame and confusion, that I cannot hold up my face. O! the pride, felfishnefs. felfiftnefs, hypocrify, ignorance, bitternefs, party zeal, and the want of love, candour, meeknefs and gentlenefs that have attended my attempts to promote religion and virtue; and this when I have reafon to hope I had real affiftance from above, and fome fweet intercourfe with heaven! But alas, what corrupt mixtures attended my beft duties!

[The next feven days, his gloom and diftrefs continued, for the most part; but he had fome turns of relief and spiritual comfort. He gives an account of his spending part of this time in hard labour, to build himself a little cottage to live in amongst the Indians, in which he might be by himself; having (it feems) hitherto lived with a poor Scotchman; and afterwards, before his own house was habitable, lived in a wigwam among the Indians.]

Wednesday, May 18.-My circumstances are such that I have no comfort, of any kind, but what I have in God. I live in the most lonefome wilderness : have but one fingle perfon to converfe with, that can fpeak English*: Most of the talk I hear, is either Highland-Scotch or Indian. I have no fellow chriftian to whom I might unbofom myfelf, and lay open my spiritual forrows, and with whom I might take fweet counfel in conversation about heavenly things, and join in focial prayer. I live poorly with regard to the comforts of life : Most of my diet confifts of boiled corn, hafty-pudding, &c. I lodge on a bundle of straw, and my labour is hard and extremely difficult; and I have little appearance of fuccefs to comfort me. The Indians' affairs are very difficult ; having no land to live on, but what the

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^{*} This perfon was Mr. Brainerd's interpreter ; who was an ingenious young Indian belonging to Stockbridge, whole name was John Wauwaumpequunnaunt, who had been inftructed in the chriftian religion by Mr. Sergeant ; and had lived with the Rev. Mr. Williams of Long-Meadow, and had been further inftructed by him at the charge of Mr. Hollis of London ; and underflood both English and Indian very well, and wrote a good hand.

the Dutch people lay claim to, and threaten to drive them off from ; they have no regard to the fouls of the poor Indians ; and, by what I can learn, they hate me, becaufe I come to preach to them. But that which makes all my difficulties grievous to be borne, is, that God hides his face from me.

[The next eleven days, his burdens were for the most part alleviated; but with variety; at fome times having confiderable confolation, and at other times more depressed. The next day, Monday, May 30, he fet out on a journey to New-Jerfey. to confult the Commissioners that employed him about the affairs of his miffion* : Performed his journey thither in four days; and arrived at Mr. Burr's in Newark on Thursday. In great part of his journey, he was in the depths of melancholy, under like distresses with those already mentioned. On Friday, he rode to Elizabeth-Town; and on Saturday, to New-York ; and from thence on his way homewards as far as White-Plains, where he fpent the Sabbath. and had confiderable degrees of divine confolation and affiftance in publick fervices. On Monday, he rode about fixty miles to New-Haven. There he attempted a reconciliation with the authority of the college; and fpent this week in vifiting his friends in those parts, and in his journey homewards, until Saturday, in a pretty comfortable frame of mind.-On Saturday, in his way from Stockbridge to Kaunaumeek, he was loft in the woods, and lay all night in the open air; but happily found his way in the morning, and came to his Indians on Lord's Day, June 12. And had greater affistance in preaching among them than ever before, fince his firft coming among them.]

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^{*} His business with the Commissioners now, was, to obtain orders from them to fet up a school among the Indians at Kaunaumeek, and that his interpreter might be appointed the schoolmaster; Which was accordingly done.

[From this time forward he was the fubject of various frames and exercifes of mind. How it was with him in those dark feasons, he himself further defcribes in his Diary for July 2, in the following manner. My foul is and has for a long time been in a piteous condition, wading through a feries of forrows, of various kinds. I have been fo crushed down fometimes with a fense of my meanness and infinite unworthinefs, that I have been ashamed that any even the meanest of my fellow creatures should fo much as fpend a thought about me, and have wifhed fometimes while I have travelled among the thick brakes, as one of them to drop into everlasting oblivion. Sometimes my foul has been in distress on feeling fome particular corruptions rife and fwell like a mighty torrent, with prefent violence ; having at the fame time ten thoufand former fins and follies prefented to view, in all their blacknefs and aggravations. And thefe attended with fuch external circumstances as mine at present are; destitute of most of the conveniencies of life, and I may tay, of all the pleafures of it; without a friend to communicate any of my forrows to, and fometimes without any place of retirement, where I may unburden my foul before God, which has greatly contributed to my diftrefs. Of late, more especially, my great difficulty has been a fort of careleffnels, a kind of regardlefs temper of mind, whence I have been difpofed to indolence and trifling : And this temper of mind has conftantly been attended with guilt and fhame ; fo that fometimes I have been in a kind of horror, to find myfelf fo unlike the bleffed God; and have thought I grew worfe under all my trials ; and nothing has cut and wounded my foul more than this. O, if I am one of God's chosen, as I trust through infinite grace I am, I find of a truth, that the righteous are scarcely saved!

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It is apparent, that one main occafion of that diftreffing gloomine's of mind which he was fo much exercifed with at Kaunaumeek, was reflection on his paft errors and mifguided zeal at college, in the beginning of the late religious commotions in the land. And therefore he repeated his endeavours this year for reconciliation with the governours of the college, whom he had in that time offended. Although he had been at New-Haven, in June, this year, and had attempted a reconciliation, as has been mentioned already, yet in the beginning of July, he made another journey thither, and renewed his attempt, but ftill in vain.

Although he was much dejected great part of that fpace of time that I am now fpeaking of, yet there were many intermiffions of his melancholy, and fome feafons of comfort, fweet tranquillity and refignation of mind, and frequent fpecial affiftance in publick fervices, that he fpeaks of in his Diary. The manner of his relief from his forrow, once in particular, is worthy to be mentioned in his own words, in his Diary, for July 25, which are as follows : Had little or no refolution for a life of holinefs ; was ready almost to renounce my hopes of living to God. And O how dark it looked, to think of being unholy forever! This I could not endure. The cry of my foul was that (Pfal. lxv. 3,) Iniquities prevail against me. But was in fome measure relieved by a comfortable meditation on God's eternity, that he never had a beginning, &c. whence I was led to admire his greatnefs and power, &c. in fuch a manner that I flood still and praifed the Lord for his own glories and perfections ; though I was (and if I should forever be) an unholy creature, my foul was comforted to apprehend an eternal, infinite, powerful, holy God.] Saturday, July 30.-Just at night, moved into my

own house, and lodged there that night; found it G much much better fpending the time alone in my own house, than in the wigwam where I was before.

Lord's Day, July 31.—Felt more comfortably than fome days paft. Bleffed be the Lord, that has now given me a place of retirement. O that I might find God in it, and that he would dwell with me forever.

Monday, August 1.—Was still bufy in further labours on my house. Felt a little of the fweetness of religion, and thought it was worth the while to follow after God through a thousand snares, deferts, and death itself. O that I might always follow after holines, that I may be fully conformed to God. Had some degree of sweetness, in secret prayer, though I had much forrow.

Wednefday, August 3.—Spent most of the day in writing. Enjoyed fome fense of religion. Through divine goodness I am now uninterruptedly alone; and find my retirement comfortable. I have enjoyed more fense of divine things within a few days last past, than for some time before. I longed after holiness, humility and meekness: O that God would enable me to pass the time of my fojourning here in his fear, and always live to him.

Thurfday, August 4.—Was enabled to pray much through the whole day; and through divine goodness found some intenseness of soul in the duty, as I used to do, and some ability to perfevere in my supplications: Had some apprehensions of divine things, that were engaging, and that gave me some courage and resolution. It is good, I find, to perfevere in attempts to pray, if I cannot pray with perfeverance, i. e. continue long in my address to the Divine Being. I have generally found that the more I do in fecret prayer, the more I have delighted to do, and have enjoyed more of a spirit of prayer; and frequently have found the contrary, when, with journeying MR. DAVID BRAINERD.

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neving or otherwife, I have been much deprived of retirement. A feafonable steady performance of fecret duties in their proper hours, and a careful improvement of all time, filling up every hour with fome profitable labour, either of heart, head, or hands, are excellent means of fpiritual peace and boldnefs before God. Christ indeed is our peace, and by him we have boldness of access to God; but a good conscience, void of offence, is an excellent preparation for an approach into the divine prefence. There is difference between felf confidence, and a felf righteous pleafing ourfelves (with our own duties, attainments, and fpiritual enjoyments) which godly fouls fometimes are guilty of, and that holy confidence arifing from the testimony of a good confcience, which good Hezekiah had when he fays, Remember, O Lord, I befeech thee, how I have walked before thee in truth, and with a perfect heart. Then (fays the holy Pfalmift) (hall I not be ashamed, when I have respect to all thy commandments. Filling up our time with and for God is the way to rife up and lie down in peace....

[The next eight days, he continued for the moft part in a very comfortable frame, having his mind fixed and fweetly engaged in religion; and more than once bleffes God, that he had given him a little cottage, where he might live alone, and enjoy a happy retirement, free from noife and diffurbance, and could at any hour of the day lay afide all fludies, and fpend time in lifting up his foul to God for fpiritual bleffings.]

Saturday, August 13.—Was enabled in fecret prayer to raife my foul to God, with defire and delight. It was indeed a bleffed feafon to my foul : I found the comfort of being a christian : I counted the fufferings of the prefent life not worthy to be compared with the glory of divine enjoyments, even in this world. All my past forrows feemed G2 kindly kindly to difappear, and I remembered no more the forrow, for joy. O, how kindly, and with what a filial tendernels, the foul hangs on, and confides in the Rock of ages, at fuch a feason, that he will never leave it nor forfake it, that he will caufe all things to work together for it's good, &c. I longed that others should know how good a God the Lord is. My foul was full of tendernels and love, even to the most inveterate of my enimies : I longed they should thare in the fame mercy. I loved and longed that God fhould do just as he pleafed, with me and every thing elfe. I felt exceeding ferious, calm and peaceful, and encouraged to prefs after holinefs as long as I live, whatever difficulties and trials may be in my way. May the Lord always help me fo to do. Amen, and Amen !

Lord's Day, August 14.—I had much more freedom in publick, than in private. God enabled me to fpeak with fome feeling fense of divine things; but perceived no confiderable effect.

Monday, August 15 .- Spent most of the day in labour to procure fomething to keep my horfe on in the winter. Enjoyed not much fweetnefs in the morning : Was very weak in body, through the day, and thought this frail body would foon drop into the dust : Had fome very realizing apprehensions of a fpeedy entrance into another world. And in this weak state of body, was not a little distressed for want of fuitable food. Had no bread, nor could I get any. I am forced to go or fend ten or fifteen miles for all the bread I eat; and fometimes it is mouldy and four, before I eat it, if I get any confiderable quantity : And then again I have none for fome days together, for want of an opportunity to fend for it, and cannot find my horfe in the woods to go myfelf; and this was my cafe now: But through divine goodness I had fome Indian meal, of which

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which I made little cakes and fried them. Yet felt contented with my circumftances, and fweetly refigne ed to God. In prayer I enjoyed great freedom; and bleffed God as much for my prefent circumftances, as if I had been a king; and thought, I found a difposition to be contented in any circumftances : Bleffed be God !

[The reft of this week, he was exceeding weak in body and much exercifed with pain; and yet obliged from day to day to labour hard, to procure fodder for his horfe; excepting fome part of the time he was fo very ill, that he was neither able to work nor ftudy: But fpeaks of longings after holinefs and perfect conformity to God; complains of enjoying but little of God; yet fays, that little was better to him than all the world befides. In his Diary for Saturday, he fays, he was fomething melancholy and forrowful in mind; and adds, I never feel comfortably, but when I find my foul going forth after God: If I cannot be holy, I muft neceffarily be miferable forever.]

Lord's Day, August 21.—Was much ftraitened in the forenoon exercise: My thoughts seemed to be all scattered to the ends of the earth. At noon I fell down before the Lord, and groaned under my vileness, barrenness, deadness, and felt as if I was guilty of foul murder, in speaking to immortal fouls in such a manner as I had then done. In the afternoon, God was pleased to give me fome affistance, and I was enabled to fet before my hearers the nature and necessfity of true repentance, &c. Afterwards had fome small degree of thankfulness. Was very ill and full of pain in the evening; and my foul mourned that I had spent fo much time to so little profit.

Monday, August 22.—Spent most of the day in study; and found my bodily strength in a measure restored. Had some intense and passionate breathings of foul after holinefs, and very clear manifeftations of my utter inability to procure, or work it in myfelf; it is wholly owing to the power of God. O, with what tendernefs the love and defire of holinefs fills the foul ! I wanted to wing out of myfelf, to God; or rather to get a conformity to him : But alas, I cannot add to my ftature in grace one cubit. However, my foul can never leave ftriving for it; or at leaft groaning, that it cannot ftrive for it, and obtain more purity of heart. At night, I fpent fome time in inftructing my poor people: O that God would pity their fouls.

Tuefday, August 23.—Studied in the forenoon, and enjoyed fome freedom. In the afternoon, laboured abroad : Endeavoured to pray much ; but found not much fweetnefs or intenfenefs of mind. Towards night, was very weary, and tired of this world of forrow : The thoughts of death and immortality appeared very defirable, and even refreshed my foul. Those lines turned in my mind with pleasure.

Come, death, fhake hands; I'll kifs thy bands; 'Tis happinefs for me to die. What! doft thou think, that I will fhrink ? I'll go to immortality.

In evening prayer, God was pleafed to draw near my foul, though very finful and unworthy: Was enabled to wreftle with God, and to perfevere in my requefts for grace: I poured out my foul for all the world, friends and enemies. My foul was concerned, not fo much for fouls as fuch, but rather for Chrift's kingdom, that it might appear in the world, that God might be known to be God, in the whole earth. And O, my foul abhorred the very thought of a party in religion! Let the truth of God appear, wherever it is; and God have the glory forever. Amen. This was indeed a comfortable feafon: I thought I had fome fmall tafte of, and relifh for the enjoyments

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enjoyments and employments of the upper world. O that my foul was more attempered to it.

- Wednefday, August 24.—Spent fome time, in the morning, in fludy and prayer. Afterwards, was engaged in fome neceffary bufiness abroad. Towards night, found a little time for fome particular fludies. I thought if God should fay, Cease making any provision for this life, for you shall in a few days go out of time into eternity, my foul would leap for joy. O that I may both defire to be dissolved to be with Christ, and likewise wait patiently all the days of my appointed time until my change come. But alas, I am very unfit for the business and bleffedness of heaven. O for more holiness.

Thurfday, August 25.—Part of the day engaged in fludies and part in labour abroad. I find it is impossible to enjoy peace and tranquillity of mind without a careful improvement of time. This is really an imitation of God and Christ Jesus: My Father worketh hitherto, and I work, fays our Lord. But fill if we would be like God, we must fee that we fill up our time for him. I daily long to dwell in perfect light and love. In the mean time my foul mourns, that I make fo little progress in grace and preparation for the world of blessed in grace and know that I am a very barren tree in God's vineyard, and that he might justly fay, Cut it down, &c. O that God would make me more lively and vigorous in grace, for his own glory ! Amen.

[The two next days, he was much engaged in fome neceffary labours, in which he extremely fpent himfelf. He feems, these days, to have had a great fense of the vanity of the world; and continued longings after holines, and more fervency of spirit in the fervice of God.]

Lord's Day, August 28.—Was much perplexed with fome irreligious Dutchmen. All their discourse G4 turned turned upon the things of the world ; which was no fmall exercife to my mind. O what a hell it would be to fpend an eternity with fuch men! Well might David fay. I beheld the transgreffors and was grieved. But adored be God, heaven is a place, into which no unclean thing enters. O, I long for the holinefs of that world ! Lord, prepare me therefor.

The next day, he fet out on a journey to New-York. Was fomething dejected, the two first days of his journey ; but yet feems to have enjoyed fome degrees of the fensible prefence of God.]

Wednesday, August 31 .- Rode down to Bethlehem : Was in a fweet, ferious, and, I hope, chriftian frame, when I came there; eternal things engroffed all my thoughts ; and I longed to be in the world of fpirits. O how happy it is, to have all our thoughts fwallowed up in that world; to feel one's felf a ferious confiderate stranger in this world. diligently feeking a road through it, the beft, the fure road to the heavenly Jerufalem.

Thursday, September 1.-Rode to Danbury. Was more dull and dejected in spirit, than yesterday. Indeed, I always feel comfortably, when God realizes death and the things of another world to my mind: Whenever my mind is taken off from the things of this world, and fet on God, my foul is then at reft.

[He went forward on his journey, and came to New-York on the next Monday. And after tarrying there two or three days, fet out from the city towards New-Haven, intending to be there at the commencement; and on Friday came to Horfe-Neck. In the mean time, he complains much of dullnefs, and want of fervour in religion : But yet from time to time, fpeaks of his enjoying fpiritual warmth and fweetnefs in conversation with christian friends, affistance in publick fervices, &c.]

Saturday.

Saturday, September 10.—Rode fix miles to Stanwich, and preached to a confiderable affembly of people. Had fome affiftance and freedom, efpecially towards the clofe. Endeavoured much afterwards, in private conversation, to eftablish holinefs, humility, meeknefs, &c. as the effence of true religion; and to moderate fome noify fort of perfons, that appeared to me to be acted by unfeen spiritual pride. Alas, what extremes men incline to run into ! Returned to Horfe-Neck, and felt fome feriousnefs and fweet folemnity in the evening.

Lord's Day, September 11.—In the afternoon, preached from Tit. iii. 8. I think God never helped me more in painting out true religion, and in detecting clearly, and tenderly difcountenancing falfe appearances of religion, wild fire, party zeal, fpiritual pride, &c. as well as a confident dogmatical fpirit, and its fpring, viz. ignorance of the heart. In the evening, took much pains in private conversation to fupprefs fome confusions, that I perceived were amongft that people.

Monday, September 12.—Rode to Mr. Mills's at Ripton. Had fome perplexing hours ; but was fome part of the day very comfortable. It is through great trials, I fee, that we must enter the gates of Paradife. If my foul could but be holy, that God might not be difhonoured, methinks I could bear forrows.

Tuefday, September 13.—Rode to New-Haven. Was fometimes dejected ; not in the fweeteft frame. I find it very difficult maintaining any fenfe of divine things, while removing from place to place, diverted with new objects, and filled with care and bufinefs. A fettled fteady bufinefs is beft adapted to a life of ftrict religion.

Wednesday, September 14.—This day I ought to have taken my degree*; but God fees fit to deny it

* This being Commencement day.

me. And though I was greatly afraid of being overwhelmed with perplexity and confusion, when I fhould fee my clafsmates take theirs; yet, in the very feafon of it, God enabled me with calmnefs and refignation to fay, *The will of the Lord be done*. Indeed, through divine goodnefs, I have fcarcely felt my mind fo calm, fedate, and comfortable for fome time. I have long feared this feafon, and expected my humility, meeknefs, patience, and refignation, would be much tried : But found much more pleafure and divine comfort, than I expected. Felt fpiritually ferious, tender and affectionate in private prayer with a dear chriftian friend to day.

Thurfday, September 15.—Had fome fatisfaction in hearing the minifters difcourfe, &c. It is always a comfort to me, to hear religious and fpiritual difcourfe. O that minifters and people were more fpiritual, and devoted to God. Towards night, with the advice of chriftian friends, I offered the following reflections in writing, to the rector and truftees of the college (which are for fubftance the fame that I had freely offered to the rector before, and entreated him to accept) and this I did that if poffible I might cut off all occafion of thumbling and offence, from those that feek occafion. What I offered, is as follows :

"Whereas I have faid before feveral perfons, concerning Mr. Whittelfey, one of the tutors of Yale-College, that I did not believe he had any more grace than the chair I then leaned upon; I humbly confefs, that herein I have finned againft God, and acted contrary to the rules of his word, and have injured Mr. Whittelfey. I had no right to make thus free with his character; and had no juft reafon to fay as I did concerning him. My fault herein was the more aggravated, in that I faid this concerning one that was fo much my fuperiour, and one that I was

was obliged to treat with special respect and honour. by reafon of the relation I ftood in to him in the college. Such a manner of behaviour, I confess, did not become a chriftian; it was taking too much upon me, and did not favour of that humble refpect. that I ought to have expressed towards Mr. Whittelfey. I have long fince been convinced of the falfenels of those apprehensions, by which I then justified fuch a conduct. I have often reflected on this act with grief; I hope, on account of the fin of it : and am willing to lie low, and be abafed before God and man, for it : And humbly afk the forgivenefs of the governours of the college, and of the whole fociety : but of Mr. Whittelfey in particular. And whereas I have been acculed by one perfon of faying concerning the Rev. rector of Yale-College, that I wondered he did not expect to drop down dead for fining the scholars that followed Mr. Tennent to Milford ; I ferioufly profefs, that I do not remember my faying any thing to this purpofe. But if I did, which I am not certain I did not, I utterly condemn it, and deteft all fuch kind of behaviour ; and efpecially in an under graduate towards the rector. And I now appear, to judge and condemn myfelf for going once to the feparate meeting in New-Haven. a little before I was expelled, though the rector had refufed to give me leave. For this I humbly afk the rector's forgivenefs. And whether the governours of the college shall ever fee caufe to remove the academical cenfure I lie under, or no, or to admit me to the privileges I defire; yet I am willing to appear, if they think fit, openly to own, and to humble myfelf for those things I have herein confessed."

God has made me willing to do any thing, that I can do, confiftent with truth, for the fake of peace. and that I might not be a flumbling block and offence to others. For this reafon I can cheerfully

forego,

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forego, and give up what I verily believe, after the most mature and impartial fearch, is my right, in fome inftances. God has given me that disposition, that if this were the cafe, that a man has done me an hundred injuries, and I (though ever fo much provoked to it) have done him one, I feel difpofed, and heartily willing humbly to confess my fault to him, and on my knees to alk forgivenels of him ; though. at the fame time he fhould juftify himfelf in all the injuries he has done me, and fhould only make use of my humble confession to blacken my character the more, and reprefent me as the only perfon guilty, &c. Yea, though he should as it were infult me, and fay he knew all this before, and that I was making work for repentance, &c. Though what I faid concerning Mr. Whittelfey was only fpoken in private, to a friend or two; and being partly overheard, was related to the rector, and by him extorted from my friends ; yet, feeing it was divulged and made publick, I was willing to confess my fault therein publickly. But I truft, God will plead my caufe.

[The next day he went to Derby; then to Southbury, where he fpent the Sabbath : And fpeaks of fome fpiritual comfort; but complains much of unfixednefs, and wanderings of mind in religion.]

Monday, September 19.—In the afternoon, rode to Bethlehem, and there preached. Had fome meafure of affiftance, both in prayer and preaching. I felt ferious, kind and tender towards all mankind, and longed that holinefs might flourish more on earth.

Tuefday, September 20.—Had thoughts of going forward on my journey to my Indians; but towards night was taken with a hard pain in my teeth, and fhivering cold, and could not poffibly recover a comfortable degree of warmth the whole night following. I continued very full of pain all night; and in the morning had a very hard fever, and pains almost all

over

over my whole body. I had a fense of the divine goodness in appointing this to be the place of my ficknefs, viz. among my friends that were very kind to me. I should probably have perished, if I had first got home to my own house in the wilderness, where I have none to converfe with but the poor rude ignorant Indians. Here I faw was mercy in the midst of affliction. I continued thus, mostly confined to my bed, until Friday night; very full of pain moft of the time ; but through divine goodnefs not afraid of death. Then the extreme folly of those appeared to me, who put off their turning to God until a fick bed. Surely this is not a time proper to prepare for eternity. On Friday evening my pains went off formething fuddenly; and I was exceeding weak, and almost fainted; but was very comfortable the night following. Those words Pfal. cxviii. 17, I frequently revolved in my mind; and thought we were to prize the continuation of life only on this account, that we may shew forth God's goodness and works of grace.

[From this time, he gradually recovered : And on the next Tuefday was fo well as to be able to go forward on his journey homewards : But was until the Tuefday following before he reached Kaunaumeek. And feems, great part of this time, to have had a very deep and lively fenfe of the vanity and emptinefs of all things here below, and of the reality, nearnefs and vaft importance of eternal things.]

Tuesday, October 4 .- This day rode home to my own houfe and people. The poor Indians appeared very glad of my return. Found my houfe and all things in fafety. I prefently fell on my knees and bleffed God for my fafe return, after a long and tedious journey, and a feafon of fickness in feveral places where I had been, and after I had been fick myfelf. God has renewed his kindnefs to me, in preferving

preferving me one journey more. I have taken many confiderable journeys fince this time laft year, and yet God has never fuffered one of my bones to be broken, or any diftrefling calamity to befal me, excepting the ill turn I had in my laft journey; though I have been often exposed to cold and hunger in the wildernes, where the comforts of life were not to be had; have frequently been lost in the woods; and fometimes obliged to ride much of the night; and once lay out in the woods all night. Bleffed be God that has preferved me.

[In his Diary for the next eleven days, are great complaints of diftance from God, fpiritual pride, corruption, and exceeding vilenefs. He once fays, his heart was fo preffed with a fenfe of his pollution, that he could fcarcely have the face and impudence (as it then appeared to him) to defire that God fhould not damn him forever. And at another time, he fays he had fo little fenfe of God, or apprehenfion and relifh of his glory and excellency, that it made him more difpofed to kindnefs and tendernefs towards thofe who are blind and ignorant of God and things divine and heavenly.]

Lord's Day, October 16.—In the evening, God was pleafed to give me a feeling fenfe of my own unworthinefs; but through divine goodnefs fuch as tended to draw, rather than drive me from God: It filled me with folemnity. I retired alone (having at this time a friend with me) and poured out my foul to God with much freedom; and yet in anguifh, to find myfelf fo unfpeakably finful and unworthy before a holy God. Was now much refigned under God's difpenfations towards me, though my trials had been very great. But thought whether I could be refigned, if God fhould let the French Indians come upon me, and deprive me of my life, or carry me away captive (though 1 knew of no fpecial cial reafon then to propofe this trial to myfelf, more than any other) and my foul feemed fo far to reft and acquiefce in God, that the fting and terror of thefe things feemed in a great meafure gone. Prefently after I came to the Indians, whom I was teaching to fing pfalm tunes that evening, I received the following letter from Stockbridge, by a meffenger fent on the Sabbath on purpofe, which made it appear of greater importance.

"Sir, Just now we received advices from Col. Stoddard, that there is the utmost danger of a rupture with France. He has received the fame from his Excellency our Governour, ordering him to give notice to all the exposed places, that they may fecure themfelves the best they can against any fudden invasion. We thought best to fend directly to Kaunaumeek, that you may take the prudentest measures for your fastery that dwell there. I am, Sir, &c."

I thought, upon reading the contents, it came in a good feafon; for my heart feemed fomething fixed on God, and therefore I was not much furprifed: But this news only made me the more ferious, and taught me that I muft not pleafe myfelf with any of the comforts of life which I had been preparing for my fupport. Bleffed be God, that gave me any intenfenefs and fervency this evening.

Monday, October 17.—Had fome rifing hopes fometimes, that God would arife and have mercy on Zion, fpeedily. My heart is indeed refreshed, when I have any prevailing hopes of Zion's prosperity. O that I may fee that glorious day, when Zion shall become the joy of the whole earth ! Truly there is nothing that I greatly value in this lower world.

[On Tuefday, he rode to Stockbridge; complains of being much diverted, and having but little life. On Wednefday, he expresses fome folemn fense of divine things, and a longing to be always doing for God with a godly frame of spirit.]

Saturday,

Saturday, October 22.—Had but little fenfible communion with God. This world is a dark cloudy manfion. O, when will the Sun of righteousness fhine on my foul without ceffation or intermission.

Lord's Day, October 23.—In the morning, had a little dawn of comfort arifing from hopes of feeing glorious days in the church of God : Was enabled to pray for fuch a glorious day with fome courage, and ftrength of hope. In the forenoon, treated on the glories of heaven, &cc. In the afternoon, on the miferies of hell, and the danger of going there. Had fome freedom and warmth, both parts of the day. And my people were very attentive. In the evening, two or three came to me under concern for their fouls ; to whom I was enabled to difcourfe clofely, and with fome earneftnefs and defire. O that God would be merciful to their poor fouls.

[He feems, through the whole of this week, to have been greatly engaged to fill up every inch oftime in the fervice of God, and to have been most diligently employed in ftudy, prayer, and instructing the Indians; and from time to time express longings of foul after God, and the advancement of his kingdom, and spiritual comfort and refress formert.]

Lord's Day, October 30.—In the morning enjoyed fome fixedness of foul in prayer, which was indeed fweet and defirable : Was enabled to leave myself with God, and to acquiesce in him. At noon, my foul was refreshed with reading Rev. iii. more especially the 11th and 12th verses. O my foul longed for that bleffed day, when I should dwell in the temple of God, and go no more out of his immediate prefence !

Monday, Offober 31.—Rode to Kinderhook, about fifteen miles from my place. While riding, I felt fome divine fweetnefs in the thoughts of being a *pil*lar in the temple of God in the upper world, and be-

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ing no more deprived of his bleffed prefence and the fense of his favour, which is *better than life*. My foul was fo lifted up to God, that I could pour out my defires to him, for more grace and further degrees of fanctification, with abundant freedom. O, I longed to be more abundantly prepared for that bleffedness, with which I was then in fome measure refreshed ! Returned home in the evening ; but took an extremely bad cold by riding in the night.

Tuesday, November 1.—Was very much difordered in body, and fometimes full of pain in my face. and teeth : Was not able to fludy much, and had not much fpiritual comfort. Alas, when God is withdrawn, all is gone ! Had fome fweet thoughts which I could not but write down, on the defign, nature, and end of chriftianity.

Thursday, November 3 .- Spent this day in fecret fafting and prayer from morning until night. Early in the morning, had (I think) fome fmall degree of affistance in prayer. Afterwards, read the ftory of Elijah the prophet, I Kings, xvii. xviii. and xix. chapters, and alfo, 2 Kings ii. and iv. chapters. My foul was much moved, obferving the faith, zeal and power of that holy man; how he wreftled with God in prayer, &c. My foul then cried with Elisha, Where is the Lord God of Elijah ? O, I longed for more faith ! My foul breathed after God, and pleaded with him, that a double portion of that (pirit, which was given to Elijah, might reft on me. And that which was divinely refreshing and strengthening to my foul, was, I faw that God is the fame that he was in the days of Elijah. Was enabled to wreftle with God by prayer, in a more affectionate, fervent, humble, intenfe and importunate manner, than I have for many months paft. Nothing feemed too hard for God to perform ; nothing too great for me to hope for from him. I had for many months en-

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tirely loft all hopes of being made inftrumental of doing any fpecial fervice for God in the world : It has appeared entirely impoffible, that one fo black and vile should be thus improved for God : But at this time God was pleafed to revive this hope. Afterwards read the iii. chap. of Exod. and on to the xx. and faw more of the glory and majefty of God discovered in those chapters, than ever I had feen before ; frequently in the mean time falling on my knees and crying to God for the faith of Moles, and for a manifestation of the divine glory. Especially the iii. and iv. and part of the xiv. and xv. chapters, were unspeakably fweet to my foul : My foul bleffed God, that he had fhewn himfelf fo gracious to his fervants of old. The xv. chapter feemed to be the very language which my foul uttered to God in. the feafon of my first spiritual comfort, when I had just got through the red fea, by a way that I had no expectation of. O how my foul then rejoiced in God ! And now those things came fresh and lively to my mind ; now my foul bleffed God afresh, that he had opened that unthought of way to deliver me from the fear of the Egyptians, when I almost defpaired of life. Afterwards read the ftory of Abraham's pilgrimage in the land of Canaan : My foul was melted, in obferving his faith, how he leaned on God; how he communed with God, and what a ftranger he was here in the world. After that, read the ftory of Joseph's sufferings, and God's goodnefs to him: Bleffed God for thefe examples of faith and patience. My foul was ardent in prayer, was enabled to wreftle ardently for myfelf, for chriftian friends, and for the church of God. And felt more defire to fee the power of God in the conversion of fouls. than I have done for a long feafon. Bleffed be God for this feafon of fafting and prayer. May his goodnefs always abide with me, and draw my foul to him. Monday,

Monday, November 7.—This morning, the Lord afforded me fome fpecial affiftance in prayer: My mind was folemn, fixed, affectionate, and ardent in defires after holinefs; and felt full of tendernefs and love; and my affections feemed to be diffolved into kindnefs and foftnefs. In the evening, enjoyed the fame comfortable affiftance in prayer, as in the morning: My foul longed after God, and cried to him with a filial freedom, reverence and boldnefs. O that I might be entirely confectated and devoted to God.

[The two next days, he complains of bodily illnefs and pain; but much more of fpiritual barrennefs and unprofitablenefs.]

Thursday, November 10.-Spent this day in fasting and prayer alone. In the morning, was very dull and lifelefs ; was fomething melancholy and difcouraged. But after fome time, reading 2 Kings xix. chapter, my foul was moved and affected ; especially reading verfe 14. and onward. I faw there was no other way for the afflicted children of God to take, but to go to God with all their forrows. Hezekiah, in his great diftrefs, went and fpread his complaint before the Lord. I was then enabled to fee the mighty power of God, and my extreme need of that power: Was enabled to cry to God affectionately and ardently for his divine power and grace to be exercifed towards me. Afterwards, read the ftory of David's trials, and observed the course he took under them, how he ftrengthened his hands in God : whereby my foul was carried out after God, enabled to cry to him and rely upon him, and felt frong in the Lord. Was afterwards refreshed, observing the bleffed temper that was wrought in David by his trials : All bitterness and defire of revenge seemed. wholly taken away; fo that he mourned for the death of his enemies ; 2 Sam, i. 17, and iv. 9. ad fin. H 2 Was

Was enabled to blefs God, that he had given me fomething of this divine temper, that my foul freely forgives, and heartily loves my enemies.

[It appears by his Diary for the remaining part of this week, and for the two following weeks, that great part of the time he was very ill and full of pain; and yet obliged through his circumftances, in this ill ftate of body, to be at great fatigues, in labour, and travelling day and night, and to expofe himfelf, in ftormy and fevere feafons. He, from time to time, within this fpace, fpeaks of outgoings of foul after God; his heart ftrengthened in God; feafons of divine fweetnefs and comfort; his heart affected with gratitude for mercies, &c. And yet there are many complaints of lifeleffnefs, weaknefs of grace, diftance from God, and great unprofitablenefs. But ftill thereappears a conftant care, from day to day, not to lofe time, but to improve it all for God.]

Lord's Day, November 27.—In the evening, was greatly affected in reading an account of the very joyful death of a pious gentleman; which feemed to invigorate my foul in God's ways : I felt courageoufly engaged to purfue a life of holinefs and felf denial as long as I live ; and poured out my foul to God for his help and affiftance in order thereto. Eternity then feemed near, and my foul rejoiced, and longed to meet it. O, I truft, that will be a bleffed day, that finifhes my toil here !

Monday, November 28.—In the evening, was obliged to fpend time in company and converfation that was unprofitable. Nothing lies heavier upon me, than the mifimprovement of time.

tongue, with Mr Sargeant, at Stockbridge*. Was

perplexed

^{*} The Commiffioners that employed him, had directed him to fpend much time this winter with Mr. Sargeant, to learn the language of the Indians; which neceffitated him very often to ride, backwards and forwards, 20 miles through the uninhabited woods between Stockbridge and Kannaumeck; which many times expoled him to extreme hardfhip in the fevere featons of the winter.

perplexed for want of more retirement. I love to live alone in my own little cottage, where I can fpend much time in prayer, &c.

Wednesday, November 30.-Pursued my study of Indian : But was very weak and difordered in body. and was troubled in mind at the barrenness of the day, that I had done fo little for God. I had fome enlargement in prayer at night. O, a barn, or stable, hedge or any other place, is truly defirable, if God is there ! Sometimes, of late, my hopes of Zion's prosperity are more raifed, than they were in the fummer past. My foul feems to confide in God. that he will yet shew forth bis falvation to his people, and make Zion the joy of the whole earth. O how excellent is the loving kindness of the Lord ! My foul fometimes inwardly exults at the lively thoughts of what God has already done for his church, and what mine eyes have seen of the falvation of God. It is fweet, to hear nothing but spiritual discourse from God's children : and finners inquiring the way to Zion, faying, What Shall we do, Cc. ? O that I may fee more of this bleffed work !

Thursday, December 1.-Both morning and evening, I enjoyed fome intenfeness of foul in prayer, and longed for the enlargement of Chrift's kingdom in the world. My foul feems of late, to wait on God for his bleffing on Zion. O that religion might powerfully revive !

Friday, December 2.-Enjoyed not fo much health of body, or fervour of mind as yesterday. If the chariot wheels move with eafe and fpeed at any time, for a fhort fpace; yet by and by they drive heavily again. O that I had the wings of a dove, that I might fly away from fin and corruption, and be at reft in God!

Saturday, December 3.-Rode home, to my house and people. Suffered much with the extreme cold.

I truft, I fhall, before long, arrive fafe at my journ ey's end, where my toils fhall ceafe.

Lord's Day, December 4.—Had but little fenfe of divine and heavenly things. My foul mourns over my barrennefs. O how fad is fpiritual deadnefs !

Tuefday, December 6.—Was perplexed to fee the vanity and levity of profeffed chriftians. Spent the evening with a chriftian friend, that was able in fome meafure to fympathize with me in my fpiritual conflicts. Was a little refreshed to find one with whom I could converse of inward trials, &c.

Wednefday, December 7.—Spent the evening in perplexity, with a kind of guilty indolence. When I have no heart or refolution for God and the duties incumbent on me, I feel guilty of negligence and mifimprovement of time. Certainly I ought to be engaged in my work and bufinefs, to the utmost extent of my ftrength and ability.

Thursday, December 8 .- My mind was much diftracted with different affections. Seemed to be at -an amazing diftance from God : And looking round in the world, to fee if there was not fome happinefs to be derived from it, God, and fome certain objects in the world, feemed each to invite my heart and affections; and my foul feemed to be diffracted between them. I have not been fo much befet with the world for a long time ; and that with relation to fome particular objects which I thought myfelf most dead to. But even while I was defiring to pleafe myfelf with any thing below, guilt, forrow and perplexity attended the first motions of defire. Indeed I cannot fee the appearance of pleafure and happinefs in the world, as I ufed to do : And bleffed be God for any habitual deadness to the world. I found no peace, or deliverance from this diffraction and perplexity of mind, until I found access to the throne of grace : And as foon as I had any fenfe of God

God and things divine, the allurements of the world vanished, and my heart was determined for God. But my foul mourned over my folly, that I should defire any pleasure, but only in God. God forgive my spiritual idolatry.

Saturday, December 24.—Had fome affiftance, and longing defires after fanctification, in prayer, this day; efpecially in the evening: Was fenfible of my own weaknefs and fpiritual impotency: Saw plainly, I fhould fall into fin, if God of his abundant mercy did not uphold my foul, and withhold me from evil. O that God would uphold me by his free fpirit, and fave me from the hour of temptation.

Lord's Day, December 25.—Prayed much, in the morning, with a feeling fenfe of my own fpiritual weaknefs and infufficiency for any duty. God gave me fome affiftance in preaching to the Indians; and efpecially in the afternoon, when I was enabled to fpeak with uncommon plainnefs, freedom, and earneftnefs. Bleffed be God for any affiftance granted to one fo unworthy. Afterwards felt fome thankfulfulnefs; but ftill fenfible of barrennefs. Spent fome time in the evening, with one or two perfons under fpiritual concern, and exhorting others to their duty, &c.

Monday, December 26.—Rode down to Stockbridge. Was very much fatigued with my journey, wherein I underwent great hardfhip: Was much exposed and very wet by falling into a river. Spent the day and evening without much fense of divine and heavenly things; but felt guilty, grieved, and perplexed with wandering careless thoughts.

Tuesday, December 27.—Had a fmall degree of warnith in fecret prayer, in the evening: But, alas, had but little fpiritual life, and confequently but little comfort ! O, the preffure of a body of death !

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Wednesday.

Wednefday, December 28.—Rode about fix miles, to the ordination of Mr. Hopkins. In the feafon of the folemnity was fomewhat affected with a fenfe of the greatnefs and importance of the work of a minifter of Chrift. Afterwards was grieved to fee the vanity of the multitude. In the evening, fpent a little time with fome chriftian friends, with fome degree of fatisfaction; but molt of the time had rather have been alone.

Thursday, December 29.—Spent the day mainly in conversing with friends; yet enjoyed little fatisfaction, because I could find but few disposed to converse of divine and heavenly things. Alas, what are things of this world, to afford fatisfaction to the foul ! Near night, returned to Stockbridge; in fecret bleffed God for retirement, and that I be not always exposed to the company and conversation of the world. Q that I could live in the fecret of God's prefence !

Friday, December 30.—Was in a folemn devout frame in the evening. Wondered that earth with all its charms, fhould ever allure me in the least degree. O that I could always realize the being and holinefs of God.-

Saturday, December 31.—Rode from Stockbridge, home to my houfe: The air was clear and calm, but as cold as ever I felt it in the world, or near. I was in great danger of perifhing by the extremity of the feafon. Was enabled to meditate much on the road.

Lord's Day, January 1, 1743,4.—In the morning, had fome fmall degree of affiftance in prayer. Saw myfelf fo vile and unworthy, that I could not look my people in the face, when I came to preach. O, my meannefs, folly, ignorance, and inward pollution ! In the evening, had a little affiftance in prayer, fo that the duty was delightfome, rather than burdenfome. denfome. Reflected on the goodnefs of God to me in the paft year, &c. Bleffed be the Lord, that has carried me through all the toils, fatigues, and hardfhips of the year paft, as well as the fpiritual forrows and conflicts that have attended it. O that I could begin this year with God, and fpend the whole of it to his glory, either in life or death.

Monday, January 2.—Had fome affecting fenfe of my own impotency and fpiritual weaknefs. It is nothing but the power of God that keeps me from all manner of wickednefs. I fee I am nothing, and can do nothing without help from above. O, for divine grace ! In the evening, had fome ardour of foul in prayer, and longing defires to have God for my guide and fafeguard at all times.

Wednefday, January 4.—Was in a refigned and mortified temper of mind, much of the day. Time appeared a moment, life a vapour, and all its enjoyments as empty bubbles, and fleeting blafts of wind.

Thursday, January 5.—Had a humbling and preffing fenfe of my unworthinefs. My fenfe of the badnefs of my own heart filled my foul with bitternefs and anguish; which was ready to fink, as under the weight of a heavy burden. And thus spent the evening, until late. Was somewhat intense and ardent in prayer.

Friday, January 6.—Feeling and confidering my extreme weaknefs, and want of grace, the pollution of my foul, and danger of temptations on every fide, I fet apart this day for fafting and prayer, neither eating nor drinking from evening to evening, befeeching God to have mercy on me. And my foul intenfely longed, that the dreadful fpots and ftains of fin might be wafhed away from it. Saw fomething of the power and all fufficiency of God. My foul feemed to reft on his power and grace; longed for refignation to his will, and mortification to all things here

here below. My mind was greatly fixed on divine things : My refolutions for a life of mortification, continual watchfulnefs, felf denial, ferioufnefs, and devotion to God, were ftrong and fixed; my defires ardent and intense; my conscience tender, and afraid of every appearance of evil. My foul grieved with the reflection on past levity, and want of resolution for God. I folemnly renewed my dedication of myfelf to God, and longed for grace to enable me always to keep covenant with him. Time appeared very fhort, eternity near; and a great name, either in or after life, together with all earthly pleafures and profits, but an empty bubble, a deluding dream. Saturday, January 7 .- Spent this day in ferioufnefs, with stedfast resolutions for God and a life of mortification. Studied clofely, until I felt my bodily ftrength fail. Felt fome degree of refignation to God, with an acquiefcence in his difpenfations. Was grieved, that I could do fo little for God before my bodily ftrength failed. In the evening, though tired, yet was enabled to continue inftant in prayer for fome time. Spent the time in reading, meditation, and prayer, until the evening was far fpent : Was grieved, to think that I could not watch unto prayer the whole night. But bleffed be God, heaven is a place of continual and inceffant devotion, though earth is dull.

[The fix days following, he continued in the fame happy frame of mind; enjoyed the fame compolure, calmnels, refignation, ardent defire and fweet fervency of fpirit, in a high degree, every day, not one excepted. Thurfday, this week, he kept as a day of fecret fafting and prayer.]

Saturday, January 14.—This morning, enjoyed a moft folemn feafon in prayer : My foul feemed enlarged and affifted to pour out itfelf to God for grace, and for every bleffing I wanted, for myfelf, my dear chriftian

chriftian friends, and for the Church of God ; and was fo enabled to fee him who is invisible, that my foul refted upon him for the performance of every thing I afked agreeable to his will. It was then my happinefs to continue inftant in prayer, and was enabled to continue in it for near an hour. My foul was then strong in the Lord and in the power of his might: Longed exceedingly for angelick holinefs and purity, and to have all my thoughts, at all times, employed in divine and heavenly things. O how bleffed is an heavenly temper ! O how unfpeakably bleffed it is, to feel a measure of that rectitude, in which we were at first created ! Felt the fame divine affistance in prayer fundry times in the day. My foul confided in God for myfelf, and for his Zion; trufted in divine power and grace, that he would do glorious things in his church, on earth, for his own glory.

Monday, January 23.—[At Salifbury] I think I never felt more refigned to God, nor fo much dead to the world, in every refpect, as now: Was dead to all defire of reputation and greatnefs, either in life or after death: All I longed for, was to be holy, humble, crucified to the world, &c.

Tuefday, January 24.—Near noon, rode over to Canaan. In the evening, was unexpectedly vifited by a confiderable number of people, with whom I was enabled to converfe profitably of divine things: Took pains to deferibe the difference between a regular and irregular felf love: The one confifting with a fupreme love to God, but the other not; the former uniting God's glory and the foul's happinefs, that they become one common intereft, but the latter disjoining and feparating God's glory and the man's happinefs, feeking the latter with a neglect of the former. Illuftrated this by that genuine love that is found between the fexes; which is diverfe from that which

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is wrought up towards a perfon only by rational arguments, or hope of felf intereft. Love is a pleafing paffion, it affords pleafure to the mind where it is; but yet true genuine love is not nor can be placed upon any object with that defign of pleafing itfelf with the feeling of it in a man's own breaft.

[On Wednefday, he rode to Sheffield; the next day, to Stockbridge; and on Saturday, home to Kaunaumeek, though the feafon was cold and ftormy: Which journey was followed with illnefs and pain. It appears by his Diary, that he fpent the time, while riding, in profitable meditations, and in lifting up his heart to God; and he fpeaks of affiftance, comfort, and refrefhment; but ftill complains of barrennefs, &c. His Diary for the five next days is full of the moft heavy bitter complaints; and he expreffes himfelf as full of fhame and felf loathing for his lifelefs temper of mind and fluggifhnefs of fpirit.]

Thurfday, February 2.—Spent this day in fafting and prayer, feeking the prefence and affiftance of God, that he would enable me to overcome all my corruptions and fpiritual enemies.

Friday, February 3.—Enjoyed more freedom and comfort than of late; was intenfely engaged in meditation upon the different whifpers of the various powers and affections of a pious mind, exercifed with a great variety of difpenfations : And could not but write as well as meditate on fo entertaining a fubject. I hope the Lord gave me fome true fenfe of divine things this day : But alas, how great and preffing are the remains of indwelling corruption ! I am now more fenfible than ever, that God alone, is the author and finifher of our faith; i.e. that the whole and every part of fan ctification, and every good word, work, or thought, that is found in me, is the effect of his power and grace; that without him

I can do nothing, in the fricteft fenfe; and that be works in us to will and to do of his own good pleafure, and from no other motive. O, how amazing it is that people can talk fo much about men's power and goodnefs; when, if God did not hold us back every moment, we fhould be devils incarnate! This my bitter experience, for feveral days laft paft, has abundantly taught me concerning myfelf.

Saturday, February 4.—Enjoyed fome degree of freedom and fpiritual refreshment; was enabled to pray with fome fervency, and longing defires of Zion's prosperity; and my faith and hope seemed to' take bold of God, for the performance of what I was enabled to plead for. Sanctification in myself, and the ingathering of God's elect, was all my defire; and the hope of its accomplishment, all my joy.

Lord's Day, February 5.—Was enabled in fome meafure to reft and confide in God, and to prize his prefence and fome glimpfes of the light of his countenance, above my neceffary food. Thought myfelf, after the feafon of weaknefs, temptation, and defertion I endured the laft week, to be fomewhat like Sampfon when his locks began to grow again. Was enabled to preach to my people with more life and warmth, than I have for fome weeks paft.

Monday, February 6.—This morning my foul again was ftrengthened in God, and found fome fweet repofe in him in prayer : Longing efpecially for the complete mortification of fenfuality and pride, and for refignation to God's difpenfations, at all times, as through grace I felt it at this time. I did not defire deliverance from any difficulty, that attends my circumftances, unlefs God was willing. O how comfortable is this temper ! Spent most of the day in reading God's word, in writing and prayer. Enjoyed repeated and frequent comfort, and intenfences of foul in prayer through the day. In the evening, fpent fome hours in private conversation with my people : And alterwards, felt fome warmth in fecret prayer.

Tuesday, February 7.-Was much engaged in fome fweet meditations on the powers and affections of the godly foul in their purfuit of their beloved object : Wrote fomething of the native language of fpiritual fenfation, in its foft and tender whifpers ; declaring, that it now feels and tafles that the Lord is gracious ; that he is the fupreme good, the only foul fatisfying happinefs; that he is a complete, fufficient, and almighty portion ; faying, "Whom have I in heaven but thee? And there is none upon earth that I defire, befides this bleffed portion. O, I feel it is heaven to pleafe him, and to be just what he would have me to be! O that my foul were holy, as he is holy ! O that it were pure even as Christ is pure; and perfect as my Father in beaven is perfect ! Thefe, I feel, are the fweeteft commands in God's book, comprising all others. And fhall I break them ! Must I break them ! Am I under a neceffity of it as long as I live in the world ! O my foul, wo, wo is me that I am a finner, becaufe I now neceffarily grieve and offend this bleffed God, who is infinite in goodnefs and grace ! O, methinks, if he would punish me for my fins, it would not wound my heart fo deep to offend him : But though I fin continually, yet he continually repeats his kindnefs to me ! O methinks I could bear any fuffering; but how can I bear to grieve and difhonour this bleffed God ! How fhall I yield ten thoufand times more honour to him? What shall I do to glorify and worfhip this beft of beings? O that I could confecrate myfelf, foul and body, to his fervice forever. O that I could give up myfelf to him fo as never more to attempt to be my own, or to have any will or affections that are not perfectly conformed to him. But alas, alas, I find I cannot be thus entirely devoted to God: I

I cannot live and not fin. O ye angels, do ye glorify him inceffantly; and if poffible, proftrate yourfelves lower before the bleffed king of heaven. I long to bear a part with you; and, if it were poffible, to help you. O when we have done all that we can to all etetnity, we fhall not be able to offer the ten thoufandth part of the homage that the glorious God deferves !"

Felt fomething fpiritual, devout, refigned and mortified to the world, much of the day; and efpecially towards and in the evening. Bleffed be God, that he enables me to love him for himfelf.

Wednefday, February 8.—Was in a comfortable frame of foul most of the day; though fensible of and reftless under spiritual barrenness. I find that both mind and body are quickly tired with intenseness and fervour in the things of God. O that I could be as inceffant as angels in devotion and spiritual fervour.

[The following day he fpent as a day of fafting and prayer; and the two next he appears to have been under fome depreffion,]

Lord's Day, February 12.—My foul feemed to confide in God, and to repole itfelf on him; and hadoutgoings of foul after God in prayer. Enjoyed fome divine affiftance, in the forenoon, in preaching; but in the afternoon, was more perplexed with fhame, &c. Afterwards, found fome relief in prayer: Loved, as a feeble, afflicted, defpifed creature, to caft myfelf on a God of infinite grace and goodnefs, hoping for no happinels but from him.

Monday, February 13.—Was calm and fedate in morning devotions; and my foul feemed to rely on God. Rode to Stockbridge, and enjoyed fome comfortable meditations by the way: Had a more refreshing taste and relish of heavenly blessedness, than I have enjoyed for many months past. I have

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many times of late, felt as ardent defires of holinefs as ever: But not fo much fenfe of the fweetnefs and unfpeakable pleafure of the enjoyments and employments of heaven. My foul longed to leave earth, and bear a part with angels in their celeftial employments. My foul faid, *Lord*, *it is good to be here*; and it appeared to me better to die, than to lofe the relifh of thefe heavenly delights.

[A fenfe of divine things feemed to continue with him, in a leffer degree, through the next day. On Wednefday he was, by fome difcourfe that he heard, caft into a melancholy gloom, that operated much in the fame manner as his melancholy had formerly done, when he came first to Kaunaumeek; the effects of which feemed to continue in fome degree the fix following days.]

Wednefday, February 22.—In the morning, had as clear a fenfe of the exceeding pollution of my nature, as ever I remember to have had in my life. I then appeared to myfelf inexpreffibly loathfome, and defiled : Sins of childhood, of early youth, and fuch follies as I had not thought of for years together, (as I remember) came now frefh to my view, as if committed but yefterday, and appeared in the moft odious colours : They appeared more in number than the hairs of my head : Yea, they went over my bead as an beavy burden. In the evening, the hand of faith feemed to be ftrengthened in God : My foul feemed to reft and acquiefce in him : Was fupported under my burdens, reading the cxxv. Pfalm : Found that it was fweet and comfortable to lean on God.

Friday, February 24.—Was exceeding reftlefs and perplexed under a fenfe of the mifimprovement of time; mourned to fee time pafs away; felt in the greateft hurry; feemed to have every thing to do: Yet could do nothing, but only grieve and groan under my ignorance, unprofitablenefs, meannefs, the foolifhnefs

foolifhnels of my actions and thoughts, the pride and bitternels of my past frames (at some times, at leaft) all which at this time appeared to me in lively colours, and filled me with fhame. I could not compole my mind to any profitable studies, by reason of this preffure.

[He continued in much the fame frame of uneafiness at the misimprovement of time, and preffure of spirit under a sense of vileness, unprofitablenes, &c. for the fix next following days ; excepting fome intervals of calmnefs and composure, in refignation to and confidence in God.]

Friday, March 2.-Was most of the day employed in writing on a divine fubject. Was frequent in prayer, and enjoyed fome fmall degree of affiftance. But in the evening, God was pleafed to grant me a divine fweetnefs in prayer; especially in the duty. of interceffion. I think I never felt fo much kind. nefs and love to those who I have reason to think are my enimies, (though at that time I found fuch a difposition to think the best of all, that I fcarce knew how to think that any fuch thing as enmity and hatred lodged in any foul; it feemed as if all the world must needs be friends) and never prayed with more freedom and delight, for myfelf, or dearest friend, than I did now for my enemies.

Saturday, March 3.-In the morning fpent, I believe, an hour in prayer, with great intenfenefs and freedom, and with the most fost and tender affection towards mankind. I longed that those who I have reafon to think owe me ill will, might be eternally happy: It feemed refreshing, to think of meeting them in heaven, how much foever they had injured me on earth : Had no disposition to infift upon any confession from them, in order to reconciliation and the exercife of love and kindnefs to them. O it is an emblem of heaven itfelf, to love all the I

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world with a love of kindnefs, forgivenefs, and benevolence. Prayer was fo fweet an exercife to me, that I knew not how to ceafe, left I fhould lofe the fpirit of prayer. Felt no difposition to eat or drink for the fake of the pleafure of it, but only to fupport my nature, and fit me for divine fervice.

Lord's Day, March 4.—In the norning enjoyed the fame intenfenefs in prayer as yefterday morning; though not in fo great a degree: Felt the fame fpirit of love, univerfal benevolence, forgivenefs, humility, refignation, mortification to the world, and composure of mind, as then. My foul refted in God; and I found I wanted no other refuge or friend.— While my foul thus trufts in God, all things feem to be at peace with me, even the ftones of the carth : But when I cannot apprehend and confide in God, all things appear with a different afpect.

[Through the four next days he complains of barrennefs, want of holy confidence in God, flupidity, wanderings of mind, &c. and fpeaks of oppreffion of mind under a fenfe of exceeding meannefs, paft follies, as well as prefent workings of corruption. On Friday, he feems to have been reftored to a confiderable degree of the fame excellent frame that he enjoyed the Saturday before.]

Saturday, March 10.—In the morning, felt exceeding dead to the world and all its enjoyments: I thought I was ready and willing to give up life and all its comforts, as foon as called to it: And yet then had as much comfort of life as almost ever I had. Life itfelf now appeared but an empty bubble: The riches, honours, and common enjoyments of life appeared extremely tastelefs. I longed to be perpetually and entirely *crucified* to all things here below, by the *crofs of Chrift*. My foul was fweetly refigned to God's disposal of me, in every regard; and I faw, there

there had nothing happened to me but what was beft for me. I confided in God, that he would never leave me, though I should walk through the valley of the shadow of death. It was then my meat and drink to be holy, to live to the Lord, and die to the Lord : And I thought that I then enjoyed fuch a heaven as far exceeded the most fublime conceptions of an unregenerate foul; and even unfpeakably beyond what I myfelf could conceive of at another time. I did not wonder that Peter faid, Lord, it is good to be bere, when thus refreshed with divine glories. My foul was full of love and tendernefs in the duty of 'interceffion; especially felt a most fweet affection to some precious godly ministers, of my acquaintance. Prayed earnestly for dear christians, and for those I have reason to fear are my enemies : And could not have spoken a word of bitterness, or entertained a bitter thought against the vilest man living. Had a fenfe of my own great unworthinefs. My foul feemed to breathe forth love and praife to God afresh, when I thought he would let his children. love and receive me as one of their brethren and fellow citizens : And when I thought of their treating me in that manner, I longed to lie at their feet ; and could think of no way to express the fincerity and fimplicity of my love and efteem of them, as being much better than myfelf.

Lord's Day, March 11.—My foul was in fome meafure *ftrengthened in God*, in morning devotion; fo that I was releafed from trembling, fear and diftrefs. Preached to my people from the parable of the fower, Matth. xiii. And enjoyed fome affiftance, both parts of the day : Had fome freedom, affection, and fervency in addreffing my poor people; longed that God fhould take hold of their hearts, and make them fpiritually alive. And indeed I had

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fo much to fay to them that I knew not how to leave off fpeaking*.

Monday, March 12.—In the morning was in a devout, tender, and loving frame of mind; and was enabled to cry to God, I hope, with a child like fpirit, with importunity, and refignation, and compolure of mind. My fpirit, was full of quietnefs, and love to mankind; and longed that peace fhould reign on the earth: Was grieved at the very thoughts of a fiery, angry and intemperate zeal in religion; mourned over paft follies in that regard; and my foul confided in God for ftrength and grace fufficient for my future work and trials. Spent the day mainly in hard labour, making preparation for my intended journey.

Tuefday, March 13.—Feltumy foul going forth after God fometimes; but not with fuch ardency as I longed for: In the evening, was enabled to continue inftant in prayer, for fome confiderable time together; and efpecially had refpect to the journey I defigned to enter upon, with the leave of Divine Providence, on the morrow. Enjoyed fome freedom and fervency, entreating that the divine prefence might attend me in every place where my bufinefs might lead me; and had a particular reference to the trials and temptations that I apprehended I might be more eminently expofed to in particular places. Was ftrengthened and comforted; although I was before very weary. Truly the joy of the Lord is ftrength and life.

Wednefday, March 14.—Enjoyed fome intenfenefs of foul in prayer, repeating my petitions for God's prefence in every place where I expected to be in my journey. Befought the Lord that I might not

^{*} This was the laft Sabbath that ever he performed publick fervice at Kaunaumeek, and thefe the laft fermons that ever he preached there. It appears by his Diary, that while he continued with thefe Indians, he took great pains with them, and did it with much difference is but the particular manner how, has been omitted for brevity's fake.

be too much pleafed and amufed with dear friends and acquaintance, in one place and another. Near ten fet out on my journey, and near night came to Stockbridge.

Thursday, March 15.—Rode down to Sheffield. Here I met a meffenger from East-Hampton, on Long-Island; who, by the unanimous vote of that large town, was fent to invite me thither, in order to fettle with that people, where I had been before frequently invited. Seemed more at a lofs what was my duty than before. When I heard of the great difficulties of that place, I was much concerned and grieved, and felt fome defires to comply with their requeit; but knew not what to do : Endeavoured to commit the cafe to God.

Lord's Day, March 18.- [At Salifbury.] Was exceeding weak and faint, fo that I could fcarce walk: But God was pleafed to afford me much freedom, clearnefs and fervency in preaching : I have not had the like affiftance in preaching to finners for many months paft. Here another meffenger met me, and informed me of the vote of another congregation, to give me an invitation to come among them upon probation for fettlement*. Was fomething exercifed in mind with a weight and burden of care. O that God would fend forth faithful labourers into bis barveft.

[After this, he went forward on his journey towards New-York and New-Jerfey: In which he proceeded flowly; performing his journey under great degrees of bodily indifposition. However, he preached feveral times by the way, being urged by friends ; in which he had confiderable affiftance. He speaks of comfort in conversation with christian friends from time to time, and of various things in 13

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* This congregation was that at Millington, near Haddam. They were very surnelly definous of his coming among them.

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the exercises and frames of his heart, that shew much of a divine influence on his mind in this journey.]

Thursday, April 5 .- Was again much exercised with weaknefs, and with pain in my head. Attended on the commiffioners in their meeting*. Refolved to go on still with the Indian affair, if Divine Providence permitted; although I had before felt fome inclination to go to East-Hampton, where I was folicited to go.

FAfter this he continued two or three days in the Terfeys, very ill; and then returned to New-York; and from thence into New-England : and went to his native town of Haddam : Where he arrived on Saturday, April 14. And he continues still his bitter complaints of want of retirement. While he was in New-York, he fays thus, O, it is not the pleafures of the world can comfort me ! If God deny his prefence, what are the pleafures of the city to me? One hour of fweet retirement where God is. is better than the whole world. And he continues to cry out of his ignorance, meannefs, and unworthinefs. However, he fpeaks of fome feafons of fpecial affistance and divine sweetness. He spent fome days among his friends at East-Hampton, and Millington.]

Tuesday, April 17.-Rode to Millington again ; and felt perplexed when I fet out; was feeble in body, and weak in faith. I was going to preach a lecture ; and feared I should never have affistance enough to get through. But contriving to ride alone at a diftance from the company that was going, I fpent

* The Indians at Kaunaumeek being but few in number, and Mr. Brainerd having now been labouring among them about a year, and having prevailed upon them to be willing to leave Kaunaumeek, and remove to Stockbridge, to live conflantly un-der Mr. Sargeant's ministry; he thought he might now do more fervice for Chrift among the Indians elfewhere : And therefore went this journey to New-Jerfey to lay the matter before the commiffioners; who met at Elizabeth-Town, on this oc-cation, and determined that he fhould forthwith leave Kaunaumeek, and go to the Delaware Indians.

fpent the time in lifting up my heart to God : Had not gone far before my foul was abundantly ftrengthened with those words, If God be for us, who can be against us? I went on, confiding in God ; and fearing nothing fo much as felf confidence. In this frame I went to the house of God, and enjoyed some affistance. Afterwards felt the fpirit of love and meeknefs in conversation with fome friends. Then rode home to my brother's: And in the evening. finging hymns with friends, my foul feemed to melt: And in prayer afterwards, enjoyed the exercise of faith, and was enabled to be fervent in spirit : Found more of God's prefence, than I have done any time in my late wearifome journey. Eternity appeared very near : My nature was very weak, and feemed ready to be diffolved : The fun declining, and the fhadows of the evening drawing on apace. OI longed to fill up the remaining moments all for God ! Though my body was to feeble, and wearied with preaching, and much private conversation, yet I wanted to fit up all night to do fomething for God. To God, the giver of these refreshments, be glory forever and ever : Amen.

[After this, he vifited feveral minifters in Connecticut; and then travelled towards Kaunaumeek, and came to Mr. Sargeant's at Stockbridge, Thurfday, April 26. He performed this journey in a very weak ftate of body.]

Friday, and Saturday, April 27, and 28.—Spent fome time in vifiting friends, and difcourfing with my people (who were now moved down from their own place to Mr. Sargeant's) and found them very glad to fee me returned. Was exercifed in my mind with a fenfe of my own unworthinels.

Lord's Day, April 29.—Preached for Mr. Sargeant, both parts of the day, from Rev. xiv. 4.

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Monday, April 30.—Rode to Kaunaumeek, but was extremely ill: Did not enjoy the comfort I hoped for in my own house.

Tuefday, May 1.—Having received new orders to go to a number of Indians on Delaware river in Pennfylvania, and my people here being moftly removed to Mr. Sargeant's, I this day took all my clothes, books, &c. and difpofed of them, and fet out for Delaware river; but made it my way to return to Mr. Sargeant's : Which I did this day, juft at night. Rode feveral hours in the rain through the howling wildernefs, although I was fo difordered in body, that little or nothing but blood came from me.

[He continued at Stockbridge, the next day; and on Thurfday rode a little way, to Sheffield, under a great degree of illnefs; but with encouragement and cheerfulnefs of mind under his fatigues. On Friday, he rode to Salifbury, and continued there until after the Sabbath. On Monday, he rode to Sharon; and fpeaks of himfelf as diffreffed at the confideration of the mifimprovement of time.]

Tuefday, May 8.—Set out from Sharon in Connecticut, and travelled about forty five miles to a place called the Fifh-Kill, and lodged there. Spent much of my time, while riding, in prayer, that God would go with me to Delaware. My heart fometimes was ready to fink with the thoughts of my work, and going alone in the wildernefs, I knew not where : But ftill it was comfortable, to think, that others of God's children had wandered about in caves and dens of the earth ; and Abraham, when he was called to go forth, went out not knowing whither he went. O that I might follow after God.

[The next day, he went forward on his journey; croffed Hudfon's river, and went to Gofhen in the highlands; and fo travelled acrofs the woods, from Hudfon's river to Delaware, about an hundred miles,

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through a defolate and hideous country, above New-Jerfey; where were very few fettlements : In which journey he fuffered much fatigue and hardfhip. He vifited fome Indians in the way, and difcourfed with them concerning chriftianity. Was confiderably melancholy and difconfolate, being alone in a ftrange wildernefs. On Saturday, he came to a fettlement of Irifh and Dutch people, about twelve miles above the Forks of Delaware.]

Lord's Day, May 13 .- Rofe early : Felt very poorly after my long journey, and after being wet and fatigued. Was very melancholy; have fcrace ever feen fuch a gloomy morning in my life ; there appeared to be no Sabbath ; the children were all at play; I a ftranger in the wildernefs, and knew not where to go; and all circumftances feemed to confpire to render my affairs dark and discouraging: Was difappointed respecting an interpreter, and heard that the Indians were much fcattered, &c. O I mourned after the prefence of God, and feemed like a creature banished from his fight : Yet he was, pleafed to fupport my finking foul, amidft all my forrows ; fo that I never entertained any thought of quitting my bufinefs among the poor Indians, but was comforted, to think, that death would before long fet me free from these distress. Rode about three or four miles to the Irifh people, where I found fome that appeared fober and concerned about religion. My heart then began to be a little encouraged : Went and preached, first to the Irish, and then to the Indians : And in the evening, was a little comforted; my foul feemed to reft on God, and take courage. O that the Lord would be my fupport and comforter in an evil world. -

Monday, May 14.—Was very bufy in fome neceffary fludies. Felt myfelf very loofe from all the world: All appeared vanity and vexation of fpirit. Seemed fomething fomething lonefome and difconfolate, as if I was banifhed from all mankind, and bereaved of all that is called pleafure in the world : But appeared to myfelf fo vile and unworthy, it feemed fitter for me to be here than any where.

[He continued much in the fame frame the three next days.]

Friday, May 18.—Felt again fomething of the Iweet fpirit of religion; and my foul feemed to confide in God, that he would never leave me. But oftentimes faw myfelf fo mean a creature, that I knew not how to think of preaching. O that I could always live to and upon God !

Saturday, May 19.—Was, fome part of the time, greatly opprefied with the weight and burden of my work: It feemed impoffible for me ever to go through with the bufinefs I had undertaken. Towards night, was very calm and comfortable; and I think my foul trufted in God for help.

Lord's Day, May 20.—Preached twice to the poor Indians, and enjoyed fome freedom in fpeaking, while I attempted to remove their prejudices against christianity. My foul longed for affistance from above, all the while; for I faw I had no ftrength fufficient for that work. Afterwards, preached to the Irish people: Was much affisted in the first prayer, and fomething in fermon. Several perfons feemed much concerned for their fouls, with whom I difcoursed afterwards with much freedom and fome power. Blessed be God for any affistance afforded to an unworthy worm. O that I could live to him !

[Through the reft of this week, he was fometimes ready to fink with a fenfe of his unworthinefs and unfitnefs for the work of the ministry; and fometimes encouraged and lifted above his fears and forrows, and was enabled confidently to rely on God; and especially on Saturday, towards night, he en-

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joyed calmnefs and composure, and affistance in prayer to God. He rejoiced (as he fays) that God remains unchangeably powerful and faithful, a fure and fufficient portion, and the dwelling place of his children in all generations.]

Lord's Day, May 27.—Vifited my Indians in the morning, and attended upon a funeral among them : Was affected to fee their heathenish practices. O that they might be *turned from darknefs to light*. Afterwards, got a confiderable number of them together, and preached to them ; and observed them very attentive. After this, preached to the white people from Heb. ii. 3. Was enabled to fpeak with fome freedom and power : Several people feemed much concerned for their fouls ; especially one who had been educated a Roman Catholick. Bleffed be the Lord for any help.

Monday, May 28.—Set out from the Indians above the Forks of Delaware, on a journey towards Newark in New-Jerfey, according to my orders. Rode through the wildernefs; was much fatigued with the heat; lodged at a place called Black-River; was exceedingly tired and worn out.

[On Tueiday, he came to Newark : The next day, went to Elizabeth-Town : On Thurfday, he went to New-York ; and on Friday returned to Elizabeth-Town. Thefe days were fpent in fome perplexity of mind. He continued at Elizabeth-Town until Friday in the week following. Was enlivened, refreshed, and ftrengthened on the Sabbath at the Lord's table. The enfuing days of the week were fpent chiefly in studies preparatory to his ordination ; and on fome of them he feemed to have much of God's gracious prefence, and of the fweet influences of his spirit ; but was in a very weak state of body. On Saturday, he rode to Newark.]

Lord's Day, June 10.—[At Newark.] In the morning, was much concerned how I should perform the work work of the day; and trembled at the thoughts of being left to myfelf. Enjoyed very confiderable affiftance in all parts of the publick fervice. Had an opportunity again to attend on the ordinance of the Lord's fupper, and through divine goodnefs was refreshed in it: My foul was full of love and tendernefs towards the children of God, and towards all men : Felt a certain fweetness of disposition towards every creature. At night, I enjoyed more spirituality, and sweet defire of holiness, than I have felt for fome time: Was afraid of every thought and every motion, left thereby my heart should be drawn away from God. O that I might never leave the blessed God ! Lord, *in thy prefence is fulness of joy*. O the blessed ness of living to God !

Monday, June 11.-This day the Prefbytery met together at Newark, in order to my ordination. Was very weak and difordered in body; yet endeavoured to repose my confidence in God. Spent most of the day alone; especially the forenoon. At three in the afternoon preached my probation fermon, from Acts xxvi. 17. 18. being a text given me for that end. Felt not well, either in body or mind ; however, God carried me through comfortably. Afterwards, paffed an examination before the Prefbytery. Was much tired, and my mind burdened with the greatnefs of that charge I was in the most folemn manner about to take upon me : My mind was fo preffed with the weight of the work incumbent upon me, that I could not fleep this night, though very weary and in great need of reft.

Tucsday, June 12.—Was this morning further examined, respecting my experimental acquaintance with christianity*. At ten o'clock my ordination

was

^{*} Mr. Pemberton, in a letter to the Honourable Society in Scotland that employed Mr. Brainerd, which he wrote concerning him, (publified in Scotland, in the *Unif-tian monthly Hijlory*) writes thus, "We can with pleafure lay, that Mr. Brainerd paifed through his ordination trials, to the universal approbation of the Prefbytery, and appeared

was attended : The fermon preached by the Rev. Mr. Pemberton. At this time I was affected with a fenfe of the important truft committed to me; yet was compofed, and folemn, without diffraction : And I hope, I then (as many times before) gave myfelf up to God, to be for him, and not for another. O that I might always be engaged in the fervice of God, and duly remember the folemn charge I have received, in the prefence of God, angels and men ; Amen ! May I be affifted of God for this purpofe. Towards night, rode to Elizabeth-Town.

appeared uncommonly qualified for the work of the miniftry. He feems to be armied with a great deal of felf denial, and animated with a noble zeal to propagate the gofpel among those barbzrous nations, who have long dwelt in the derkness of hear theuitm."

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PART VI.

From his ORDINATION until he first began to preach to the INDIANS at CROSWEEKSUNG, among whom he had his most remarkable fuccess.

WEDNESDAY, June 13.—Spent fome confiderable time in writing an account of the Indian affairs to go to Scotland; fpent fome time in converfation with friends; but enjoyed not much fweetnefs and fatisfaction.

Thursday, June 14 .- Received fome particular kindnefs from friends; and wondered that God fhould open the hearts of any to treat me with kindnefs : Saw myfelf to be unworthy of any favour from God, or any of my fellow men. Was much exercifed with pain in my head; however determined to fet out on my journey towards Delaware in the afternoon : But in the afternoon my pain increafed exceedingly; fo that I was obliged to betake myfelf to the bed; and the night following, was greatly diftreffed with pain and ficknefs : Was fometimes almost bereaved of the exercise of reason by the extremity of pain. Continued much diffreffed until Saturday ; when I was fomething relieved by an emetick : But was unable to walk abroad until the Monday following, in the afternoon; and still remained very feeble. I often admired the goodnefs of God. that he did not fuffer me to proceed on my journey from this place, where I was fo tenderly ufed, and to be fick by the way among ftrangers. God is very gracious to me, both in health and ficknefs, and intermingles much mercy with all my afflictions and toils.

toils. Enjoyed fome fweetnefs in things divine, in the midft of my pain and weaknefs. O, that I could praife the Lord !

[On Tuefday, June 19, he fet out on his journey home, and in three days reached his place, near the Forks of Delaware. Performed the journey under much weaknefs of body; but had comfort in his foul, from day to day : And both his weaknefs of body, and confolation of mind, continued through, the week.]

Lord's Day, June 24.—Extremely feeble; fcarce able to walk: However, vifited my Indians, and took much pains to inftruct them: Laboured with fome that were much difaffected to chriftianity. My mind was much burdened with the weight and difficulty of my work. My whole dependence and hope of fuccels feemed to be on God; who alone, I faw, could make them willing to receive inftruction. My heart was much engaged in prayer, fending up filent requests to God, even while I was fpeaking to them. O that I could always go in the strength of the Lord!

Monday, June 25.—Was fomething better in health than of late : Was able to fpend a confiderable part of the day in prayer and clofe ftudies. Had more freedom and fervency in prayer than ufual of late.

¹ Tuefday, June 26.—In the morning, my defires feemed to rife, and afcend up freely to God. Was bufy most of the day in translating prayers into the language of the Delaware Indians : Met with great difficulty by reason that my interpreter was altogether unacquainted with the bufines. But though I was much discouraged with the extreme difficulty of that work, yet God supported me; and especially in the evening, gave me fweet refreshment : In prayer my foul was enlarged, and my faith drawn into fensible exercise; was enabled to cry to God

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for my poor Indians; and though the work of their conversion appeared impossible with man, yet with God I faw all things were poffible. My faith was much ftrengthened, by observing the wonderful affiftance God afforded his fervants Nehemiah and Ezra, in reforming his people, and reeftablishing his ancient church. I was much affifted in prayer for dear chriftian friends, and for others that I apprehended to be chriftless; but was more especially concerned for the poor heathen, and those of my own charge: Was enabled to be inftant in prayer for them; and hoped that God would bow the heavens and come down. for their falvation. It feemed to me, there could be no impediment fufficient to obstruct that glorious work, feeing the living God, as I ftrongly hoped, was engaged for it. I continued in a folemn frame,lifting up my heart to God for affiftance, and grace, that I might be more mortified to this prefent world. that my whole foul might be taken up continually in concern for the advancement of Chrift's kingdom : Longed that God would purge me more, that I might be as a chofen veffed to bear his name among the heathen. Continued in this frame until I dropped afleep.

Wednefday, June 27.—Felt fomething of the fame folemn concern, and fpirit of prayer, that I enjoyed last night, foon after I role in the morning. In the afternoon, rode feveral miles to fee if I could procure any lands for the poor Indians, that they might live together, and be under better advantages for instruction.

Thursday, June 28.—Spent the morning, in reading feveral parts of the holy feripture, and in fervent prayer for my Indians; that God would fet up his kingdom among them, and bring them into his church. About nine, I withdrew to my usual place of retirement in the woods; and there again enjoyed

enjoyed fome affiltance in prayer. My great concern was for the converfion of the heathen to God; and the Lord helped me to plead with him for it. Towards noon, rode up to the Indians, in order to preach to them; and while going my heart went up to God in prayer for them; could freely tell God, he knew that the caufe was not mine, which I was engaged in; but it was his own caufe, and it would be for his own glory to convert the poor Indians: And bleffed be God, I felt no defire of their converfion, that I might receive honour from the world, as being the inftrument of it. Had fome freedom in fpeaking to the Indians.

[The two next days he fpeaks of fome ferious concern for the kingdom of the bleffed Redeemer; and confidence in God, that he would advance it; but complains much of barrennefs, wanderings, inactivity, &cc.]

Lord's Day, July 1.- In the morning, was perplexed with wandering vain thoughts : Was much grieved, judged and condemned myfelf before God. And O, how miferable did I feel, becaufe I could not live to God. At ten, rode away with a heavy heart to preach to my Indians. Upon the road, I attempted to lift up my heart to God; but was infefted with an unfettled wandering frame of mind ; and was exceeding reftlefs and perplexed, and filled with shame and confusion before God. I feemed to myfelf to be more brutish than any man; and thought, none deferved to be caft out of God's prefence fo much as I. If I attempted to lift up my heart to God, as I frequently did by the way, on a fudden before I was aware, my thoughts were wandering to the ends of the earth : And my foul was filled with furprise and anxiety, to find it thus. Thus also after I came to the Indians, my mind was confused; and I felt nothing fentibly of that fweet reliance on K God.

God, that my foul has been comforted with in days paft. Spent the forenoon in this posture of mind, and preached to the Indians without any heart. In the afternoon, I felt still barren, when I began to preach ; and after about half an hour, I feemed to myfelf to know nothing, and to have nothing to fay to the Indians; but foon after, I found in myfelf a fpirit of love, and warmth, and power to addrefs the poor Indians; and God helped me to plead with them to turn from all the vanities of the heathen, to the living God : And I am perfuaded the Lord touched their confciences; for I never faw fuch attention raifed in them before. And when I came away from them, I fpent the whole time while I was riding to my lodgings, three miles diftant, in prayer and praife to God. And after I had rode more than two miles, it came into my mind to dedicate myfelf to God again ; which I did with great folemnity, and unspeakable fatisfaction ; especially gave up myfelf to him renewedly in the work of the ministry. And this I did by divine grace, I hope, without any exception or referve ; not in the leaft thrinking back from any difficulties, that might attend this great and bleffed work. I feemed to be most free, cheerful, and full in this dedication of myfelf : My whole foul cried, " Lord, to thee I dedicate myfelf : O accept of me, and let me be thine forever. Lord, I defire nothing elfe; I defire nothing more. O come, come, Lord accept a poor worm. Whom have I in heaven, but thee; and there is none upon earth, that I defire befide thee." After this, was enabled to praife God with my whole foul, that he had enabled me to devote and confecrate all my powers to him in this folemn manner. My heart rejoiced in my particular work as a miffionary; rejoiced in my necessity of felf denial in many refpects; and fill continued to give up myfelf to God. and

and implore mercy of him ; praying inceffantly every moment, with fweet fervency. My nature being very weak of late, and much fpent, was now confiderably overcome : My fingers grew very feeble and fomewhat numb ; fo that I could fearcely ftretch them out ftraight : And when I lighted from my horfe, could hardly walk : My joints feemed all to be loofed. But I felt abundant frength in the inner man. Preached to the white people : God helped me much, efpecially in prayer. Sundry of my poor Indians were fo moved as to come to meeting alfo ; and one appeared much concerned.

Monday, July 2 .- Had fome relish of the divine comforts of yesterday ; but could not get that warmth and exercise of faith, that I defired. Had fometimes a diffreffing fense of my past follies, and prefent ignorance and barrennefs : And efpecially in the afternoon, was funk down under a load of fin and guilt, in that I had lived fo little to God, after his abundant goodnefs to me yefterday. In the evening, though very weak, was enabled to pray with fervency, and to continue inftant in prayer, near an hour. My foul mourned over the power of its corruption, and longed exceedingly tobe walked, and purged as with byfop. Was enabled to pray for my dear abfent friends, Chrift's minifters, and his church '; and enjoyed much freedom and fervency, but not fo much comfort, by reafon of guilt and fhame before God. Judged and condemned myfelf for the follies of the day.

[The two next days he feems to have had fpecial affiftance and fervency moft of the time. Thurfday was fpent in great bodily weaknefs; and in great bitternefs of fpirit by reafon of his vilenefs and corruption; he fays thus, I thought there was not one creature living fo vile as 1. O, my inward pollution 1 O, my guilt and fhame before God 1 I know

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not what to do. O, I longed ardently to be cleanfed and walhed from the ftains of inward pollution ! O, to be made like God, or rather to be made fit for God to own !

- Friday, July 6.—Awoke this morning in the fear of God : Soon called to mind my fadnefs in the evening paft; and fpent my first waking minutes in praver for fanctification, that my foul might be washed from its exceeding pollution and defilement. After I arole, I 'Ipent fome time in reading God's word and prayer. I cried to God under a fenfe of my great indigency. I am, of late, most of all concerned for ministerial qualifications, and the converfion of the heathen : Laft year, I longed to be prepared for a world of glory, and fpeedily to depart out of this world; but of late all my concern almost is for the conversion of the heathen; and for that end, I long to live. But bleffed be God, I have lefs defire to live for any of the pleafures of the world, than ever I had : I long and love to be a pilgrim ; and want grace to imitate the life, labours and fufferings of St. Paul among the heathen. And when I long for holinefs now, it is not fo much for myfelf as formerly; but rather that thereby I may become an able minister of the New Testament, efpecially to the heathen. Spent about two hours this morning, in reading and prayer, by turns ; and was in a watchful tender frame, afraid of every thing that might cool my affections, and draw away my heart from God. Was fomething ftrengthened in my fludies; but near night was very weak and weary. ** *** 11 m l m l

Saturday, July 7.-Was very much difordered this morning, and my vigour all fpent and exhausted : But was affected, and refreshed in reading the fweetftory of Elijah's translation, and enjoyed fome affection and fervency in prayer; longed much for minifterial

ifterial gifts and graces, that I might do fomething in the caufe of God.

Lord's Day, July 8.-Was ill laft night, not able to reft quietly. Had fome fmall degree of affiftance in preaching to the Indians ; and afterwards was enabled to preach to the white people with fome power, especially in the close of my difcourse, from Jer. iii. 23. The Lord alfo affifted me in some measure in the first prayer : Bleffed be his name. Near night, though very weary, was enabled to read God's word with some fweet relish of it, and to pray with affection, fervency, and (I truft) faith : My foul was' more fenfibly' dependent on God, than ufual. Was watchful, tender, and jealous of my own heart, left I should admit careleffness and vain thoughts, and grieve the bleffed Spirit, fo that he thould withdraw his fweet, kind, and tender influences. Longed to depart and be with Chrift, more than at any time of late. My foul was exceedingly united to the faints of ancient times, as well as those now living; especially my foul melted for the fociety of Elijah and Elisha. Was enabled to cry to God with a child like fpirit, and to continue inftant in prayer for fome time. Was much enlarged in the fweet duty of interceffion.

Tuefday, *July* 10.—Was very ill and full of pain, and very dull and fpiritlefs. In the evening, had an affecting fence of my ignorance, &c. and of my need of God at all times, to do every thing for me; and my foul was humbled before God.

Wednefday; July i1.—Was ftill exercifed with illnefs and pain. Had fome degree of affection and warmth in prayer and reading God's word : Longed for Abraham's faith and fellowship with God; and felt fome refolution to fpend all my time for God, and to exert inyfelf with more fervency in his fervice; but found my body weak and feeble. In

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the afternoon, though very ill, was enabled to fpend fome confiderable time in prayer; fpent indeed moft of the day in that exercise; and my foul was diffident, watchful and tender, left I should offend my bleffed friend, in thought or behaviour. I am perfuaded my foul confided in, and leaned upon the bleffed God. O what need did I see myself to shand in of God at all times, to affist me and lead me ! Found a great want of strength and vigour, both in the outward and inner man.

[The exercises and experiences, that he speaks of in the next nine days, are very similar to those of the preceding days of this and the foregoing week.]

Saturday, July 21.-This morning, was greatly oppreffed with guilt and fhame, from a fenfe of inward vilenefs and pollution. Towards night my burden refpecting my work among the Indians began to increase much; and was aggravated by hearing fundry things that looked very difcouraging, in particular that they intended to meet together the next day for an idolatrous feast and dance. Then I began to be in anguish : I thought I must in confcience go and endeavour to break them up; and knew not how to attempt fuch a thing. However, I withdrew for prayer, hoping for ftrength from above. And in prayer I was exceedingly enlarged, and my foul was as much drawn out as ever I remember it to have been in my life, or near. So, as far as I could judge, I was wholly free from felfish ends in my fervent fupplications for the poor Indians. I knew, they were met together to worfhip devils, and not God ; and this made me cry earneftly, that God would now appear, and help me in my attempts to break up this idolatrous meeting. My foul pleaded long; and I thought God would hear, and would go with me to vindicate his own caufe : I feemed to confide in God for his presence and affistance. And thus

thus I spent the evening, praying inceffantly for divine affistance, and that I might not be felf dependent, but still have my whole dependence upon God. What I paffed through was remarkable, and indeed " inexpreflible. I exceedingly longed, that God would get to himfelf a name among the heathen : And I appealed to him with the greatest freedom, that he knew I preferred him above my chief joy. Indeed, I had no notion of joy from this world : I cared not where or how I lived, or what hardfhips I went through ; fo that I could but gain fouls to Chrift. I continued in this frame all the evening and night. While I was afleep, I dreamed of thefe things; and when I awaked (as I frequently did) the first thing I thought of was this great work of pleading for God against Satan.

Lord's Day, July 22.-When I waked, my foul was burdened with what feemed to be before me : I cried to God, before I could get out of my bed : And as foon as I was dreffed, I withdrew into the woods, to pour out my burdened foul to God, efpecially for affiftance in my great work ; for I could fearcely think of any thing elfe : And enjoyed the fame freedom and tervency as the laft evening; and did with unfpeakable freedom give up myfelf atrefh to God for life or death, for all hardfhips he fhould call me to among the heathen; and felt as if nothing could difcourage me from this bleffed work. I had a firong hope, that God would bow the heavens and come down, and do fome marvellous work among the heathen. And when I was riding to the Indians, three miles, my heart was continually going up to God for his prefence and affiftance; and hoping, and almost expecting, that God would make this the day of his power and grace amongst the poor Indians. When I came to them, I found them engaged in their frolick ; but through divine goodnefs I

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them to break up, and attend to my preaching : Yet ftill there appeared nothing of the fpecial power of God among them. Preached again to them in the afternoon ; and obferved the Indians were more fober than before : But ftill faw nothing fpecial among them ; from whence Satan took occafion to tempt and buffet me with thefe curfed fuggeftions, *There* is no God, or if there be, he is not able to convert the Indians, before they have more knowledge, &c. I was very weak and weary, and my foul borne down with perplexity : But was mortified to all the world, and was determined ftill to wait upon God for the conversion of the heathen, though the devil tempted me to the contrary.

Monday, July 23.—Retained ftill a deep and preffing fenfe of what lay with fo much weight upon me yesterday : But was more calm and quiet; enjoyed freedom and composure, after the temptations of the last evening : Had sweet refignation to the divine will; and defired nothing fo much as the conversion of the heathen to God, and that his kingdom might come in my own heart, and the hearts of others. Rode to a settlement of Irish people, about sisten miles fouthwestward; spent my time in prayer and meditation by the way. Near night, preached from Matth. v. 3. God was pleased to afford me fome degree of freedom and fervency. Blessed be God for any measure of affishance.

Tuefday, *July* 24.—Rode about feventeen miles weftward, over a hidcous mountain, to a number of Indians. Got together near thirty of them : Preached to them in the evening, and lodged among them. Was weak, and felt fomething difconfolate.

[The next day, he preached to thefe Indians again; and then returned to the Irifh fettlement, and there preached to a numerous congregation : There was a confiderable appearance of awakening in the congre-

gation.

gation. Thurfday, he returned home, exceedingly fatigued and fpent ; still in the fame frame of mortification to the world, and folicitous for the advancement of Christ's kingdom : And on this day he fays thus, " I have felt, this week, more of the fpirit of a pilgrim on earth, than perhaps ever before ; and yet to defirous to fee Zion's profperity, that I was not fo willing to leave this fcene of forrow as I ufed to be." The two remaining days of the week, he was very-ill, and cries out of wanderings, dulnefs, and want of spiritual fervency and sweetness. On the Sabbath, he was confined by illnefs, not able to go out to preach. After this, his illnefs increafed upon him, and he continued very ill all the week. Concerning the next five days he writes thus : "On Lord's Day, August 5, was still very poor. But though very weak, I vifited and preached to the poor Indians twice, and was frrengthened vaftly beyond my expectations. And indeed, the Lord gave me fome freedom and fervency in addreffing them; though I had not ftrength enough to ftand, but was obliged to fit down the whole time ; towards night, was extremely weak, faint, fick, and full of pain. And thus I have continued much in the fame frate that I was in laft week, through the most of this (it being now Friday ;) unable to engage in any bufinefs; frequently unable to pray in the family. I am obliged to let all my thoughts and concerns run at random ; for I have neither ftrength to read, meditate, or pray : And this naturally perplexes my mind. I feem to myfelf like a man that has all his eftate embarked in one fmall boat, unhappily going adrift; down a fwift torrent. The poor owner flands on the fhore, and looks, and laments his lofs."

[The next three weeks after this, his illnefs was not fo extreme : He was in fome degree capable of bufinefs, both publick and private ; (although he

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had fome turns wherein his indifposition prevailed to a great degree :) He also in this space had, for the most part, much more inward affistance, and ftrength of mind : He often expresses great longings for the enlargement of Chrift's kingdom; efpecially by the conversion of the heathen to God: He speaks of his hope of this as all his delight and joy. . He continues still to express his usual longings after holinefs and living to God, and his fenfe of his own unworthinefs : He feveral times fpeaks of his appearing to himfelf the vileft creature on earth; and once fays, that he verily thought there were none of God's children who fell fo far fhort of that holinefs. and perfection in their obedience, which God requires, as he. He fpeaks of his feeling more dead than ever to the enjoyments of the world. He fometimes mentions fpecial affiftance that he had in this fpace of time, in preaching to the Indians, and of appearances of religious concern among them. He fpeaks alfo of affiftance in prayer for abfent friends, and efpecially ministers and candidates for the miniftry; and of much comfort he enjoyed in the company of fome ministers that came to visit him.]

Saturday, September 1.—Was fo far ftrengthened, after a feafon of great weaknefs, that I was able to fpend two or three hours in writing on a divine fubject Enjoyed fome comfort and fweetnefs in things divine and facred : And as my bodily ftrength was in fome meafure reftored, fo my foul feemed to be fomewhat vigorous, and engaged in the things of God.

Lord's Day, September 2.—Was enabled to fpeak to my poor Indians with much concern and fervency; and I am perfuaded, God enabled me to exercife faith in him, while I was fpeaking to them. Iperceived, that fome of them were afraid to hearken to, and embrace christianity, left they fhould be enchanted

chanted and poifoned by fome of the powows: But I was enabled to plead with them not to fear thefe; and confiding in God for fafety and deliverance, I bid a challenge to all thefe *powers of darknefs*, to do their worft upon me first. Afterwards I found my foul rejoice in God for his affisting grace.

[After this he went a journey into New-England, and was abfent from the place of his abode, at the Forks of Delaware, about three weeks. He was in a feeble flate the greater part of the time. But in the latter part of the journey, he found he gained much in health and ftrength. And as to the flate of his mind, and his religious and fpiritual exercifes, it was much with him as had been before ufual in journeys; excepting that the frame of his mind feemed more generally to be comfortable.]

Wednefday, September 26.—Rode home to the Forks of Delaware. What reafon have I to blefs God, who has preferved me in riding more than four hundred and twenty miles, and has kept all my bones that not one of them has been broken ! My health likewife is greatly recovered. O that I could dedicate my all to God : This is all the return I can make to him.

Thurfday, September 27.—Was fomething melancholy: Had not much freedom and comfort in prayer: My foul is difconfolate when God is withdrawn.

[The three next days he fpeaks of the fame longings for the advancement of Chrift's kingdom, and the conversion of the Indians; but complains greatly of the ill effects of the diversions of his late journey, as unfixing his mind from that degree of engagedness, fervency, watchfulness, &c. which he enjoyed before.]

Monday, October 1.-Was engaged this day in making preparation for my intended journey to Suf-

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quehannah : Withdrew feveral times to the woods for fecret duties, and endeavoured to plead for the divine prefence to go with me to the poor pagans, to whom I was going to preach the gofpel. Towards night rode about four miles, and met brother Byram*; who was come, at my defire, to be my companion in travel to the Indians. I rejoiced to fee him; and, I truft, God made his converfation profitable to me. I faw him, as I thought, more dead to the world, its anxious cares, and alluring objects, than I was: And this made me look within myfelf, and gave me a greater fenfe of my guilt, ingratitude, and mifery.

Tuefday, October 2.—Set out on my journey, in company with dear brother Byram, and my interpreter, and two chief Indians from the Forks of Delaware. Travelled about twenty five miles, and lodged in one of the laft houfes on our road ; after which there was nothing but a hideous and howling wildernefs.

Wednefday, October 3.—We went on our way into the wildernefs, and found the moft difficult and dangerous travelling, by far, that ever any of us had feen ; we had fcarce any thing elfe but lofty mountains, deep valleys, and hideous rocks, to make our way through. However, I felt fome fweetnefs in divine things, part of the day, and had my mind intenfely engaged in meditation on a divine fubject. Near night, my beaft that I rode upon, hung one of her legs in the rocks, and fell down under me ; but, through divine goodnefs, I was not hurt. However, fhe broke her leg ; and being in fuch a hideous place, and near thirty miles from any houfe, I faw nothing that could be done to preferve her life, and fo was obliged to kill her, and to profecute my journey on

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* Minister at a place called Rockciticus, about forty miles from Mr. Brainerd's lodgings.

foot. This accident made me admire the divine goodnefs to me, that my bones were not broken, and the mulitude of them filled with ftrong pain. Juft at dark we kindled a fire, cut up a few bufhes, and made a fhelter over our heads to fave us from the froft, which was very hard that night; and committing ourfelves to God by prayer, we lay down on the ground and flept quietly.

[The next day they went forward on their journey, and at night took up their lodging in the woods in like manner.]

Friday, October 5 .- We arrived at Sufquehannah. River, at a place called Opeholhaupung : Found there twelve Indian houses. After I had faluted the king in a friendly manner, I told him my bufinefs, and that my defire was to teach them christianity. After fome confultation, the Indians gathered, and I preached to them. And when I had done, I afked if they would hear me again. They replied, that they would confider of it; and foon after fent me word, that they would immediately attend if I would preach : Which I did, with freedom, both times. When I asked them again whether they would hear me further, they replied, they would the next day. I was exceeding fenfible of the impoffibility of doing any thing for the poor heathen, without special affistance from above : And my foul feemed to reft on God, and leave it to him to do as he pleafed in that which I faw was his own caufe : And indeed, through divine goodnefs, I had felt fomething of this frame most of the time while I was travelling thither ; and in fome measure before I fet out.

Saturday, October 6.—Rofe early and befought the Lord for help in my great work. Near noon preached again to the Indians : And in the afternoon, vifited them from houfe to houfe, and invited them to

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come and hear me again the next day, and put off their hunting defign, which they were juft entering upon, until Monday. This night, I truft, the Lord ftood by me to encourage and ftrengthen my foul : I fpent more than an hour in fecret retirement ; was enabled to pour out my heart before God, for the increafe of grace in my foul, for minifterial endowments, for fuccefs among the poor Indians, for God's minifters and people, and for dear friends vaftly diftant, &c. Bleffed be God.

[The next day he complains of great want of fixednefs and intenfenefs in religion, fo that he could not keep any fpiritual thought one minute without distraction; which occasioned anguish of spirit .--He felt, he fays, amazingly guilty, and extremely miferable; and cries out, O my foul, what death it is, to have the affections unable to center in God, by reafon of darknefs, and confequently roving after that latisfaction elfewhere, that is only to be found here ! However, he preached twice to the Indians with fome freedom and power : But was afterwards damped by the objections they made against christianity. In the evening, in a fenfe of his great defects in preaching, he entreated God not to impute to him blood guiltinefs; but yet was at the fame time enabled to rejoice in God.]

Monday, October 8.—Vifited the Indians with a defign to take my leave of them, fuppofing they would this morning go,out to hunting early; but beyond my expectation and hope, they defired to hear me preach again. I gladly complied with their requeft, and afterwards endeavoured to anfwer their objections against christianity. Then they went away; and we spent the rest of the afternoon in reading and prayer, intending to go homeward very early the next day. My foul was in some meafure refreshed in secret prayer and meditation. Bleffed be the Lord for all his goodness.

Tuesday,

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Tuefday, October 9.—We role about four in the morning, and, commending ourfelves to God by prayer, and afking his fpecial protection, we fet out on our journey homewards about five, and travelled with great fteadinefs until paft fix at night. And then made us a fire, and a fhelter of barks, and fo refted. I had fome clear and comfortable, thoughts on a divine fubject, by the way, towards night. In the night, the wolves howled around us; but God preferved us.

[The next day they role early, and fet forward, and travelled that day until they came to an Irifh fettlement, where Mr. Brainerd was acquainted, and lodged there.]

Friday, October 12.—Rode home to my lodging ; where I poured out my foul to God in fecret prayer, and endeavoured to blefs him for his abundant goodnefs to me in my late journey. I fearce ever enjoyed more healthgeat leaft of later years ; and God marvelloufly, and almost miraculoufly, fupported me under the fatigues of the way, and travelling on foot. Bleffed be the Lord, that continually preferves me in all my ways.

[On Saturday he went again to the Irifh fettlement, to fpend the Sabbath there, his Indians being gone.]

Lord's Day, October 14.—Was much confufed and perplexed in my thoughts; could not pray; and was almost difcouraged, thinking I should never be able to preach any more. But afterwards God was pleased to give me some relief from these confusions: But still I was astraid, and even trembled before God. I went to the place of publick worship, lifting up my heart to God for affistance and grace, in my great work: And God was gracious to me; and helped me to plead with him for holiness, and to use the strongest arguments with him, drawn from the incarnation and sufferings of Christ

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for this very end, that men might be made holy. Afterwards, I was much affifted in preaching. I know not that ever God helped me to preach in a more clofe and diftinguifhing manner for the trial of nen's ftate. Through the infinite goodnefs of God, I felt what I fpake; and God enabled me to treat on divine truth with uncommon clearnefs: And yet I was fo fenfible of my defects in preaching, that I could not be proud of my performance, as at fome times; and bleffed be the Lord for this mercy. In the evening, I longed to be entirely alone, to blefs God for help in a time of extremity; and longed for great degrees of holinefs, that I might fhew my gratitude to God.

[The next morning he fpent fome time before funrife in prayer, in the fame fweet and grateful frame of mind, that he had been in the evening before: And afterwardswent to his Indians, and fpent fome time in teaching and exhorting them.]

Tuefday, October 16.—Felt a fpirit of folemnity and watchfulnefs; was afraid I fhould not live to and upon God: Longed for more intenfenefs and fpirituality. Spent the day in writing; frequently lifting up my heart to God for more heavenly mindednefs. In the evening enjoyed fweet affiftance in prayer, and thirfted and pleaded to be as holy as the bleffed angels: Longed for minifterial gifts and graces, and fuccefs in my work: Was fweetly affifted in the duty of interceffion, and enabled to remember, and plead for numbers of dear friends, and Chrift's minifters.

[He feemed to have much of the fame frame of mind, the two next days.]

Friday, October 19.—My foul enjoyed a fweet feafon of bitter repentance and forrow, that I had wronged that bleffed God, who, I was perfuaded, was reconciled to me in his dear Son. My foul was

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now tender, devout, and folemn. And I was a fraid of nothing, but fin; and afraid of that in every action and thought.

[The four following days, were manifeftly fpent in a most constant tendernels, watchfulnels, diligence and felf diffidence. But he complains of wanderings of mind, languor of affections, &c.]

Wednefday, October 24.—Near noon, rode to my people; fpent fome time, and prayed with them : Felt the frame of a pilgrim on earth; longed much to leave this gloomy manfion; but yet found the exercise of patience and refignation. And as I returned home from the Indians, spent the whole time in lifting up my heart to God. In the evening, enjoyed a bleffed seafon alone in prayer; was enabled to cry to God with a child like spirit, for the space of near an hour: Enjoyed a sweet freedom in supplicating for myself, for dear friends, ministers, and some who are preparing for that work, and for the church of God; and longed to be as lively myself in God's fervice as the angels.

Friday, October 26.—In the morning my foul was melted with a fenfe of divine goodnefs and mercy to fuch a vile unworthy worm as I: Delighted to lean upon God, and place my whole truft in him. My foul was exceedingly grieved for fin, and prized and longed after holinefs; it wounded my heart deeply, yet fweetly, to think how I had abufed a kind God. I longed to be perfectly holy, that I might not grieve a gracious God; who will continue to love, notwithftanding his love is abufed : I longed for holinefs more for this end, than I did for my own happinefs fake. And yet this was my greateff happinefs, never more to difhonour, but always to glorify the bleffed God. Afterwards rode up to the Indians, in the afternoon, &cc.

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[The four next days he was exercifed with much diforder and pain of body, with a degree of melancholy and gloominefs of mind, bitterly complaining of deadnefs and unprofitablenefs, yet mourning and longing after God.]

Wednefday, October 31.—Was fenfible of my barrennefs, and decay, in the things of God : My foul failed, when I remembered the fervency I had enjoyed at the throne of grace. O, I thought, if I could but be fpiritual, warm, heavenly minded, and affectionately breathing after God, this would be better than life to me ! My foul longed exceedingly for death, to be loofed from this dulnefs and barrennefs, and made forever active in the fervice of God. I feemed to live for nothing, and to do no good : And O, the burden of fuch a life ! O, Death, Death, my kind friend, haften and deliver me from dull mortality, and make me fpiritual and vigorous to eternity.

Friday, November 2.—Was filled with forrow and confusion, in the morning, and could enjoy no fweet fense of divine things, nor get any relief in prayer. Saw I deferved that every one of God's creatures should be let loose upon me to be the executioners of his wrath against me : And yet therein I faw I deferved what I did not fear as my portion. About noon rode up to the Indians; and while going, could feel no defires for them, and even dreaded to fay any thing to them; but God was pleased to give me fome freedom and enlargement, and made the feason comfortable to me. In the evening had enlargement in prayer.

Saturday, November 3.—I read-the life and trials of a godly man, and was much warmed by it : I wondered at my paft deadnefs; and was more convinced of it than ever. Was enabled to confefs and bewail my fin before God, with felf abhorrence.

Lord's

Lord's Day, November 4.—Had, I think, fome exercise of faith in prayer in the morning: Longed to be spiritual. Had confiderable help in preaching to my poor Indians: Was encouraged with them, and hoped that God defigned mercy for them.

[The next day he fet out on a journey to New-York, to the meeting of the prefbytery there; and was gone from home more than a fortnight. He feemed to enter on this journey with great reluctance; fearing that the diversions of it would prove a means of cooling his religious affections, as he had found in other journeys. But yet in this journey he had fome special feasons wherein he enjoyed extraordinary evidences and fruits of God's gracious prefence. He was greatly fatigued and exposed in this journey by cold and ftorms: And when he returned from New-York to New-Jerfey, on Friday, was taken very ill, and was detained by his illness fome time.]

Wednefday, November 21.—Rode from Newark to Rockciticus in the cold, and was almost overcome with it. Enjoyed fome fweetnefs in conversation with dear Mr. Jones, while I dined with him : My foul loves the people of God, and especially the ministers of Jefus Christ, who feel the fame trials that I do.

Thurfday, November 22:—Came on my way from Rockciticus to Delaware river. Was very much difordered with a cold and pain in my head. About fix at night, I loft my way in the wildernefs, and wandered over rocks and mountains, down hideous fteeps, through fwamps, and most dreadful and dangerous places : And the night being dark, fo that few ftars could be feen, I was greatly exposed : Was much pinched with cold, and distreffed with an extreme pain in my head, attended with ficknefs at my ftomach; fo that every ftep I took was dif-

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treffing to me. I had but little hope for feveral hours together, but that I must lie out in the woods all night in this diffreffed cafe. But, about nine o'clock, I found a houfe, through the abundant goodnefs of God, and was kindly entertained. Thus I have frequently been exposed, and fometimes lain out the whole night : But God has hitherto preferved me; and bleffed be his name. Such fatigues and hardfhips as thefe, ferve to wean me more from the earth ; and, I truft, will make heaven the fweeter. Formerly, when I was thus exposed to cold, rain, &c. I was ready to pleafe myfelf with the thoughts. of enjoying a comfortable houfe, a warm fire, and other outward comforts ; but now these have less place in my heart, through the grace of God, and my eye is more to God for comfort.

Friday, November 23.—Vifited a fick man; difcourfed and prayed with him. Then vifited another houfe, where was one dead and laid out; looked on the corpfe and longed that my time might come to depart, that I might be with Chrift. Then went home to my lodgings, about one o'clock. Felt poorly; but was able to read most of the afternoon.

[Within the fpace of the next twelve days, he paffed under many changes in the frames and exercifes of his mind. He had many feafons of the fpecial influence of God's Spirit, animating, invigorating, and comforting him in the ways of God and duties of religion; but had fome turns of great dejection and melancholy. He fpent much time, within this fpace, in hard labour, with others, to make for himfelf a little cottage or hut, to live in by himfelf through the winter.

Thurfday, December 6.—Having now a happy opportunity of being retired in a houfe of my own, which I have lately procured and moved into, and confidering that it is now a long time fince I have

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been able, either on account of bodily weaknefs, or for want of retirement, or fome other difficulty, to fpend any time in fecret fasting and prayer; confidering alfo the greatnefs of my work, and the extreme difficulties that attend it; and that my poor Indians are now worfhiping devils, notwithftanding all the pains I have taken with them, which almost overwhelms my fpirit : Moreover, confidering my extreme barrenness, spiritual deadness, and dejection, of late; as alfo the power of fome particular corruptions; I fat apart this day for fecret prayer and fafting, to implore the bleffing of God on myfelf, on my poor people, on my friends, and on the church of God. At first, I felt a great backwardnefs to the duties of the day, on account of the feeming impoffibility of performing them : But the Lord helped me to break through this difficulty. I enjoyed much more intenfenefs, fervency, and fpirituality, than I expected ; God was better to me than my fears. And, towards night, I felt my foul rejoice, that God is unchangeably happy and glorious ; that he will be glorified, whatever becomes of his creatures. I was enabled to perfevere in prayer until fome time in the evening ; at which time I faw fo much need of divine help, in every respect, that I knew not how to leave off, and had forgot that I needed food. This evening I was much affifted in meditating on Ifai, lii. 3. Bleffed be the Lord for any help in the paft day.

Friday, December 7.—Spent fome time in prayer, in the morning; enjoyed fome freedom and affection in the duty, and had longing defires of being made faithful to the death. Spent a little time in writing on a divine fubject: Then visited the Indians, and preached to them : But under inexpressible dejection. I had no heart to speak to them, and could not do it, but as I forced myself : I knew they

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must hate to hear me, as having but just got home from their idolatrous feast and devil worship. In the evening had fome freedom in prayer and meditation.

Saturday, December 8.—Have been uncommonly free this day from dejection, and from that diftreffing apprehension that I could do nothing : Was enabled to pray and ftudy with fome comfort ; and especially was affisted in writing on a divine fubject. In the evening my foul rejoiced in God ; and I bleffed his name for shining on my foul. O the fweet and bleffed change I then felt, when God brought me out of darkness into his marvellous light.

Lord's Day, December 9.—Preached both parts of the day at a place called Greenwich, in New-Jerfey, about ten miles from my own houfe. In the first discourse I had scarce any warmth or affectionate longing for fouls. In the intermiffion feafon I got alone among the bufhes, and cried to God for pardon of my deadness; and was in anguish and bitternefs', that I could not addrefs fouls with more compaffion and tender affection : Judged and condemned myfelf for want of this divine temper : Though I faw I could not get it as of myfelf any more than I could make a world. In the latter exercife, bleffed be the Lord, I had fome fervency, both in prayer and preaching; and efpecially in the application of my difcourfe was enabled to addrefs precious fouls with affection, concern, tendernels and importunity. The Spirit of God, I think, was there ; as the effects were apparent, tears running down many cheeks.

Wednefday, December 12.—Was very weak; but fomewhat affifted in fecret prayer, and enabled with pleafure and fweetness to cry, Come, Lord Jefus! Come, Lord Jefus; come quickly. My foul longed for God, for the living God. O how delightful it is, to pray pray under fuch fweet influences ! O how much better is this than one's neceffary food ! I had at this time no difposition to eat, though late in the morning; for earthly food appeared wholly taftelefs. O how much better is thy love than wine, than the fweeteft wine ! I vifited and preached to the Indians in the afternoon ; but under much dejection. Found my interpreter under fome concern for his foul; which was fome comfort to me; and yet filled me with new care. I longed greatly for his conversion; lifted up myheart to God for it while I was talking to him : Came home and poured out my foul to God for him : Enjoyed fome freedom in prayer, and was enabled, I think, to leave all with God.

Thursday, December 13.-Endeavoured to spend the day in fafting and prayer, to implore the divine bleffing, more efpecially on my poor people; and in particular, I fought for converting grace for my interpreter, and three or four more under fome concern for their fouls. I was much difordered in the morning when I arofe; but having determined to fpend the day in this manner, I attempted it. Some freedom I had in pleading for these poor concerned fouls, feveral times; and when interceding for them, I enjoyed greater freedom from wandering and diftracting thoughts, than in any part of my fupplications : But in the general was greatly exercifed with wanderings ; fo that in the evening it feemed as if I had need to pray for nothing fo much as for the pardon of fins committed in the day paft, and the vilenefs I then found in myfelf. The fins I had most fense of were pride, and wandering thoughts, whereby I mocked God. The former of thefe curfed iniquities excited me to think of writing, or preaching, or converting heathen, or performing fome other great work, that my name might live when I should be dead. My foul was in anguish, and ready to drop L4

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into defpair, to find fo much of that curfed temper. With this and the other evil I laboured under, viz. wandering thoughts, I was almost overwhelmed, and even ready to give over striving after a spirit of devotion; and oftentimes funk into a confiderable degree of defpondency, and thought I was more brutif than any man. Yet after all my forrows, I trust, through grace, this day and the exercises of it have been for my good, and taught me more of my corruption, and weakness without Christ, than I knew before.

Monday, December 17.—Was fomething comfortable in mind, most of the day; and was enabled to pray with fome freedom, cheerfulness, composure, and devotion; had also fome affistance in writing on a divine fubject.

Tuesday, December 18 .- Went to the Indians, and difcourfed to them near an hour, without any power to come close to their hearts. But at last, I felt some fervency, and God helped me to fpeak with warmth. My interpreter alfo was amazingly affifted ; and I doubt not but the Spirit of God was upon him (though I had no reafon to think he had any true and faving grace, but was only under conviction of his loft flate;) and prefently upon this most of the grown perfons were much affected, and the tears ran down their cheeks; and one old man (I fuppofe, an hundred years old) was fo affected, that he wept, and feemed convinced of the importance of what I taught them. I stayed with them a confiderable time, exhorting and directing them; and came away, lifting up my heart to God in prayer and praife, and encouraged and exhorted my interpreter to strive to enter in at the strait gate. Came home, and spent most of the evening in prayer and thankfgiving ; and found myfelf much enlarged and quickened. Was greatly concerned, that the Lord's work, which feemed

feemed to be begun, might be carried on with power, to the conversion of poor souls, and the glory of divine grace.

Wednefday, December 19.—Spent a great part of the day in prayer to God for the out pouring of his *fpirit* on my poor people; as alfo to blefs his name for awakening my interpreter, and fome others, and giving us fome tokens of his prefence yefterday. And bleffed be God, I had much freedom, five or fix times in the day, in prayer and praife, and felt a weighty concern upon my fpirit for the falvation of those precious fouls, and the enlargement of the Redeemer's kingdom among them. My foul hoped in God for fome fuccefs in my ministry: And bleffed be his name for fo much hope.

Friday, December 21.-Was enabled again to pray with freedom, cheerfulnefs, and hope. God was pleafed to make the duty comfortable and pleafant to me; fo that I delighted to perfevere, and repeatedly to engage in it. Towards noon, vifited my people, and fpent the whole time in the way to them in prayer, longing to fee the power of God among them, as there appeared fomething of it the laft Tuesday; and I found it fweet to rest and hope in God. Preached to them twice, and at two diffinct places : Had confiderable freedom, each time, and to had my interpreter. Several of them followed me from one place to the other : And I thought, there were fome divine influences difcernible amongst them. In the evening, was affifted in prayer again. Bleffed, bleffed be the Lord.

Lord's Day, December 30.—Difcourfed, both parts of the day, from Mark viii. 34. Whofoever will come after me, &c. God gave me very great freedom and clearnefs, and in the afternoon efpecially, confiderable warmth and fervency. In the evening alfo, had very great clearnefs while converfing with friends friends on divine things: I do not remember ever to have had more clear apprehenfions of religion in my life: But found a ftruggle, in the evening, with fpiritual pride.

[On Monday he preached again in the fame place with freedom, and fervency; and rode home to his lodging; and arrived in the evening, under a confiderable degree of bodily illnefs, which continued the two next days. And he complains much of fpiritual emptinefs and barrennefs on those days.]

Thurfday, January 3, 1744,5.—Being fenfible of the great want of divine influences, and the out pouring of God's fpirit, I fpent this day in fafling and prayer, to feek fo great a mercy for myfelf, and my poor people in particular, and for the church of God in general. In the morning, was very lifelefs in prayer, and could get fcarce any fenfe of God. Near noon, enjoyed fome fweet freedom to pray that the will of God might in every respect become mine : And I am perfuaded, it was fo at that time in fome good degree. In the afternoon, I was exceeding weak, and could not enjoy much fervency in prayer, but felt a great degree of dejection ; which, I believe, was very much owing to my bodily weaknefs and diforder.

Lord's Day, January 6.—Was ftill diftreffed with vapoury diforders. Preached to my poor Indians; but had little heart or life. Towards night, my foul was preffed under a fenfe of my unfaithfulnefs. O the joy and peace that arifes from a fenfe of baving obtained mercy of God to be faithful ! And O, the mifery and anguish that fpring from an apprehenfion of the contrary !

[His dejection continued the two next days; but not to fo great a degree on Tuefday, when he enjoyed fome freedom and fervency in preaching to the Indians.]

Wednesday,

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Wednesday, January 9 .- In the morning, God was pleafed to remove that gloom which has of late oppreffed my mind, and gave me freedom and fweetnefs in prayer. I was encouraged and ftrengthened, and enabled to plead for grace for myfelf, and mercy for my poor Indians ; and was fweetly affifted in my interceffions with God for others. Bleffed be his holy name forever and ever : Amen, and . Amen. Those things that of late have appeared most difficult and almost impossible, now appeared not only poffible, but eafy. My foul fo much delighted to continue instant in prayer, at this bleffed featon, that I had no defire for my neceffary food ; even dreaded leaving off praying at all, left I should lofe this fpirituality, and this bleffed thankfulnefs to God. which I then felt. I felt now quite willing to live, and undergo all trials that might remain for me in a. world of forrow; but still longed for heaven, that I might glorify God in a perfect manner. O come. Lord Jesus, come quickly. Spent the day in reading a little ; and in fome diversions, which I was necesfitated to take by reason of much weakness and diforder. In the evening, enjoyed fome freedom and intenseness in prayer.

[The three remaining days of the week, he was very low and feeble in body; but neverthelefs continued conftantly in the fame comfortable fweet frame of mind, as is expressed on Wednessed. On the Sabbath, this fweetness and spiritual alacrity began to abate : But still he enjoyed fome degree of comfort, and had affistance in preaching to the Indians. On Monday and Tuessed he was in a state of depresfion.]

Wednefday, and Thurfday, January 16, and 17.—I fpent most of the time in writing on a fweet divine fubject, and enjoyed fome freedom and affistance. Was likewife enabled to pray more frequently and fervently fervently than ufual; and my foul, I think, rejoiced in God; efpecially on the evening of the laft of thefe days: Praife then feemed comely, and I delighted to blefs the Lord. O what reafon have I to be thankful, that God ever helps me to labour and ftudy for him! He does but receive his own, when I am enabled in any meafure to praife him, labour for him, and live to him. O, how comfortable and fweet it is, to feel the affiftance of divine grace in the performance of the duties God has enjoined us! Blefs the Lord, O my foul.

[The fame enlargement of heart and joyful frame of foul continued through the next day. But on the day following it began to decline; which decay feems to have continued the whole of the next week; which feems to have continued the week following with an increase of dejection and melancholy. Yet he enjoyed fome feasons of special and sweet affistance.]

Lord's Day, February 3.-In the morning, I was fomewhat relieved of that gloom and confusion, that my mind has of late been greatly exercifed with : Was enabled to pray with fome composure, and comfort. But however, went to my Indians trembling ; for my foul remembered the wormwood and the gall (I might almost fay the hell) of Friday last; and I was greatly afraid I should be obliged again to drink of that cup of trembling, which was inconceivably more bitter than death, and made me long for the grave more, unfpeakably more, than for hid treasures, yea, inconceivably more than the men of this world long for fuch treafures. But God was pleased to hear my cries, and to afford me great affistance; fo that I felt peace in my own foul; and was fatisfied that if not one of the Indians fhould be profited by my preaching, but fhould all be damned, yet I should be accepted and rewarded as faithful ;

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for I am perfuaded, God enabled me to be fo. Had fome good degree of help afterwards, at another place; and much longed for the conversion of the poor Indians. Was fomewhat refreshed, and comfortable, towards night, and in the evening. O that my foul might praife the Lord for his goodness. Enjoyed fome freedom, in the evening, in meditation on Luke xiii. 24.

[In the three next days, he was the fubject of much dejection : But the three remaining days of the week feem to have been fpent with much compofure and comfort. On the next Sabbath, he preached at Greenwich, in New-Jerfey. In the evening, he rode eight miles to vifit a fick man at the point of death, and found him fpeechlefs and fenfelefs.]

Monday, February 11.-About break of day, the fick man died. I was affected at the fight : Spent the morning with the mourners; and after prayer, and fome difcourfe with them, I returned to Greenwich, and preached again from Pfal. lxxxix. 15. And the Lord gave me affiftance : I felt a fweet love to fouls, and to the kingdom of Chrft ; and longed that poor finners might know the joyful found. Several perfons were much affected. And after meeting, I was enabled to difcourfe, with freedom and concern, to fome perfons that applied to me under fpiritual trouble. Left the place fweetly composed, and rode home to my house about eight miles diftant. Difcourfed to friends, and inculcated divine truths upon fome. In the evening, was in the mofe folemn frame that almost ever I remember to have experienced : I know not that ever death appeared more real to me, or that ever I faw myfelf in the condition of a dead corpfe, laid out, and dreffed for a lodging in the filent grave, fo evidently as at this time. And yet I felt exceeding comfortably : My mind

mind was composed and calm, and death appeared without a fting. I think I never felt fuch an univerfal mortification to all created objects as now. O how great and folemn a thing it appeared to die ! O how it lays the greatest honour in the dust ! And O, how vain and trifling did the riches, honours, and pleafures of the world appear ! I could not, I dare not, fo much as think of any of them; for death, death, folemn (though not frightful) death appeared at the door. O, I could fee myfelf dead, and laid out, and inclosed in my coffin, and put down into the cold grave, with greateft folemnity, but without terror ! I fpent most of the evening, in conversing with a dear christian friend : And, bleffed be God, it was a comfortable evening to us both. What are friends? What are comforts? What are forrows? What are distreffes ? The time is short : It remains, that they which weep, be as though they wept not ; and they which rejoice, as though they rejoiced not ; for the fashion of this world passeth away. O come, Lord Jefus, come quickly : Amen. Bleffed be God for the comforts of the past day.

Tuefday, *February* 12.—Was exceeding weak ; but in a fweet refigned, composed frame, most of the day : Felt my heart freely go forth after God in prayer.

Wednefday, February 13.—Was much exercifed with vapoury diforders; but ftill enabled to maintain folemnity, and I think fpirituality.

Thurfday, February 14.—Spent the day in writing on a divine fubject: Enjoyed health, and freedom in my work: Had a folemn fenfe of death; as I have indeed had every day this week, in fome meafure: What I felt on Monday laft, has been abiding, in fome confiderable degree, ever fince.

Friday, February 15.—Was engaged in writing again almost the whole day. In the evening, was much

much affisted in meditating on that precious text, Joh. vii. 37. Jefus flood and cried, &c. I had then a fweet fenfe of the free grace of the gofpel: My foul was encouraged, warmed and quickened, and my defires drawn out after God in prayer : My foul was watchful, and afraid of lofing fo fweet a gueft as I then entertained. I continued long in prayer, and meditation, intermixing one with the other ; and was unwilling to be diverted by any thing at all from fo fweet an exercife. I longed to proclaim the grace I then meditated upon, to the world of finners. O how quick and powerful is the word of the bleffed God.

[The next day, he complains of great conflicts with corruption, and much difcomposure of mind.]

Lord's Day, February 17.-Preached to the white people (my interpreter being abfent) in the wildernefs, upon the funny fide of a hill. Had a confiderable affembly, confifting of people that lived (at leaft many of them) not lefs than thirty miles afunder : fome of them came near twenty miles. I difcourfed to them, all day, from Joh. vii. 37. Jefus flood and cried, faying, If any man thirft, &c. In the afternoon, it pleafed God to grant me great freedom and fervency in my difcourfe; and I was enabled to imitate the example of Chrift in the text, who flood and cried. I think I was fcarce ever enabled to offer the free grace of God to perifhing finners with more freedom and plainnefs in my life. And afterwards, I was enabled earneftly to invite the children of God to come renewedly, and drink of this fountain of water of life, from whence they have heretofore derived unspeakable satisfaction. It was a very comfortable time to me : There were many tears in the affembly; and I doubt not but that the Spirit of God was there, convincing poor finners of their need of Chrift. In the evening, I felt composed, and comfortable.

fortable, though much tired: I had fome fweet fenfe of the excellency and glory of God; and my foul rejoiced, that he was God over all bleffed forever; but was too much crowded with company and converfation, and longed to be more alone with God. O that I could forever blefs God for the mercy of this day, who anfwered me in the joy of my beart.

[The reft of this week feems to have been fpent under a decay of this life and joy, and in diffreffing conflicts with corruption; but not without fome feafons of refreshment and comfort.]

Lord's Day, February 24.-In the morning, was much perplexed : My interpreter being abfent, I knew not how to perform my work among the Indians. However, I rode to the Indians, got a Dutchman to interpret for me, though he was but poorly qualified for the bufinefs. Afterwards, I came and preached to a few white people from Joh. vi. 67. Here the Lord feemed to unburden me in fome meafure; especially towards the close of my difcourse: I felt freedom to open the love of Christ to his own dear disciples : When the rest of the world forfakes him, and are forfaken by him, that he calls them no more, he then turns to his own, and fays, Will ye allo go away ? I had a fenfe of the free grace of Chrift to his own people, in fuch feafons of general apoftafy, and when they themfelves in fome measure backflide with the world. O the free grace of Chrift, that he feafonably minds his people of their danger of backfliding, and invites them to perfevere in their adherence to himfelf ! I faw that backfliding fouls, who feemed to be about to go away with the world, might return, and welcome, to him immediately; without any thing to recommend them; notwithflanding all their former backflidings. And thus my discourse was fuited to my own soul's cafe : For, of late, I have found a great want of this fenfe and apprehension

apprehenfion of divine grace; and have often been greatly diffreffed in my own foul, becaufe I did not fuitably apprehend this *fountain opened to purge away fin*; and fo have been too much labouring for fpiritual life, peace of confcience, and progreflive holinefs, in my own ftrength: But now God fhewed me, in fome meafure, the arm of all ftrength, and the fountain of all grace. In the evening, I felt folemn, devout, and fweet, refting on free grace for affiftance, acceptance, and peace of confcience.

[Within the fpace of the next nine days, he had frequent refreshing, invigorating influences of God's spirit; attended with complaint of dulness, and with longings after spiritual life and holy fervency.]

Wednesday, March 6 .- Spent most of the day in preparing for a journey to New-England. Spent fome time in prayer, with a fpecial reference to my intended journey. Was afraid I should forfake the fountain of living waters, and attempt to derive fatisfaction from broken cifterns, my dear friends and acquaintance, with whom I might meet in my journey. I looked to God to keep me from this vanity in fpe-cial, as well as others. Towards night, and in the evening, was visited by fome friends, fome of whom, I truft, were real chriftians; who difcovered an affectionate regard to me, and feemed grieved that I was about to leave them; especially seeing I did not expect to make any confiderable flay among them, if I should live to return from New-England*. O how kind has God been to me ! How has he raifed up friends in every place, where his providence has called me! Friends are a great comfort ; and it is God that gives them ; it is he makes them friendly to me. Blefs the Lord, O my fou!, and forget not all his benefits.

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* It feems he had a defign, by what afterwards appears, to remove and live among the Indians at Sufquehannah liver,

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[The next day, he fet out on his journey; and it was about five weeks before he returned. The fpecial defign of this journey, he himfelf declares afterwards, in his Diary for March 21. Where, fpeaking of his converfing with a certain minister in New-England, he fays thus, Contrived with him how to raife fome money among chriftian friends, in order to fupport a colleague with me in the wildernefs, (I having now fpent two years in a very folitary manner) that we might be together ; as Chrift fent out his difciples, two and two : And as this was the principal concern I had in view, in taking this journey, fo I took pains in it, and hope God will fuc-ceed it if for his glory. He first went into various parts of New-Jerfey, and vifited feveral ministers there : And then went to New-York ; and from thence into New-England, going to various parts of Connecticut : And then returned into New-Jerfey. He met a number of ministers at Woodbridge, who (he fays) met there to confult about the affairs of Chrift's kingdom, in fome important articles. He feems, for the most part, to have been free from melancholy in this journey; and many times to have had extraordinary affiftance in publick ministrations, and his preaching fometimes attended with very hopeful appearances of a good effect on the auditory. He alfo had many feafons of fpecial comfort and fpiritual refreshment, in conversation with minifters and other christian friends, and also in meditation and prayer by himfelf alone.]

Saturday, April 13.—Rode home to my own houfe at the Forks of Delaware : Was enabled to remember the goodnefs of the Lord, who has now preferved me while riding full fix hundred miles in this journey; has kept me that none of my bones have been broken. Bleffed be the Lord, who has preferved me in this tedious journey, and returned me in fafety to

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my own houfe. Verily it is God that has upheld me, and guarded my goings.

Lord's Day, April 14.—Was difordered in body with the fatigues of my late journey; but was enabled however to preach to a confiderable affembly of white people, gathered from all parts round about, with fome freedom, from Ezek. xxxiii. 11. As I live, faith the Lord God, &c. had much more affiftance than I expected.

[This week, he went a journey to Philadelphia,' in order to engage the governour there to use his intereft with the chief man of the Six Nations, (with whom he maintained a ftrict friendship) that he would give him leave to live at Susquehannah, and instruct the Indians that are within their territories. In his way to and from thence, he lodged with Mr. Beaty, a young Presbyterian minister. He speaks of feasons of sweet spiritual refreshment, that he enjoyed at his lodgings.]

Saturday, April 20.—Rode with Mr. Beaty to Abington, to attend Mr. Treat's administration of the facrament, according to the method of the church of Scotland. When we arrived, we found Mr. Treat preaching : Afterwards I preached a fermon from Matth. v. 3. Bleffed are the poor in fpirit, &c. God was pleafed to give me great freedom and tendernefs, both in prayer and fermon : The affembly was fweetly melted, and fcores were all in tears. It was, as I then hoped and was afterwards abundantly fatisfied by conversing with them, a word fpoken in feason, to many weary fouls. I was extremely tired, and my fpirits much exhausted, fothat I could fcarcely fpeak loud ; yet I could not help rejoicing in God.

Lord's Day, April 21.—In the morning, was calm and composed, and had fome outgoings of foul after God in fecret duties, and longing defires of his prefence in the fanctuary and at his table ; that his pref-

ence might be in the affembly ; and that his children might be entertained with a feast of fat things. In the forenoon, Mr. Treat preached. I felt fome affection and tenderness in the seafon of the administration of the ordinance. Mr. Beaty preached to the multitude abroad, who could not half have crowded into the meeting houfe. In the feafon of the communion, I had comfortable and fweet apprehenfions of the blifsful communion of God's people, when they shall meet at their father's table in his kingdom, in a flate of perfection. In the afternoon, I preached abroad to the whole affembly, from Rev. xiv. 4. Thefe are they that follow the Lamb, &c. God was pleafed again to give me very great freedom and clearnefs, but not fo much warmth as before. However, there was a most amazing attention in the whole affembly; and, as I was informed afterwards, this was a fweet feafon to many.

Monday, April 22.—I enjoyed fome fweetnefs in retirement, in the morning. At eleven o'clock Mr. Beaty preached, with freedom and life. Then I preached from Joh. vii. 37. and concluded the folemnity. Had fome freedom; but not equal to what I had enjoyed before : Yet in the prayer, the Lord enabled me to cry (I hope) with a child like temper, with tendernefs, and brokennefs of heart. Came home with Mr. Beaty to his lodgings; and fpent the time, while riding, and afterwards, very agreeably on divine things.

Tuesday, April 23.—Left Mr. Beaty's, and returned home to the Forks of Delaware: Enjoyed fome fweet meditations, on the road, and was enabled to lift up my heart to God in prayer and praise.

[The two next days, he fpeaks of much bodily diforder, but of fome degrees of fpiritual affiftance and freedom.]

Friday,

Friday, April 26.-Conversed with a christian friend with fome warmth ; and felt a fpirit of mortification to the world, in a very great degree. Afterwards, was enabled to pray fervently and to rely on God fweetly, for all things pertaining to life and godlinefs. Just in the evening, was visited by a dear chriftian friend, with whom I fpent an hour or two in conversation, on the very soul of religion. There are many with whom I can talk about religion : But alas, I find few with whom I can talk religion itfelf: But, bleffed be the Lord, there are fome that love to feed on the kernel, rather than the shell.

[The next day he went to the Irish fettlement, often before mentioned, about fifteen miles distant ; where he fpent the Sabbath, and preached with fome confiderable affiftance. On Monday, he returned, in a very weak state, to his own lodgings.]

Tuesday, April 30 .- Was fcarce able to walk about, and was obliged to betake myfelf to the bed, much of the day; and spent away the time in a very folitary manner; being neither able to read, meditate, nor pray, and had none to converse with in that wildernefs. O, how heavily does time pafs away, when I can do nothing to any good purpofe ; but feem obliged to trifie away precious time ! But of late, I have feen it my duty to divert myfelf by all lawful means, that I may be fit, at least fome finall part of my time, to labour for God. And here is the difference between my prefent diversions, and those I once purfued, when in a natural state. Then I made a god of diversions, delighted in them with a neglect of God, and drew my highest fatisfaction from them : Now I use them as means to help me in living to God ; fixedly delighting in him, and not in them, drawing my highest fatisfaction from him. Then they were my all ; now they are only means leading to my all. And those things that are the M_3

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greateft diversion, when pursued with this view, do not tend to hinder; but promote my spirituality; and I fee now, more than ever, that they are absolutely neceffary.

Wednefday, May 1.—Was not able to fit up more than half the day; and yet had fuch recruits of firength fometimes, that I was able to write a little on a divine fubject. Was grieved that I could no more live to God. In the evening, had fome fweetnefs and intenfenefs in fecret prayer.

Thurfday, May 2.—In the evening, being a little better in health, I walked into the woods, and enjoyed a fweet feafon of meditation and prayer. My thoughts run upon Pfal. xvii. 15. I *fhall be fatisfied*, when I awake with thy likenefs. And it was indeed a precious text to me. I longed to preach to the whole world : And it feemed to me, they muft needs all be melted in hearing fuch precious divine truths, as I had then a view and relifh of. My thoughts were exceeding clear, and my foul was refrefhed. Bleffed be the Lord, that in my late and prefent weaknefs, now for many days together, my mind is not gloomy, as at fome other times.

Friday, May 3.—Felt a little vigour of body and mind, in the morning : Had fome freedom, ftrength, and fweetnefs in prayer. Rode to and fpent fome time with my Indians. In the evening, again retiring into the woods, I enjoyed fome fweet meditations on Ifai. liii. 10. Yet it pleafed the Lord to bruife bim, &c.

[The three next days were fpent in much weaknefs of body : But yet he enjoyed fome affiftance in publick and private duties : And feems to have remained free from melancholy.]

Tuefday, *May* 7.—Spent the day mainly in making preparation for a journey into the wildernefs. Was ftill weak, and concerned how I should perform

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fo difficult a journey. Spent fome time in prayer for the divine bleffing, direction and protection in my intended journey; but wanted bodily ftrength to fpend the day in fafting and prayer.

The next day, he fet out on his journey to Sulquehannah, with his interpreter. He endured great hardfhips and fatigues in his way thither through a hideous wildernels; where, after having lodged one night in the open woods, he was overtaken with a northeafterly ftorm, in which he was almost ready to perifh. Having no manner of shelter, and not being able to make a fire in fo great a rain, he could have no comfort if he ftopped ; therefore determined to go forward, in hopes of meeting with fome shelter, without which he thought it impoffible he fhould live the night through : But their horfes happening to have eat poifon for want of other food, at a place where they lodged the night before, were fo fick that they could neither ride nor lead them, but were obliged to drive them before them, and travel on foot; until, through the mercy of God, just at dusk, they came to a bark hut, where they lodged that night. After he came to Sufguehannah, he travelled about the length of an hundred miles on the river, and vifited many towns and fettlements of the Indians ; faw fome of feven or eight diffinct tribes ; and preached to different nations, by different interpreters. He was fometimes much difcouraged, and funk in his fpirits, through the opposition that appeared in the Indians to chriftianity. Atother times, he was encouraged by the difpolition that fome of these people manifested to hear, and willingness to be instructed. He here met with fome that had formerly been his hearers at Kaunaumeek, and had removed hither; who faw and heard him again with great joy. He fpent a fortnight among the Indians on this river ; and paffed through confiderable la-M4 bours

bours and hardships, frequently lodging on the ground, and fometimes in the open air; and at length he fell extremely ill, as he was riding in the wildernefs, being feized with an ague, followed with a burning fever, and extreme pains in his head and bowels, attended with a great evacuation of blood ; fo that he thought he must have perished in the wildernefs : But at last coming to an Indian trader's hut, he got leave to ftay there; and though without phyfick or food proper for him, it pleafed God, after about a week's diftrefs, to relieve him fo. far that he was able to ride. He returned homewards from Juncauta, an Ifland far down the river ; where was a confiderable number of Indians, who appeared more free from prejudices against christianity than most of the other Indians. He arrived at the Forks of Delaware on Thursday, May 30, after having rode in this journey about three hundredand forty miles. He came home in a very weak state, and under dejection of mind; which was a - However, on the Sabbath, after having preached to the Indians, he preached to the white people; with fome fuccels, from Ifai. liii. 10. Yet it pleafed the Lord to bruife him, &c. fome being awakened by his preaching. The next day, he was much exercifed for want of fpiritual life and fervency.]

Tuefday, June 4.—Towards evening was in diftrefs for God's prefence and a fenfe of divine things: Withdrew myfelf to the woods, and fpent near an hour in prayer and meditation; and I think the Lord had compaffion on me, and gave me fome fenfe of divine things; which was indeed refrefhing and quickening to me: My foul enjoyed intenfenefs and freedom in prayer, fo that it grieved me to leave the place.

Wednesday,

Wednesday, June 5 .- Felt thirfting desires after God, in the morning. In the evening enjoyed a precious feason of retirement : Was favoured with some clear and fweet meditations upon a facred text: Divine things opened with clearnefs and certainty, and had a divine ftamp upon them. My foul was alfo enlarged and refreshed in prayer; and I delighted to continue in the duty ; and was fweetly affifted in praying for fellow christians, and my dear brethren in the ministry. Bleffed be the dear Lord for fuch enjoyments. O how fweet and precious it is, to have a clear apprehenfion and tender fenfe of the mystery of godline/s, of true holinefs, and likenefs to the beft of beings ! O what a bleffednefs it is, to be as much like God as it is poffible for a creature to be like his great Creator ! Lord give me more of thy likenels: I shall be fatisfied, when I awake with it.

Thurfday, June 6.—Was engaged a confiderable part of the day, in meditation and fludy on divine fubjects. Enjoyed fome fpecial freedom, clearnefs, and fweetnefs in meditation. O how refreshing it is, to be enabled to improve time well!

[The next day he went a journey of near fifty miles, to Nefhaming, to affift at a facramental occafion, to be attended at Mr. Beaty's meeting house; being invited thither by him and his people.]

Saturday, June 8.—Was exceeding weak and fatigued with riding in the heat yefterday: But being defired, I preached in the afternoon, to a crowded audience, from Ifai. xl. 1. Comfort ye, comfort ye my people, faith your God. God was pleafed to give me great freedom, in opening the forrows of God's people, and in fetting before them comforting confiderations. And bleffed be the Lord, it was a fweet melting feafon in the affembly.

Lord's Day, June 9.-Felt fome longing defires of the prefence of God to be with his people on the fol-" emn occasion of the day. In the forenoon Mr. Beaty preached ; and there appeared fome warmth in the affembly. Afterwards I affifted in the administration of the Lord's Supper : And towards the clofe, of it, I difcourfed to the multitude extempore, with fome reference to that facred paffage, Ifai. liii. 10. Yet it pleased the Lord to bruise him. Here God gave me great affistance in addreffing finners : And the word was attended with amazing power; many fcores, if not hundreds, in that great affembly, confifting of three or four thoufand, were much affected ; fo that there was a very great mourning, like the mourning of Hadadrimmon. In the evening I could hardly look any body in the face, becaufe of the imperfections I faw in my performances in the day past.

Monday, June 10.—Preached with a good degree of clearnels and with fome fweet warmth, from Pfal. xvii. 15. I fhall be fatisfied, when I awake with thy likenefs. And bleffed be God, there was a great folemnity and attention in the affembly, and fweet refreshment among God's people; as was evident then and afterwards.

Tuefday, June 11.—Spent the day mainly in converfation with dear chriftian friends; and enjoyed fome fweet fenfe of divine things. O how defirable it is, to keep company with God's dear children! Thefe are the excellent ones of the earth, in whom, I can truly fay, is all my delight. O what delight will it afford, to meet them all in a flate of perfection ! Lord, prepare me for that flate.

[The next day he left Mr. Beaty's, and went to Maidenhead in New-Jerfey; and fpent the next feven days in a comfortable ftate of mind, vifiting feveral minifters in those parts.]

Tuesday,

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Tuefday, June 18.—Set out from New-Brunfwick with a defign to vifit fome Indians at a place called Crofweekfung in New-Jerfey, towards the fea. In the afternoon, came to a place called Cranberry, and meeting with a ferious minister, Mr. M'Night, I lodged there with him. Had fome enlargement and freedom in prayer with a number of people.

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PART VII.

From his first beginning to preach to the Indians at CROSWEEKSUNG, until he returned from his last journey to SUSQUEHANNAH ill with the confumption, whereof he died.

EXTE are now come to that part of Mr Brainerd's life wherein he had his greatest fuccefs, in his labours for the good of fouls, and in his particular business as a Miffionary to the Indians. An account of which, if here published, would doubtles be very entertaining to the reader, after he has feen by the preceding parts of this account of his life, how great and long continued his defires for the fpiritual good of this fort of people were, how he prayed, laboured and wreftled, and how much he denied himfelf and fuffered, to this end. After all Mr. Brainerd's agonizing in prayer, and travelling in birth, for the conversion of Indians, and all the interchanges of his raifed hopes and expectations, and then difappointments and difcouragements; and after waiting in a way of perfevering prayer, labour and fuffering, as it were through a long night, at length the day dawns : Weeping continues for a night, but joy comes in the morning. He went forth weeping, bearing precious sced, and now he comes with rejoicing, bringing his sheaves with him. The defired event is brought to pass at last; but at a time, in a place, and upon fubjects, that fcarce ever entered into his heart. An account of the whole fcene the reader will find in the annexed journal.]

Wednesday,

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Wednefday, June 19, 1745.—Rode to the Indians at Crofweekfung: Found few at home; difcourfed to them however; and obferved them very ferious and attentive. At night I was extremely worn out, and fcarce able to walk or fit up. O how tirefome is earth! How dull the body!

Friday, June 21.—Rode to Freehold, to fee Mr. William Tennent; and fpent the day comfortably with him. My finking fpirits were a little raifed and encouraged; and I felt my foul breathing after God, in the midft of chriftian converfation. And in the evening was refreshed in fecret prayer: Saw myfelf a poor worthless creature, without wisdom to direct or strength to help myfelf. O bleffed be God, that lays me under a happy, a bleffed neceffity of living upon himfelf!

[In the five next days is nothing remarkable in] his diary, but what is in his publick journal.]

Thursday, June 27.—My foul rejoiced to find that God enabled me to be faithful, and that he was pleased to awaken these poor Indians by my means. O how heart reviving, and foul refreshing is it to me to see the fruit of my labours !

Friday, June 28.—In the evening my foul was revived and my heart lifted up to God in prayer, for my poor Indians, myfelf and friends, and the dear church of God. And O how refreshing, how sweet was this ! Bless the Lord, O my foul, and forget not his goodness and tender mercy.

Saturday, June 29.—Preached twice to the Indians; and could not but wonder at their ferioufnefs, and the ftrictnefs of their attention. Bleffed be God that has inclined their hearts to hear. And O how refrefhing it is to me, to fee them attend with fuch uncommon diligence and affection, with tears in their eyes, and concern in their hearts ! In the evening could not but lift up my heart to God in prayer,

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while riding to my lodgings : And bleffed be his name, had affiftance and freedom. O how much better than life is the prefence of God !

[His Diary gives an account of nothing remarkable on the two next days, befides what is in his publick journal; excepting his heart's being lifted up with thankfulnefs, rejoicing in God, &c.]

Tuefday, July 2.—Rode from the Indians to Brunfwick, near forty miles, and lodged there. Felt my heart drawn out after God in prayer, almost all the forenoon; efpecially while riding. And in the evening could not help crying to God for those poor Indians; and after I went to bed, my heart continued to go out to God for them, until I dropped asleep. O bleffed be God that I may pray !

[He was fo beat out by conftant preaching to thefe Indians, yielding to their earnest and importunate defires, that he found it neceffary to give himfelf fome relaxation. He spent, therefore, about a week in New-Jerfey, after he left these Indians, visiting feveral ministers, and performing fome neceffary bufinefs, before he went to the Forks of Delaware. And though he was very weak in body, yet he feems to have been ftrong in spirit. On Friday, July 12, he arrived at his own house in the Forks of Delaware ; continuing still free from melancholy ; from day to day, enjoying freedom, affistance and refreshment in the inner man. But on Wednefday. the next week, he feems to have had fome melancholy thoughts about his doing fo little for God ; being fo much hindered by weaknefs of body.]

Thurfday, July 18.—Longed to fpend the little inch of time I have in the world more for God. Felt a fpirit of ferioufnefs, tendernefs, fweetnefs, and devotion, and wifhed to fpend the whole night in prayer and communion with God.

Friday.

Friday, July 19.—In the evening, walked abroad for prayer and meditation, and enjoyed composure and freedom in these fweet exercises; especially in meditation on Rev. iii. 12. Him that overcometh, will I make a pillar in the temple of my God, &c. This was then a delightful theme to me, and it refreshed my foul to dwell upon it. O, when shall I go no more out from the fervice and enjoyment of the dear Lord? Lord, hasten the blessed day.

[Within the fpace of the next fix days, he fpeaks of much inward refreshment and enlargement from time to time.]

Friday, July 26 .- In the evening, God was pleafed to help me in prayer, beyond what I have experienced for fome time; especially my foul was drawn out for the enlargement of Chrift's kingdom, and for the conversion of my poor people; and my foul relied on God for the accomplishment of that great work. O, how fweet were the thoughts of death to me at this time ! O, how I longed to be with Chrift, to be employed in the glorious work of angels, and with an angel's freedom, vigour and delight ! And yet how willing was I to ftay a while on earth, that I might do fomething, if the Lord pleafed, for his intereft in the world ! My foul, my very foul, longed for the ingathering of the poor heathen; and I cried to God for them most willingly and heartily; and yet because I could not but cry. This was a fweet feafon ; for I had fome lively tafte of heaven, and a temper of mind fuited in fome measure to the employments and entertainments of it. My foul was grieved to leave the place ; but my body was weak and worn out, and it was near nine o'clock. O, I longed that the remaining part of my life might be filled up with more fervency and activity in the things of God ! O, the inward peace, compofure, and God like ferenity of fuch a frame ! Heaven

Heaven must needs differ from this only in degree, and not in kind. Lord ever give me this bread of life.

[Much of this frame feemed to continue the next day.]

Lord's Day, July 28.—In the evening my foul was melted, and my heart broken, with a fense of past barrenness and deadness : And O, how I then longed to live to God, and bring forth much fruit to his glory !

Monday, July 29.—Was much exercised with a fense of vileness, with guilt and thame before God.

[On Wednefday, July 31, he fet out on his return to Crofweekfung, and arrived there the next day. In his way thither, he had longing defires that he might come to the Indians there, in the fulnefs of the bleffing of the gofpel of Chrift; attended with a fenfe of his own great weaknefs, dependence and worthleffnefs.]

Friday, August 2 .- In the evening I retired, and my foul was drawn out in prayer to God ; especially for my poor people, to whom I had fent word that they might gather together, that I might preach to them the next day. I was much enlarged in praying for their faving conversion ; and scarce ever found my defires of any thing of this nature fo fenfibly and clearly (to my own fatisfaction) difinterefted, and free from felfish views. It feemed to me, I had no care, or hardly any defire to be the inftrument of fo glorious a work, as I withed and prayed for among the Indians : If the bleffed work might be accomplifhed to the honour of God, and the enlargement of the dear Redeemer's kingdom, this was all my defire and care; and for this mercy I hoped, but with trembling; for I felt what Job expresses, chapter ix. 16. My rifing hopes, refpecting the conversion of the Indians, have been so often dashed, that my fpirit is as it were broken, and courage wafted, and I hardly dare hope.

[Concerning

[Concerning his labours and marvellous fuccefs amongft the Indians, for the following fixteen days, let the reader fee his Journal. The things worthy of note in his Diary, not there published, are his earneft and importunate prayers for the Indians, and the *travail of his foul* for them from day to day ; and his great refreshment and joy in beholding the wonderful mercy of God, and the glorious manifestations of his power and grace in his work among them ; and his ardent thankfgivings to God ; his heart's rejoicing in Chrift, as king of his church, and king of his foul, in particular at the facrament of the Lord's fupper, at Mr. M'Night's meeting house ; a fense of his own exceeding unworthines; which fometimes was attended with dejection and melancholy.]

Monday, August 19.—Near noon I rode to Freehold and preached to a confiderable affembly, from Matth. v. 3. It pleafed God to leave me to be very dry and barren; fo that I do not remember to have been fo ftraitened for a whole twelve month paft. God is juft, and he has made my foul acquiefce in his will in this regard. It is contrary to *flesh and* blood to be cut off from all freedom, in a large auditory, where their expectations are much raifed; but fo it was with me: And God helped me to fay Amen to it; Good is the will of the Lord. In the evening I felt quiet and composed, and had freedom and comfort in fecret prayer.

Tuefday, *August* 20.—Was composed and comfortable, still in a refigned frame. Travelled from Mr. Tennent's in Freehold, to Elizabeth-Town. Was refreshed to see friends, and relate to them what God had done, and was still doing among my poor people.

Wednefday, August 21.—Spent the forenoon in conversation with Mr. Dickinson, contriving something for the settlement of the Indians together in a

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body, that they might be under better advantages for inftruction. In the afternoon, fpent time agreeably with other friends; wrote to my brother at college: But was grieved that time flid away, while I did fo little for God.

Friday, August 23.—In the morning was very weak; but favoured with fome freedom and fweetnefs in prayer : Was composed and comfortable in mind. After noon rode to Crofweek fung to my poor people.

Saturday, August 24.—Had composure and peace, while riding from the Indians to my lodgings: Was enabled to pour out my foul to God for dear friends in New-England. Felt a fweet tender frame of fpirit: My foul was composed and refreshed in God. Had likewise freedom and earnestness in praying for my dear people: Blessed be God. O the peace of God that passet all understanding. It is impossible to defcribe the fweet peace of confcience, and tenderness of foul, I then enjoyed. O the blessed foretastes of heaven !

Lord's Day, August 25.—I rode to my lodgings in the evening, bleffing the Lord for his gracious visitation of the Indians, and the foul refreshing things I had seen the day past amongst them, and praying that God would still carry on his divine work among them.

Monday, August 26.—I went from the Indians to my lodgings, rejoicing for the goodness of God to my poor people; and enjoyed freedom of foul in prayer, and other duties, in the evening. Bless the Lord, O my foul.

[The next day he fet out on a journey towards the Forks of Delaware, defigning to go from thence to Sufquehannah, before he returned to Crofweekfung. It was five days from his departure from Crofweekfung before he reached the Forks, going round by the way of Philadelphia, and waiting on the govern-

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our of Pennfylvania, to get a recommendation from him to the chiefs of the Indians; which he obtained. He fpeaks of much comfort and fpiritual refreshment in this journey; and also a sense of his exceeding unworthines, thinking himself the meanest creature that ever lived.]

Lord's Day; September 1.—[At the Forks of Delaware.] God gave me the fpirit of prayer, and it was a bleffed feafon in that refpect. My foul cried to God for mercy, in an affectionate manner. In the evening alfo my foul rejoiced in God.

[His private Diary has nothing remarkable, for the two next days, but what is in his Journal.]

Wednefday, September 4.—Rode fifteen miles to an Irifh fettlement, and preached there from Luke xiv. 22. And yet there is room. God was pleafed to afford me fome tendernefs and enlargement in the first prayer, and much freedom, as well as warmth, in fermon. There were many tears in the affembly : The people of God feemed to melt, and others to be in fome measure awakened. Bleffed be the Lord, that lets me fee his work going on in one place and another.

Lord's Day, September 8.—In the evening God was pleafed to enlarge me in prayer, and give me freedom at the throne of grace : I cried to God for the enlargement of his kingdom in the world, and in particular among my dear people ; was alfo enabled to pray for many dear minifters of my acquaintance, both in thefe parts, and in New-England ; and alfo for other dear friends in New-England. And my foul was fo engaged and enlarged in that fweet exercife, that I fpent near an hour in it, and knew not how to leave the mercy feat. O, how I delighted to pray and cry to God ! I faw God was both" able and willing to do all that I defired, for myfelf and friends, and his church in general. I was likewife much enlarged and affifted in family prayer;

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And afterwards, when I was just going to bed, God helped me to renew my petitions with ardency and freedom. O, it was to me a bleffed evening of prayer. Blefs the Lord, O my foul.

[The next day he fet out from the Forks of Delaware to go to Sufquehannah. And on the fifth day of his journey, he arrived at Shaumoking, a large Indian town on Sufquehannah river. He performed the journey under a confiderable degree of melancholy, occafioned at first by his hearing that the Moravians were gone before him to the Sufquehannah Indians.]

Saturday, September 14.-[At Shaumoking.] In the evening my foul was enlarged and fweetly engaged in prayer ; especially that God would set up his kingdom in this place, where the devil now reigns in the most eminent manner. And I was enabled to ask this for God, for his glory, and because I longed for the enlargement of his kingdom, to the honour of his dear name. I could appeal to God with the greatest freedom, that he knew it was his dear caufe, and not my own, that engaged my heart : And my foul cried, Lord, fet up thy kingdom, for thine own glory. Glorify thyfelf; and I shall rejoice. Get honour to thy bleffed name; and this is all I defire. Do with me just what thou wilt. Bleffed be thy name forever, that thou art God, and that thou wilt glorify thyfelf. O that the whole world might glorify thee. O let these poor people be brought to know thee, and love thee, for the glory of thy dear ever bleffed name. I could not but hope that God would bring in thefe miferable wicked Indians : though there appeared little human probability of it, for they were then dancing and revelling, as if poffeffed by the devil. But yet I hoped, though against hope, that God would be glorified, and that God's name would be glorified by thefe poor Indi-

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ans. I continued long in prayer and praife to God 3 and had great freedom, enlargement and fweetnefs, remembering dear friends in New-England, as well as the people of my charge. Was entirely free from that dejection of fpirit, with which I am frequently exercifed : Bleffed be God.

[His Diary, from this time through feveral days, is not legible, by reafon of the badness of the ink.]

Wednefday, September 25.—Rode ftill homeward. In the forenoon enjoyed freedom and intenfenefs of mind in meditation on Job xlii. 5. 6. I have heard of thee by the hearing of the ear; but now mine eye feeth thee : Wherefore I abhor myfelf, and repent in dust and ashes. The Lord gave me clearnefs to penetrate into the fweet truths contained in that text. It was a comfortable and fweet feafon to me.

Eriday, September 27.—Spent confiderable time. in the morning, in prayer and praife to God. My mind was fomewhat intenfe in the duty; and my heart in fome degree warmed with a fenfe of divine things. My foul was melted, to think, that God had accounted me faithful, putting me into the ministry. notwithstanding all my barrennefs and deadnefs. My foul was also in fome measure enlarged in prayer for the dear people of my charge, as well as for other dear friends. In the afternoon vifited fome chriftian friends, and fpent the time, I think, profitably : My heart was warmed, and more engaged in the things of God. In the evening I enjoyed enlargement, warmth, and comfort in prayer : My foul relied on God for affistance and grace to enable me to do fomething in his caufe : My heart was drawn out in thankfulnefs to God for what he had done for his own glory among my poor people of late : And I felt encouraged to proceed in his work, being perfuaded of his power, and hoping bis arm might be further revealed, for the enlargement of his

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dear kingdom : And my foul rejoiced in hope of the glory of God, in hope of the advancement of his declarative glory in the world, as well as of enjoying him in a world of glory. O, bleffed be God, the living God, forever!

[He continued in this comfortable fweet frame of mind the two next days. On the day following he went to his own houfe, in the Forks of Delaware, and continued ftill in the fame frame. The next day, which was Tuefday, he vifited his Indians. Wednefday he fpent moftly in writing the meditations he had had in his late journey to Sufquehannah. On Thurfday he left the Forks of Delaware, and travelled towards Crofweekfung, where he arrived on Saturday (October 5) and continued from day to day in a comfortable ftate of mind. There is nothing material in his Diary for this day and the next, but what is in his Journal.]

Monday, October 7.—Being called by the church and people of Eaft-Hampton, on Long-Ifland, as a member of a council, to affift and advife in affairs of difficulty in that church, I fet out on my journey this morning, before it was well light, and travelled to Elizabeth-Town, and there lodged. Enjoyed fome comfort on the road, in conversation with Mr. William Tennent, who was fent for on the same bufinefs.

[He profecuted his journey with the other minifters that were fent for; and did not return until October 24. While he was at Eaft-Hampton, the importance of the bufinefs that the council were come upon, lay with fuch weight on his mind, and he was fo concerned for the intereft of religion in that place, that he flept but little for feveral nights fucceffively. In his way to and from Eaft-Hampton, he had feveral feafons of fweet refrefhment, wherein his foul was enlarged and comforted with divine confolations,

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in fecret retirement; and he had fpecial affiftance in publick ministerial performances in the house of God; and yet, at the fame time, a sense of extreme vileness and unprofitableness.]

Monday, October 28.—Had an evening of fweet refreshing; my thoughts were raised to a bleffed eternity; my foul was melted with defires of perfect holines, and perfectly glorifying God.

Tuefday, October 29.—About noon rode and viewed the Indian lands at Cranberry: Was much dejected, and greatly perplexed in mind: Knew not how to fee any body again, my foul was fo funkwithin me. O that thefe trials might make me more humble and holy. O that God would keep me from giving way to finful dejection, which may hinder my ufefulnefs.

Wednefday, October 30.—My foul was refreshed with a view of the continuance of God's bleffed work among the Indians.

Thurfday, October 31.—Spent most of the day in writing : Enjoyed not much spiritual comfort ; but was not so much funk with melancholy as at some other times.

[November 1, 2, 3, and 4.—See the Journal.]

[Tueiday, November 5, he left the Indians, and fpent the remaining part of this week in travelling to various parts of New-Jerfey, in order to get a collection for the ufe of the Indians, and to obtain a fchoolmafter to inftruct them. And in the mean time, he fpeaks of very fweet refreshment and entertainment with christian friends, and of his being fweetly employed, while riding, in meditation on divine fubjects ; his heart's being enlarged, his mind clear, his fpirit refreshed with divine truths, and his beart's burning within him, while he went by the way, and the Lord opened to him the fcriptures.]

Lord's

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Lord's Day, November 10.—[At Elizabeth-Town.] Was comfortable in the morning, both in body and mind; preached in the forenoon from 2 Cor. v. 20. God was pleafed to give me freedom and fervency in my difcourfe; and the prefence of God feemed to be in the affembly: Numbers were affected, and there were many tears among them. In the afternoon, preached from Luke xiv. 22. And yet there is room. Was favoured with divine affiftance in the first prayer, and poured out my foul to God with a filial temper of mind; the living God alfo affisted me in fermon.

[The next day, he went to New-Town, on Long-Ifland, to a meeting of the Prefbytery. He fpeaks of fome fweet meditations he had while there, on *Chrift's delivering up the kingdom to the Father*, and of his foul's being much refreshed and warmed with the confideration of that blifsful day.]

Friday, November 15.—Could not crofs the ferry by reafon of the violence of the wind; nor could I enjoy any place of retirement at the ferry houfe: So that I was in perplexity. Yet God gave me fome fatisfaction and fweetnefs in meditation, and lifting up my heart to God in the midft of company. And although fome were drinking and talking profanely, which was indeed a grief to me, yet my mind was calm and compofed. And I could not but blefs God, that I was not like to fpend an eternity in fuch company. In the evening, I fat down and wrote with compofure and freedom; and can fay through pure grace it was a comfortable evening to my foul, an evening I was enabled to fpend in the fervice of God.

Saturday, November 16.—Croffed the ferry about ten o'clock ; arrived at Elizabeth-Town near night. Was in a calm composed frame of mind, and felt an entire refignation with respect to a loss I had late-

ly fuftained, in having my horfe ftolen from me the laft Wednefday night, at New-Town. Had fome longings of foul for the dear people of Elizabeth-Town, that God would pour out his fpirit upon them, and revive his work amongft them.

[He fpent the four next days at Elizabeth-Town; for the most part, in a free and comfortable state of mind, intensfely engaged in the fervice of God, and enjoying at some times, the special affistances of his Spirit. On Thursday, this week, he rode to Freehold, and spent the day under confiderable dejection.]

Friday, November 22.—Rode to Mr. Tennent's, and from thence to Crofweekfung. Had little freedom in meditation, while riding; which was a grief and burden to my foul. O that I could fill up all my time, whether in the houfe or by the way, for God! I was enabled, I think, this day, to give up my foul to God, and put over all my concerns into his hands; and found fome real confolation in the thought of being entirely at the divine difpofal, and having no will or intereft of my own.

[There is nothing very material in his Diary for the five next days, but what is also in his Journal.]

Thurfday, November 28.—I enjoyed fome divine comfort, and fervency in the publick exercife, and afterwards. And while riding to my lodgings, was favoured with fome fweet meditations on Luke ix. 31. Who appeared in glory, and Spake of his deccase, which he Should accompliss at Jerusalem. My thoughts ran with freedom, and I faw and felt what a glorious fubject the death of Chrift is for glorified fouls to dwell upon in their conversation. O, the death of Chrift ! How infinitely precious.

[For the three next days, fee the Journal.]

Monday, December 2,-Was much affected with grief, that I had not lived more to God; and felt ftrong ftrong refolutions to double my diligence in my Mafter's fervice.

[After this, he went to a meeting of the Prefbytery, at a place in New-Jerfey, called Connecticut-Farms; which occafioned his abfence from his people the reft of this week. He fpeaks of fome feafons of fweetnefs, folemnity, and fpiritual affection, in his abfence.]

[For the most of the following week he was employed in providing to live in a house by himself.]

Saturday, December 14.—Rofe early, and wrote by candle light fome confiderable time; fpent mofl of the day in writing: But was fomewhat dejected. In the evening, was exercifed with a pain in my head.

[For the three next days, fee his Journal. The remainder of this week he fpent chiefly in writing : Some part of the time under a degree of melancholy; but fome part of it with a fweet ardency in religion.]

Monday, and Tuefday, December 23, and 24.—Spent thefe days in writing, with the utmost diligence. Felt in the main a fweet mortification to the world, and a defire to live and labour only for God; but wanted more warmth and fpirituality, a more fensible and affectionate regard to the glory of God.

Thurfday, and Friday, December 26, and 27.—Laboured in my fludies, to the utmost of my flrength: And though I felt a fleady disposition of mind to live to God, and that I had nothing in this world to live for; yet I did not find that fensible affection in the fervice of God that I wanted to have; my heart feemed barren, though my head and hands were full of labour.

[For the four next days, fee his Journal.]

Wednefday, January 1, 1745,6.—I am this day beginning a new year; and God has carried me through numerous numerous trials and labours in the paft. He has amazingly supported my feeble frame; for having obtained help of God, I continue to this day. O that I might live nearer to God, this year, than I did the last. The business I have been called to, and enabled to go through, I know, has been as great as nature could bear up under, and what would have funk and overcome me quite, without fpecial fupport. But alas, alas! though I have done the labours, and endured the trials, with what spirit have I done the one, and borne the other? How cold has been the frame of my heart oftentimes ! And how little have I fenfibly eyed the glory of God, in all my doings and fufferings ! I have found, that I could have no peace without filling up all my time with labours; and thus neceffity has been laid upon me; yea, in that refpect, I have loved to labour : But the mifery is, I could not fenfibly labour for God, as I would have done. May I for the future be enabled more fenfibly to make the glory of God my all.

[For the fpace from this time until the next Monday, fee the Journal.]

Monday, January 6.—Being very weak in body, I rode for my health. While riding, my thoughts were fweetly engaged, for a time, upon the flone cut out of the mountain without hands, which brake in pieces all before it, and waxed great, and became a great mountain, and filled the whole earth : And I longed that Jefus fhould take to himfelf his great power, and reign to the ends of the earth. And O, how fweet were the moments, wherein I felt my foul warm with hopes of the enlargement of the Redeemer's kingdom 1 I wanted nothing elfe but that Chrift fhould reign, to the glory of his bleffed name.

[The next day he complains of want of fervency.] Wednefday, January 8.—In the evening, my heart was drawn out after God in fecret : My foul was refreshed freshed and quickened; and I truft, faith was in exercife. I had great hopesof the ingathering of precious fouls to Chrift; not only among my own people, but others alfo. I was fweetly refigned and composed under my bodily weakness; and was willing to live or die, and defirous to labour for God to the utmost of my ftrength.

Friday, January 10.—My foul was in a fweet, calm, composed frame, and my heart filled with love to all the world; and christian simplicity and tenderness feemed then to prevail and reign within me. Near night, visited a serious baptist minister, and had some agreeable conversation with him; and found that I could taste God in friends.

[For the feven next days nothing very remarkable appears but what is to be found in the Journal.]

[The next day, he fet out on a journey to Elizabeth-Town, to confer with the correspondents at their meeting there; and enjoyed much spiritual refreshment from day to day, through this week. The things expressed in this space of time, are such as these; ferenity, composure, sweetness, and tenderness of foul, thanksgiving to God for his success among the Indians, delight in prayer and praise; sweet and profitable meditations on various divine subjects, longing for more love, for more vigour to live to God, for a life more entirely devoted to God, that he might spend all his time profitably for God, and in his cause; conversing on spiritual subjects with affection; and lamentation for unprofitableness.]

Lord's Day, January 26.—[At Connecticut-Farms.] Was calm and composed. Was made senfible of my utter inability to preach, without divine help; and was in some good measure willing to leave it with God, to give or withhold affistance, as he saw would be most for his own glory. Was favoured with a confiderable degree of affistance in my

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publick work. After publick worfhip, I was in a fweet and folemn frame of mind, thankful to God that he had made me in some measure faithful in addreffing precious fouls, but grieved that I had been no more fervent in my work; and was tenderly affected towards all the world, longing that every finner might be faved ; and could not have entertained any bitterness towards the worst enemy living. In the evening, rode to Elizabeth-Town : While riding, was almost constantly engaged in lifting up my heart to God, left I fhould lofe that fweet heavenly folemnity and composure of foul I then enjoyed. Afterwards, was pleafed, to think that God reigneth ; and thought I could never be unealy with any of his difpensations ; but must be entirely fatisfied, whatever trials he fhould caufe me or his church to encounter. Never felt more sedateness, divine ferenity and composure of mind : Could freely have left the dearest earthly friend, for the fociety of angels and spirits of just men made perfect. My affections foared aloft to the bleffed Author of every dear enjoyment : I viewed the emptinefs and unfatisfactory nature of the most defirable earthly objects. any further than God is feen in them : And longed for a life of fpirituality and inward purity; without which, I faw there could be no true pleasure.

[He retained a great degree of this excellent frame of mind, the four next days.]

Saturday, February 1.—Towards night, enjoyed fome of the cleareft thoughts on a divine fubject, viz. that treated of 1 Cor. xv. 13.—16. that ever I remember to have had upon any fubject whatfoever ; and fpent two or three hours in writing them. I was refreshed with this intenfeness : My mind was fo engaged in these meditations, I could scarcely turn it to any thing else ; and indeed I could not be willing to part with fo fweet an entertainment.

Lord's

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Lord's Day, February 2.—After publick worfhip, my bodily ftrength being much fpent, my fpirits funk amazingly; and efpecially on hearing that I was fo generally taken to be a Roman Catholick, fent by the Papifts to draw the Indians into an infurrection against the English, that fome were in fear of me, and others were for having me taken up by authority and punished. Alas, what will not the devil do to bring a flur and difgrace on the work of God ! O, how holy and circumspect had I need to be !

Monday, February 3 .- My fpirits were still much funk with what I heard the day before, of my being fuspected to be engaged in the pretender's intereft : It grieved me, that after there had been fo much evidence of a glorious work of grace among these poor Indians, as that the most carnal men could not but take notice of the great change made among them, fo many poor fouls fhould still fuspect the whole to be only a popifh plot, and fo caft an awful reproach on this bleffed work of the divine Spirit; and at the fame time wholly exclude themfelves from receiving any benefit by this divine influence. This put me upon fearching whether I had ever dropped any thing inadvertently, that might give occafion to any to fufpect that I was flirring up the Indians against the English : And could think of nothing, unless it was my attempting fometimes to vindicate the rights of the Indians, and complaining of the horrid practice of making the Indians drunk, and then cheating them out of their lands and other properties : And once I remembered I had done this with too much warmth of fpirit. And this much diftreffed me; thinking that this might poffibly prejudice them against this work of grace, to their everlasting destruction. God, I believe, did me good by this trial; which ferved to humble me, and fhew me the neceffity

neceffity of watchfulnefs, and of being wife as a ferpent, as well as harmlefs as a dove. This exercife led me often to the throne of grace; and there I found fome fupport: Though I could not get the burden wholly removed. Was affifted in prayer, effectially in the evening.

[He remained ftill under a degree of exercife of mind about this affair; which continued to have the fame effect upon him, to caufe him to reflect upon, and humble himfelf, and frequent the throne of grace: But foon found himfelf much more relieved and fupported. He was, this week, in an extremely weak ftate, and obliged (as he expreffes it) to confume confiderable time in diverfions for his health.

The Monday after, he fet out on a journey to the Forks of Delaware, to vifit the Indians there. The things appertaining to his inward frames and exercifes, expressed within this week, are sweet composure of mind, thankfulness to God for his mercies to him and others, refignation to the divine will, comfort in prayer and religious conversation, his heart drawn out after God, and affected with a fense of his own barrenness, as well as the fulness and freeness of divine grace.]

Lord's Day, February 16.—In the evening, was in a fweet composed frame of mind. It was exceeding refreshing and comfortable, to think that God had been with me, affording me fome good measure of affistance. I then found freedom and sweetness in prayer and thanksgiving to God; and found my foul sweetly engaged and enlarged in prayer for dear friends and acquaintance. Bleffed be the name of the Lord, that ever I am enabled to do any thing for his dear interest and kingdom. Bleffed be God, who enables me to be faithful. Enjoyed more resolution and courage for God, and more refreshment of spirit, than I have been favoured with for many weeks past. Monday, Monday, February 17.—I was refreshed and encouraged : Found a spirit of prayer, in the evening, and earnest longings for the illumination and converfion of these poor Indians.

Thurfday, February 20.—God was pleafed to fupport and refresh my spirits, by affording me affistance, this day, and so hopeful a prospect of success; and I returned home rejoicing, and blessing the name of the Lord; and sound freedom and sweetness afterwards in secret prayer, and had my sould drawn out for dear friends. O, how blessed a thing is it, to labour for God faithfully, and with encouragement of success! Blessed be the Lord forever and ever, for the affistance and comfort granted this day.

Friday, February 21.—My foul was refreshed and comforted, and I could not but bless God, who had enabled me in some good measure to be faithful in the day past. O how sweet it is to be spent and worn out for God !

Saturday, February 22.—My fpirits were much fupported, though my bodily ftrength was much wafted. O that God would be gracious to the fouls of thefe poor Indians.

God has been very gracious to me this week : He has enabled me to preach every day ; and has given me fome affiftance, and encouraging profpects of fuccefs, in almost every fermon. Bleffed be his name. Divers of the white people have been awakened this week, and fundry of the Indians much cured of the prejudices and jealoufies they had conceived against christianity, and fome feem to be really awakened.

[The next day he left the Forks of Delaware, to return to Crofweekfung; and fpent the whole week until Saturday, before he arrived there; but preached by the way every day, excepting one; and was feveral times greatly affifted; and had much inward comfort.

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comfort, and earneft longings to fill up all his time with the fervice of God. He utters fuch exprefions as thefe, after preaching : O that I may be enabled to plead the caufe of God faithfully, to my dying moment. O how fweet it would be to fpend myfelf wholly for God, and in his caufe, and to be freed from felfifh motives in my labours !]

[For Saturday and Lord's Day, March 1, and 2, fee the Journal. The four next days were fpent in great bodily weakness; but he fpeaks of fome feafons of confiderable inward comfort.]

Thurfday, March 6.—I walked alone in the evening, and enjoyed fweetnefs and comfort in prayer, beyond what I have of late enjoyed : My foul rejoiced in my pilgrimage flate, and I was delighted with the thoughts of labouring and enduring hardnefs for God : Felt fome longing defires to preach the gofpel to dear immortal fouls ; and confided in God, that he would be with me in my work, and that he never would leave nor forfake me, to the end of my race. O, may I obtain mercy of God to be faithful, to my dying moment !

[For the following Lord's Day, fee the Journal.] Monday, March 10.—My foul was refreshed with freedom and enlargement, and I hope the lively exercife of faith, in fecret prayer, this night : My will was fweetly refigned to the divine will, and my hopes refrecting the enlargement of the dear kingdom of Chrift formewhat raifed, and could commit' Zion's caufe to God as his own.

[In his Diary for feveral following days it appears that he was ill in body, and dejected in mind under an apprehension that his usefulness was about to terminate.]

Monday, March 24.—After the Indians were gone to their work, to clear their lands, I got alone, and poured out my foul to God, that he would fmile

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upon thefe feeble beginnings, and that he would fettle an Indian town, that might be a mountain of bolinefs; and found my foul much refreshed in thefe petitions, and much enlarged for Zion's interest, and for numbers of dear friends in particular. My finking spirits were revived and raised, and I felt animated in the fervice God has called me to. This was the dearest hour I have enjoyed for many days, if not weeks. I found an encouraging hope, that fomething would be done for God, and that God would use and help me in his work. And O, how sweet were the thoughts of labouring for God, when I felt my spirit and courage, and had any hope that ever I should be fucceeded !

[The next day, his fchoolmafter was taken fick with a pleurify; and he fpent great part of the remainder of this week in tending him: Which in his weak flate was almost an overbearing burden to him; he being obliged constantly to wait upon him all day, from day to day, and to lie on the floor at night. His fpirits funk in a confiderable degree, with his bodily ftrength, under this burden.]

Monday, March 31.—Towards night, enjoyed fome fweet meditations on those words, It is good for me to draw near to God. My foul, I think, had fome fweet fense of what is intended in those words.

Wednefday, April 2.—Was fomewhat exercifed with a fpiritlefs frame of mind. Was a little relieved and refreshed in the evening, with meditation alone in the woods. But alas, my days pass away as the chaff. It is but little I do, or can do, that turns to my account; and it is my constant misery and burden, that I am fo fruitlefs in the vineyard of the Lord. O that I were spirit, that I might be active for God. This, I think, more than any thing elfe, makes me long, that this corruptible might put on incorruption, and this mortal put on immortality. God

God deliver me from clogs, fetters, and a body of death, that impede my fervice for him.

[The next day, he complains bitterly of fome exercifes by corruption he found in his own heart.]

Friday, April 4.—Spent most of the day in writing on Rev. xxii. 17. And whofoever will, &c. Enjoyed some freedom and encouragement in my work ; and found some comfort and composure in prayer.

--Saturday, April 5.—After publick worthip, a number of my dear christian Indians came to my house; with whom I felt a fweet union of foul: My heart was knit to them; and I cannot fay, I have felt fuch a fweet and fervent love to the brethren, for some time past: And I faw in them appearances of the fame love. This gave me fomething of a view of the heavenly state; and particularly that part of the happiness of heaven, which confists in the communion of faints; and this was affecting to me.

[The following week was fpent in a journey to Elizabeth-Town and Staten-Ifland, at which laft place he preached on the Sabbath to an affembly of Dutch and Englifh.]

Monday, April 14.—My fpirits this day were raifed and refreshed, and my mind composed, so that I was in a comfortable frame of soul, most of the day. In the evening, my head was clear, my mind ferene; I enjoyed sweetness in fecret prayer, and meditation on Pfal. Ixxiii. 28. O, how free, how comfortable, cheerful, and yet solemn do I feel when I am in a good measure freed from those damps and melancholy glooms, that I often labour under ! And bleffed be the Lord, I find myself relieved in this respect.

Tuesday, April 15.—My foul longed for more fpirituality; and it was my burden, that I could do no more for God. O, my barrenness is my daily O 2 affliction

affliction and heavy load ! O; how precious is time; and how it pains me, to fee it flide away, while I do fo very little to any good purpose! O that God would make me more fruitful and fpiritual.

[The next day he fpeaks of his being almost overwhelmed with vapoury diforders; but yet not fo as wholly to deftroy the composure of his mind.]

Thursday, April 17.- Enjoyed fome comfort in prayer, fome freedom in meditation, and composure in my fludies. Spent fome time in writing; in the forenoon. In the afternoon, fpent fome time in converfation with feveral dear ministers. In the evening, preached from Pfal. Ixxiii. 28. But it is good for me to draw near to God. God helped me to feel the truth of my text, both in the first prayer and in fermon. I was enabled to pour out my foul to God, with great freedom, fervency, and affection : And, bleffed be the Lord, it was a comfortable feafon to me. I was enabled to fpeak with tendernefs, and yet with faithfulness : And divine truths feemed to fall with weight and influence upon the hearers. My heart was melted for the dear affembly, and I loved every body in it; and fcarce ever felt more love to immortal fouls in my life; my foul cried, O that the dear creatures might be faved ! O that God would have mercy on them !

[He feems to have been in a very comfortable" frame of mind the two next days.]

Lord's Day, April 20*.- Enjoyed fome freedom. and, I hope, exercife of faith in prayer, in the morning; efpecially when I came to pray for Zion. I was free from that gloomy difcouragement, that fo often oppreffes my mind ; and my foul rejoiced in the hopes of Zion's profperity, and the enlargement of the dear kingdom of the great Redeemer. O that his kingdom might come.

Tuesday,

* This day he entered into the soth year of his age,

Tuefday, April 22.—My mind was remarkably free, this day, from melancholy damps and glooms, and animated in my work. I found fuch frefh vigour and refolution in the fervice of God, that the mountains feemed to become a plain before me. O bleffed be God for an interval of refrefhment, and fervent refolution in my Lord's work ! In the evening, my foul was refrefhed in fecret prayer, and my heart drawn out for divine bleffings ; efpecially for the church of God, and his intereft among my own people, and for dear friends in remote places. O that Zion might profper, and precious fouls be brought home to God !

[See, for about this time, the Journal.]

Saturday, May 3.—Rode from Elizabeth-Town home to my people, at or near Cranberry ; whither they are now removed, and where, I hope, God will fettle them as a chriftian congregation. Was refreshed in lifting up my heart to God, while riding ; and enjoyed a thankful frame of fpirit, for divine favours received the week past. Was somewhat uneasy and dejected, in the evening ; having no house of my own to go into in this place; but God was my support.

Wednefday, May 7.—Spent moft of the day in writing, as ufual. Enjoyed fome freedom in my work. Was favoured with fome comfortable meditations, this day. In the evening, was in a fweet composed frame of mind: Was pleased and delighted to leave all with God, respecting myself, for time and eternity, and respecting the people of my charge; and dear friends. Had no doubt but that God would take care of me, and of his own interest among my people: And was enabled to use freedom in prayer, as a child with a tender father. O, how fweet is fuch a frame !

Thurfday, May 8.—In the evening, was fomewhat refreshed with divine things, and enjoyed a tender

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melting frame in fecret prayer, wherein my foul was drawn out for the intereft of Zion, and comforted with the lively hope of the appearing of the kingdom of the great Redeemer... Thefe were fweet moments: I felt almost loth to go to bed, and grieved that fleep was necessary. However, I lay down with a tender reverential fear of God, fensible that *bis favour is life*, and his fmiles better than all that earth can boast of, infinitely better than life itfelf.

[Friday, May 9.—See the Journal.]

Saturday, May 10.-Rode to Allen's-Town, to affift in the administration of the Lord's supper. In the afternoon, preached from Tit. ii. 14. Who gave bimfelf for us, &c. God was pleafed to carry me through with fome competency of freedom; and yet to deny me that enlargement and power I longed for. In the evening, my foul mourned, and could not but mourn, that I had treated fo excellent a fubject in fo defective a manner; that I had borne fo broken a teftimony for fo worthy and glorious a Redeemer. And if my difcourfe had met with the utmost applause from all the world (as I accidentally heard it applauded by fome perfons of judgment) it would not have given me any fatisfaction. O, it grieved me, to think that I had had no more holy warmth and fervency, that I had been no more melted in difcourfing of Chrift's death, and the end and defign of it ! Afterwards, enjoyed fome freedom and fervency in fecret and family prayer, and longed much for the prefence of God to attend his word and ordinances the next day.

Lord's Day, May 11.—Affifted in the administration of the Lord's fupper; but enjoyed little enlargement: Was grieved and funk with fome things I thought undefirable, &c. In the afternoon, went to the house of God weak and fick in foul, as well as feeble in body: And longed, that the people might

might be entertained and edified with divine truths, and that an honeft fervent teftimony might be borne for God ; but knew not how it was poffible for me to do any thing of that kind, to any good purpofe. Yet God, who is rich in mercy, was pleafed to give me affistance, both in prayer and preaching. God helped me to wreftle for his prefence in prayer, and to tell him, that he had promifed, Where two or three are met together in his name, there he would be in the midst of them; and that we were, at least fome of us, fo met; and pleaded, that for his truth's fake he would be with us. And bleffed be God, it was fweet to my foul, thus to plead, and rely on God's promifes. Difcourfed upon Luke ix. 30. 31. And behold, there talked with him two men, which were Mofes and Elias ; who appeared in glory, and spake of his decease, which he should accomplish at ferusalem. Enjoyed special freedom, from the beginning to the end of my discourfe, without interruption. Things pertinent to the fubject were abundantly prefented to my view, and fuch a fulnefs of matter, that I fcarce knew now to difmifs the various heads and particulars I had occafion to touch upon. And, bleffed be the Lord, I was favoured with fome fervency and power, as well as freedom; fo that the word of God feemed to awaken the attention of a flupid audience, to a confiderable degree. I was inwardly refreshed with the consolations of God ; and could with my whole heart fay, Though there be no fruit in the vine, &c. yet will I rejoice in the Lord. After publick fervice, was refreshed with the fweet conversation of some christian friends.

[The four next days feem to have been mostly fpent with fpiritual comfort and profit.]

Friday, May 16.—Near night, enjoyed fome agreeable and fweet converfation with a dear minister, which, I trust, was bleffed to my foul : My heart

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was warmed, and my foul engaged to live to God ; fo that I longed to exert myfelf with more vigour. than ever I had done, in his caufe : And those words were quickening to me, Herein is my Father glorified, that ye bring forth much fruit. O, my foul longed, and wished, and prayed, to be enabled to live to God with utmost constancy and ardour ! In the evening, God was pleafed to fhine upon me in fecret prayer, and draw out my foul after himfelf; and I had freedom in fupplication for myfelf, but much more in interceffion for others : So that I was fweetly conftrained to fay, Lord, ufe me as thou wilt ; do as thou wilt with me : But O, promote thine own caufe. Zion is thine ; O vifit thine heritage ; O let thy kingdom come; O let thy bleffed intereft be advanced in the world ! When I attempted to look to God refpecting my worldly circumstances, and his providential dealings with me, in regard of my fettling down in my congregation, which feems to be neceffary, and yet very difficult, and contrary to my fixed intention for years past, as well as my difposition, which has been, and still is, at times efpecially, to go forth, and fpend my life in preaching the gofpel from place to place, and gathering fouls afar off to Jefus the great Redeemer; when I attempted to look to God with regard to thefe things, and his defigns concerning me, I could only fay, The will of the Lord be done': It is no matter for me. The fame frame of mind I felt with refpect to another important affair I have lately had fome ferious thoughts of : I could fay, with utmost calmnefs and composure, Lord, if it be most for thy glory, let me proceed in it; but if thou feeft that it will in any wife hinder my usefulness in thy cause, O prevent my proceeding : For all I want, refpecting this world, is fuch circumftances as may beft capacitate me to do fervice for God in the world. But bleffed

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be God, I enjoyed liberty in prayer for my deap flock, and was enabled to pour out my foul into the bofom of a tender father. My heart within me was melted, when I came to plead for my dear people, and for the kingdom of Chrift in general. O, how fweet was this evening to my foul! I knew not how to go to bed; and when got to bed, longed for fome way to improve time for God, to fome excellent purpofe. Blefs the Lord, O my foul.

Saturday, May 17.—Walked out in the morning, and felt much of the fame frame I enjoyed the evening before : Had my heart enlarged in praying for the advancement of the kingdom of Chrift, and found utmost freedom in leaving all my concerns with God.

I find difcouragements to be an exceeding hindrance to my fpiritual fervency and affection : But when God enables me fenfibly to find that I have done fomething for him, this refrefhes and animates me, fo that I could break through all hardfhips, undergo any labours, and nothing feems too much either to do or to fuffer. But O, what a death it is, to ftrive and ftrive; to be always in a hurry, and yet do nothing, or at leaft nothing for God ! Alas, alas, that time flies away, and I do fo little for God !

Lord's Day, May 18.—I felt my own utter infufficiency for my work: God made me to lee that I was a child; yea, that I was a fool. I difcourfed both parts of the day, from Rev. iii. 20. Behold, I ftand at the door and knock. God gave me freedom and power in the laiter part of my forenoon's difcourfe; although, in the former part of it, I felt peevifh and provoked with the unmannerly behaviour of the white people, who crowded in between my people and me; which proved a great temptation to me. But bleffed be God, I got these fhackles off before the middle of my difcourfe, and was favoured with a fweet frame

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of fpirit in the latter part of the exercife; was full of love, warmth, and tendernefs, in addreffing my dear people. In the intermiffion feafon, could not but difcourfe to my people on the kindnefs and patience of Chrift, in *flanding* and *knocking at the door*, &c. In the evening I was grieved that I had done fo little for God. O that I could be a *flame of fire* in the fervice of my God.

Thursday, May 22.- In the evening was in a frame fomewhat remarkable : Had apprehended for feveral days before, that it was the defign of Providence I fliould fettle among my people here; and had in my own mind begun to make provision for it; and to contrive means to haften it; and found my heart fomething engaged in it, hoping I might then enjoy more agreeable circumstances of life, in feveral respects : And yet was never fully determined, never quite pleafed with the thoughts of being fettled and confined to one place. Neverthelefs, I feemed to have fome freedom in that refpect, becaufe the congregation I thought of fettling with, was one that God had enabled me to gather from amongst Pagans. For I never, fince I began to preach, could feel any freedom to enter into other men's labours, and fettle down in the ministry where the gospel was preached before ; I never could make that appear to be my province. When I felt any difposition to confult my eafe and worldly comfort, God has never given me any liberty in that refpect, either fince, or for years before I began to preach. But God having fucceeded my labours, and made me instrumental of gathering a church for him among thefe Indians, I was ready to think it might be his defign to give me a quiet fettlement and a stated home of my own. And this, confidering the late frequent finking and failure of my fpirits, and the need I flood in of fome agreeable fociety, and my great defire of enjoying conveniences and opportu-

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nities for profitable fludies, was not altogether difagreeable to me : Although I still wanted to go about, far and wide, in order to fpread the bleffed gospel among benighted fouls, far remote ; yet I never had been fo willing to fettle in any one place, for more than five years past, as I was in the foregoing part of this week. But now thefe thoughts feemed to be wholly dashed to pieces ; not by neceffity, but of choice : For itappeared to me, that God's dealings towards me had fitted me for a life of folitarinefs and hardship: It appeared to me, I had nothing to lofe, nothing to do with earth, and confequently nothing to lofe by a total renunciation of it : And it appeared just right that I should be destitute of house and home, and many comforts of life, which I rejoiced to fee others of God's people enjoy. And at the fame time, I faw fo much of the excellency of Chrift's kingdom, and the infinite defirablenefs of its advancement in the world, that it fwallowed up all my other thoughts; and made me willing, yea, even rejoice, to be made a pilgrim or hermit in the wildernefs, to my dying moment, if I might thereby promote the bleffed interest of the great Redeemer. And if ever my foul prefented itfelf to God for his fervice, without any referve of any kind, it did fo now. The language of my thoughts and difpofition (although I spake no words) now were, Here I am, Lord, fend me; fend me to the ends of the carth; fend me to the rough, the favage Pagans of the wildernefs : fend me from all that is called comfort in earth, or earthly comfort ; fend me even to death itfelf, if it be but in thy fervice, and to promote thy kingdom. And at the fame time I had as quick and lively a fense of the value of worldly comforts, as ever. I had; but only faw them infinitely overmatched by the worth of Chrift's kingdom, and the propagation of his bleffed gofpel. The quiet fettlement,

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the certain place of abode, the tender friendship, which I thought I might be likely to enjoy in confequence of fuch circumstances, appeared as valuable to me, confidered abfolutely and in themfelves, as ever before; but confidered comparatively, they appeared nothing : Compared with the value and precioufnefs of an enlargement of Chrift's kingdom, they vanished like the stars before the rising fun. And fure I am, that although the comfortable accommodations of life appeared valuable and dear to me, yet 1 did furrender and refign myfelf, foul and body, to the fervice of God, and promotion of Chrift's kingdom ; though it fhould be in the lofs of them all. And I could not do any other, becaufe I could not will or choofe any other. I was confirained, and yet choie to fay, Farewell friends and earthly comforts, the dearest of them all, the very dearest, if the Lord calls for it : Adieu, adieu; I will spend my life, to my latest moments, in caves and dens of the earth, if the kingdom of Chrift may thereby be advanced. I found extraordinary freedom at this time in pouring out my foul to God, for his caufe ; and efpecially that his kingdom might be extended among the Indians, far remote ; and I had a great and ftrong hope that God would do it. I continued wreftling with God in prayer for my dear little flock here; and more especially for the Indians elsewhere; as well as for dear friends in one place and another; until it was bed time, and I feared I should hinder the family, &c. But O, with what reluctancy did I find myfelf obliged to confume time in fleep ! I longed to be as a flame of fire, continually glowing in the divine fervice, preaching and building up Chrift's kingdom, to my lateft, my dying moment.

Friday, May 23.—In the morning was in the fame frame of mind, as in the evening before. The glory of Chrift's kingdom fo much outfhone the pleaf-

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ure of earthly accommodations and enjoyments, that they appeared comparatively nothing, though in themfelves good and defirable. ' My foul was melted in fecret meditation and prayer, and I found myfelf divorced from any part in this world : fo that in those affairs that seemed of the greatest importance to me, in respect of the present life, and those wherein the tender powers of the mind are most fenfibly touched, I could only fay, The will of the Lord be done. But just the fame things that I felt the evening before, I felt now ; and found the fame freedom. in prayer for the people of my charge, for the propagation of the gofpel among the Indians, and for the enlargement and spiritual welfare of Zion in general, and my dear friends in particular, now, as I did then : and longed to burn out in one continued flame for God. Retained much of the fame frame through the day. In the evening was visited by my brother John Brainerd : The first visit I have ever received from any near relative, fince I have been a Miffionary. Felt the fame frame of fpirit in the evening. as in the morning ; and found that it was good for me to draw near to God, and leave all my concerns and burdens with him. Was enlarged and refreshed in pouring out my foul for the propagation of the gospel of the Redeemer among the distant tribes of Indians. Bleffed be God. If ever I filled up a day with ftudies and devotion, I was enabled fo to fill up this day.

Saturday, May 24.—Enjoyed, this day, fomething of the fame frame of mind as I felt the day before.

Monday, June 2.- In the evening, enjoyed fome freedom in fecret prayer and meditation.

Tuefday, June 3.—My foul rejoiced early in the morning, to think that all things were at God's difpofal. O it pleafed, me to leave them there. Felt afterwards much as I did on Thurfday evening,

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May 22 last; and continued in this frame for feveral hours. Walked out into the wilderness, and enjoyed freedom, fervency, and comfort in prayer: And again enjoyed the fame in the evening.

Wednesday, June 4 .- Spent the day in writing, and enjoyed fome comfort, fatisfaction and freedom in my work. In the evening I was favoured with a fweet refreshing frame of foul in fecret prayer and meditation. Prayer was now wholly turned into praife; and I could do little elfe but try to adore and blefs the living God : The wonders of his grace difplayed in gathering to himfelf a church among the poor Indians here, were the fubject matter of my meditation, and the occasion of exciting my foul to praife and blefs his name. My foul was fcarce ever more disposed to inquire, What I should render to God for all bis benefits, than at this time. O, I was brought into a strait, a fweet and happy strait, to? know what to do! I longed to make fome returns to God; but found I had nothing to return : I could only rejoice that God had done the work himfelf; and that none in heaven or earth might pretend to. fhare the honour of it with him : I could only be glad that God's declarative glory was advanced by the conversion of these souls, and that it was to the enlargement of his kingdom in the world : But faw I was fo poor that I had nothing to offer to him. My foul and body, through grace, I could cheerfully furrender to him : But it appeared to me this was rather a cumber than a gift : And nothing could I do to glorify his dear and bleffed name. Yet I was glad at heart, that he was unchangeably poffeffed of glory and bleffednefs. O that he might be adored and praifed by all his intelligent creatures, to the utmost of their powers and capacities. My foul would have rejoiced to fee others praife him, though I could do nothing towards it myfelf, [The

[The next day he fpeaks of his being fubject to fome degree of melancholy; but of being fomething relieved in the evening.]

[Friday, June 6.—See the Journal.]

Saturday, June 7.—Rode to Freehold, to affift Mr. Tennent in the administration of the Lord's supper. In the afternnon preached from Pfal. lxxiii. 28. God gave me fome freedom and warmth in my difcourse; and, I truft, his prefence was in the affembly. Was comfortably composed, and enjoyed a thankful frame of spirit; and my foul was grieved, that I could not render something to God for his benefits beftowed. O that I could be swallowed up in his praise!

Lord's Day, June 8.-Spont much time in the morning in fecret duties ; but between hope and fear, respecting the enjoyment of God in the business of the day then before us. Was agreeably entertained, in the forenoon, by a difcourse from Mr. Tennent, and felt fomewhat melted and refreshed. In the feafon of communion enjoyed fome comfort : and efpecially in ferving one of the tables. Bleffed be the Lord it was a time of refreshing to me, and, I truft, to many others. A number of my dear people fat down by themfelves at the laft table ; at which time God feemed to be in the midft of them. And the thoughts of what God had done among them were refreshing and melting to me. In the afternoon God enabled me to preach with uncommon freedom, from 2 Cor. v. 20. Through the goodness of God I was favoured with a constant flow of pertinent matter, and proper expressions, from the beginning to the end of my difcourfe. In the evening I could not but rejoice in God, and blefs him for the manifestations of his grace in the day past. O, it was a fweet and folemn day and evening ! A feafon of comfort to the godly, and of awakening to fome fouls. O that I could praife the Lord.

Monday,

Monday, June 9.—Enjoyed fome fweetnefs in fecret duties. Preached the concluding fermon from Gen. v. 24. And Enoch walked with God, &cc. God gave me enlargement and fervency in my difcourfe; fo that I was enabled to fpeak with plainnefs and power; and God's prefence feemed to be in the affembly. Praifed be the Lord it was a fweet meeting, a defirable affembly. I found my ftrength renewed, and lengthened out even to a wonder; fo that I felt much ftronger at the conclusion, than in the beginning of this facramental folemnity. I have great reafon to blefs God for this folemnity, wherein I have found affiftance in addreffing others, and fweetnefs in my own foul.

[On Tuefday, he found himfelf fpent, and his fpirits exhaufted by his late labours; and on Wednefday complains of vapoury diforders, and dejection of fpirit, and of enjoying but little comfort or fpirituality.]

Thurfday, June 12.—In the evening enjoyed freedom of mind, and fome fweetnefs in fecret prayer: It was a defirable feafon to me; my foul was enlarged in prayer for my own dear people, and for the enlargement of Chrift's kingdom, and efpecially for the propagation of the gofpel among the Indians, back in the wildernefs. Was refreshed in prayer for dear friends in New-England, and elfewhere : I found it fweet to pray at this time; and could with all my heart fay, It is good for me to draw near to God.

Friday, June 13.—I came away from the meeting ing of the Indians, this day, rejoicing and bleffing God for his grace manifested at this seafon.

Saturday, June 14.—Rode to Kingfton, to affift the Rev. Mr. Wales in the administration of the Lord's fupper. In the afternoon preached; but almost fainted in the pulpit: Yet God strengthened

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me when I was just gone, and enabled me to fpeak his word with freedom, fervency, and application to the confcience. And praifed be the Lord, out of weaknefs I was made firong. I enjoyed fome fweetnefs, in and after publick worfhip ; but was extremely tired. O, how many are the mercies of the Lord ! To them that have no might, he increaseth strength.

Lord's Day, June 15 .- Was in a dejected spiritlefs frame, that I could not hold up my head, nor look any body in the face. Administered the Lord's fupper at Mr. Wales's defire : And found myfelf in a good meafure unburdened and relieved of my preffing load, when I came to ask a bleffing on the elements : Here God gave me enlargement, and a tender affectionate fense of spiritual things; fo that it was a feason of comfort, in some measure, to me, and, I truft, more fo to others. In the afternoon, preached to a vaft multitude, from Rev. xxii. 17. And whofoever will, &c. God helped me to offer a teftimony for himfelf, and to leave finners inexcufable in neglecting his grace. I was enabled to fpeak with fuch freedom, fluency and clearnefs, as commanded the attention of the great. Was extremely tired in the evening, but enjoyed composure and fweetnefs.

Monday, June 16 .- Preached again, and God helped me amazingly, fo that this was a fweet refreshing feafon to my foul and others. O, forever bleffed be God for help afforded at this time, when my body was fo weak, and while there was fo large an affembly to hear. Spent the afternoon in 'a comfortable agreeable manner.

[The next day was fpent comfortably.

On Wednefday he went to a meeting of ministers at Hopewell.]

[Thursday, June 19.-See his Journal.]

[On Friday and Saturday he was very much amifs; but yet preached to his people on Saturday. His P illnefs

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illnefs continued on the Sabbath; but he preached, notwithstanding, to his people, both parts of the day: And after the publick worfhip was ended, he endeavoured to apply divine truths to the confciences of fome, and addreffed them perfonally for that end: Several were in tears, and fome appeared much affected. But he was extremely wearied with the fervices of the day, and was fo ill at night, that he could have no bodily reft; but remarks that God was his support, and that he was not left destitute of comfort in him. On Monday he continued very ill, but fpeaks of his mind's being calm and compofed, refigned to the divine difpenfations, and content with his feeble flate. And by the account he gives of himfelf, the remaining part of this week, he continued very feeble, and for the most part dejected in mind, and enjoyed no great freedom nor fweetnefs in fpiritual things; excepting that for fome very fhort fpaces of time he had refreshment and encouragement, which engaged his heart on divine things; and fometimes his heart was melted with fpiritual affection.]

Lord's Day, June 29 .- Preached both parts of the day, from John xiv. 19. Yet a little while, and the world feeth me no more, &c. God was pleased to affift me, to afford me both freedom and power ; efpecially towards the clofe of my difcourfes, both forenoon and afternoon. God's power appeared in the Numbers of God's affembly, in both exercifes. people were refreshed and melted with divine things ; one or two comforted who had been long under diftress : Convictions, in divers instances, powerfully revived ; and one man in years much awakened, who had not long frequented our meeting, and appeared before as stupid as a ttock. Godamazingly renewed and lengthened out my ftrength. I was fo fpent at noon, that I could fcarce walk, and all my joints trembled #

trembled; fo that I could not fit nor fo much as hold. my hand still: And yet God strengthened me to preach with power in the afternoon; although I had given out word to my people, that I did not expect to be able to do it. Spent fome time afterwards in conversing, particularly, with feveral perfons, about their fpiritual ftate; and had fome fatisfaction con-cerning one or two. Prayed afterwards with a fickchild, and gave a word of exhortation. Was affifted in all my work. Bleffed be God. Returned home with more health than I went out with ; although my linen was wringing wet upon me, from a little after ten in the morning, until past five in the afternoon. My fpirits alfo were confiderably refreshed; and my foul rejoiced in hope, that I had through grace done fomething for God. In the evening, walked out, and enjoyed a fweet feation in fecret prayer and praise. But O, I found the truth of the Pfalmist's words, My goodness extendeth not to thee ! I could not make any returns to God : I longed to live only to him, and to be in tune for his praife and fervice forever. O, for fpirituality and holy fervency, that I might fpend and be fpent for · God, to my lateft moment !

Monday, June 30.—Spent the day in writing; but under much weaknefs and diforder. Felt the labours of the preceding day; although my fpirits were fo refreshed the evening before, that I was not then fensible of my being spent.

Tuefday, July 1.—In the afternoon visited and preached to my people, from Heb. ix. 27. on occation of fome perions' lying at the point of death, in my congregation. God gave me fome affiftance; and his word made fome impressions on the audience, in general. This was an agreeable and comfortable evening to my foul: My spirits were fomewhat refressed with a small degree of freedom and help enjoyed in my work.

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[On Wednefday he went to Newark, to a meeting of the Prefbytery: Complains of lownefs of fpirits; and greatly laments his fpending his time fo unfruitfully. The remaining part of the week he fpent there, and at Elizabeth-Town; and fpeaks of comfort and divine affiftance from day to day: But yet greatly complains for want of more fpirituality.]

Lord's Day, 'fuly'6.—[At Elizabeth-Town.] Enjoyed fome composure and ferenity of mind, in the morning: Heard Mr. Dickinson preach in the forenoon, and was refreshed with his discourse; was in a melting frame, some part of the time of sermon: Partook of the Lord's supper, and enjoyed some sense of divine things in that ordinance. In the afternoon I preached from Ezek. xxxiii. 11. As I live, faith the Lord God, &c. God favoured me with freedom and fervency; and helped me to plead his cause, beyond my own power.

Monday, July 7.—My fpirits were confiderably refreshed and raised, in the morning. There is no comfort, I find, in any enjoyment, without enjoying God, and being engaged in his fervice. In the evening had the most agreeable conversation that ever I remember in all my life, upon God's being all in all, and all enjoyments being just that to us which God makes them, and no more. It is good to begin and end with God. O, how does a fweet folemnity lay a foundation for true pleasure and happines?

Tuesday, July 8.—Rode home, and enjoyed fome agreeable meditations by the way.

Wednefday, July 9.—Spent the day in writing. Enjoyed fome comfort and refreshment of spirit in my evening retirement.

Thursday, July 10.—Spent most of the day in writing. Towards night rode to Mr. Tennent's; enjoyed fome agreeable conversation: Went home in the evening, in a folemn fweet frame of mind;

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was refreshed in fecret duties, longed to live wholly and only for God, and faw plainly there was nothing in the world worthy of my affection ; fo that my heart was dead to all below ; yet not through dejection as at fome times, but from views of a better inheritance.

Friday, July 11.—Was in a calm composed frame in the morning, efpecially in the feafon of my fecret retirement : I think I was well pleafed with the will of God, whatever it was, or fhould be, in all refpects I had then any thought of. Intending to administer the Lord's fupper the next Lord's Day, I looked to God for his prefence and affiftance upon that occafion ; but felt a disposition to fay, The will of the Lord be done, whether it be to give me affiftance or Spent fome little time in writing : Vifited the not. Indians, and fpent fome time in ferious converfation with them ; thinking it not beft to preach, by reafon that many of them were abfent.

Saturday, July 12 .- This day was fpent in fasting and prayer by my congregation, as preparatory to the facrament. I discourfed, both parts of the day, from Rom. iv. 25. Who was delivered for our offences, &c. God gave me some affistance in my discourses, and fomething of divine power attended the word ; fo that this was an agreeable feafon. Afterwards. led them to a folemn renewal of their covenant, and fresh dedication of themselves to God. This was a feafon both of folemnity and fweetness, and God feemed to be in the midfl of us. Returned to my lodgings, in the evening, in a comfortable frame of mind.

Lord's Day, July 13 .- In the forenoon difcoursed on the bread of life, from John vi. 35. God gave me fome affistance, in part of my difcourse especially s and there appeared fome tender affection in the affembly under divine truths ; my foul alfo was fomewhat

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what refreshed. Administered the facrament of the Lord's fupper to thirty one perfons of the Indians, God feemed to be prefent in this ordinance; the communicarits were fweetly melted and refreshed, moft of them. O, how they melted, even when the clements were first uncovered ! There was scarcely a dry eye amongst them, when I took off the linen, and thewed them the fymbols of Chrift's broken body. Having refted a little, after the administration of the facrament, I vifited the communicants, and found them generally in a fweet loving frame; not unlike what appeared among them on the former facramental occasion, on April 27. In the afternoon, difcourfed upon coming to Chrift, and the fanctification of those who do so, from the same verse l infifted on in the forenoon. This was likewife an agreeable feafon, a feafon of much tendernefs, affection and enlargement in divine fervice : And God, I am perfuaded, crowned our affembly with his divine prefence. I returned home much fpent, yet rejoicing in the goodness of God.

Monday, July 14.-Went to my people and difcourfed to them from Pfal. cxix. 106. I have from and I will perform it, &c. Obferved, 1. That all God's judgments or commandments are righteous. 2. That God's people have fworn to keep them; and this they do especially at the Lord'stable. There appeared to be a powerful divine influence on the affembly, and confiderable melting under the word. Afterwards, I led them to a renewal of their covenant before God (that they would watch over themfelves and one another, left they fhould fall into fin, and difhonour the name of Chrift) just as I did on Monday, April 28. This transaction was attended with great folemnity : And God feemed to own it by exciting in them a fear and jealoufy of themfelves, left they thould fin against God ; fo that the prefence of God feemed

feemed to be amongst us in this conclusion of the facramental folemnity.

[The next day he fet out on a journey towards Philadelphia; from whence he did not return until Saturday. He went this journey, and fpent the week, under a great degree of illness of body, and dejection of mind.]

Lord's Day, July 20.—Preached twice to my people from John xvii. 24. Father, I will that they alfo whom thou haft given me, be with me, where I am, that they may behold my glory, which thou haft given me. Was helped to difcourfe with great clearnefs and plainnefs in the forenoon. In the afternoon, enjoyed fome tendernefs, and fpake with fome influence. Divers were in tears ; and fome, to appearance, in diftrefs.

Monday, July 21.—Preached to the Indians, chiefly for the fake of fome ftrangers. Then propoled my defign of taking a journey fpeedily to Sufquehannah: Exhorted my people to pray for me, that God would be with me in that journey, &c. Then chofe divers perfons of the congregation to travel with me. Afterwards, fpent time in difcourfing to the ftrangers, and was fomewhat encouraged with them. Took care of my people's fecular bufinefs, and was not a little exercifed with it. Had fome degree of composure and comfort in fecret retirement. *Tuefday*, July 22.—Was in a dejected frame, moff of the day: Wanted to wear out life and have it at an end; but had fome defires of living to God, and

wearing out life for him. O that I could indeed do fo !

[The next day he went to Elizabeth-Town, to a meeting of the Prefbytery.]

Lord's Day, July 27.—Difcourfed to my people, in the forenoon, from Luke xii. 37. on the duty and benefit of watching. God helped me in the latter part of my difcourfe, and the power of God appeared in the affembly. In the afternoon, difcourfed from Luke xiii. 25. Here alfo I enjoyed fome affiftance, and the Spirit of God feemed to attend what was fpoken, fo that there was a great folemnity, and fome tears among Indians and others.

Monday, July 28.—Was very weak, and fcarce able to perform any bufinefs at all; but enjoyed fweetnefs and comfort in prayer, both morning and evening; and was composed and comfortable through the day. My mind was intense, and my heart fervent, at least in some degree, in fecret duties; and I longed to fpend and be spent for God.

Tuefday, July 29.—My mind was cheerful, and free from those melancholy damps, that I am often exercised with: Had freedom in looking up to God, at fundry times in the day. In the evening I enjoyed a comfortable seafon in secret prayer; was helped to plead with God for my own dear people, that he would carry on his own blessed work among them; was affisted also in praying for the divine prefence to attend me in my intended journey to Susquehannah; was also helped to remember dear brethren and friends in New-England; scarce knew how to leave the throne of grace, and it grieved me that I was obliged to go to bed; I longed to do fomething for God, but knew not how. Blessed be God for this freedom from dejection.

Wednefday, July 30.—Was uncommonly comfortable, both in body and mind ; in the forenoon efpecially : My mind was folemn, I was affifted in my work, and God feemed to be near to me; fo that the day was as comfortable as moft I have enjoyed for fome time. In the evening was favoured with affiftance in fecret prayer, and felt much as I did the evening before. Bleffed be God for that freedom I then enjoyed at the throne of grace, for myfelf.

felf, my people, and my dear friends. It is good for me to draw near to God.

[He feems to have continued very much in the fame free, comfortable flate of mind the next day.]

Friday, August 1.-In the evening enjoyed a fweet feason in fecret prayer; clouds of darkness and perplexing care were fweetly fcattered, and nothing anxious remained. O, how ferene was my mind at this feafon ! How free from that diffracting concern I have often felt ! Thy will be done, was a petition fweet to my foul; and if God had bidden me choofe for myfelf in any affair, I fhould have chofen rather to have referred the choice to him; for I faw he was infinitely wife, and could not do any thing amifs, as I was in danger of doing. Was affifted in prayer, for my dear flock, that God would promote his own work among them, and that God, would go with me in my intended journey to Sufquehannah; was helped to remember, dear friends in New-England, and my dear brethren in the miniftry. I found enough in the fweet duty of prayer to have engaged me to continue in it the whole night, would my bodily flate have admitted of it. O how fweet it is, to be enabled heartily to fay, Lord, not my will, but thine be done !

Saturday, August 2:—Near night preached from Matth. xi. 29. Was confiderably helped; and the prefence of God feemed to be fomewhat remarkably in the affembly; divine truths made powerful impreffions, both upon faints and finners. Bleffed be God for fuch a revival among us. In the evening was very weary, but found my fpirits fupported and refreshed.

Lord's Day, August 3.—Difcourfed to my people, in the forenoon, from Coloff. iii. 4. Obferved that Chrift is the believer's life. God helped me and gave me his prefence in this difcourfe; and it was

a feason of confiderable power in the affembly. In the afternoon preached from Luke xix. 41. 42. I enjoyed fome affiftance; though not fo much as in the forenoon.

Monday, August 4 .- Spent the day in writing ; enjoyed much freedom and affiftance in my work : Was in a composed and comfortable frame, most of the day; and in the evening enjoyed fome fweetnefs in prayer. Bleffed be God, my fpirits were yet up, and I was free from finking damps; as I have been in general ever fince I came from Elizabeth-Town laft. O what a mercy is this !

Tuesday, August 5 .- Towards night, preached at the funeral of one of my christians, from Ifai. lyii. 2. Was oppreffed with the nervous headach, and confiderably dejected : However, had a little freedom, fome part of the time I was difcourfing. Was extremely weary in the evening ; but notwithstanding enjoyed fome liberty and cheerfulnefs of mind in prayer; and found the dejection that I feared, much removed, and my fpirits confiderably refreshed.

[He continued in a very comfortable cheerful frame of mind the next day, with his heart enlarged in the fervice of God.]

Thursday, August 7:-Rode to my house, where I fpent the laft winter, in order to bring fome things I needed for my Sufquehannah journey : Was refreshed to fee that place, which God fo marvelloufly vifited with the flowers of his grace. O how amazingly did the power of God often appear there ! Blefs the Lord, O my foul, and forget not all his benefits.

[The next day, he fpeaks of liberty, enlargement, and fweetnefs of mind, in prayer and religious conversation.]

Saturday, August 9 .- In the afternoon, visited my people ; fet their affairs in order, as much as poffible.

ble, and contrived for them the management of their worldly bufinefs : Difcourfed to them in a folemn manner, and concluded with prayer. Was compofed, and comfortable in the evening, and fomewhat fervent in fecret prayer : Had fome fenfe and view of the eternal world, and found a ferenity of mind. O that I could magnify the Lord for any freedom he affords me in prayer.

Lord's Day, August 10.-Difcourfed to my people, both parts of the day, from Acts iii. 19. In discoursing of repentance, in the forenoon, God helped me, fo that my difcourfe was fearching. Some were in tears, both of the Indians and white people ; and the word of God was attended with fome power. In the intermiffion feafon, I was engaged in difcourfing to fome in order to their baptifm; as well as with one who had then lately met with fome comfort, after fpiritual trouble and diffres. In the afternoon, was fomewhat affifted again, though weak and weary. Afterwards baptized fix perfons ; three adults, and three children. Was in a comfortable frame in the evening, and enjoyed fome fatisfaction in fecret prayer. I fcarce ever in my life felt myfelf fo full of tenderness, as this day.

Monday, August 11.—Being about to fet out on a journey to Sufquehannah the next day, with leave of Providence, I fpent fome time this day in prayer with my people, that God would blefs and fucceed my intended journey, that he would fend forth his bleffed Spirit with his word, and fet up his kingdom among the poor Indians in the wildernefs. While I was opening and applying part of the cxth and iid Pfalms, the *power of God* feemed to defcend on the affembly in fome measure; and while I was making the first prayer, numbers were melted, and I found fome affectionate enlargement of foul myfelf. Freached from Acts iv. 31. God helped me, and

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my interpreter alfo : There was a fhaking and melting among us; and divers, I doubt not, were in fome measure filled with the Holy Ghost. Afterwards, Mr. M'Knight prayed : I then opened the two last stanzas of the lxxiid Pfal. at which time God was prefent with us ; especially while I infifted upon the promife of all nations' bleffing the great Redeemer : My foul was refreshed, to think, that this day, this bleffed glorious feafon, fhould furely come; and I truft, numbers of my dear people were alfo refreshed! Afterwards prayed; had some freedom, but was almost spent: Then walked out, and left my people to carry on religious exercifes among themfelves : They prayed repeatedly, and fung, while I refted and refreshed myself. Afterwards, went to the meeting; prayed with, and difmiffed the affembly.

The next day he fet out on his journey towards Sulquehannah, and fix of his christian Indians with him, whom he had chosen out of his congregation, as those that he judged most fit to affist him in the bufinefs he was going upon. He took his way through Philadelphia; intending to go to Sufquehannah river, far down along, where it is fettled by the white people, below the country inhabited by the Indians; , and fo to travel up the river to the Indian habitations : For although this was much further about, yet hereby he avoided the huge mountains, and hideous wildernefs, that must be croffed in the nearer way ; which in time past he had found to be extremely difficult and fatiguing. He rode this week as far as Charlestown, a place of that name about thirty miles weftward of Philadelphia; where he arrived on Friday: And in his way hither, was for the most part in a composed comfortable state of mind.] Saturday, August 16.- [At Charleftown.] It being a day kept by the people of the place where I

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now was, as preparatory to the celebration of the Lord's fupper, I tarried; heard Mr. Treat preach; and then preached myfelf. God gave me fome good degree of freedom, and helped me to difcourfe with warmth and application to the confcience. Afterwards, I was refreshed in spirit, though much tired; and spent the evening agreeably, having fome freedom in prayer, as well as christian conversation.

Lord's Day, August 17.—Enjoyed liberty, compofure, and fatisfaction, in the fecret duties of the morning : Had my heart fomewhat enlarged in prayer for dear friends, as well as for myfelf. In the forenoon, attended Mr. Treat's preaching, partook of the Lord's fupper, five of my people alfo communicating in this holy ordinance : I enjoyed fome enlargement and outgoing of foul in this feafon. In the afternoon, preached from Ezekt xxxiii. II. Enjoyed not fo much fenfible affiftance as the day before ; however, was helped to fome fervency in addreffing immortal fouls.

Monday, August 18.—Rode on my way towards Paxton, upon Sufquehannah river. Felt my fpirits fink, towards night, fo that I had little comfort.

Tuefday, *August* 19.—Rode forward still; and at night lodged by the fide of Sufquehannah. Was weak and difordered, both this and the preceding day, and found my spirits confiderably damped, meeting with none that I thought godly people.

Wednefday, August 20.—Having lain in a cold fweat all night, I coughed much bloody matter this morning, and was under great diforder of body, and not a little melancholy; but what gave me fome encouragement, was, I had a fecret hope that I might fpeedily get a difmiffion from earth and all its toils and forrows. Rode this day to one Chambers's upon Sufquehannah, and there lodged. Was much afflicted in the evening, with an ungodly crew, drink-

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ing, fwearing, &c. O, what a hell it would be, to be numbered with the ungodly ! Enjoyed fome agreeable converfation with a traveller, who feemed to have fome relifh of true religion.

Thurfday, August 21.—Rode up the river about fifteen miles, and there lodged, in a family that appeared quite defitiute of God. Laboured to difcourfe with the man about the life of religion, but found him very artful in evading fuch conversation. O, what a death it is to fome, to hear of the things of God 1 Was out of my element; but was not fo dejected as at fome times.

Friday, August 22.—Continued my courfe up the river; my people now being with me, who before were parted from me: Travelled above all the English fettlements; at night, lodged in the open woods; and flept with more comfort, than while among an ungodly company of white people. Enjoyed fome liberty in fecret prayer, this evening; and was helped to remember dear friends, as well as my dear flock, and the church of God in general.

Saturday, August 23.—Arrived at the Indian town, called Shaumoking, near night. Was not fo dejected as formerly; but yet fomewhat exercised. Felt fomewhat composed in the evening; enjoyed fome freedom in leaving my all with God: Through the great goodness of God, I enjoyed fome liberty of mind; was not distressed with a despondency, as frequently heretofore.

Lord's Day, August 24.—Towards noon visited fome of the Delawares, and discoursed with them about christianity. In the asternoon, discoursed to the king, and others, upon divine things; who seemed disposed to hear. Spent most of the day in these exercises. In the evening, enjoyed fome comfort and fatisfaction; and especially had fome sweetness in secret prayer: This duty was made fo agreeable

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to me, that I loved to walk abroad and repeatedly engage in it. O, how comfortable is a little glimple of God !

Monday, August 25.—Spent most of the day in writing. Sent out my people that were with me, to talk with the Indians, and contract a friendship, and familiarity with them, that I might have a better opportunity of treating with them about chriftianity. Some good feemed to be done by their vifits this day; divers appeared willing to hearken to christianity. My spirits were a little refreshed, this evening; and I found some liberty and fatisfaction in prayer.

Tuefday, August 26.—About noon, difcourfed to a confiderable number of Indians : God helped me, I am perfuaded : I was enabled to fpeak with much plainnefs, and fome warmth and power. The difcourfe had impreffion upon fome, and made them appear very ferious. I thought, things now appeared as encouraging as they did at Crofweekfung, at the time of my first visit to those Indians. I was a little encouraged : I preffed things with all my might; and called out my people who were then prefent, to give in their testimony for God; which they did. Towards night, was refreshed; felt a heart to pray for the fetting up of God's kingdom here; as well as for my dear congregation below, and my dear friends elsewhere.

Thurfday, August 28.—In the forenoon, was under great concern of mind about my work. Was visited by some who defired to hear me preach; difcoursed to them, in the afternoon, with some fervency, and laboured to persuade them to turn to God. Was full of concern for the kingdom of Christ, and found some enlargement of soul in prayer, both in fecret and in my family. Scarcely ever some more clearly, than this day, that it is God's work to con-

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vert fouls, and efpecially poor heathens : I knew, I could not touch them; I faw, I could only fpeak to *dry bones*, but could give them no fenfe of what I faid. My eyes were up to God for help : I could fay, the work was his; and if done, the glory would be his.

Saturday, August 30.—Spent the forenoon in vifiting a trader, that came down the river fick; who appeared as ignorant as any Indian. In the afternoon, fpent fome time in writing, reading, and prayer.

Lord's Day, August 31.—Spent much time, in the morning, in fecret duties : Found a weight upon my fpirit, and could not but cry to God with concern and engagement of foul. Spent fome time alfo in reading and expounding God's word to my dear family, that was with me, as well as in finging and prayer with them. Afterwards, fpake the word of God to fome few of the Sufquehannah Indians. In the afternoon, felt very weak and feeble. Near night, was fomething refreshed in mind, with fome views of things relating to my great work. O, how heavy is my work, when faith cannot take hold of an almighty arm, for the performance of it ! Many times have I been ready to fink in this cafe. Bleffed be God, that I may repair to a full fountain.

Monday, September 1.—Set out on a journey towards a place called the Great-Ifland, about fifty miles diftant from Shaumoking, in the northweftern branch of Sufquehannah. Travelled fome part of the way, and at night lodged in the woods. Was exceeding feeble, this day, and fweat much the night following.

Tuefday, September 2.—Rode forward ; but no fafter than my people went on foot. Was very weak, on this, as well as the preceding days : Was fo feeble and faint, that I feared it would kill me to lie

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out in the open air; and fome of our company being parted from us, fo that we had now no axe with us, I had no way but to climb into a young pine tree, and with my knife to lop the branches, and fo made a fhelter from the dew. But the evening being cloudy and very likely for rain, I was still under fears of being extremely exposed : Sweat much in the night, fo that my linen was almost wringing wet all night. I fcarce ever was more weak and weary, than this evening, when I was able to fit up at all. This was a melancholy fituation I was in; but I endeavoured to quiet myfelf with confiderations of the poffibility of my being in much worfe circumstances amongst enemies, &c.

Wednesday, September 3 .- Rode to the Delaware-Town; found divers drinking and drunken. Difcourfed with fome of the Indians about chriftianity ; obferved my interpreter much engaged and affifted in his work : Some few perfons feemed to hear with great earnestnefs and engagement of foul. About noon, rode to a fmall town of Shauwaunoes, about eight miles diftant; fpent an hour or two there, and returned to the Delaware-Town, and lodged there. Was fcarce ever more confounded with a fenfe of my own unfruitfulnefs, and unfitnefs for my work, than now. O, what a dead, heartlefs, barren, unprofitable wretch did I now fee myfelf to be!

Thursday, September 4.-Discoursed with the Indians, in the morning, about christianity ; my interpreter, afterwards, carrying on the difcourfe, to a confiderable length : Some few appeared well difposed, and somewhat affected. Left this place, and returned towards Shaumoking ; and at night lodged in the place where I lodged the Monday night before : Was in very uncomfortable circumstances in the evening, my people being belated, and not coming to me until paft ten at night; fo that I had no 0

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fire to drefs any victuals, or to keep me warm, or keep off wild beafts; and I was fcarce ever more weak and worn out in all my life. However, I lay down and flept before my people came up, expecting nothing elfe but to fpend the whole night alone and without fire.

Friday, September 5.—Was exceeding weak, fo that I could fcarcely ride; it feemed fometimes as if I muft fall off from my horfe, and lie in the open woods: However, got to Shaumoking towards night: Felt fomething of a fpirit of thankfulnefs, that God had fo far returned me: Was refreshed, to fee one of my chriftians, whom I left here in my late excursion.

Saturday, September 6.—Spent the day in a very weak flate; coughing and fpitting blood, and having little appetite to any food I had with me: Was able to do very little, except difcourfe a while of divine things to my own people, and to fome few I met with. Had, by this time, very little life or heart to fpeak for God, through feeblenefs of body, and flatnefs of fpirits.

Lord's Day, September 7.—Was much in the fame weak ftate of body, and afflicted frame of mind, as in the preceding day : My foul was grieved, and mourned, that I could do nothing for God. Read and expounded fome part of God's word to my own dear family, and fpent fome time in prayer with them ; difcourfed alfo a little to the pagans : But fpent the Sabbath with little comfort.

Monday, September 8.—Spent the forenoon among the Indians; in the afternoon left Shaumoking, and returned down the river, a few miles. Had propofed to have tarried a confiderable time longer among the Indians upon Sufquehannah, but was hindered from purfuing my purpofe by the ficknefs that prevailed there, the weakly circumflances of my own people that were with me, and efpecially my own extraordinary

extraordinary weaknefs, having been exercifed with great nocturnal fweats, and a coughing up of blood, in almost the whole of the journey; and was a great part of the time fo feeble and faint, that it feemed as though I never fhould be able to reach home; and at the fame time very defitute of the comforts and even neceffaries of life; at least, what was neceffary for one in fo weak a flate.

Tuesday, September 9.-Rode down the river, near thirty miles. Was extreme weak, much fatigued, and wet with a thunder ftorm. Difcourfed with fome warmth and clofenefs to fome poor ignorant fouls, on the life and power of religion; what were and what were not the evidences of it. They feemed much aftonished, when they faw my Indians ask a bleffing and give thanks at dinner; concluding that a very high evidence of grace in them : But were aftonished, when I infifted that neither that. nor yet fecret prayer, was any fure evidence of grace. O the ignorance of the world! How are fome empty outward forms, that may all be entirely felfish, mistaken for true religion, infallible evidences of it! The Lord pity a deluded world.

Thurfday, September 11.—Rode homeward; but was very weak, and fometimes fcarce able to ride. Had a very importunate invitation to preach at a meeting houfe I came by, the people being then gathering; but could not by reafon of weaknefs. Was refigned and compofed under my weaknefs; but was much exercifed with concern for my companions in travel, whom I had left with much regret, fome lame, and fome fick.

Friday, September 12.—Rode about fifty miles; and came just at night to a christian friend's house, about twenty five miles westward from Philadelphia. Was courteously received, and kindly enter-

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tained, and found myfelf much refreshed in the midst of my weakness and fatigues.

Saturday, September 13.—Was ftill agreeably entertained with chriftian friendfhip, and all things neceffary for my weak circumftances : In the afternoon heard Mr. Treat preach ; and was refreshed in conversation with him, in the evening.

Lord's Day, September 14.—At the defire of Mr. Treat and the people, I preached both parts of the day, but fhort, from Luke xiv. 23. God gave me fome freedom and warmth in my difcourfe; and I truft, helped me in fome meafure to labour in finglenefs of heart. Was much tired in the evening, but was comforted with the most tender treatment I ever met with in my life. My mind through the whole of this day was exceeding calm; and I could afk for nothing in prayer, with any encouragement of foul, but that the will of God might be done.

Monday, September 15.—Spent the whole day, in concert with Mr. Treat, in endeavours to compofe a difference, fubfifting between certain perfons in the congregation where we now were: There feemed to be a bleffing on our endeavours. In the evening, baptized a child: Was in a calm compofed frame, and enjoyed, I truft, a fpiritual fenfe of divine things, while administering the ordinance. Afterwards, fpent the time in religious conversation, until late in the night. This was indeed a pleafant agreeable evening.

Friday, September 19.—Rode from Mr. Treat's to Mr. Stockton's at Prince-Town : Was extreme weak, but kindly received and entertained. Spent the evening with fome degree of fatisfaction.

Saturday, September 20.—Arrived among my own people, just at night : Found them praying together : Went in and gave them fome account of God's dealings with me and my companions in the jour-

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ney; which feemed affecting to them. I then prayed with them, and thought the divine prefence was amongft us; divers were melted into tears, and feemed to have a fenfe of divine things. Being very weak, I was obliged foon to repair to my lodgings, and felt much worn out in the evening. Thus God has carried me through the fatigues and perils of another journey to Sufquehannah, and returned me again in fafety, though under a great degree of bodily indifpofition. O that my foul were truly thankful for renewed inftances of mercy! Many hardfhips and diftreffes I endured in this journey: But the Lord fupported me under them all.

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PART VII.

After his Return from his last Journey to Susque-HANNAH, until his DEATH.

L ORD's DAY, September 21, 1746.—I was fo weak I could not preach, nor pretend to ride over to my people in the forenoon. In the afternoon rode out; fat in my chair, and difcourfed to my people from Rom. xiv. 7.8. I was ftrengthened and helped in my difcourfe : And there appeared fomething agreeable in the affembly. I returned to my lodgings extremely tired; but thankful, that I had been enabled to fpeak a word to my poor people I had been fo long abfent from. Was able to fleep very little this night, through wearinefs and pain. O how bleffed fhould I be, if the little I do were all done with right views ! Othat whether I live I might live to the Lord, &cc.

Saturday, September 27.—Spent this day, as well as the whole week paft, under a great degree of bodily weaknefs, exercifed with a violent cough, and a confiderable fever ; had no appetite to any kind of food ; and frequently brought up what I eat, as foon is it was down ; and oftentimes had little reft in my bed, by reafon of pains in my breaft and back : Was able, however, to ride over to my people, about two miles, every day, and take fome care of thofe who were then at work upon a fmall houfe for me to refide in amongft the Indians. I was fometimes fcarce able to walk, and never able to fit up the whole day, through the week. Was calm and compofed, and but little exercifed with melancholy damps, as in former

former feafons of weaknefs. Whether I fhould ever recover, or no, feemed very doubtful; but this was many times a comfort to me, that life and death did not depend upon my choice. I was pleafed, to think that he who is infinitely wife, had the determination of this matter; and that I had no trouble, to confider and weigh things upon all fides, in order to make the choice, whether I would live or die. Thus my time was confumed; I had little ftrength to pray, none to write or read, and fcarce any to meditate : But through divine goodnefs, I could with great compofure look death in the face, and frequently with fenfible joy. O, how bleffed it is, to be habitually prepared for death ! The Lord grant, that I may be actually ready alfo.

Lord's Day, September 28.-Rode to my people, and, though under much weaknefs, attempted to preach, from 2 Cor. xiii. 5. Difcourfed about half an hour ; at which feafon divine power feemed to attend the word : But being extreme weak, I was obliged to defift; and after a turn of faintnefs, with much difficulty, rode to my lodgings; where betaking myfelf to my bed, I lay in a burning fever, and almost delirious, for feveral hours ; until towards morning, my fever went off with a violent fweat. I have often been feverifh, and unable to reft quietly after preaching; but this was the most fevere diftreffing turn, that ever preaching brought upon me. Yet I felt perfectly at reft in my own mind, becaufe I had made my utmost attempts to speak for God, and knew I could do no more.

Tuefday, September 30.—Yefterday, and today, was in the fame weak ftate, or rather weaker than in days paft ; was fcarce able to fit up half the day. Was in a composed frame of mind, remarkably free from dejection and melancholy damps ; as God has been pleased, in great measure, to deliver me from these

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unhappy glooms, in the general course of my prefent weakness hitherto, and also from a peevish froward spirit: And O, how great a mercy is this! O that I might always be perfectly quiet in feasons of greatest weakness, although nature should fink and fail.

Saturday, October 4.-Spent the former part of this week under a great degree of infirmity and diforder, as I had done feveral weeks b 'ore : Was able however, to ride a little every day, although unable to fit up half of the day, until Thurfday. Took fome care daily of fome perfons at work upon my house. On Friday, afternoon, found myself wonderfully revived and ftrengthened; and having fome time before given notice to my people, and those of them at the Forks of Delaware, in particular, that I defigned, with the leave of Providence, to administer the facrament of the Lord's fupper upon the first Sabbath in October, the Sabbath now approaching, on Friday afternoon I preached, preparatory to the facrament, from 2 Cor. xiii. 5. Finishing what I had proposed to offer upon the subject the Sabbath before. The fermon was bleffed of God to the ftirring up religious affection, and a spirit of devotion, in the people of God ; and to the greatly affecting one who had backflidden from God, which caufed him to judge and condemn himfelf. This being Saturday, I difcourfed particularly with divers of the communicants; and this afternoon preached from Zech. xii. 10. There feemed to be a tender melting, and hearty mourning for fin, in numbers in the congregation. My foul was in a comfortable frame, and I enjoyed freedom and affiftance in publick fervice : Was myfelf, as well as most of the congregation, much affected with the humble confession, and apparent brokenheartednefs of the forementioned backflider ; and could not but rejoice, that God had given

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given him fuch a fenfe of his fin and unworthinefs. Was extremely tired in the evening; but lay on my bed, and difcourfed to my people.

Lord's Day, October 5 .- Was still very weak ; and, in the morning, confiderably afraid I fhould not be able to go through the work of the day; having much to do, both in private and publick. Difcourfed before the administration of the facrament, from John i. 29. Behold the Lamb of God, that taketh away the fin of the world. Where I confidered, I. In what respects Chrift is called the Lamb of God ; and obferved that he is fo called, 1. From the purity and innocency of his nature. 2. From his meeknefs and patience under fufferings. 3. From his being that atonement, which was pointed out in the facrifice of lambs, and in particular by the pafchal lamb. II. Confidered how and in what fende he takes away the fin of the world : And observed, that the means and manner, in and by which he takes away the fins of men, was his giving himfelf for them, doing and fuffering in their room and stead, &c. And he is faid to take away the fin of the world, not because all the world fhall actually be redeemed from fin by him : but becaufe, 1. He has done and fuffered fufficient to answer for the fins of the world, and so to redeem all mankind. 2. He actually does take away the fins of the elect world. And III. Confidered how we are to behold him, in order to have our fins taken away. 1. Not with our bodily eyes: Nor 2. By imagining him on the crofs, &c. But by a fpiritual view of his glory and goodnefs, engaging the foul to rely on him, &c. The divine prefence attended this difcourfe ; and the affembly was confiderably melted with divine truths. After fermon baptized two perfons. Then administered the Lord's fupper to near forty communicants, of the Indians, befides divers dear chriftians of the white people. It feem-

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ed to be a feafon of divine power and grace; and numbers feemed to rejoice in God. O, the fweet union and harmony then appearing among the religious people! My foul was refreshed, and my religious friends, of the white people, with me. After the facrament, could fcarcely get home, though it was not more than twenty rods; but was supported and led by my friends, and laid on my bed ; where I lay in pain until fome time in the evening; and then was able to fit up and difcourfe with friends. O how was this day fpent in prayers and praifes among my dear people! One might hear them, all the morning before publick worfhip, and in the evening, until near midnight, praying and finging praifes to God, in one or other of their houses. My foul was refreshed, though my body was weak.

[This week he went in a very low flate, in two days, to Elizabeth-Town, to attend the meeting of the Synod there: But was difappointed by its removal to New-York. He continued in a very composed comfortable frame of mind.]

Saturday, October 11 .- Towards night was feized with an ague, which was followed with a hard fever, and confiderable pain : Was treated with great kindnefs, and was ashamed to fee fo much concern about fo unworthy a creature, as I knew myfelf to be. Was in a comfortable frame of mind, wholly fubmiffive, with regard to life or death. It was indeed a peculiar fatisfaction to me, to think, that it was not my concern or bufinefs to determine whether I should live or die. I likewife felt peculiarly fatisfied, while under this uncommon degree of diforder ; being now fully convinced of my being really weak, and unable to perform my work; whereas at other times my mind was perplexed with fears, that I was a milimprover of time, by conceiting I was fick, when I was not in reality fo. O, how precious

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is time ! And how guilty it makes me feel, when I think I have trifled away and mifimproved it, or neglected to fill up each part of it with duty, to the utmost of my ability and capacity !

Lord's Day, October 12.—Was fcarce able to fit up, in the forenoon: In the afternoon, attended publick worfhip, and was in a composed and comfortable frame.

[The following week, he went back to his Indians at Cranberry, to take fome care of their fpiritual and temporal concerns : And was much fpent with riding ; though he rode but a little way in a day.]

Friday, October 24.—Spent the day in overfeeing and directing my people, about mending their fence, and fecuring their wheat. Found that all their concerns of a fecular nature depended upon me. Was fomewhat refreshed in the evening, having been able to do fomething valuable in the day time. O, how it pains me, to fee time pass away, when I can do nothing to any purpose !

Saturday, October 25.—Vifited fome of my people; fpent fome time in writing, and felt much better in body, than ufual: When it was near night, I felt fo well, that I had thoughts of expounding: But in the evening was much difordered again, and fpent the night in coughing, and fpitting of blood.

Lord's Day, October 26.—In the morning, was exceeding weak: Spent the day, until near night, in pain to fee my poor people, wandering as fheep not having a fhepherd, waiting and hoping to fee me able to preach to them before night: It could not but diffrefs me, to fee them in this cafe, and to find myfelf unable to attempt any thing for their fpiritual benefit. But towards night, finding myfelf a little better, I called them together to my own houfe, and fat down and read and expounded Matth. v. 1.—16. 'This difcourfe, though delivered in much weaknefs,

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was attended with power to many of the hearers : especially what was spoken upon the last of those verfes ; where I infifted on the infinite wrong done to religion, by having our light become darknefs, inftead of fbining before men. As many in the congregation were now deeply affected with a fenfe of their deficiency, in regard of a fpirtual conversation, that might recommend religion to others, and as a fpirit of concern and watchfulnefs feemed to be excited in them; fo there was one, in particular, that had fallen into the fin of drunkennefs, fome time before, who was now deeply convinced of his fin, and the great difhonour done to religion by his mifconduct, and difcovered a great degree of grief and concern on that account. My foul was refreshed to fee this. Monday, October 27 .- Spent the day in overfeeing and directing the Indians, about mending the fence round their wheat: Was able to walk with them, and contrive their bufinefs, all the forenoon. In the afternoon, was visited by two dear friends, and spent fome time in conversation with them ; towards night, was able to walk out, and take care of the Indians again. In the evening, enjoyed a very peaceful frame.

Tuefday, October 28.—Rode to Prince-Town, in a very weak ftate : Had fuch a violent fever, by the way, that I was forced to alight at a friend's houfe ; and lie down for fome time. Near night was vifited by Mr. Treat, Mr. Beaty and his wife, and another friend. My fpirits were refreshed to see them; but I was surprised, and even assaud, that they had taken so much pains as to ride thirty or forty miles to see me! Was able to fit up most of the evening; and spent the time in a very comfortable manner with my friends.

Wednesday, OEtober 29.—Rode about ten miles with my friends that came yesterday to see me; and then

then parted with them, all but one, who flayed on purpofe to keep me company, and cheer my fpirits. Was extremely weak, and very feverifh, efpecially towards night; but enjoyed comfort and fatisfaction.

Lord's Day, November 2.-Was unable to preach, and fcarcely able to fit, the whole day. Was grieved, and almost funk, to fee my poor people destitute of the means of grace ; especially confidering they could not read, and fo were under great difadvantages for fpending the Sabbath comfortably. O methought, I could be contented to be fick, if my poor flock had a faithful pastor to feed them with fpiritual knowledge! A view of their want of this was more afflictive to me, than all my bodily illnefs. Monday, November 3 .- Being now in fo weak and low a state, that I was utterly uncapable of performing my work, and having little hope of recovery, unlefs by much riding, I thought it my duty to take a lengthy journey into New-England, and to divert myfelf among my friends, whom I had not now feen for a long time. And accordingly took leave of my congregation this day. Before I left my people, I vifited them all in their refpective houfes, and discourfed to each one, as I thought most proper and fuitable for their circumstances, and found great freedom and affiftance in fo doing : I fcarcely left one house but fome were in tears; and many were not only affected with my being about to leave them. but with the folemn addreffes I made them upon divine things; for 1 was helped to be fervent in *fpirit*, while I difcourfed to them. When I had thus gone through my congregation, which took me most of the day, and had taken leave of them, and of the fchool, I left home, and rode about two miles to the houfe where I lived in the fummer paft, and there lodged. Was refreshed, this evening, in that I had left my congregation fo well disposed and affected,

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and that I had been fo much affifted in making my farewell addreffes to them.

Tuefday, *November* 4.—Rode to Woodbridge, and lodged with Mr. Pierfon; continuing fill in a very weak flate.

Wednefday, November 5.—Rode to Elizabeth-Town; intending, as foon as poffible, to profecute my journey into New-England. But was, in an hour or two after my arrival, taken much worfe.

After this, for near a week, was confined to my chamber, and most of the time to my bed : And then fo far revived as to be able to walk about the house ; but was still confined within doors.

In the beginning of this extraordinary turn of diforder, after my coming to Elizabeth-Town, I was enabled, through mercy, to maintain a calm, compofed, and patient fpirit, as I had been before from the beginning of my weaknefs. After I had been in Elizabeth-Town about a fortnight, and had fo far recovered that I was able to walk about house, upon a day of thankfgiving kept in this place, I was enabled to recall and recount over the mercies of God, in fuch a manner as greatly affected me, and filled me, I think, with thankfulnefs and praife to God : Especially my foul praised him for his work of grace among the Indians, and the enlargement of his dear kingdom : My foul bleffed God for what he is in himfelf, and adored him, that he ever would difplay himfelf to creatures : I rejoiced that he was God, and longed that all fhould know it and feel it, and rejoice in it. Lord, glorify thyfelf, was the defire and cry of my foul. O that all people might love and praife the bleffed God : That he might have all poffible honour and glory from the intelligent world.

After this comfortable thankfgiving feafon, I frequently enjoyed freedom and enlargement, and engagednets

gagednefs of foul, in prayer, and was enabled to intercede with God for my dear congregation, very often for every family, and every perfon, in particular; and it was often a great comfort to me, that I could pray heartily to God for thofe, to whom I could not ipeak, and whom I was not allowed to fee. But at other times, my fpirits were fo flat and low, and my bodily vigour for much wafted, that I had fcarce any affections at all.

In December I had revived fo far as to be able to walk abroad, and vifit friends, and feemed to be on the gaining hand with regard to my health, in the main, until Lord's Day, December 21.

After this, having perhaps taken fome cold, I began to decline as to bodily health ; and continued to do fo, until the latter end of January, 1746,7.

. On Lord's Day, February 1, though in a very weak and low state, I enjoyed a confiderable deal of comfort and fweetnefs in divine things; and was enabled to plead and use arguments with God in prayer, I think, with a child like fpirit. That paffage of fcripture occurred to my mind, and gave me great affistance, If ye, being evil, know how to give good gifts to your children, how much more will your heavenly Father give the Holy Spirit to them that afk bim? This text I was helped to plead and infift upon; and faw the divine faithfulnefs engaged, for dealing with me better than any earthly parent can do with his child. This feation fo refreshed my foul that my body feemed alfo to be a gainer by it. And from this time, I began gradually to amend. And as I recovered fome ftrength, vigour and fpirit, I found at times fome freedom and life in the exercifes of devotion, and fome longings after fpirituality and a life of usefulness to the interests of the great Redeemer; although, at other times, I was a wfully barren and lifeles, and out of frame for the things of God; fo

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that I was ready often to cry out, O that it were with me as in months paft ! O that God had taken me away in the midft of my ufefulnefs, with a fudden ftroke, that I might not have been under a neceffity of trifling away time in diversions ! O that I had never lived to fpend fo much precious time, in fo poor a manner, and to fo little purpofe ! Thus I often reflected, was grieved, afhamed, and even confounded, funk and difcouraged.

On Tuesday, February 24, I was able to ride as far as Newark, (having been confined within Elizabeth-Town almost four months) and the next day returned to Elizabeth-Town. My spirits were somewhat refreshed with the ride, though my body was weary.

On Saturday, February 28, was vifited by an Indian. of my own congregation ; who brought me letters, and good news of the fober and good behaviour of my people, in general. This refreshed my foul ; I could not but foon retire, and bles God for his goodness ; and found, I trust, a truly thankful frame of spirit, that God seemed to be building up that congregation for himself.

On Wednefday, March 4, I met with reproof from a friend, which, although I thought I did not deferve it from him, yet was, I truft, bleffed of God to make me more tenderly afraid of fin, more jealous over myfelf, and more concerned to keep both heart and life pure and unblamable : It likewife caufed me to reflect on my paft deadnefs, and want of fpirituality, and to abhor myfelf, and look on myfelf moft unworthy.

Wednefday, March 11.—Being kept in Elizabeth-Town as a day of fafting and prayer, I was able to attend publick worfhip; which was the first time I was able fo to do after December 21. O, how much weaknefs and distrefs did God carry methrough

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in this fpace of time ! But having obtained help from him, I yet live: O that I could live more to his glory. Lord's Day, March 15.—Was able again to attend the publick worfhip, and felt fome earneft defires of being reftored to the minifterial work': Felt, I think, fome fpirit and life to fpeak for God.

Wednesday, March 18.—Rode out with a defign to vifit my people, and the next day arrived among them : Was under great dejection in my journey.

On Friday morning, I rofe early, walked about among my people, and inquired into their flate and concerns; and found an additional weight and burden on my fpirits, upon hearing fome things difagreeable. I endeavoured to go to God with my diftreffes, and made fome kind of lamentable complaint; and in a broken manner fpread my difficulties before God; but, notwithflanding, my mind continued very gloomy. About ten o'clock, I called my people together, and after having explained and fung a Pfalm, I prayed with them : There was a confiderable deal of affection among them; I doubt not, in fome inflances, that which was more than merely natural.

[This was the laft interview that he ever had with his people. About eleven o'clock the fame day, he left them; and the next day, came to Elizabeth-Town; his melancholy remaining ftill; and he continued for a confiderable time under a great degree of dejection through vapoury diforders.]

Lord's Day, April 5.—It grieved me to find myfelf fo inconceivably barren. My foul thirfted for grace : But alas, how far was I from obtaining what I faw fo exceeding excellent ! I was ready to defpair of ever being a holy creature ; and yet my foul was defirous of following bard after God; but never did I fee myfelf fo far from having apprehended, or being already perfect, as at this time. The Lord's fupper be-

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ing this day administered, I attended the ordinance : And though I faw in myfelf a dreadful emptinefs, and want of grace, and faw myfelf as it were at an infinite diftance from that purity, which is becoming the gofpel; yet in the feason of communion, efpecially in the time of the diftribution of the bread, I enjoyed fome warmth of affection, and felt a tender *love to the brethren*; and, I think, to the glorious Redeemer, the first-born among them. I endeavoured then to *bring forth* mine and *bis enemies*, and flay them before him; and found great freedom in begging deliverance from this fpiritual death, as well as in afking divine favours for my friends, and congregation, and the church of Chrift in general.

Friday, April 10.—Spent the forenoon in Prefbyterial bufinefs: In the afternoon rode to Elizabeth-Town; found my brother John there*: Spent fome time in converfation with him; but was extremely weak and outdone, my fpirits confiderably funk, and my mind dejected.

Thurfday, April 16.—Was in bitter anguifh of foul, in the morning; fuch as I have fcarce ever felt, with a fenfe of fin and guilt. I continued in diffrefs the whole day, attempting to pray wherever I went; and indeed could not help fo doing: But looked upon myfelf fo vile, I dared not look any body in the face; and was even grieved, that anybody fhould fhew me any refpect, or at leaft, that they fhould be fo deceived as to think I deferved it.

Friday, April 17.—In the evening could not but think that God helped me to draw near to the throne of grace, though most unworthy, and gave me a fenfe of his favour; which gave me inexpressible support and

encouragement

* This brother of his had been fent for by the Correspondents, to take care of, and inftruct Mr. Brainerd's congregation of Indians; he being obliged by his illmels to be abfent from them. And he continued to take care of them until Mr. Brainerd's death: And fince his death, was ordained his fucceffor in his miffion, and to the charge of his congregation; which continued much to flourish under his paftoral care.

encouragement; though I fcarcely dared to hope the mercy was real, it appeared fo great : Yet could not but rejoice; that ever God fhould difcover his reconciled face to fuch a vile finner. Shame and confusion, at times, covered me; and then hope and joy and admiration of divine goodness gained the afcendant. Sometimes I could not but admire the divine goodnefs, that the Lord had not let me fall into all the groffeft vileft acts of fin and open fcandal, that could be thought of ; and felt myfelf fo neceffitated to praife God, that this was ready for a little while, to fwallow up my fhame and preffure of fpirit on account of my fins.

After this his dejection and preffure of spirit returned; and he remained under it the two next days.]

Monday, April 20.-Was in a very difordered ftate, and kept my bed most of the day. I enjoyed a little more comfort, than in feveral of the preceding days. This day I arrived at the age of twenty nine years.

Tuesday, April 21 .- I let out on my journey for New-England, in order (if it might be the will of God) to recover my health by riding : Travelled to New-York, and there lodged.

[This proved his final departure from New-Jerfey. He travelled flowly, and arrived among his friends, at East-Haddam, about the beginning of May. There is very little account in his Diary of the time that paffed from his fetting out on this journey to May 10. He speaks of his sometimes finding his heart rejoicing in the glorious perfections of God, and longing to live to him ; but complains of the unfixedness of his thoughts, and their being eafily diverted from divine fubjects, and cries out of his leannefs, as teftifying against him in the loudest manner. And concerning those diversions he was obliged to use for his health, he fays, that he fome-R 2

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times found he could use diversions with fingleness of heart, aiming at the glory of God; but that he also found there was a necessity of great care and watchfulness left he should lose that spiritual temper of mind in his diversions, and left they should degenerate into what was merely selfiss without any supreme aim at the glory of God in them.]

Lord's Day, May 10.-[At Had-Lime.] I could not but feel fome measure of gratitude to God at this time (wherein I was much exercifed) that he had always disposed me, in my ministry, to infift on the great doctrines of regeneration, the new creature, faith in Christ, progressive fanctification, supreme love to God, living entirely to the glory of God, being not our own, and the like. God has helped me to fee in the furest manner, from time to time, that these and the like doctrines, neceffarily connected with them, are the only foundation of fafety and falvation for perifhing finners; and that those divine dispositions, which are confonant hereto, are that bolinefs without which no man shall fee the Lord : The exercife of these godlike tempers, wherein the foul acts in a kind of concert with God, and would be and do every thing that is pleafing to God ; this, I faw, would ftand by the foul in a dying hour; for God must, I think, deny himself, if he cafts away bis own image, even the foul that is one in defires with himfelf.

Lord's Day, May 17.--[At Millington.] Spent the forenoon at home, being unable to attend the publick worfhip. At this time, God gave me fome affecting fenfe of my own vilenefs, and the exceeding finfulnefs of my heart; that there feemed to be nothing but fin and corruption within me. Innumerable evils compaffed me about; my want of fpirituality and holy living, my neglect of God, and living to myfelf; all the abominations of my heart and life feemed to be open to my view; and I had nothing

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to fay, but God be merciful to me a finner. Towards noon, I faw, that the grace of God in Chrift is infinitely free towards finners, and fuch finners as I was; I alfo faw, that God is the fupreme good, that in his prefence is life; and I began to long to die, that I might be with him, in a ftate of freedom from all fin. O, how a fmall glimpfe of his excellency refreshed my foul ! O, how worthy is the bleffed God to be loved, adored, and delighted in, for himself, for his own divine excellencies.

Though I felt much dulnefs, and want of a fpirit of prayer, this week, yet I had fome glimpfes of the excellency of divine things ; and efpecially one morning, in fecret meditation and prayer, the excellency and beauty of holinefs, as a likenefs to the glorious God, was fo difcovered to me, that I began to long earneftly to be in that world where holinefs dwells in perfection : And I feemed to long for this perfect holinefs, not fo much for the fake of my'own happinefs (although I faw clearly that this was the greateft, yea, the only happinefs of the foul) as that I might pleafe God, live entirely to him, and glorify him to the utmost firetch of my rational powers and capacities.

[On Thurfday, May 28, he came from Long-Meadow to Northampton; appearing vaftly better than, by his account, he had been in the winter; indeed, fo well that he was able to ride twenty five miles in a day, and to walk half a mile; and appeared cheerful, and free from melancholy: But yet, undoubtedly, at that time, in a confirmed, incurable confumption.

I had had much opportunity, before this, of particular information concerning him, from many that were well acquainted with him. But now I had opportunity for a more full acquaintance with him. I found him remarkably fociable, pleafant and enter-

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taining in his conversation ; yet folid, favoury, fpiritual, and very profitable ; appearing meek, modeft, and humble ; far from any ftiffnefs, morofenefs, fuperstitious demureness, or affected fingularity in fpeech or behaviour, and feeming to naufeate all fuch things. We enjoyed not only the benefit of his converfation, but had the comfort and advantage of hearing him pray in the family, from time to time. His manner of praying was very agreeable; most becoming a worm of the dust, and a disciple of Chrift, addreffing an infinitely great and holy God, and Father of mercies; not with florid expreffions, or a fludied eloquence; not with any intemperate vehemence, or indecent boldnefs; at the greatest diftance from any appearance of oftentation, and from every thing that might look as though he meant to recommend himfelf to those that were about him, or fet himfelf off to their acceptance ; free too from vain repetitions, without impertinent excursions, or needless multiplying of words. He expressed himfelf with the ftrictest propriety, with weight, and pungency; and yet what his lips uttered seemed to flow from the fulnefs of his heart, as deeply impreffed with a great and folemn fenfe of our neceflities, unworthinefs, and dependence, and of God's infinite greatnefs, excellency, and fufficiency, rather than merely from a warm and fruitful brain, pouring out good expressions. And I know not, that ever I heard him fo much as afk a bleffing or return thanks at table, but there was fomething remarkable to be obferved, both in the matter and manner of performance. In his prayers he infifted much on the profperity of Zion, the advancement of Chrift's kingdom in the world, and the flourishing and propagation of religion among the Indians. And he generally made it one petition in his prayer, that we might not outlive our usefulness.]

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Lord's Day, May 31.--[At Northampton.] I had little inward fweetnefs in religion, for most of the week past; not realizing and beholding fpiritually the glory of God, and the bleffed Redeemer; from whence always arife my comforts and joys in religion, if I have any at all: And if I cannot fo behold the excellencies and perfections of God, as to caufe me to rejoice in him for what he is in himself, I have no folid foundation for joy. To rejoice only because I apprehend I have an interest in Christ, and shall be finally faved, is a poor mean business indeed.

[This week, he confulted doctor Mather, at my houfe, concerning his illnefs; who plainly told him, that there were great evidences of his being in a confirmed confumption, and that he could givehim no encouragement, that he fhould ever recover. But it feemed not to occafion the leaft difcomposure in him, nor to make any manner of alteration as to the cheerfulnefs and ferenity of his mind, or the freedom or pleafantnefs of his conversation.]

Lord's Day, June 7.—My attention was greatly engaged, and my foul fo drawn forth, this day, by what I heard of the exceeding precioufnefs of the faving grace of God's Spirit, that it almost overcame my body in my weak state: I faw that true grace is exceeding precious indeed; that it is very rare; and there is but a very small degree of it, even where the reality of it is to be found; at least, I faw this to be my cafe.

In the preceding week I enjoyed fome comfortable feafons of meditation. One morning the caufe of God appeared exceeding precious to me: The Redeemer's kingdom is all that is valuable in the earth, and I could not but long for the promotion of it in the world: I faw allo that this caufe is God's, that he has an infinitely greater regard and concern for

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it, than I could poffibly have; that if I have any true love to this bleffed intereft, it is only a drop derived from that ocean. Hence, I was ready to lift up my head with joy; and conclude, well, if God's caufe be fo dear and precious to him, he will promote it. And thus I did as it were reft on God, that furely he would promote that which was fo agreeable to his own will; though the time when muft ftill be left to his fovereign pleafure.

[He was advifed by phyficians fill to continue riding, as what would tend, above any other means, to prolong his life. He was at a lofs for fome time, which way to bend his courfe next; but finally determined to ride from hence to Bofton; we having concluded that one of this family flould go with him, and be helpful to him in his weak and low ftate.]

Tuefday, June 9.—I fet out on a Journey from Northampton to Bofton : Travelled flowly, and got fome acquaintance with divers minifters on the road.

I having now continued to ride for fome confiderable time together, felt myfelf much better than I had formerly done; and I found that in proportion to the profpect I had of being reftored to a ftate of ufefulnefs, fo I defired the continuance of life: But death appeared inconceivably more defirable to me, than a ufelefs life; yet, bleffed be God, I found my heart, at times, fully refigned and reconciled to this greateft of afflictions, if God faw fit thus to deal with me.

Friday, June 12.—I arrived in Bofton this day, fomewhat fatigued with my journey. Obferved, that there is no reft but in God : Fatigues of body, and anxieties of mind attend us, both in town and country ; no place is exempted.

Lord's Day, June 14.—l enjoyed fome enlargement and fweetnefs in family prayer, as well as in fecret

fecret exercifes; God appeared excellent, his ways full of pleafure and peace, and all I wanted was a fpirit of holy fervency, to live to him.

Wednefday, June 17.—This and the two preceding days, I fpent mainly in vifiting the ministers of the town, and was treated with great respect by them.

On Thurfday, June 18, I was taken exceeding ill. and brought to the gates of death, by the breaking of fmallulcers in my lungs, as my phyfician fuppofed. In this extreme weak state I continued for feveral weeks. and was frequently reduced to low as to be utterly fpeechlefs, and not able fo much as to whifper a word : and even after I had fo far revived, as to walk about house, and to step out of doors, I was exercised every day with a faint turn, which continued ufually four or five hours ; at which times, though I was not utterly speechless, fo but that I could fay yes or no, yet I could not converfe at all, nor fpeak one fentence without making ftops for breath; and divers times in this feafon, my friends gathered. round my bed, to fee me breathe my last, which they looked for every moment, as I myfelf alfo did.

How I was the first day or two of my illnefs, with regard to the exercise of reason, I fcarcely know; but I believe I was something shattered with the violence of the fever, at times: But the third day of my illnefs, and constantly afterwards, for four or five weeks together, I enjoyed as much serenity of mind and clearness of thought, as perhaps I ever did in my life: And I think my mind never penetrated with so much ease and freedom into divine things, as at this time; and I never felt so capable of demonstrating the truth of many important doctrines of the gospel as now. And as I faw clearly the truth of those great doctrines, which are justly stilled the DOCTRINES of GRACE; fo I faw with no lefs clearness.

clearnefs, that the effence of religion confifted in the foul's conformity to God, and acting above all felfifh views, for his glory, longing to be for him, to live to him, and pleafe and honour him in all things; and this from a clear view of his infinite excellency and worthinefs in himfelf, to be loved, adored, worfhipped and ferved by all intelligent creatures. Thus I faw, that when a foul loves God with a fupreme love, he therein acts like the bleffed God himfelf, who most justly loves himfelf in that manner : So when God's interest and his are become one, and he longs that God fhould be glorified, and rejoices to think that he is unchangeably poffeffed of the higheft glory and bleffednefs, herein alfo he acts in conformity to God : In like manner, when the foul is fully refigned to, and refts fatisfied and contented with the divine will, here it is also conformed to God.

I faw further, that as this divine temper, whereby the foul exalts God, and treads felf in the duft, is wrought in the foul by God's difcovering his own glorious perfections in the face of Jefus Chrift to it, by the fpecial influences of the Holy Spirit, fo he cannot but have regard to it, as his own work ; and as it is his image in the foul, he cannot but take delight in it. Then I faw again, that if God fhould flight and reject his own moral image, he must needs deny himfelf; which he cannot do. And thus I faw the ftability and infallibility of this religion, and that those who are truly possessed of it, have the most complete and fatisfying evidence of their being interested in all the benefits of Christ's redemption, having their hearts conformed to him ; and that thefe and thefe only are qualified for the employments and entertainments of God's kingdom of glory ; as none but these have any relish for the business of heaven, which is to afcribe glory to God, and not to themfelves :

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themfelves; and that God, though I would fpeak it with great reverence of his name and perfections, cannot, without denying himfelf, finally caft fuch away.

The next thing I had then to do, was to inquire. whether this was my religion : And here God was pleafed to help me to the most easy remembrance and critical review of what had paffed in courfe, of a religious nature, through feveral of the latter years of my life : And although I could difcover much corruption attending my best duties, many felfish views and carnal ends, much spiritual pride and felf exaltation, and innumerable other evils which compaffed me about ; I fay, although I now difcerned the fins of my holy things, as well as other actions, yet God was pleafed, as I was reviewing, quickly to put this question out of doubt, by shewing me, that I had. from time to time, acted above the utmost influence of mere felf love ; that I had longed to pleafe and glorify him, as my higheft happinefs, &c. And this review was through grace attended with a prefent feeling of the fame divine temper of mind ; I felt now pleafed to think of the glory of God, and longed for heaven as a state wherein I might glorify God perfectly, rather than a place of happine's for myfelf : And this feeling of the love of God in my heart, which I truft the Spirit of God excited in me afresh, was fufficient to give me full fatisfaction. and make me long, as I had many times before done. to be with Chrift. I did not now want any of the fudden fuggestions, which many are fo pleafed with. that Chrift and his benefits are mine, that God loves me, &c. in order to give me fatisfaction about my state.

Thefe things I faw with great clearnefs, when I was thought to be dying. And God gave me great concern for his church and interest in the world, at this time.

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As God was pleafed to afford me clearnefs of thought, and composure of mind, almost continually, for feveral weeks together, under my great weaknefs; fo he enabled me, in fome measure, to improve my time, as I hope, to valuable purposes. I was enabled to write a number of important letters to friends in remote places : And fometimes I wrote when I was speechlefs; i. e. unable to maintain conversation with any body; though perhaps I was able to fpeak a word or two fo as to be heard.

[He was much vifited, while in Bofton, by many perfons of confiderable note and figure, and of the beft character, and by fome of the first rank : Who fhewed him uncommon refpect, and appeared highly pleafed and entertained with his conversation. And befides his being honoured with the company and respect of ministers of the town, he was visited by feveral ministers from various parts of the country. And as he took all opportunities to difcourfe of the peculiar nature, and diffinguishing characters of true fpiritual and vital religion, and to bear his testimony against the various falle appearances of it. confifting in, or arifing from impreffions on the imagination, and fudden and fuppofed immediate fuggestions of truths, not contained in the scripture, and that faith which confifts primarily in a perfon's believing that Chrift died for him in particular, &c. So what he faid was for the most part heard with uncommon attention and regard; and his difcourfes and reafonings appeared manifeftly to have great weight and influence, with many that he conversed with, both ministers and others.

Mr. Brainerd's reftoration from his extremely low ftate in Bofton, fo as to go abroad again and to travel, was very unexpected to him and his friends. My daughter, who was with him, writes thus concerning him, in a letter dated June 23. "---On Thurfday,

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he was very ill with a violent fever, and extreme pain in his head and breaft, and, at turns, delirious. So he remained until Satúrday evening, when he feemed to be in the agonies of death : The family was, up with him until one or two o'clock, expecting every hour would be his laft. On Sabbath day he was a little revived, his head was better, but very full of pain, and exceeding fore at his breaft, much put to it for breath, &c. Yesterday he was better upon all accounts. Last night he flept but little. This morning he is much worfe. Doctor Pynchon fays, he has no hopes of his life; nor does he think it likely he will ever come out of the chamber; though he fays he may be able to come to Northampton."

In another letter, dated June 29, fhe fays as follows? " Mr. Brainerd has not fo much pain nor fever, fince I last wrote, as before : Yet he is extremely weak and low, and very faint, expecting every day will be his last. He fays, it is impossible for him to live for want of life. He has hardly vigour enough to draw his breath. I went this morning into town, and when I came home, Mr. Bromfield faid, he never expected I should fee him alive; for he lay two hours, as they thought, dying; one could fcarcely tell, whether he was alive or not ; he was not able to fpeak, for fome time : But now is much as he was before. The Doctor thinks, he will drop away in fuch a turn. Mr. Brainerd fays, he never felt any thing fo much like diffolution, as what he felt today; and fays, he never had any conception of its being poffible for any creature to be alive, and yet fo weak as he is from day to day. Doctor Pynchon fays, he should not be furprised, if he should fo recover as to live half a year; nor would it furprise him, if he should die in half a day. Since I began to write, he is not fo well ; having had a faint turn again : Yet patient

patient and refigned, having no diftreffing fears, but the contrary."

His phyfician, the honourable Joseph Pynchon, Efq; when he vifited him in his extreme illnefs in Bofton, attributed his finking fo fuddenly into a ftate fo extremely low, and nigh unto death, to the breaking of ulcers, that had been long gathering in his lungs, as Mr. Brainerd himfelf intimates in a forementioned paffage in his Diary, and there difcharging and diffusing their purulent matter; which, while nature was labouring and ftruggling to throw off, that could be done no otherwife, than by gradual ftraining of it through the fmall veffels of those vital parts. This occafioned an high fever, and violent coughing, and threw the whole frame of nature into the utmost diforder, and brought it near to a diffolution : But supposed, if the strength of nature held until the lungs had this way gradually cleared themfelves of this putrid matter, he might revive, and continue better, until new ulcers gathered and broke ; but then would furely fink again ; and that there was no hope of his recovery ; but, as he expressed himself to one of my neighbours, who at that time faw him in Boston, he was as certainly a dead man, as if he was fhot through the heart.

But fo it was ordered in divine Providence, that the ftrength of nature held out through this great conflict, fo as just to escape the grave at that turn; and then he revived, to the astonishment of all that knew his case.

After he began to revive he was visited by his youngest brother, Mr. Israel Brainerd, a student at Yale-College; who having heard of his extreme illness, went from thence to Boston, in order to see him, if he might find him alive, which he but little expected.

This vifit was attended with a mixture of joy and forrow to Mr. Brainerd. He greatly rejoiced to fee

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his brother, especially because he had defired an opportunity of fome religious conversation with him before he died. But this meeting was attended with forrow, as his brother brought to him the forrowful tidings of his fifter Spencer's death at Haddam ; a fifter, between whom and him had long fubfifted a peculiarly dear affection, and much intimacy in fpiritual matters, and whole houle he uled to make his home, when he went to Haddam, his native place. He had heard nothing of her fickness until this report of her death. But he had these comforts, together with the tidings, viz. a confidence of her being gone to heaven, and an expectation of his foon meeting her there. His brother continued with him until he left the town, and came with him from thence to Northampton.

Concerning the laft Sabbath Mr. Brainerd fpent in Bofton, he writes in his Diary as follows.]

Lord's Day, July 19 .- I was just able to attend publick worfhip, being carried to the houfe of God in a chaife." Heard Dr. Sewall preach, in the forenoon: Partook of the Lord's fupper at this time. In this facrament, I faw aftonishing divine wifdom difplayed; fuch wildom as I faw required the tongues of angels and glorified faints to celebrate : It feemed to me, I never fhould do any thing at adoring the infinite wifdom of God difcovered in the contrivance of man's redemption, until I arrived at a world of perfection ; yet I could not help firiting to call upon my foul and all within me to blefs the name of God. In the afternoon, heard Mr. Prince preach. I faw more of God in the wifdom difcovered in the plan of man's redemption, than I faw of any other of his perfections, through the whole day.

[He left Bofton the next day. But before he came away, he had occafion to bear a very full, plain, and open teftimony against that opinion, that the effence fence of faving faith lies in believing that Chrift died for me in particular, and that this is the first act of faith in a true believer's clofing with Chrift. He did it in a long conference he had with a gentleman. that has very publickly and freenuoufly appeared to defend that tenet. He had this difcourfe with him in the prefence of a number of confiderable perfons, who came to vifit Mr. Brainerd before he left the town, and to take their leave of him. In which debate he made this plain declaration, at the fame time confirming what he faid by many arguments; That the effence of faving faith was wholly left out of that definition of faving faith which that gentleman has published ; and that the faith which he had defined, had nothing of God in it, nothing above nature, nor indeed above the power of the devils; and that all fuch as had this faith, and had no better, though they might have this to never fo high a degree, would furely perifh. And he declared alfo, that he never had greater affurance of the falfenefs of the principles of those that maintained fuch a faith, and of their dangerous and deftructive tendency, or a more affecting fenfe of the great delufion and mifery of those that depended on getting to heaven by fuch a faith, while they had no better, than he lately had when he was supposed to be at the point to die, and expected every minute to pass into eternity. Mr. Brainerd's difcourfe at this time, and the forcible reafonings by which he confirmed what he afferted, appeared to be greatly to the fatisfaction of those prefent; as feveral of them took occasion exprefsly to manifest to him, before they took leave of him.

When this conversation was ended, having bid an affectionate farewell to his friends, he fet out in the cool of the afternoon, on his journey to Northampton, attended by his brother, and my daughter

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that went with him to Bofton; and would have been accompanied out of the town by a number of gentlemen, befides that honourable perfon who gave him his company for fome miles on that occafion, as a teftimony of their effecem and refpect, had not his averfion to any thing of pomp and fhew prevented it.]

Saturday, July 25.—I arrived here at Northampton; having fet out from Bofton on Monday, about four o'clock P. M. In this journey, I rode about fixteen miles a day, one day with another. I was fometimes extremely tired and faint on the road, fo that it feemed impossible for me to proceed any further: At other times I was confiderably better, and felt fome freedom both of body and mind.

Lord's Day, July 26.—This day I faw clearly, that I fhould never be happy; yea, that God himfelf could not make me happy, unlefs I could be in a capacity to pleafe and glorify him forever: Take away this, and admit me into all the fine heavens that can be conceived of by men or angels, and I fhould still be miferable forever.

[Though he had fo far revived, as to be able to travel thus far, yet he manifefted no expectation of recovery : He fuppofed, as his phyfician did, that his being brought fo near to death at Bofton, was owing to the breaking of ulcers in his lungs : He told me, that he had had feveral fuch ill turns before, only not to fo high a degree, but as he fuppofed, owing to the fame caufe, viz. the breaking of ulcers ; and that he was brought lower and lower every time ; and it appeared to him, that in his laft ficknefs, in Bofton, he was brought as low as it was poffible and yet live ; and that he had not the leaft expectation of furviving the next return of this breaking of ulcers : But ftill appeared perfectly calm in the profpect of death.

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On Wednefday morning, the week after he came to Northampton, he took leave of his brother Ifrael, as never expecting to fee him again in this world ; he now fetting out from hence on his journey to New-Haven.

When Mr. Brainerd came hither, he had fo much ftrength as to be able, from day to day, to ride out two or three miles, and to return ; and fometimes to pray in the family ; but from this time he gradually, but fenfibly, decayed, and became weaker and weaker.

While he was here his conversation from first to last was much on the fame fubjects as it had been when in Bofton : He was much in fpeaking of the nature of true religion of heart and practice, as diftinguished from its various counterfeits; expreffing his great concern, that the latter did fo much prevail in many places. He often manifested his great abhorrence of all fuch doctrines and principles in religion, as in any wife favoured of, and had any though. but a remote, tendency to Antinomianism; of all such notions, as feemed to diminish the necessity of holinefs of life, or to abate men's regard to the commands of God, and a strict, diligent, and univerfal practice of virtue and piety, under a pretence of depreciating our works, and magnifying God's free He spake often, with much detestation, of grace. fuch experiences and pretended difcoveries and joys. as have nothing of the nature of fanctification in them, and do not tend to strictness, tenderness, and diligence in religion, and meeknefs and benevolence towards mankind, and an humble behaviour : And he alfo declared, that he looked on fuch pretended humility as worthy of no regard, that was not manifested by modesty of conduct and conversation. He fpake often, with abhorrence, of the fpirit and practice that appears among the greater part of feparatifts at

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at this day in the land, particularly those in the eastern parts of Connecticut; in their condemning and feparating from the ftanding ministry and churches, their crying down learning, and a learned ministry, their notion of an immediate call to the work of the ministry, and the forwardness of laymen to fet up themfelves as publick teachers. He had been much converfant in the eastern part of Connecticut, his native place being near to it, when the fame principles, notions and fpirit began to operate, which have fince prevailed to a greater height; and had acquaintance with fome of those perfons who are become heads and leaders of the feparatifts; he had alfo been converfant with perfons of the fame way elfewhere : And I heard him fay, once and again, he knew by his acquaintance with this fort of people, that what was chiefly and most generally in repute among them as the power of godlinefs, was an entirely different thing from that true vital piety recommended in the fcriptures, and had nothing in it of that nature. He manifested a great diflike of a disposition in perfons to much noise and show in religion, and affecting to be abundant in proclaiming and publishing their own experiences : Though at the fame time he did not condemn, but approved of chriftians' fpeaking of their own experiences on fome occafions, and to fome perfons, with due modelty and difcretion.

After he came hither, as long as he lived, he was much in fpeaking of that future profperity of Zion, that is fo often foretold and promifed in the fcripture : It was a theme he delighted to dwell upon ; and his mind feemed to be carried forth with earneft concern about it, and intenfe defires, that religion might fpeedily and abundantly revive and flourifh ; though he had not the leaft expectation of recovery ; yea, the nearer death advanced, and the more the

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fymptoms of its approach increased, still the more did his mind feem to be taken up with this fubject. He told me, when near his end, that " he never in all his life, had his mind fo led forth in defires and earnest prayers for the flourishing of Christ's kingdom on earth, as fince he was brought fo exceeding low at Bofton." He feemed much to wonder, that there appeared no more of a difpofition in ministers and people to pray for the flourishing of religion through the world; that fo little a part of their prayers was generally taken up about it in their families, and elfewhere; and particularly, he feveral times expressed his wonder, that there appeared no more forwardnefs to comply with the propofal lately made, in a memorial from a number of ministers in Scotland, and fent over into America, for united extraordinary prayer, among Chrift's ministers and people, for the coming of Christ's kingdom : And he fent it as his dying advice to his own congregation that they fhould practife agreeably to that propofal*.

Though he was conftantly exceeding weak, yet there appeared in him a continual care well to improve time, and fill it up with fomething that might be profitable, and in fome refpect for the glory of God or the good of men ; either profitable converfation, or writing letters to abfent friends, or noting fomething in his Diary, or looking over his former writings, correcting them, and preparing them to be left in the hands of others at his death, or giving fome directions concerning a future conducting and management of his people, or employment in fecret devotions. He feemed never to be eafy, however ill.

* His congregation, fince this, have with great cheerfulne's and unanimity fallenin with this advice, and have practified agreeably to the propofal from Scotland; and have at times, appeared with uncommon engagedne's and fervency of fpirit in their meetings and united devotions, purfuant to that propofal: Alfo the Prelbyteries of New-York, and New-Brunfwick, fince this, have with one confent, fallen in with the propofal, as likewife fome others of God's people in those parts

ill, if he was not doing fomething for God, or in his fervice.

After he came hither, he wrote a preface to a Diary of the famous Mr. Shepard's, having been much urged to it by those gentlemen in Boston, who had the care of the publication : Which Diary, with his preface, has fince been published,

In his Diary for Lord's Day, August 9, he speaks of longing defires after death, through a sense of the excellency of a state of perfection.

In his Diary for Lord's Day, August 16, he fpeaks of his having fo much refreshment of soul in the house of God, that it feemed to refresh his body. And this is not only noted in his Diary, but was very observable to others; it was very apparent, not only, that his mind was exhilarated with inward consolution, but also that his animal spirits and bodily strength feemed to be remarkably reftored, as though he had forgot his illness. But this was the last time that ever he attended publick worship on the Sabbath.

On Tuefday morning that week, I being abfent on a journey, he prayed with my family; but not without much difficulty, for want of bodily firength: And this was the laft family prayer that ever he made.

He had been wont, until now, frequently to ride out, two or three miles : But this week, on Thurfday, was the laft time he ever did fo.]

Lord's Day, August 23.—This morning I was confiderably refreshed with the thought, yea, the hope and expectation of the enlargement of Christ's kingdom; and I could not but hope, the time was at hand, when Babylon the great would fall, and rife no more: This led me to fome spiritual meditations, that were very refreshing to me. I was unable to attend publick worship either part of the

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day; but God was pleafed to afford me fixednefs and fatisfaction in divine thoughts. Nothing fo refreshes my soul, as when I can go to God, yea, to God my exceeding joy. When he is so, fensibly, to my soul, O, how unspeakably delightful is this !

In the week paft, I had divers turns of inward refrefhing; though my body was inexpreffibly weak, followed continually with agues and fevers. Sometimes my foul centered in God, as my only portion; and I felt that I fhould be forever unhappy, if he did not reign: I faw the fweetnefs and happinefs of being his fubject, at his difpofal: This made all my difficulties quickly vanifh.

From this Lord's Day, viz. August 23, I was troubled very much with vapoury diforders, and could neither write nor read, and could fcarcely live; although, through mercy, was not fo much oppressed with heavy melancholy and gloominess, as at many other times.

[Until this week he had been wont to lodge in a room above flairs; but he now grew fo weak, that he was no longer able to go up flairs and down; Friday August 28, was the last time he ever went above stairs; henceforward he betook himself to a lower room.

On Wednefday, September 2, being the day of our publick lecture, he feemed to be refreshed with feeing the neighbouring ministers that came hither to the lecture, and expressed a great defire once more to go to the house of God on that day : And accordingly rode to the meeting, and attended divine fervice, while the Rev. Mr. Woodbridge of Hatfield preached. He fignified that he supposed it to be the last time that ever he should attend the publick worship; as it proved. And indeed it was the last time that ever he went out at our gate alive.

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On the Saturday evening next following, he was unexpectedly vifited by his brother, Mr. John Brainerd, who came to fee him from New-Jerfey. He was much refreshed by this unexpected visit, this brother being peculiarly dear to him; and he feemed to rejoice in a devout and folemn manner, to fee him, and to hear the comfortable tidings he brought concerning the state of his dear congregation of christian Indians: And a circumstance of this visit, that he was exceeding glad of, was, that his brother brought him fome of his private writings from New-Jerfey, and particularly his Diary that he had kept for many years paft.]

Lord's Day, September 6.—I began to read fome of my private writings, which my brother brought me; and was confiderably refreshed, with what I met with in them.

Monday, September 7.—I proceeded farther in reading my old private writings, and found they had the fame effect upon me as before : I could not but rejoice and blefs God for what paffed long ago, which without writing had been entirely loft.

This evening, when I was in great diffrefs of body, my foul longed that God fhould be glorified : I faw there was no heaven but this. I could not but fpeak to the byftanders then of the only happinefs, viz. pleafing God. O that I could forever live to God ! The day I truft, is at hand, the perfect day : O, the day of deliverance from all fin !

Lord's Day, September 13.—I was much refreshed and engaged in meditation and writing, and found'a heart to act for God. My spirits were refreshed, and my foul delighted to do something for God.

[On the evening following that Lord's Day, his feet began to appear fenfibly fwelled; which thenceforward fwelled more and more. A fymptom of his diffolution coming on.

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The next day, his brother John left him, being obliged to return to New-Jerfey on fome bufinefs of great importance and neceffity; intending to return again with all poffible fpeed, hoping to fee his brother yet once more in the land of the living.

On the Thursday of this week, September 17, was the laft time that ever he went out of his lodging room. That day, he was again vifited by his brother Ifrael, who continued with him thenceforward until his death. On that evening, he was taken with fomething of a diarrhœa ; which he looked upon as another fign of his approaching death : Whereupon he expressed himself thus; O, the glorious time is now coming ! I have longed to ferve God perfectly: Now God will gratify those defires! And from time to time, at the feveral fteps and new fymptoms of the fenfible approach of his diffolution, he was fo far from being funk or damped, that he feemed to be animated, and made more cheerful; as being glad at the appearances of death's approach. He often used the epithet, glorious, when fpeaking of the day of his death, calling it that glorious day. And as he faw his diffolution gradually approaching, he was much in talking about it, with perfect calmnefs fpeaking of a future flate ; and alfo fettling all his affairs, very particularly and minutely giving directions concerning what he would have done in one respect and another after he was dead. And the nearer death approached, the more defirous he feemed to be of it. He feveral times fpake of the different kinds of willingnefs to die; and fpoke of it as an ignoble, mean kind of willingnefs to die, to be willing to leave the body, only to get rid of pain; or to go to heaven only to get honour and advancement there.]

Saturday, September 19.—Near night, while I attempted to walk a little, my thoughts turned thus :

How

How infinitely fweet it is, to love God, and be all for him ! Upon which it was fuggested to me, You are not an angel, not lively and active. To which my whole foul immediately replied, I as fincerely defire to love and glorify God, as any angel in heaven. Upon which it was fuggested again, But you are filthy, not fit for heaven. Hereapon instantly appeared the bleffed robes of Chrift's righteoufnete, which I could not but exult and triumph in ; and I viewed the infinite excellency of God, and my foul even broke with longings, that God fhould be glorified. I thought of dignity in heaven; but inftantly the thought returned, I do not go to heaven to get honour, but to give all poffible glory and praife. O. how I longed that God fhould be glorified on earth alfo ! O, I was made for eternity, if God might be glorified ! Bodily pains I cared not for : Though I was then in extremity, I never felt eafier ; I felt willing to glorify God in that flate of bodily diffrefs, as long as he pleafed I should continue in it. The grave appeared really fweet, and I longed to lodge my weary bones in it : But O that God might be glorified ! This was the burden of all my cry. OI knew I should be active as an angel, in heaven ; and that I should be stripped of my filthy garments ! So that there was no objection. But O, to love and praise God more, to please him forever ! This my foul panted after, and even now pants for while I write. O that God might be glorified in the whole earth. Lord, let thy kingdom come. I longed for a fpirit of preaching to delcend and reft on ministers. that they might address the confciences of men with clofenefs and power. I faw God had the refidue of the fpirit; and my foul longed it fhould be poured from on high. I could not but plead with God for my dear congregation, that he would preferve it, and not fuffer his great name to lofe its glory in that

that work : My foul ftill longing, that God might be glorified.

[The extraordinary frame that he was in, that evening, could not be hid ; bis mouth spake out of the abundance of his heart, expressing in a very affecting manner much the fame things as are written in his Diary : And among very many other extraordinary expressions, which he then uttered, were fuch as thefe; My heaven is to pleafe God, and glorify him, and give all to him, and to be wholly devoted to his glory; that is the heaven I long for; that is my religion, and that is my happinefs; and always was, ever fince I fuppofe I had any true religion; and all those that are of that religion, shall meet me in heaven. I do not go to heaven to be advanced, but to give honour to God. It is no matter where I shall be stationed in heaven, whether I have a high or a low feat there; but to love and pleafe and glorify God is all: Had I a thousand fouls, if they were worth any thing, I would give them all to God; but I have nothing to give, when all is done. It is impoffible for any rational creature to be happy without acting all for God : God himfelf could not make him happy any other way. I long to be in heaven, praifing and glorifying God with the holy angels : All my defire is to glorify God. My heart goes out to the burying place ; it feems to me a defirable place : But O to glorify God ; that is it ; that is above all. It is a great comfort to me, to think that I have done a little for God in the world : O ! it is but a very fmall matter ; yet I have done a little ; and I lament it, that I have not done more for him. There is nothing in the world worth living for, but doing good, and finishing God's work, doing the work that Chrift did. I fee nothing elfe in the world, that can yield any fatisfaction, befides living to God, pleafing him, and doing his whole will. My

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My greateft joy and comfort has been, to do fomething for promoting the intereft of religion, and the fouls of particular perfons : And now in my illnefs, while I am full of pain and diffrefs from day to day, all the comfort I have, is in being able to do fome little char, or fmall piece of work for God, either by fomething that I fay, or by writing, or fome other way.

He intermingled with thefe and other like expreffions, many pathetical counfels to those that were about him; particularly to my children and fervants. He applied himfelf to fome of my younger children at this time ; calling them to him, and fpeaking to them one by one; fetting before them, in a very plain manner, the nature and effence of true piety, and its great importance and neceffity; earneftly warning them not to reft in any thing fhort of that true and thorough change of heart, and a life devoted to God; counfelling them not to be flack. in the great bufinefs of religion, nor in the leaft to delay it : enforcing his counfels with this, that his words were the words of a dying man : Said he, I shall die here, and here I shall be buried, and here you will fee my grave, and do you remember what I have faid to you. I am going into eternity : And it is fweet to me to think of eternity; the endleffnefs of it makes it fweet : But O, what shall I fay to the eternity of the wicked ! I cannot mention it, nor think of it: The thought is too dreadful. When you fee my grave, then remember what I faid to you while I was alive; then think with yourfelf, how that man, that lies in that grave, counfelled and warned me to prepare for death.

His body feemed to be marvelloufly ftrengthened, through the inward vigour and refreshment of his mind; fo that, although before he was so weak that he could hardly utter a fentence, yet now he contin-

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ued his most affecting and profitable difcourse to ue for more than an hour, with scarce any intermission; and faid of it, when he had done, it was the last fermon that ever he should preach.

This extraordinary frame of mind continued the next day; of which he fays in his Dairy as follows.]

Lord's Day, September 20.—Was ftill in a fweet and comfortable frame; and was again melted with defires that God might be glorified, and with longings to love and live to him. Longed for the influences of the Divine Spirit to defcend on ministers, in a special manner. And O, I longed to be with God, to behold his glory, and to bow in his prefence.

It appears by what is noted in his Diary, both of this day, and the evening preceding, that his mind at this time was much impreffed with a fenfe of the importance of the work of the ministry, and the need of the grace of God, and his fpecial fpiritual affistance in this work : And it also appeared in what he expressed in conversation; particularly in his difcourfe to his brother Ifrael, who was then a member of Yale-College at New-Haven, and had been profecuting his fludies and academical exercifes there, to that end, that he might be fitted for the work of the ministry, and was now with him*. He now, and from time to time, in this his dying flate, recommended to his brother, a life of felf denial, of weanedness from the world, and devotedness to God, and an earnest endeavour to obtain much of the grace of God's Spirit, and God's gracious influences on his heart ; reprefenting the great need which ministers stand in of them, and the unspeakable benefit of them from his own experience. Among ma-

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^{*} This young genthman was an ingenious, ferious, fludious, and hopefully truly pious perfon: There appeared in him many qualities giving hope of his being a great bleffing in his day. But it has pleafed God, fuce the death of his brother, to take him away alfo. He died that winter, at New-Haven, on Jan. 6, 1747; 3, of a nervous fever, after about a fortnight's illnefs.

ny other expressions, he faid thus; When ministers feel these special gracious influences on their hearts, it wonderfully affists them to come at the confciences of men, and as it were to handle them with hands; whereas, without them, whatever reafon and oratory we make use of, we do but make use of ftumps, instead of hands."

Monday, September 21.—I began to correct a little volume of my private writings : God, I believe, remarkably helped me in it ; my ftrength was furprifingly lengthened out, and my thoughts quick and lively, and my foul refreshed, hoping it might be a work for God. O, how good, how fweet it is, to labour for God !

Tuefday, September 22.—Was again employed in reading and correcting, and had the fame fuccefs, as the day before. I was exceeding weak; but it feemed to refresh my foul, thus to spend time.

Wednesday, September 23.-I finished my corrections of the little piece forementioned, and felt uncommonly peaceful: It feemed as if I had now done all my work in this world, and ftood ready for my call to a better. As long as I fee any thing to be done for God, life is worth having : But O, how vain and unworthy it is, to live for any lower end ! This day I indited a letter, I think, of great importance, to the Rev. Mr. Byram in New-Jerfey : O that God would blefs and fucceed that letter, which was .written for the benefit of his church* ! O that God would *purify the fons of Levi*, that his glory may be advanced ! This night, I endured a dreadful turn, wherein my life was expected fcarce an hour or minute together. But bleffed be God, I have enjoyed confiderable fweetnefs in divine things, this week, both by night and day.

Thursday,

* It was concerning the qualifications of miniflers, and the examination and licenfing of candidates for the work of the miniflry.

Thursday, September 24.-My ftrength began to fail exceedingly; which looked further as if I had done all my work: However, I had ftrength to fold and fuperfcribe my letter. About two I went to bed, being weak and much difordered, and lay in a burning fever until night, without any proper reft. In the evening I got up, having lain down in fome of my clothes : but was in the greateft diffrefs, that ever I endured, having an uncommon kind of hiccough ; which either strangled me, or threw me into a ftraining to vomit; and at the fame time was distressed with griping pains. O, the distress of this evening ! I had little expectation of my living the night through, nor indeed had any about me : And I longed for the finishing moment ! I was obliged to repair to bed by fix o'clock; and through mercy enjoyed fome reft; but was grievoufly diftreffed at turns with the hiccough. My foul breathed after God, while the watcher was with me: When shall I come to God, even to God, my exceeding joy ? O for this bleffed likenefs !

Friday, September 25.—This day, I was unfpeakably weak, and little better than fpeechlefs all the day: However, I was able to write a little, and felt comfortably in fome part of the day. O, it refreshed my foul, to think of former things, of defires to glorify God, of the pleasures of living to him ! O my dear God, I am speedily coming to thee, I hope ! Hasten the day, O Lord, if it be thy blessed will: O come, Lord Jesus, come quickly. Amen.*

Saturday, September 26.—I felt the fweetnefs of divine things, this forenoon; and had the confolation of a confcioufnefs that I was doing fomething for God.

Lord's

* This was the laft that ever he wrote in his Diary with his own hand : Though it is continued a little farther, in a broken manner; written by his brother Ifrael, but indited by his mouth in this his weak and dying flate. Lord's Day, September 27.—This was a very comfortable day to my foul; I think, I awoke with God. I was enabled to lift up my foul to God, early this morning; and while I had little bodily ftrength, I found freedom to lift up my heart to God for myfelf and others. Afterwards, was pleafed with the thoughts of fpeedily entering into the unfeen world.

[Early this morning, as one of the family came into the room, he expressed himself thus: I have had more pleasure this morning, than all the drunkards in the world enjoy; if it were all extracted ! So much did he esteem the joy of faith above the pleasures of fin.

He felt, that morning, an ufual appetite to food, with which his mind feemed to be exhilarated, as looking on it a fign of the very near approach of death; and faid upon it, I was born on a Sabbath day; and I have reafon to think I was new born on a Sabbath day; and I hope I fhall die on this Sabbath day: I fhould look upon it as a favour, if it may be the will of God that it fhould be fo: I long for the time. O, why is his chariot fo long in coming? *Why tarry the wheels of his chariots*? I am very willing to part with all: I am willing to part with my dear brother John, and never to fee him again, to go to be forever with the Lord*. O, when I go there, how will God's dear church on earth be upon my mind !

Afterwards, the fame morning, being afked how he did, he anfwered, I am almost in eternity; I long to be there. My work is done; I have done with all my friends; all the world is nothing to me; I long

* He had, before this, expressed a defire, if it might be the will of God, to live until his brother returned from New-Jerfey : Who, when he went away, intended, if possible, to perform his journey and return in a fortnight; hoping once more to mater his brother in the land of the living. The fortnight was now near expired, it ended the next day.

long to be in heaven, praifing and glorifying God with the holy angels : All my defire is to glorify God. During the whole of thefe laft two weeks of his life he feemed to continue in this frame of heart, loofe from all the world, as having done his work, and done with all things here below, having nothing to do but to die, and abiding in an earnest defire and expectation of the happy moment, when his foul fhould take its flight, and go to a flate of perfection of holinefs, and perfect glorifying and enjoying God, manifested in a variety of expressions. He faid, that the confideration of the day of death, and the day of judgment, had a long time been peculiarly Iweet to him. He from time to time fpake of his being willing to leave the body and the world immediately, that day, that night, and that moment, if it was the will of God. He alfo was much in expreffing his longings that the church of Chrift on earth might flourish, and Christ's kingdom here might be advanced, notwithstanding he was about to leave the earth, and fhould not with his eyes behold the defirable event, nor be inftrumental in promoting it. He faid to me, one morning as I came into the room, my thoughts have been employed on the old dear theme, the profperity of God's church on earth. As I waked out of fleep, I was led to cry for the pouring out of God's fpirit, and the advancement of Chrift's kingdom, which the dear Redeemer did and fuffered fo much for. It is this that especially makes me long for it. He expressed much hope that a glorious advancement of Christ's kingdom was near at hand.

He once told me, that he had formerly longed for the outpouring of the fpirit of God, and the glorious times of the church, and hoped they were coming; and fhould have been willing to have lived to promote religion at that time, if that had been the

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will of God; but, fays he, I am willing it fhould be as it is; I would not have the choice to make for myfelf for ten thousand worlds. He expressed, on his death bed, a full persuasion, that he should in heaven see the prosperity of the church on earth, and should rejoice with Chriss therein; and the confideration of it seemed to be highly pleasing and fatisfying to his mind.

He alfo ftill dwelt much on the great importance of the work of minifters of the golpel; and expressed his longings, that they might be filled with the spirit of God; and manifested much defire to see fome of the neighbouring ministers, whom he had some acquaintance with, and whose sincere friendship he was confident of, that he might converse freely with them on that subject, before he died. And it so happened, that he had opportunity with some of them according to his defire.

Another thing that lay much on his heart, and that he fpake of, from time to time, in thefe near approaches of death, was the fpiritual profperity of his own congregation of chriftian Indians in New-Jerfey : And when he fpake of them, it was with peculiar tendernefs; fo that his fpeech would be prefently interrupted and drowned with tears.

He also expressed much fatisfaction in the difposals of Providence, with regard to the circumftances of his death ; particularly that God had before his death given him the opportunity he had had in Boston, with so many confiderable perfons, ministers and others, to give in his testimony for God, and against false religion, and many mistakes that lead to it and promote it ; and there to lay before pious and charitable gentlemen, the state of the Indians and their necessities, to so good effect; and that God had fince given him opportunity to write to them further concerning these affairs; and to write other

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letters of importance, that he hoped might be of good influence with regard to the ftate of religion among the Indians, and elfewhere, after his death. He expressed great thankfulness to God for his mercy in these things. He also mentioned it as what he accounted a merciful circumstance of his death, that he should die here. And speaking of these things, he faid, God had granted him all his defire; and fignified, that now he could with the greater alacrity leave the world.]

Monday, September 28.—I was able to read, and make fome few corrections in my private writings; but found I could not write, as I had done; I found myfelf fenfibly declined in all refpects. It has been only from a little while before noon, until about one or two o'clock, that I have been able to do any thing, for fome time paft: Yet this refreshed my heart, that I could do any thing, either publick or private, that I hoped was for God.

[This evening he was supposed to be dying : He thought fo himfelf, and was thought fo by those who were about him. He feemed glad at the appearance of the near approach of death. He was almost speechlefs, but his lips appeared to move ; and one that fat very near him, heard him utter fuch expressions as these, Come, Lord Jesus, come quickly. O, why is his chariot fo long in coming ! After he revived, he blamed himfelf for having been too eager to be gone. And in expressing what he found in the frame of his mind at that time, he faid, he then found an inexpressibly fweet love to those that he looked upon as belonging to Chrift, beyond almost-all that ever he felt before ; fo that it feemed. to use his own words, like a little piece of heaven to have one of them near him. And being afked whether he heard the prayer that was, at his defire. made with him; he faid, yes, he heard every word,

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and had an uncommon fenfe of the things that were uttered in that prayer, and that every word reached his heart.

On the evening of the next day, viz. Tuefday; September 29, as he lay in his bed, he feemed to be in an extraordinary frame; his mind greatly engaged in fweet meditations concerning the profperity of Zion : There being prefent here at that time two young gentlemen of his acquaintance, that were candidates for the ministry, he defired us all to unite in finging a Pfalm on that fubject, even Zion's prosperity. And on his defire we fung a part of the ciid Pfalm. This feemed much to refresh and revive him, and gave him new ftrength; fo that, though before he could fcarcely fpeak at all, now he proceeded, with fome freedom of fpeech, to give his dying counfels to thefe two young gentlemen. forementioned, relating to their preparation for, and profecution of that great work of the ministry they were defigned for ; and in particular, earneftly recommending to them frequent fecret fafting and prayer : And enforced his counfel with regard to this, from his own experience of the great comfort and benefit of it; which, faid he, I should not mention, were it not that I am a dying perion. And after he had finished his counsel, he made a prayer, in the audience of us all ; wherein, befides praying for this family, for his brethren, and those candidates for the ministry, and for his own congregation, he earneftly prayed for the reviving and flourishing of religion in the world.

Until now he had every day fat up part of the day; but after this he never role from his bed.]

Wednefday, September 30.—I was obliged to keep my bed the whole day, through weaknefs. However, redeemed a little time, and with the help of my brother, read and corrected about a dozen pages in my M.S. giving an account of my conversion.

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Thursday,

Thursday, October 1 .- I endeavoured again to do fomething by way of writing, but foon found my powers of body and mind utterly fail. Felt not fo fweetly as when I was able to do fomething that I hoped would do fome good. In the evening, was difcomposed and wholly delirious ; but it was not long before God was pleafed to give me fome fleep, and fully composed my mind*. O, bleffed be God for his great goodnefs to me, fince I was fo low at Mr. Bromfield's, on Thursday, June 18 last paft. He has, except those few minutes, given me the clear exercise of my reason, and enabled me to labour much for him, in things both of a publick and private nature; and, perhaps, to do more good than I should have done if I had been well : befides the comfortable influences of his bleffed Spirit, with which he has been pleafed to refresh my foul. May his name have all the glory forever and ever. Amen.

Friday, October 2.—My foul was this day, at turns, fweetly fet on God: Honged to be with him, that I might behold his glory. I felt fweetly difpofed to commit all to him, even my deareft friends, my deareft flock, and my abfent brother, and all my concerns for time and eternity. O that his kingdom might come in the world; that they might all love and glorify him, for what he is in himfelf; and that the bleffed Redeemer might fee of the travail of bis foul and be fatisfied. O, come, Lord Jefus, come quickly. Ament.

[The next evening we very much expected his brother John from New-Jerfey; it being about a week after the time that he proposed for his return, when he went away. And though our expectations were

* From this time forward, he had the free use of his reason until the day before his death; excepting that at some times he appeared a little lost for a moment, at first waking out of seep.

+ Here ends his Diary : Thefe are the laft words that are written in it, either by his own hand, or by any other from his mouth,

were still difappointed, yet Mr. Brainerd feemed to continue unmoved, in the fame calm and peaceful frame, that he had before manifested; as having refigned all to God, and having done with his friends, and with all things below.

On the morning of the next day, being Lord's Day, October 4, as my daughter Jerusha, who chiefly tended him, came into the room, he looked on her very pleafantly, and faid, Dear Jerusha, are you willing to parts with me? I am quite willing to part with you : I am willing to part with all my friends : I am willing to part with my dear brother John, although I love him the beft of any creature living : I have committed him and all my friends to God, and can leave them with God. Though if I thought I should not fee you, and be happy with you in another world, I could not bear to part with you. But we shall spend an happy eternity together ! In the evening, as one came into the room with a Bible in her hand, he expressed himfelf thus; O, that dear book ! that lovely book ! I shall foon fee it opened! The mysteries that are in it, and the mysteries of God's providence, will be all unfolded !

His diftemper now very apparently preyed on his vitals in an extraordinary manner: Not by a fudden breaking of ulcers in his lungs, as at Bofton, but by a conftant difcharge of purulent matter, in great quantities: So that what he brought up by expectoration, feemed to be as it were mouthfuls of almost clear pus; which was attended with very great in ward pain and diffrefs.

On Tuefday, October 6, he lay for a confiderable time, as if he were dying. At which time, he was heard to utter, in broken whifpers, fuch expressions as thefe : He will come, he will not tarry. I shall foon be in glory. I shall foon glorify God with the angels. But after fome time he revived.

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The next day, viz. Wednefday, October 7, his brother John arrived, being returned from New-Jerfey; where he had been detained much longer than he intended, by a mortal ficknefs prevailing among the chriftian Indians, and by fome other things in their circumftances that made his ftay with them neceffary. Mr. Brainerd was affected and refreshed with seeing him, and appeared fully fatisfied with the reasons of his delay; feeing the interest of religion and of the fouls of his people required it.

The next day, Thurfday, October 8, he was in great diftrefs and agonies of body ; and for the bigger part of the day, was much difordered as to the exercife of his reafon. In the evening he was more composed, and had the use of his reason well; but the pain of his body continued and increased. He told me it was impoffible for any to conceive of the distress he felt in his breast. He manifested much concern left he should dishonour God, by impatience under his extreme agony ; which was fuch, that he faid, the thought of enduring it one minute longer was almost infupportable. He defired that others would be much in lifting up their hearts continually to God for him, that God would fupport him, and give him patience. He fignified that he expected to die that night ; but feemed to fear a longer delay : And the disposition of his mind with regard to death appeared still the fame that it had been all along. And notwithftanding his bodily agonies, yet the interest of Zion lay still with great weight on his mind; as appeared by fome confiderable difcourfe he had that evening with the Rev. Mr. Billing, one of the neighbouring ministers, who was then prefent, concerning the great importance of the work of the ministry, &c. And afterwards, when it was very late in the night, he had much

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very proper and profitable difcourfe with his brother John, concerning his congregation in New-Jerfey. and the interest of religion among the Indians. In the latter part of the night, his bodily distress feemed to rife to a greater height than ever ; and he faid to those then about him, that it was another thing to die, than people imagined; explaining himfelf to mean that they were not aware what bodily pain and anguish is undergone before death. Towards day, his eyes fixed ; and he continued lying immoveable, until about fix o'clock in the morning, and then expired, on Friday, October 9, 1747, when his foul, as we may well conclude, was received by his dear Lord and Master, as an eminently faithful fervant, into that state of perfection of holinefs, and fruition of God, which he had fo often and fo ardently longed for ; and was welcomed by the glorious affembly of the upper world, as one peculiarly fitted to join them in their bleffed employments and enjoyments.

Much refpect was fhewn to his memory at his funeral; which was on the Monday following, after a fermon preached the fame day, on that folemn occafion. His funeral was attended by eight of the neighbouring ministers, and feventeen other gentlemen of liberal education, and a great concourse of people.]

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Some further REMAINS of the Rev. Mr. DA-VID BRAINERD.

Some SIGNS of GODLINESS.

The diffinguishing Marks of a TRUE CHRISTIAN, taken from one of my old Manuscripts; where I wrote as I felt and experienced, and not from any confiderable degree of doctrinal knowledge or acquaintance with the sentiments of others in this point.

1. HE has a true knowledge of the glory and excellency of God, that he is most worthy to be loved and praised for his own divine perfections. Pfal. cxlv. 3.

2. God is his portion, Pfal. lxxiii. 25. And God's glory, his great concern. Matth. vi. 22.

3. Holinefs is his delight; nothing he fo much longs for, as to be holy, as God is holy. Phil, iii. 9-12.

4. Sin is his greatest enemy. This he hates for its own nature, for what it is in itself, being contrary to a holy God. Jer. ii. 1. And confequently he hates all fin. Rom. vii. 24. 1 John iii. 9.

5. The laws of God alfo are his delight. Pfal. cxix. 97. Rom. vii. 22. Thefe he obferves, not out of conftraint, from a fervile fear of hell; but they are his choice. Pfal. cxix. 30. The ftrict obfervance of them is not his bondage, but his greateft liberty. Verfe 45.

LETTERS, written by Mr. BRAINERD to bis FRIENDS.

To his Brother JOHN, at Yale-College in New-Haven.

KAUNAUMEEK, December 27, 1743.

DEAR BROTHER,

LONG to fee you, and know how you fare in your journey through a world of inexpressible for-row, where we are compassed about with vanity, confusion and vexation of spirit. I am more weary of life, I think, than ever I was. The whole world appears to me-like a huge vacuum, a vaft empty fpace, whence nothing defirable, or at least fatisfactory, can poffibly be derived; and I long daily to die more and more to it ; even though I obtain not that comfort from fpiritual things, which I earnestly defire. Worldly pleafures, fuch as flow from greatnefs, riches, honours, and fenfual gratifications; are infinitely worfe than none. May the Lord deliver us more and more from these vanities. I have fpent most of the fall and winter hitherto in a very weak flate of body; and fometimes under preffing inward trials and fpiritual conflicts : But baving obtained help from God, I continue to this day ; and am now fomething better in health, than I was fometime ago. I find nothing more conducive to a life of christianity, than a diligent, industrious, and faithful improvement of precious time. Let us then faithfully perform that bufinefs, which is allotted to us by Divine Providence, to the utmost of our bodily strength, and mental vigour. Why should we fink, and grow difcouraged, with any particular trials, and perplexities, we are called to encounter in the world ? Death and eternity are just before us ; a

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few toffing billows more will waft us into the world of fpirits, and, we hope, through infinite grace, into endlefs pleafures, and uninterrupted reft and peace. Let us then *run with patience*, *the race fet before*. *us.* Heb. xii. 1. 2. And O that we could depend more upon the living God, and lefs upon our own wifdom and ftrength. Dear brother, may the God of all grace comfort your heart, and fucceed your ftudies, and make you an inftrument of good to his people in your day. This is the conftant prayer of Your affectionate brother,

DAVID BRAINERD.

To his Brother ISRAEL, at Haddam.

KAUNAUMEEK, January 21, 1743,4

My DEAR BROTHER,

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that is, that we may answer the great end, for which we were made ; viz. to glorify that God, who has given us our beings and all our comforts, and to do all the good we poffibly can, to our fellow men, while we live in the world : And verily life is not worth the having, if it be not improved for this noble end and purpofe. Yet, alas, how little is this thought of among mankind ! Moft men feem to live to themfelves, without much regard to the glory of God, or the good of their fellow creatures ; they earneftly defire, and eagerly purfue after the riches, the honours, and the pleasures of life, as if they really fuppofed, that wealth, or greatnefs, or merriment, could make their immortal fouls happy. But alas, what falle and delufive dreams are thefe?! And how miferable will those ere long be, who are not awaked out of them, to fee that all their happi-

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nefs confifts in living to God, and becoming holy as be is holy ! O, may you never fall into the tempers and vanities, the fenfuality and folly of the prefent world. You are, by Divine Providence, left as it were alone in a wide world, to act for yourfelf : Be fure then to remember, it is a world of temptation. You have no earthly parents to be the means of forming your youth to piety and virtue, by their pious examples, and feafonable counfels : Let this then excite you with greater diligence and fervency to look up to the Father of Mercies for grace and affistance against all the vanities of the world. And if you would glorify God, aniwer his just expectations from you, and make your own foul happy in this and the coming world, obferve thefe few directions; though not from a father, yet from a brother who is touched with a tender concern for your prefent and future happinefs. And,

First, Refolve upon, and daily endeavour to practife a life of ferioufnefs, and strict fobriety. The wife man will tell you the great advantage of fuch a life, Ecclef. vii. 3. Think of the life of Christ; and when you can find that he was pleased with jesting and vain merriment, then you may indulge it in yourfelf.

Again, Be careful to make a good improvement of precious time. When you ceafe from labour, fill up your time in reading, meditation, and prayer : And while your hands are labouring, let your heart be employed, as much as poffible, in divine thoughts.

Further, Take heed that you faithfully perform the bufinefs you have to do in the world, from a regard to the commands of God; and not from an ambitious defire of being efteemed better than others. We fhould always look upon ourfelves as God's fervants, placed in God's world, to do his work; and accordingly labour faithfully for him; not with a defign to grow rich and great, but to glorify God, and do all the good we poffibly can.

Again,

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Again, Never expect any fatisfaction or happinefs from the world. If you hope for happinels in the world, hope for it from God, and not from the world. Do not think you shall be more happy, if you live to fuch or fuch a ftate of life, if you live to be for yourfelf, to be fettled in the world, or if vou should gain an estate in it : But look upon it that you shall then be happy, when you can be constantly employed for God, and not for yourfelf : and defire to live in this world, only to do and fuffer what God allots to you. When you can be of the fpirit and temper of angels, who are willing to come down into this lower world, to perform what God commands them, though their defires are heavenly, and not in the least fet on earthly things, then you will be of that temper that you ought to have. Coloff. iii. 2.

Once more, Never think that you can live to God by your own power or ftrength; but always look to and rely on him for affiftance, yea, for all ftrength and grace. There is no greater truth, than this, That we can do nothing of ourfelves; John xv. 5. and 2 Cor. iii. 5. Yet nothing but our own experience can effectually teach it to us. Indeed we are a long time in learning, that all our ftrength and falvation is in God. This is a life, that I think no unconverted man can poffibly live; and yet it is a life that every godly foul is preffing after, in fome good meafure. Let it then be your great concern, thus to devote yourfelf and your all to God.

I long to fee you, that I may fay much more to you than I now can, for your benefit and welfare; but I defire to commit you to, and leave you with the *Father of Mercies*, and God of all grace; praying that you may be directed fafely through an evil world, to God's heavenly kingdom.

I am your affectionate loving brother,

DAVID BRAINERD.

To

To a Special Friend.

The FORKS of DELAWARE, July 31, 1744. CERTAINLY the greateft, the nobleft pleafure of intelligent creatures must refult from their acquaintance with the bleffed God, and with their own rational and immortal fouls. And O, how divinely fweet and entertaining is it, to look into our own fouls, when we can find all our powers and paffions united and engaged in purfuit after God, our whole fouls longing and paffionately breathing after a conformity to him, and the full enjoyment of him ! Verily there are no hours pafs away with fo much divine pleafure, as those that are spent in communing with God and our own hearts. O, how fweet is a spirit of devotion, a spirit of seriousness and divine folemnity, a spirit of gospel fimplicity, love, tendernefs ! O how defirable, and how profitable to the christian life, is a spirit of holy watchfulnes. and godly jealoufy over ourfelves; when our fouls are afraid of nothing fo much as that we shall grieve and offend the bleffed God, whom at fuch times we apprehend, or at least hope, to be a father and friend; whom we then love and long to pleafe, rather than to be happy ourfelves; or at leaft we delight to derive our happiness from pleasing and glorifying him ! Surely this is a pious temper, worthy of the highest ambition and clofest purfuit of intelligent creatures and holy chriftians. O how vaftly fuperiour is the pleasure, peace, and fatisfaction derived from these divine frames, to that which we, alas, fometimes purfue in things impertinent and triffing !' Our own bitter experience teaches us, that in the midfl of fuch laughter the heart is forrowful, and there is no true fatisfaction but in God. But, alas ! How shall we obtain and retain this fweet spirit of religion and devotion ? Let us follow, the apoftle's direction, Phil.

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ii. 12. and labour upon the encouragement he there mentions, verfe 13. For it is God only can afford us this favour; and he will be fought to, and it is fit we fhould wait upon him for fo rich a mercy. O, may the God of all grace afford us the grace and influences of his Divine Spirit; and help us that we may from our hearts effecem it our greateft liberty and happinefs, that whether we live, we may live to the Lord, or whether we die, we may die to the Lord; that in life and death we may be his.

I am in a very poor flate of health; I think, fcarce ever poorer : But through divine goodnefs, I am not difcontented under my weaknefs, and confinement to this wildernefs : I blefs God for this retirement. I never was more thankful for any thing, than I have been of late for the neceffity I am under of felf denial in many refpects. I love to be a pilgrim and ftranger in this wildernefs : It feems most fit for fuch a poor, ignorant, worthlefs, despifed creature as I. I would not change my prefent miffion for any other bufinefs in the whole world. I may tell you freely, without vanity and oftentation, God has of late given me great freedom and fervency in prayer, when I have been fo weak and feeble, my nature feemed as if it would fpeedily diffolve. I feel as if my all was loft, and I was undone for this world, if the poor heathen may not be converted. I feel in general, different from what I did when I faw you last ; at least, more crucified to all the enjoyments of life. It would be very refreshing to me, to see you here in this defert; efpecially in my weak difconfolate hours : But, I think I could be content never to fee you, or any of my friends again in this world, if God would blefs my labours here to the conversion of the poor Indians.

I have much that I could willingly communicate to you, which I must omit, until Providence

gives

gives us leave to fee each other. In the mean time, I reft,

Your obliged friend and fervant, DAVID BRAINERD.

To a Special Friend, a Minister of the Gospel in New-Jersey.

The FORKS of DELAWARE, December 24, 1744.

REV. AND DEAR BROTHER,

the contract of

I HAVE little to fay to you, about fpiritual joys, and those bleffed refreshments, and divine confolations, with which I have been much favoured in times past : But this I can tell you, that if I gain experience in no other point, yet I am fure I do in this, viz. that the prefent world has nothing in it to fatisfy an immortal foul; and hence, that it is not to be defired for itfelf, but only becaufe God may be feen and ferved in it : And I with I could be more patient and willing to live in it for this end, than I can ufually find myfelf to be. It is no virtue; I know, to defire death, only to be freed from the miferies of life : But I want that divine hope, which you obferved, when I faw you laft, was the very finews of vital religion. Earth can do us no good, and if there be no hope of our doing good on earth, How can we defire to live in it ? And yet we ought to defire, or at leaft to be refigned to tarry in it ; becaufe it is the will of our allwife Sovereign. But perhaps thefe thoughts will appear melancholy and gloomy, and confequently will be very undefirable to you; and therefore I forbear toriadd. . I with you may not read them in the fame circumstances in which I write them. I have a little more to do and fuffer in a dark difconfolate world; and then I hope to be as happy as you are. I fhould alk you to pray

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for me, were I worth your concern. May the Lord enable us both to endure bardnefs as good foldiers of *Jefus Chrift*; and may we obtain mercy of God to be faithful, to the death, in the difcharge of our refpective trufts.

> I am your very unworthy brother, And humble fervant, DAVID BRAINERD.

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To his Brother JOHN, at College.

CROSWEEKSUNG, in New-Jersey, December 28, 1745.

VERY DEAR BROTHER,

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————I AM in one continued, perpetual, and uninterrupted hurry; and Divine Providence throws fo much upon me, that I do not fee it will ever be otherwife. May I obtain mercy of God to be faithful, to the death. I cannot fay, I am weary of my hurry; I only want ftrength and grace to do more for God, than I have ever yet done.

My dear brother, the Lord of heaven, that has carried me through many trials, blefs you; blefs you for time, and eternity; and fit you to do fervice for him in his church below, and to enjoy his blifsful prefence in his church triumphant. My brother, the time is fhort: O, let us fill it up for God: Let us count the fufferings of this prefent time as nothing, if we can but run our race, and finish our course with joy. O let us flrive to live to God. I blefs the Lord, I have nothing to do with earth, but only to labour honestly in it for God, until I shall accomplish as an bireling my day. I think I do not defire to live one minute for any thing that earth can afford. O that I could live for none but God, until my dying moment. I am your affectionate brother,

DAVID BRAINERD.

To bis Brother ISRAEL, then a Student at Yale-College, in New-Haven.

ELIZABETH-TOWN, New-Jerfey, November 24, 1746.

DEAR BROTHER,

I HAD determined to make you and my other friends in New-England a vifit, this fall ; partly from an earnest defire I had to fee you and them, and partly with a view to the recovery of my health; which has, for more than three months paft, been much impaired. And in order to profecute this defign, I fet out from my own people about three weeks ago, and came as far as to this place ; where, my diforder greatly increafing, I have been obliged to keep house ever fince, until the day before yesterday; at which time I was able to ride about half a mile, but found myself much tired with the journey. I have now no hopes of profecuting my journey into New-England this winter, fuppoling my prefent state of health will by no means admit of it. Although I am, through divine goodnefs, much better than I was fome days ago, yet I have not ftrength now to ride more than ten miles a day, if the featon were warm, and fit for me to travel in. My diforder has been attended with feveral fymptoms of a confumption ; and I have been at times apprehenfive, that my great change was at hand : Yet, bleffed he God, I have never been affrighted'; but on the contrary, at fome times much delighted with a view of its approach. O the bleffednefs of being delivered from the clogs of flesh and fense, from a body of fin and spiritual death ! O, the unspeakable fweetnefs of being translated into a flate of complete purity and perfection ! Believe me, my brother, a lively view and hope of thefe things will make the king of terrors himfelf appear agreeable. Dear broth-

er,

er, let me entreat you to keep eternity in your view, and behave yourfelf as becomes one that muft fhortly give an account of all things done in the body. That God may be your God, and prepare you for his fervice here, and his kingdom of glory hereafter, is thedefire and daily prayer of

Your affectionate loving brother, DAVID BRAINERD.

To his Brother ISRAEL, at College; written in the time of his extreme illness in Boston, a few months before his death.

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Boston, June 30, 1747.

My DEAR BROTHER,

IT is from the fides of eternity I nowaddrefs you. I am heartily forry, that I have fo little ftrength to write what I long fo much to communicate to you. But let me tell you, my brother, eternity'is another thing than we ordinarily take it to be in a nealthful state. O how vast and boundless ! O how fixed and unalterable ! O, of what infinite importance is it, that we be prepared for eternity ! I have been just a dying, now for more than a week; and all around me have thought me fo : But in this time I have had clear views of eternity; have feen the bleffeduefs of the godly, in fome meafure ; and have longed to fhare their happy flate ; as well as been comfortably fatisfied, that, through grace, I shall do fo: But O, what anguish is raifed in my mind, to think of an eternity for those who are chriftlefs, for those who are mistaken, and who bring their false hopes to the grave with them ! The fight was fo dreadful, I could by no means bear it : My thoughts recoiled, and I faid, but under a more affecting fenfe than ever before, Who can dwell with everlasting burnings!

burnings ! O, methought, that I could now fee my friends, that I might warn them, to fee to it, they lay their foundation for eternity fure. And you my dear brother, I have been particularly concerned for ; and have wondered I fo much neglected converfing with you about your fpiritual state at our last meeting. O, my brother, let me then beseech you now to examine, whether you are indeed a new creature ? Whether you have ever acted above felf ? Whether the glory of God has ever been the fweeteft higheft concern with you ? . Whether you have ever been reconciled to all the perfections of God ? In a word, whether God has been your portion, and a holy conformity to him your chief delight? If you cannot anfwer politively, confider ferioufly the frequent breathings of your foul : But do not however put yourfelf off with a flight answer. If you have reafon to think you are gracelefs, O give yourfelf and the throne of grace no reft, until God arife and fave. But if the cafe should be otherwife, blefs God for his grace, and prefs after holinefs.

My foul longs, that you fhould be fitted for, and in due time go into the work of the ministry. I cannot bear to think of your going into any other bufinefs in life. Do not be difcouraged, becaufe you fee your elder brothers in the ministry die early, one after another : I declare now I am dying; I would not have fpent my life otherwife for the whole world. But I must leave this with God.

If this line fhould come to your hands foon after the date, I fhould be almost defirous you should fet out on a journey to me : It may be, you may see me alive ; which I should much rejoice in. But if you cannot come, I must commit you to the grace of God, where you are. May he be your guide and counsellor, your fanctifier, and eternal portion.

O my dear brother, flee fleshly lufts; and the enchanting amufements, as well as corrupt doctrines, of the prefent day ; and ftrive to live to God. Take this as the last line from

Your affectionate dying brother, DAVID BRAINERD.

The volt has the set work have the To a young Gentleman, a Candidate for the Work of the Ministry, for whom he had a special friendship; also veritten at the fame time of his great illnefs and near. nels to death in Boston.

VERY DEAR SIR, ,

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HOW amazing it is, that the living, who know they must die, should notwithstanding put far away the evil day, in a feafon of health and profperity; and live at fuch an awful diffance from a familiarity with the grave, and the great concerns beyond it ! And efpecially it may juftly fill us with furprife, that any whofe minds have been divinely enlightened, to behold the important things of eternity as they are, I fay, that fuch fhould live in this manner. And yet fir, how frequently is this the cafe ! How rare are the inftances of those who live and act from day to day, as on the verge of eternity ; ftriving to fill up all their remaining moments, in the fervice, and to the honour of their great Mafter ! We infenfibly trifle away time, while we feem to have enough of it; and are fo ftrangely amufed, as in a great meafure to lofe a fenfe of the holinefs and bleffed qualifications neceffary to prepare us to be inhabitants of the heavenly paradife. But O, dear fir, a dying bed, if we enjoy our reafon clearly, will give another view of things. I have now, for more than three weeks, lain under the greatest degree of weaknefs; the greater part of the time, expecting daily and hourly

hourly to enter into the eternal world -: Sometimes have been fo far gone, as to be wholly fpeechlefs, for fome hours together. And O, of what vaft im-portance has a holy fpiritual life appeared to me to be in this feafon! I have longed to call upon all my friends, to make it their bulinefs to live to God; and especially all that are designed for, or engaged in the service of the fanctuary. O, dear fir, do not think it enough, to live at the rate of common chriftians. Alas, to how little purpose do they often converfe, when they meet together ! The vifits even of those who are called christians indeed, are frequently extreme barren : And confcience cannot but condemn us for the milimprovement of time, while we have been conversant with them. But the way to enjoy the divine prefence, and be fitted for diffinguifhing fervice for God, is to live a life of great devotion and conftant felf dedication to him ; obferving the motions and dispositions of our own hearts, whence we may learn the corruptions that lodge there, and our conftant need of help from God for the performance of the leaft duty. And O, dear fir, let me befeech you frequently to attend the great and precious duties of fecret fafting and prayer.

I have a fecret thought, from fome things I have obferved, that God may perhaps defign you for fome fingular fervice in the world. O then labour to be prepared and qualified to do much for God. Read Mr. Edwards' piece on the affections, again and again ; and labour to diffinguish clearly upon experiences and affections in religion, that you may make a difference between the gold and the fhining drofs ; I fay, labour here, as ever you would be an useful minister of Christ: For nothing has put fuch a flop to the work of God in the late day as the false religion, the wild affections that attended it. Suffer me therefore, finally to entreat you earnefly

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to give yourfelf to prayer, to reading, and meditation on divine truths : Strive to penetrate to the bottom of them, and never be content with a fuperficial knowledge. By this means, your thoughts will gradually grow weighty and judicious; and you hereby will be poffeffed of a valuable treafure, out of which you may produce *things new and old*, to the glory of God.

And now I commend you to the grace of God ; earneftly defiring, that a plentiful portion of the Divine Spirit may reft upon you; that you may live to God in every capacity of life, and do abundant fervice for him in publick, if it be his will; and that you may be richly qualified for the *inheritance of the faints in light*.

I fcarce expect to fee your face any more in the body; and therefore entreat you to accept this as the laft token of love, from

Your fincerely affectionate dying friend, DAVID BRAINERD.

P. S. I am now, at the dating of this letter, confiderably recovered from what I was when I wrote it; it having lain by me fome time, for want of an opportunity of conveyance: It was written in Bofton. I am now able to ride a little, and fo am removed into the country: But I have no more expectation of recovering, than when I wrote, though I am a little better for the prefent; and therefore I ftill fubferibe myfelf,

Your dying friend, &c.

D. B.

AN

APPENDIX,

A N

Containing fome REFLECTIONS and OBSERVA-TIONS on the preceding MEMOIRS of Mr. BRAI-NERD.

I. WE have here an opportunity, as I apprehend, in a very lively inftance, to fee the nature of true religion; and the manner of its operation, when exemplified in a high degree and powerful exercife. Particularly it may be worthy to be obferved,

1. How greatly Mr. Brainerd's religion differed from that of fome pretenders to the experience of a clear work of faving conversion wrought on their hearts ; who, depending and living on that, fettle in a cold, carelefs and carnal frame of mind, and in a neglect of thorough, earneft religion, in the flated practice of it. Although his convictions and converfion were in all respects exceeding clear and very remarkable; yet how far was he from acting as though he thought he had got through his work, when once he had obtained comfort, and fatisfaction of his interest in Christ, and title to heaven. On the contrary, that work on his heart, by which he was brought to this, was with him evidently but the beginning of his work, his first entering on the great bufinefs of religion and the fervice of God, his first letting out in his race. His work was not finithed, nor his race ended, until life was ended ; agreeable to frequent fcripture reprefentations of the chriftian life. He continued preffing forward in a constant U 4

conftant manner, forgetting the things that were behind, and reaching forth towards the things that were before. His pains and earneftnefs in the bufinefs of religion were rather increafed, than diminifhed, after he had received comfort and fatisfaction concerning the fafety of his ftate. Those divine principles, which after this he was actuated by, of love to God, and longings and thirftings after holinefs, feem to be more effectual to engage him to pains and activity in religion, than fear of hell had been before.

And as his conversion was not the end of his work, or of the course of his diligence and strivings in religion; fo neither was it the end of the work of the Spirit of God on his heart : But on the contrary, the beginning of that work ; the beginning of his fpiritual difcoveries, and holy views ; the first dawning of the light, which thenceforward increased more and more ; the beginning of his holy affections, his forrow for fin, his love to God, his rejoicing in Christ Jesus, his longings after holiness. And the powerful operations of the Spirit of God in these things, were carried on, from the day of his converfion, in a continued courfe, to his dying day. His religious experiences, his admiration, his joy and praife, and flowing affections, did not only hold up to a confiderable height for a few days, weeks or months, at first, while hope and comfort were new things with him; and then gradually dwindle and die away, until they came to almost nothing, and fo leave him without any fenfible or remarkable experience of fpiritual difcoveries, or holy and divine affections, for months together; as it is with many, who, after the newnefs of things is over, foon come to that pafs, that it is again with them very much as it used to be before their supposed conversion, with respect to any present views of God's glory, of Chrift's

On the preceding MEMOIRS.

Chrift's excellency, or of the beauty of divine things ; and with respect to any present thirstings for God, or ardent outgoings of their fouls after divine obiects : But only now and then, they have a comfortable reflection on things they have met with in times paft, and are fomething affected with them ; and fo reft eafy, thinking all things are well; they have had a good clear work, and their ftate is fafe, and they doubt not but they fhall go to heaven when they die. How far otherwife was it with Mr. Brainerd, than it is with fuch perfons ! His experiences, inftead of dying away, were evidently of an increafing nature. His first love and other holy affections, even at the beginning, were very great ; but after months and years, became much greater, and more remarkable ; and the fpiritual exercises of his mind continued exceeding great, though not equally fo at all times, yet ufually fo, without indulged remiffnefs, and without habitual dwin'dling and dying away, even until his deceafe. They began in a time of general deadness all over the land, and were greatly increased in a time of general reviving of religion. And when religion decayed again, and a general deadnefs returned, his experiences were still kept up in their height, and his holy exercifes maintained in their life and vigour; and fo continued to be, in a general courfe, wherever he was, and whatever his circumstances were, among English and Indians, in company and alone, in towns and cities, and in the howling wildernefs, in ficknefs and in health, living and dying. This is agreeable to fcripture defcriptions of true and right religion, and of the christian life. The change that was wrought in him at his converfion, was agreeable to fcripture reprefentations of that change which is wrought in true conversion ; a great change, and an abiding change, rendering him a new man, a new creature : Not only a change as

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to hope and comfort, and an apprehension of his own good effate; and a transfert change, confisting in high flights of passing affections; but a change of nature, a change of the abiding habit and temper of his mind. Nor a partial change, merely in point of opinion, or outward reformation; much lefs a change from one error to another, or from one fin to another; but an universal change, both internal and external; as from corrupt and dangerous principles in religion, unto the belief of the truth, fo from both the habits and ways of fin, unto universal holines of heart and practice; from the power and fervice of Satan, unto God.

2. His religion did apparently and greatly differ from that of many high pretenders to religion, who are frequently actuated by vehement emotions of mind, and are carried on in a courfe of fudden and ftrong impreffions, and fuppofed high illuminations and immediate difcoveries, and at the fame time are perfons of a virulent zeal, not according to knowledge.

His convictions, preceding his conversion, did not arife from any frightful impressions on his imagination, or any external images and ideas of fire and brimstone, a fword of vengeance drawn, a dark pit open, devils in terrible scatter from the fire ed in his mind. His fight of his own fintulness did not confiss in any imagination of a heap of loathfome material filthines within him; nor did his fense of the hardness of his heart confiss in any bodily feeling in his breast fomething hard and heavy like a stone, nor in any imaginations whatever of fuch a nature.

His first discovery of God or Christ, at his conversion, was not any strong idea of any external glory or brightness, or majesty and beauty of countenance, or pleasant voice; nor was it any supposed immediate immediate manifestation of God's love to him in particular; nor any imagination of Chrift's fmiling face, arms open, or words 'immediately fpoken to him, as by name, revealing Chrift's love to him; either words of fcripture, or any other : But a manifestation of God's glory, and the beauty of his nature, as fupremely excellent in itfelf; powerfully drawing, and fweetly captivating his heart ; bringing him to a hearty defire to exalt God, fet him on the throne, and give him fupreme honour and glory, as the king and fovereign of the univerfe; and alfo a new fense of the infinite wildom, fuitableness and excellency of the way of falvation by Chrift; powerfully engaging his whole foul to embrace this way of falvation, and to delight in it. His first faith did not confift in believing that Chrift loved him, and died for him, in particular. His first comfort was not from any fecret fuggestion of God's eternal love to him, or that God was reconciled to him, or intended great mercy for him; by any fuch texts as these, Son, be of good cheer, thy fins are for-given thee. Fear not, I am thy God, &c. or in any fuch way. On the contrary, when God's glory was first discovered to him, it was without any thought of falvation as his own. His first experience of the fanctifying and comforting power of God's Spirit did not begin in fome bodily fenfation, any pleafant warm feeling in his breaft, that he, as fome others, called the feeling the love of Chrift in him, and being full of the fpirit. How exceeding far were his experiences at his first conversion from things of fuch a nature !

And if we look through the whole feries of his experiences, from his conversion to his death, we shall find none of this kind.

Mr. Brainerd's religion was not felfifh and mercenary: His love to God was primarily and principally

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cipally for the fupreme excellency of his own nature; and not built on a preconceived notion that God loved him, had received him into favour, and had done great things for him, or promifed great things to him : So his joy was joy in God, and not in himfelf. We fee by his Diary how, from time to time, through the course of his life, his foul was filled with ineffable fweetnefs and comfort. But what was the fpring of this ftrong and abiding confolation ? Not fo much the confideration of the fure grounds he had to think that his state was good, that God had delivered him from hell, and that heaven was his; or any thoughts concerning his own diffinguished happy and exalted circumftances, as a high favourite of heaven : But the fweet meditations and entertaining views he had of divine things without himfelf; the affecting confiderations and lively ideas of God's infinite glory, his unchangeable bleffednefs, his fovereignty and univerfal dominion; together with the fweet exercifes of love to God, giving himfelf up to him, abafing himfelf, before him, denying himfelf for him, depending upon him, acting for his glory, diligently ferving him; and the pleafing prospects or hopes he had of a future advancement of the kingdom of Chrift, &c.

It appears plainly and abundantly all along, from his conversion to his death, that that beauty, that fort of good, which was the great object of the new fense of his mind, the new reliss and appetite given him in conversion, and thenceforward maintained and increased in his heart, was holines, conformity to God, living to God, and glorifying him. This was what drew his heart ; this was the centre of his foul ; this was the ocean to which all the streams of his religious affections tended ; this was the object that engaged his eager thirs defires and earnest pursuits : purfuits : He knew no true excellency or happinefs but this : This was what he longed for most vehemently and constantly on earth ; and this was with him the beauty and bleffednefs of heaven; which made him fo much and fo often to long for that world of glory ; it was to be perfectly holy, and perfectly exercised in the holy employments of heaven; thus to glorify God and enjoy him forever.

His religious illuminations, affections and comfort feemed to a great degree, to be attended with evangelical humiliation ; confifting in a fenfe of his own utter infufficiency, despicableness and odiousnefs; with an anfwerable difpofition and frame of heart. How deeply affected was he almost continually with his great defects in religion ; with his vaft diftance from that fpirituality and holy frame of mind that became 'him ; with his ignorance, pride, deadness, unsteadiness, barrenness ! He was not only affected with the remembrance of his former finfulnefs, before his conversion, but with the fenfe of his prefent vilenefs and pollution. He was not only difposed to think meanly of himself as before God, and in comparison of him; but amongst men, and as compared with them : He was apt to think other faints better than he; yea, to look on himfelf as the meaneft and leaft of faints; yea, very often, as the vileft and worft of mankind. And notwithstanding his great attainments in spiritual knowledge, yet we find there is fcarce any thing that he is more frequently affected and abafed with a fenfe of, than his ignorance.

How eminently did he appear to be of a meek and quiet fpirit, refembling the lamblike, dovelike fpirit of Jefus Chrift ! How full of love, meeknefs, quietnefs, forgivenefs and mercy ! His love was not merely a fondnefs and zeal for a party, but an univerfal benevolence; very often exercifed in the moft

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fenfible and ardent love to his greateft oppofers and enemies. His love and meeknels were not a meer pretence, and outward profession and shew; but they were effectual things, manifested in expensive and painful deeds of love and kindnefs; and in a meek behaviour ; readily confessing faults under the greatest trials, and humbling himself even at the feet of those from whom he supposed he had fuffered most; and from time to time, very frequently praying for his enemies, abhorring the thoughts of bitternefs or refentment towards them. I fcarcely know where to look for any parallel inftance of felf denial, in thefe respects, in the present age. He was a person of great zeal; but how did he abhor a bitter zeal, and lament it where he faw it ! And though he was once drawn into fome degrees of it, by the force of prevailing example, as it were in his childhood ; yet how did he go about with his heart bruifed and broken in pieces for it all his life after !

Of how foft and tender a spirit was he ! How far were his experiences, hopes, and joys from a tendency finally to flupify and harden him, to leffen convictions and tendernels of confcience, to caufe him to be lefs affected with prefent and paft fins, and lefs confcientious with refpect to future fins, more eafy in the neglect of duties that are troublefome and inconvenient, more flow and partial in complying with difficult commands, lefs apt to be alarmed at the appearance of his own defects and tranfgreffions, more eafily induced to a compliance with carnal appetites ! On the contrary, how tender was his confcience! How apt was his heart to fmite him ! How eafily and greatly was he alarmed at the appearance of moral evil ! How great and conftant was his jealoufy over his own heart ! How frict his care and watchfulnel's against fin ! How

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deep and fenfible were the wounds that fin made in his conficence ! Those evils that are generally accounted fmall, were almost an insupportable burden to him; fuch as his inward deficiencies, his having no more love to God, finding within himfelf any flacknefs or dulnefs in religion, any unfteadinefs, or wandering frame of mind, &c. How did the confideration of fuch things as thefe opprefs and abafe him, and fill him with inward fhame and confusion ! His love, and hope, though they were fuch as caft out a fervile fear of hell, yet they were fuch as were attended with, and abundantly cherifhed and promoted a reverential filial fear of God, a dread of fin, and of God's holy difpleafure. His joy feemed truly to be a rejoicing with trembling. His affurance and comfort differed greatly from a falfe enthuliaftick confidence and joy, in that it promoted and maintained mourning for fin. Holy mourning, with him. was not only the work of an hour or a day, at his first conversion ; but forrow for fin was like a wound conftantly running : He was a mourner for fin all his days. He did not, after he received comfort and full fatisfaction of the forgivenels of all his fins, and the fafety of his flate, forget his paft fins. the fins of his youth, that were committed before his conversion ; but the remembrance of them, from time to time, revived in his heart, with renewed grief. That in Ezek. xvi. 63. was evidently fulfilled in him, That thou mayell remember, and be confounded, and never open thy mouth any more, becaufe of thy shame; when I am pacified toward thee for all that thou haft done. And how laftingly did the fins that he committed after his conversion, affect and break his heart ! If he did any thing whereby he thought he had in any refpect diffionoured God, and, wounded the intereft of religion, he had never done with calling it to mind with forrow and bitter-

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nefs; though he was affured that God had forgiven it. vet he never forgave himfelf : His paft forrows and fears made no fatisfaction, with him ; but still the wound renews and bleeds afresh, again and again. And his prefent fins, that he daily found in himfelf, were an occasion of daily fensible and deep forrow of heart.

His religious affections and joys were not like those of fome, who have rapture and mighty emotions from time to time in company; but have very little affection in retirement and fecret places. Though he was of a very fociable temper, and loved the company of faints, and delighted very much in religious converfation and in focial worfhip; yet his warmest affections, and their greatest effects on animal nature, and his fweetest joys, were in his closet devotions, and folitary transactions between God and his own foul; as is very obfervable through his whole courfe, from his conversion to his death. He delighted greatly in facred retirements; and loved to get quite away from all the world, to converfe with God alone, in fecret duties.

Mr. Brainerd's experiences and comforts were very far from being like those of some persons, which are attended with a fpiritual fatiety, and put an end to their religious defires and longings, at least to the edge and ardency of them ; refting fatisfied in their own attainments and comforts, as having obtained their chief end, which is to extinguish their fears of hell, and give them confidence of the favour of God. How far were his religious affections, refreshments, and fatisfactions, from fuch an operation and influence as this ! On the contrary, how were they always attended with longings and thirftings after greater degrees of conformity to God ! And the greater and fweeter his comforts were, the more vehement were his defires after holinefs. For it is to be observed.

observed, that his longings were not fo much after joyful discoveries of God's love, and clear views of his title to future advancement and eternal honours in heaven; asafter more of prefent holinefs, greater fpirituality, an heart more engaged for God, to love and exalt and depend on him, an ability better to ferve him, to do more for his glory, and to do all that he did with more of a regard to Chift as his righteoufnefs and ftrength; and after the enlargement and advancement of Chrift's kingdom in the earth. And his defires were not idle wifhings and wouldings, but fuch as were powerful and effectual, to animate him to the earnest, eager pursuit of these things, with utmost diligence, and unfainting labour and felf denial. His comforts never put an end to his feeking after God, and ftriving to obtain his grace; but on the contrary, greatly engaged and enlarged him therein.

His religion did not confift only in experience, without practice. All his inward illuminations, affections and comforts feemed to have a direct tendency to practice, and to iffue in it; and this, not merely a practice negatively good, free from grofs acts of irreligion and immorality : But a practice pofitively holy and chriftian, in a ferious, devout, humble, meek, merciful, charitable, and beneficent converfation ; making the fervice of God, and our Lord Jefus Chrift, the great bufinefs of life, which he was devoted to, and purfued with the greatest carnestness and diligence to the end of his days, through all trials. In him was to be feen the right way of being lively in religion. His livelinefs in religion did not confift merely or mainly in his being lively with the tongue, but in deed ; not in being forward in profession and outward shew, and abundant in declaring his own experiences ; but chiefly in being active and abundant in the labours W

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and duties of religion; not flothful in bufinefs, but fervent in fpirit, ferving the Lord, and ferving his generation, according to the will of God.

It cannot be pretended, that the reafon why he fo much abhorred and condemned the notions and experiences of those whose first faith confists in believing that Chrift is theirs, and that Chrift died for them; without any previous experience of union of heart to him, for his excellency, as he is in himfelf, and not for his fuppofed love to them; and who judge of their intereft in Chrift, their justification, and God's love to them, not by their fanctification and the exercises and fruits of grace, but by a fuppofed immediate witnefs of the Spirit by inward fuggeftion; I fay, it cannot be pretended, that the reafon why he fo much detefted and condemned fuch opinions and experiences, was, that he was of a too legal fpirit; either that he never was dead to the law, never experienced a thorough work of conviction, was never fully brought off from his own righteousness, and weaned from the old covenant, by a thorough legal humiliation; or that afterwards, he had no great degree of evangelical humiliation, not living in a deep fense of his own emptines, wretchednefs, poverty, and abfolute dependence on the mere grace of God through Chrift. For his convictions of fin, preceding his first confolations in Chrift, were exceeding deep and thorough; his trouble and exercife of mind, by a fenfe of fin and mifery, very great and long continued; and the light let into his mind at his conversion and in progressive fanctification, appears to have had its genuine humbling influence upon him, to have kept him low in his own eyes, not confiding in himfelf, but in Chrift, living by the faith of the Son of God, and looking for the mercy of the Lord Jefus to eternal life.

Nor can it be pretended, that the reafon why he condemned thofe, and other things, which this fort of people call the very height of vital religion, and the power of godlinefs, was, that he was a dead chriftian, and lived in the dark (as they exprefs themfelves) that his experiences, though they might be true, were not great; that he did not live hear to God, had but a fmall acquaintance with him, and had but a dim fight of fpiritual things. If any, after they have read the preceding account of Mr. Brainerd's life, will venture to pretend thus, they will only fhew that they themfelves are in the dark, and do indeed *put darknefs for light, and light for darknefs*.

II. The foregoing account of Mr. Brainerd's life may afford matter of conviction, that there is indeed fuch a thing as true experimental religion, arifing from immediate divine influences, fupernaturally enlightening and convincing the mind, and powerfully impreffing, quickening, fanctifying, and governing the heart; which religion is indeed an amiable thing, of happy tendency, and of no hurtful confequence to human fociety; notwithftanding there having been fo many pretences and appearances of what is called experimental vital religion, that have proved to be nothing but vain, pernicious enthufiafm.

If any infift, that Mr. Brainerd's religion was enthufiafm, and nothing but a ftrange heat, and blind fervour of mind, arifing from the ftrong fancies and dreams of a notional whimfical brain; I would afk, if it be fo, that fuch things as thefe are the fruits of enthufiafm, viz. a great degree of honefty and fimplicity, fincere and earneft defires and endeavours to know and do whatever is right, and to avoid every thing that is wrong; an high degree of love to God, delight in the perfections of his nature, placing the W 2 happinefs

happinels of life in him ; not only in contemplating him, but in being active in pleafing and ferving him ; a firm and undoubting belief in the Meffiah, as the faviour of the world, the great prophet of God, and king of God's church ; together with great love to him, delight and complacence in the way of falvation by him, and longing for the enlargement of his kingdom ; earnest defires that God may be glorified, and the Meffiah's kingdom advanced, whatever instruments are made use of ; uncommon refignation to the will of God, and that under vaft trials; great and univerfal benevolence to mankind, reaching all forts of perfons without diffinction, manifested in fweetness of speech and behaviour, kind treatment, mercy, liberality, and earnest feeking the good of the fouls and bodies of men; attended with extraordinary humility, meeknefs, forgivenefs of injuries, and love to enemies; and a great abhorrence of a contrary fpirit and practice ; not only as appearing in others, but whereinfoever it had appeared in himfelf; caufing the most bitter repentance, and brokennels of heart on account of any past instances of fuch a conduct : A modeft, difcreet and decent deportment, among fuperiours, inferiours and equals; a most diligent improvement of time, and earnest care to lofe no part of it; great watchfulnefs against all forts of fin, of heart, fpeech and action : And this example and thefe endeavours attended with most happy fruits, and bleffed effects on others, in humanizing, civilizing, and wonderfully reforming and transforming fome of the most brutish favages; idle, immoral, drunkards, murderers, grofs idolaters, and wizards; bringing them to permanent fobriety, diligence, devotion, honefty, confcientioufnefs, and charity : And the foregoing amiable virtues and fuccefsful labours all ending at last in a marvellous peace, unmovable stability, calmnefs, and refignation.

refignation, in the fenfible approaches of death; with longing for the heavenly flate ; not only for the honours and circumstantial advantages of it, but above all for the moral perfections, and holy and bleffed employments of it : And thefe things in a perfon indifputably of a good understanding and judgment : I fay, if all thefe things are the fruits of enthuliafm, why fhould not enthusiasim be thought a defirable and excellent thing ? For what can true religion, what can the best philosophy do more? If vapours and whimsey will bring men to the most thorough virtue, to the most benign and fruitful morality; and will maintain it through a course of life, attended with many trials, without affectation or felf exaltation, and with an earnest constant bearing testimony against the wildness, the extravagances, the bitter zeal, affuming behaviour, and feparating fpirit of enthufiasts; and will do all this more effectually, than any thing elfe has ever done in any plain known inftance that can be produced ; if it be fo, I fay, what caufe then has the world to prize and pray for this bleffed whimficalnefs, and thefe benign fort of vapours !

III. The preceding hiftory ferves to confirm those doctrines usually called the doctrines of grace. For if it be allowed that there is truth, subfance, or value in the main of Mr. Brainerd's religion, it will undoubtedly follow, that those doctrines are divine : Since it is evident, that the whole of it, from beginning to end, is according to that feheme of things ; all built on those apprehensions, notions, and views, that are produced and established in the mind by those doctrines. He was brought by doctrines of this kind to his awakening, and deep concern about things of a spiritual and eternal nature ; and by these doctrines his convictions were maintained and carried on ; and his conversion was evidently altogether

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agreeable to this fcheme, but by no means agreeing with the contrary; and utterly inconfistent with the Arminian notion of conversion or repentance. His conversion was plainly founded in a clear strong conviction, and undoubting perfuasion of the truth of those things appertaining to these doctrines, which Arminians most object against, and which his own mind had contended most about. And his converfion was no confirming and perfecting of moral principles and habits, by use and practice, and his own labour in an industrious difciplining himfelf, together with the concurring fuggeftions and confpiring aids of God's Spirit : But entirely a fupernatural work, at once turning him from darknefs to marvellous light, and from the power of fin to the dominion of divine and holy principles; an effect, in no regard produced by his ftrength or labour, or obtained by his virtue; and not accomplished until he was first brought to a full conviction that all his own virtue, ftrength, labours and endeavours could never avail any thing to the producing or procuring this effect.

A very little while before, his mind was full of the fame cavils against the doctrines of God's fovereign grace, which are made by Arminians; and his heart full even of a raging opposition to them. And God was pleafed to perform this good work in him just after a full end had been put to this cavilling and opposition; after he was entirely convinced, that he was dead in fin, and was in the hands of God, as the abfolutely fovereign, unobliged, fole difpofer and author of true holinefs. God's fhewing him mercy at fuch a time, is a confirmation, that this was a preparation for mercy ; and confequently, that thefe things which he was convinced of, were true : While he oppofed these things, he was the fubject of no fuch mercy ; though he fo earnefly

earneftly fought it, and prayed for it with fo much painfulnefs, care and frictnefs in religion: But when once his oppofition is fully fubdued, and he is brought to fubmit to the truths, which he before had oppofed, with full conviction, then the mercy he fought for is granted, with abundant light, great evidence, and exceeding joy, and he reaps the fweet fruits of it all his life after, and in the valley of the fhadow of death.

In his conversion, he was brought to fee the glory of that way of falvation by Chrift, that is taught in what are called the doctrines of grace ; and thenceforward, with unfpeakable joy and complacence, to embrace and acquiefce in that way of falvation. He was in his conversion, in all respects, brought to those views, and that state of mind, which these doctrines fhew to be neceffary. And if his conversion was any real conversion, or any thing besides a mere whim, and if the religion of his life was any thing elfe but a feries of freaks of a whimfical mind, then this one grand principle, on which depends the whole difference between Calvinists and Arminians, is undeniable, viz. that the grace or virtue of truly good men, not only differs from the virtue of others in degree, but even in nature and kind. If ever Mr. Brainerd was truly turned from fin to God at all, or ever became truly religious, none can reafonably doubt but that his conversion was at the time when he supposed it to be. The change he then experienced, was evidently the greatest moral change that ever he passed under; and he was then apparently first brought to that kind of religion, that remarkable new habit and temper of mind, which he held all his life after. The narration thews it to be different, in nature and kind, from all that ever he was the fubject of before. It was evidently wrought at once, without fitting and preparing his mind, by gradually convincing W-4 it it

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it more and more of the fame truths; and bringing it nearer and nearer to fuch a temper : For it was foon after his mind had been remarkably full of blasphemy, and a vehement exercise of sensible enmity against God, and great opposition to those truths, which he was now brought with his whole foul to embrace, and reft in, as divine and glorious, and to place his happines in the contemplation and improvement of. And he himfelf (who was furely beft able to judge) declares, that the difpositions and affections, which were then given him, and thenceforward maintained in him, were most fensibly and certainly, perfectly different, in their nature, from all that ever he was the fubject of before, or that he ever had any conception of. This he ever flood to and was peremptory in (as what he certainly knew) even to his death. He must be looked upon as ca-pable of judging; he had opportunity to know; He had practifed a great deal of religion before, was exceeding firict and confcientious, and had continued fo for a long time ; had various religious affections, with which he often flattered himfelf, and fometimes pleafed himfelf as being now in a good eftate. And after he had those new experiences, that began in his conversion, they were continued to the end of his life : long enough for him thoroughly to obferve their nature, and compare them with what had been before. Doubtlefs he was compos mentis; and was at leaft one of fo good an understanding and judgment, as to be pretty well capable of difcerning and comparing the things that paffed in his own mind.

It is further obfervable, that his religion all along operated in fuch a manner as tended to confirm his mind in the doctrines of God's abfolute fovereignty, man's univerfal and entire dependence on God's power and grace, &c. The more his religion prevailed in his heart, and the fuller he was of divine

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love, and of clear and delightful views of fpiritual things, and the more his heart was engaged in God's fervice; the more fenfible he was of the certainty and the excellency and importance of thefe truths, and the more he was affected with them, and rejoiced in them. And he declares particularly, that when he lay for a long while on the verge of the eternal world, often expecting to be in that world in a few minutes, yet at the fame time enjoying great ferenity of mind, and clearnefs of thought, and being most apparently in a peculiar manner at a diffance from an enthuliaftical frame, he at that time faw clearly the truth of those great doctrines of the gospel, which are juftly stiled the doctrines of grace, and never felt himfelf to capable of demonstrating the truth of them.

So.that it is very evident, Mr. Brainerd's religion was wholly correspondent to what is called the Calviniftical fcheme, and was the effect of those doctrines applied to his heart : And certainly it cannot be denied, that the effect was good, unlefs we turn Atheifts, or Deifts. I would afk, whether there be any fuch thing in reality, as chriftian devotion? If there be, What is it? What is its nature ? And what its just measure ? Should it not be in a great degree ? We read abundantly in fcripture-of loving God with all the heart, with all the foul, with all the mind, and with all the ftrength, of delighting in God, of rejoicing in the Lord, rejoicing with joy unspeakable and full of glory, the foul's magnifying the Lord, thirsting for God, hungering and thirsting after righteousnels, the foul's breaking for the longing it hath to God's judgments, praying to God with groanings that cannot be uttered, mourning for fin with a broken heart and contrite fpirit, &c. How full is the book of Pfalms, and other parts of fcripture, of fuch things as thefe ! Now wherein do thefe things,

things, as expressed by, and appearing in Mr. Brainerd, either the things themfelves, or their effects and fruits, differ from the fcripture reprefentations ? These things he was brought to by that strange and wonderful transformation of the man, which he called his conversion. And does not this well agree with what is fo often faid, in Old Testament and New, concerning the giving of a new heart, creating a right fpirit, a being renewed in the fpirit of the mind, a being fanctified throughout, becoming a new creature, &c? Now where is there to be found an Arminian conversion or repentance, confisting in fo great and admirable a change ? Can the Arminians produce an inftance, within this age, and fo plainly within our reach and view, of fuch a reformation, fuch a transformation of a man, to fcirptural devotion, heavenly mindedness, and true chriftian morality, in one that before lived without thefe things, on the foot of their principles, and through the influence of their doctrines ?

And here is worthy to be confidered, not only the effect of Calvinifical doctrines, as they are called, on Mr. Brainerd himfelf, but also the effect of the fame doctrines, as taught and inculcated by him, on others. It is abundantly pretended and afferted of late, that these doctrines tend to undermine the very foundations of all religion and morality, and to enervate and vacate all reafonable motives to the exercife and practice of them, and lay invincible flumbling blocks before infidels, to hinder their embracing chriftianity; and that the contrary doctrines are the fruitful principles of virtue and goodnefs, fet religion on its right bafis, reprefent it in an amiable light, give its motives their full force, and re-commend it to the reafon and common fenfe of mankind. But where can they find an inftance of fo great and fignal an effect of their doctrines, in bringing

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ing infidels, who were at fuch a diftance from all that is civil, human, fober, rational, and chriftian, and fo full of inveterate prejudices against these things, to fuch a degree of humanity, civility, exercife of reafon, felf denial, and chriftian virtue ? Arminians place religion in morality : Let them bring an inftance of their doctrines producing fuch a tranfformation of a people in point of morality. It is ftrange, if the allwife God fo orders things in his providence, that reafonable and proper means, and his own means, which he himfelf has appointed, should in no known remarkable instance be instrumental to produce fo good an effect; an effect fo agreeable to his own word and mind, and that very effect for which he appointed thefe excellent means ; that they fhould not be fo fuccefsful as those means which are not his own, but very contrary to them, and of a contrary tendency ; means that are in themfelves very abfurd, and tend to root all religion and virtue out of the world, to promote and establish infidelity, and to lay an infuperable flumbling block before pagans, to hinder their embracing the gofpel : I fay, if this be the true state of the cafe, it is certainly pretty wonderful, and an event worthy of fome attention.

I know, that many will be ready to fay, it is too foon yet to glory in the work, that has been wrought among Mr. Brainerd's Indians; it is beft to wait and fee the final event; it may be, all will come to nothing by and by: To which I anfwer, not to infift that it will not follow, according to Arminian principles, they are not now true chriftians, really pious and godly, though they fhould fall away and come to nothing, that I never fuppofed, every one of thofe Indians, who in profeffion renounced their heathenifm and vifibly embraced chriftianity, and have had fome appearances of piety, will finally prove true converts:

converts : If two thirds, or indeed one half of them. as great a proportion as there is in the parable of the ten virgins, fhould perfevere ; it will be fufficient to fhew the work wrought among them, to have been truly admirable and glorious. But fo much of permanence of their religion has already appeared, as fhews it to be fomething elfe befides an Indian humour or good mood, or any transient effect in the conceits, notions, and affections of thefe ignorant people, excited at a particular turn, by artful management. For it is now more than three years ago, that this work began among them, and a remarkable change appeared in many of them; fince which time the number of visible converts has greatly increafed : And by repeated accounts, from feveral hands, they still generally perfevere in diligent religion and strict virtue. I think worthy to be here inferted, a letter from a young gentleman, a candidate for the ministry, one of those appointed by the honourable Commiffioners in Boston, as Missionaries to the heathen of the Six Nations, fo called ; who, by their order, dwelt with Mr. John Brainerd, among these christian Indians, in order to their being prepared for the bufinefs of their miffion. The letter was written from thence to his parents here in Northampton, and is as follows.

BETHEL, in New-Jersey, January 14, 1747,8.

HONOURED AND DEAR PARENTS,

AFTER a long and uncomfortable journey, by reafon of bad weather, I arrived at Mr. Brainerd's the fixth of this inftant; where I defign to ftay this winter : And as yet, upon many accounts, am well fatisfied with my coming hither. The ftate and circumftances of the Indians, fpiritual and temporal, much exceed what I expected. I have endeavoured to acquaint myfelf with the ftate of the Indians

Indians in general, with particular perfons, and with the fchool, as much as the fhort time I have been here would admit of. And notwithftanding my expectations were very much raifed, from Mr. David Brainerd's Journal, and from particular informations from him; yet I must confess, that in many refpects, they were not equal to that which now appears to me to be true, concerning the glorious work of divine grace amongst the Indians.

The evening after I came to town, I had opportunity to fee the Indians together, whilft the Rev. Mr. Arthur preached to them : At which time there appeared a very general and uncommon ferioufnefs and folemnity in the congregation : And this appeared to me to be the effect of an inward fense of the importance of divine truths, and not becaufe they were hearing a ftranger : Which was abundantly confirmed to me the next Sabbath, when there was the fame devout attendance on divine fervice, and a furprifing folemnity appearing in the performance of each part of divine worship. And fome, who are hopefully true christians, appear to have been at that time much enlivened and comforted; not from any obfervable commotions then, but from conversation afterwards : And others seemed to be under preffing concern for their fouls. 1 have endeavoured to acquaint myfelf with particular perfons; many of whom feem to be very humble and growing chriftians; although fome of them, as I am informed, were before their conversion most monstroufly wicked.

Religious converfation feems to be very pleafing and delightful to many, and effectively that which relates to the exercises of the heart. And many here do not feem to be real chriftians only, but growing chriftians alfo; as well in doctrinal, as experimental knowledge. Befides my convertation with particular ticular perfons, I have had opportunity to attend upon one of Mr. Brainerd's catechetical lectures ; where I was furprifed at their readinefs in anfwering questions which they had not been used to; although Mr. Brainerd complained much of their uncommon deficiency. It is furprifing, to fee this people, who, not long fince were led captive by Satan at his will, and living in the practice of all manner of abominations, without the least fense even of moral honefty, yet now living foberly and regularly, and not feeking every man his own, but every man, in fome fenfe, his neighbour's good ; and to fee those, who but a little while past, knew nothing of the true God, now worshipping him in a folemn. and devout manner; not only in publick, but in their families and in fecret; which is manifeftly the cafe; it being a difficult thing to walk out in the woods in the morning, without diffurbing perfons at their fecret devotion. And it feems wonderful. that this fhould be the cafe, not only with adult perfons, but with children alfo. It is obfervable here. that many children; if not the children in general. retire into fecret places to pray. And as far as at present I can judge, this is not the effect of custom and fashion, but of real seriousness and thoughtfulnefs about their fouls.

I have frequently gone into the fchool, and have fpent confiderable time there amongft the children; and have been furprifed to fee, not only their diligent attendance upon the bufinefs of the fchool, but alfo the proficiency they have made in it, in reading and writing, and in their catechifms of divers forts. It feems to be as pleafing and as natural to thefe children to have their books in their hands, as it does for many others to be at play. I have gone into an houfe where there has been a number of children accidentally gathered together; and obferved, that every

every one had his book in his hand, and was diligently fludying of it. There is to the number of about thirty of thefe children, who can anfwer to all the queftions in the affembly's catechifm; and the bigger part of them are able to do it with the proofs to the fourth commandment. I wifh there were many fuch fchools : I confefs, that I never was acquainted with fuch an one, in many refpects. O that what God has done here, may prove to be the beginning of a far more glorious and extensive work of grace among the heathen.

I am your obedient and dutiful fon,

JOB STRONG.

P. S. Since the date of this, I have had opportunity to attend upon another of Mr. Brainerd's catechetical lectures; and truly I was convinced, that Mr. Brainerd did not complain before of his people's defects in anfwering to queftions propofed, without reafon : For although their anfwers at that time exceeded my expectations very much; yet their performances at this lecture very much exceeded them.

IV. Is there not much in the preceding Memoirs of Mr., Brainerd to teach, and excite to duty, us who are called to the work of the miniftry, and all that are candidates for that great work? What a deep fenfe did he feem to have of the greatnefs and importance of that work, and with what weight did it lie on his mind! How fenfible was he of his own infufficiency for this work; and how great was his dependence on God's fufficiency! How folicitous, that he might be fitted for it! And to this end, how much time did he fpend in prayer and fafting, as well as reading and meditation; giving himfelf to thefe things! How did he dedicate his whole life, all his powers and talents to God; and forfake and renounce

renounce the world, with all its pleafing and enfnaring enjoyments, that he might be wholly at liberty, to ferve Chrift in this work; and to pleafe him who had chosen him to be a foldier, under the Captain of our falvation ! With what folicitude, folemnity, and diligence did he devote himfelf to God our Saviour, and feek his prefence and bleffing in fecret, at the time of his ordination ! And how did his whole heart appear to be conftantly engaged, his whole time employed, and his whole ftrength fpent in the bufinefs he then folemnly undertook, and was publickly fet apart to ! And his hiftory fhews us the right way to fuccefs in the work of the ministry. He fought it, as a refolute foldier feeks victory, in a fiege or battle; or as a man that runs a race, for a great prize. Animated with love to Chrift and fouls, how did he labour always fervently, not only in word and doctrine, in publick and private, but in prayers day and night, wreftling with God in fecret, and travailing in birth, with unutterable groans and agonies, until Chrift were formed in the hearts of the people to whom he was fent ! How did he thirst for a bleffing on his ministry ; and watch for fouls, as one that must give account ! How did he go forth in the strength of the Lord God ; feeking and depending on a special influence of the Spirit to affift and fucceed him ! And what was the happy fruit at last, though after long waiting, and many dark and difcouraging appearances ! Like a true fon of Jacob, he perfevered in wreftling, through all the darknefs of the night, until the breaking of the day.

And his example of labouring, praying, denying himfelf, and enduring hardnefs, with unfainting refolution and patience, and his faithful, vigilant, and prudent conduct in many other refpects, which it would be too long now particularly to recite, may afford inftruction to miffionaries in particular.

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V. The foregoing account of Mr. Brainerd's life may afford inftruction to christians in general ; as it. thews, in many refpects, the right way of practifing religion, in order to obtain the ends of it, and receive the benefits of it; or how chriftians flould run the race fet before them, if they would not run in vain, or run as uncertainly, but would honour God in the world, adorn their profession, be ferviceable to mankind, have the comforts of religion while they live, be free from difquieting doubts and dark apprehensions about the state of their fouls ; enjoy peace in the approaches of death, and finish their courfe with joy. In general, he much recommended, for this purpofe, the redemption of time, great diligence in the business of the christian life, watchfulnefs, &c. And he very remarkably exemplified thefe things.

But particularly, his example and fuccefs with regard to one duty in fpecial, may be of great use to both ministers and private christians; I mean the duty of fecret fafting. The reader has feen, how much Mr. Brainerd recommends this duty, and how frequently he exercifed himfelf in it; nor can it well have efcaped obfervation, how much he was owned and bleffed in it, and of what great benefit it evidently was to his foul. Among all the many days he fpent in fecret fafting and prayer, that he gives an account of in his Diary, there is fcarce an instance of one, but what was either attended or foon followed with apparent fuccefs, and a remarkable bleffing, in fpecial incomes and confolations of God's Spirit; and very often, before the day was ended. But it must be observed, that when he fet about this duty, he did it in good earnest ; stirring up himself to take hold of God, and continuing inflant in prayer, with much of the fpirit of Jacob, who faid to the angel, I will not let thee go, except thou blefs me. VI. There Х

VI. There is much in the preceding account to excite and encourage God's people to earneft prayers and endeavours for the advancement and enlargement of the kingdom of Chrift in the world. Mr. Brainerd fat us an excellent example in this refpect. He fought the profperity of Zion with all his might. He preferred Jerufalem above his chief joy. How did his foul long for it, and pant after it! And how earneftly and often did he wreftle with God for it ! And how far did he, in these defires and prayers, feem to be carried beyond all private and felfish views ! Being animated by a pure love to Chrift, an earneft defire of his glory, and a difinterested affection to the fouls of mankind.

As there is much in Mr. Brainerd's life to encourage chriftians to feek the advancement of Chrift's kingdom, in general; fo there is, in particular, to pray for the conversion of the Indians on this continent, and to exert themfelves in the use of proper means for its accomplishment. For it appears, that he in his unutterable longings and wreftlings of foul for the flourishing of religion, had his mind peculiarly intent on the conversion and falvation of these people, and his heart more efpecially engaged in prayer for them. And if we confider the degree and manner in which he, from time to time, fought and hoped for an extensive work of grace among them, I think we have reafon to hope, that the wonderful things, which God wrought among them by him, are but a forerunner of fomething yet much more glorious and extensive of that kind ; and this may juftly be an encouragement, to well difpofed charitable perfons, to honour the Lord with their fubstance, by contributing, as they are able, to promote the fpreading of the gofpel among them ; and this alfo may incite and encourage gentlemen who are incorporated, and intrusted with the care and disposal of thofe

those liberal benefactions, which have already been made by pious perfons, to that end; and likewife the miffionaries themselves, that are or may be employed; and it may be of direction unto both, as to the proper qualifications of miffionaries, and the proper measures to be taken in order to their fuccess.

One thing in particular, I would take occafion from the foregoing hiftory to mention and propofe to the confideration of fuch as have the care of providing and fending miffionaries among favages ; viz. Whether it would not ordinarily be beft to fend two together ? It is pretty manifest, that Mr. Brainerd's going, as he did, alone into the howling wildernefs, was one great occasion of fuch a prevailing of melancholy on his mind ; which was his greateft difadvantage. He was much in fpeaking of it himfelf, when he was here in his dying ftate; and expreffed himfelf, to this purpofe, that none could conceive of the difadvantage a miffionary in fuch circumftances was under, by being alone ; especially as it exposed him to discouragement and melancholy : And fpoke of the wifdom of Chrift in fending forth his difciples by two and two; and left it as his dying advice to his brother, never to go to Sufquehannah, to travel about in that remote wildernefs, to preach to the Indians there, as he had often done, without the company of a fellow miffionary.

VII. One thing more may not be unprofitably obferved in the preceding account of Mr. Brainerd; and that is the fpecial and remarkable difpofal of Divine Providence, with regard to the circumftances of his laft ficknefs and death.

Though he had been long infirm, his conftitution being much broken by his fatigues and hardthips; and though he was often brought very low by illnefs, before he left Kaunaumeek, and alfo while he lived at the Forks of Delaware; yet his life was preferved

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until he had feen that which he had fo long and greatly defired and fought; a glorious work of grace among the Indians, and had received the wifhed for bleffing of God on his labours. Though as it were in deaths oft, yet he lived to behold the happy fruits of the long continued travail of his foul and labour of his body, in the wonderful conversion of many of the heathen, and the happy effect of it in the great change of their conversation, with many circumstances which afforded a fair prospect of the continuance of God's bleffing upon them : Thus he did not depart, until his eyes had feen God's falvation.

Though in that winter that he lay fick at Mr. Dickinfon's in Elizabeth-Town, he continued for a long time in an extremely low flate, fo that his life was almost defpaired of, and his flate was fometimes fuch that it was hardly expected he would live a day to an end; yet his life was fpared a while longer; he lived to fee his brother arrived in New-Jerfey, being come to fucceed him in the care of his Indians; and he himfelf had opportunity to affift in his examination and introduction into his bufinefs; and to commit the conduct of his dear people to one whom he well knew, and could put confidence in, and ufe freedom within giving him particular infructions and charges, and under whole care he could leave his congregation with great cheerfulnefs.

The providence of God was remarkable in fo ordering of it, that before his death he fhould take a journey into New-England, and go to Bofton : Which was, in many refpects, of very great and happy confequence to the intereft of religion, and efpecially among his own people. By this means, as has been obferved, he was brought into acquaintance with many perfons of note and influence, minifters and others, belonging both to the town and various parts of the country ; and had opportunity, under

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under the beft advantages, to bear a teftimony for God and true religion, and against those false appearances of it that have proved most pernicious to the interests of Christ's kingdom in the land. And the providence of God is particularly observable in this circumstance of the testimony he there bore for true religion, viz. That he there was brought fo near the grave, and continued for fo long a time on the very brink of eternity; and from time to time looked on himfelf, and was looked on by others, as just leaving the world; and that in these circumstances he should be fo particularly directed and affisted in his thoughts and views of religion, to diffinguish between the true and the falfe, with fuch clearnefs and evidence ; and that after this he fhould be unexpectedly and furprifingly reftored and ftrengthened, fo far as to be able to converse freely; and have fuch opportunity, and fpecial occafions to declare the fentiments he had in thefe, which were, to human apprehenfion, his dying circumstances; and to bear his teftimony concerning the nature of true religion, and concerning the mischievous tendency of its most prevalent counterfeits and falfe appearances; as things he had a special, clear, distinct view of at that time, when he expected in a few minutes to be in eternity; and the certainty and importance of which were then, in a peculiar manner, impreffed on his mind.

Among the happy confequences of his going to Bofton, were those liberal benefactions that have been mentioned, which were made by pious disposed perfons, for the maintaining and 'promoting the interest of religion among his people : And also the meeting of a number of gentlemen in Boston, of note and ability, to confult upon measures for that purpose; who were excited, by their acquaintance and conversation with Mr. Brainerd, and by the ac-

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count of the great things God had wrought by his miniftry, to unite themfelves, that by their joint endeavours and contributions they might promote the kingdom of Chrift, and the fpiritual good of their fellow creatures, among the Indians in New-Jerfey, and elfewhere.

The providence of God was observable in his going to Bofton at a time when not only the honourable Commiffioners were feeking miffionaries to the Six Nations ; but just after his Journal, which gives an account of his labours and fuccefs among the Indians, had been received and fpread in Bofton : Whereby his name was known, and the minds of ferious people were well prepared to receive his perfon, and the testimony he there gave for God ; to exert themfelves for the upholding and promoting the interest of religion in his congregation, and amongft the Indians elfewhere; and to regard his judgment concerning the qualifications of miffionaries, &c. If he had gone there the fall before, when he had intended to have made his journey into New-England, but was prevented by a fudden great increase of his illnefs, it would not have been likely to have been in any measure to so good effect : And also if he had not been unexpectedly detained in Bofton : For when he went from my house, he intended to make but a very fhort flay there : But Divine Providence, by his being brought fo low there, detained him long; thereby to make way for the fulfilling its own gracious defigns.

The providence of God was remarkable in fo ordering, that although he was brought fo very near the grave in Bofton, that it-was not in the leaft expected he would ever come alive out of his chamber ; yet he wonderfully revived, and was preferved feveral months longer : So that he had opportunity to fee, and fully to converfe with both his younger breth.

ren before he died; which was a thing he greatly defired ; and especially to fee his brother John, with whom was left the care of his congregation; that he might by him be fully, informed of their flate, and might leave with him fuch inftructions and directions as were requifite in order to their fpiritual welfare, and to fend to them his dying charges and counfels. And he had alfo an opportunity, by means of this fuspension of his death, to find and recommend a couple of perfons fit to be employed as miffionaries to the Six Nations, as had been defired of him.

Although it was the pleafure of a fovereign God, that he should be taken away from his congregation, the people that he had begotten through the gofpel, who were fo dear to him; yet it was granted to him, that before he died he fhould fee them well provided for, every way : He faw them provided for with one to instruct them, and take care of their fouls ; his own brother, whom he could confide in : He faw a good foundation laid for the fupport of the fchool among them ; those things that before were wanting in order to it, being fupplied : And he had the profpect of a charitable fociety being eftablished, of able and well disposed perfons, who feem to make the fpiritual interest of his congregation their own ; whereby he had a comfortable view of their being well provided for, for the future : And he had alfo opportunity to leave all his dying charges with his fucceffor in the paftoral care of his people, and by him to fend his dying counfels to them. Thus God granted him to fee all things happily fettled, or in a hopeful way of being fo; before his death, with respect to his dear people. And whereas not only his own congregation, but the fouls of the Indians in North-America in general, were very dear to him, and he had greatly fet his heart on X4 the

the propagating and extending the kingdom of Chrift among them; God was pleafed to grant to him, however it was his will that he fhould be taken away, and fo fhould not be the immediate inftrument of their inftruction and conversion, yet that before his death, he should fee unexpected extraor. dinary provision made for this alfo. And it is remarkable, that God not only allowed him to fee fuch provision made for the maintaining the interest of religion among his own people, and the propagation of it elfewhere ; but honoured him by making him the means or occasion of it. So that it is very probable, however Mr. Brainerd, during the laft four months of his life, was ordinarily in an extremely weak and low flate, very often fcarcely able to fpcak; yet that he was made the inftrument or means of much more good in that fpace of time, than he would have been if he had been well, and in full ftrength of body. Thus God's power was manifefted in his weaknefs, and the life of Chrift was manifested in his mortal flesh. · . .

Another thing wherein appears the merciful difpofal of Providence with refpect to his death, was, that he did not die in the wildernefs, among the favages, at Kaunaumeek, or the Forks of Delaware, or at Sufquehannah; but in a place where his dying behaviour and fpeeches might be obferved and remembered, and fome account given of them for the benefit of furvivors; and alfo where care might be taken of him in his ficknefs, and proper honours done him at his death.

The providence of God is also worthy of remark, in fo overruling and ordering the matter, that he did not finally leave abfolute orders for the entire fuppreffing of his private papers; as he had intended and fully refolved, infomuch that all the importunity of his friends could fcarce reftrain him from do-

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ing it, when fick at Bofton. And one thing relating to this is peculiarly remarkable, viz. that his brother, a little before his death, should come from the Jerfeys unexpected, and bring his Diary to him, though he had received no fuch order. So that he had opportunity of access to these his referved papers, and for reviewing the fame; without which, it appears, he would at laft have ordered them to be wholly fuppreffed : But after this, he the more readily yielded to the defires of his friends, and was willing to leave them in their hands, to be disposed of as they thought might be most for God's glory : By which means, he being dead, yet Speaketh, in these Memoirs of his life, taken from those private writings : Whereby it is to be hoped he may still be as it were the inftrument of much promoting the intereft of religion in this world; the advancement of which he fo much defired, and hoped would be accomplifhed after his death.

If these circumstances of Mr. Brainerd's death be duly confidered, I doubt not but they will be acknowledged as a notable inftance of God's fatherly care, and covenant faithfulness towards them that are devoted to him, and faithfully ferve him while they live; whereby he never fails nor forfakes them, but is with them living and dying; fo that whether they live, they live to the Lord; or whether they die, they die to the Lord; and both in life and death they are owned and taken care of as his. Mr. Brainerd himfelf, as was before observed, was much in taking notice, when near his end, of the merciful circumstances of his death; and faid, from time to time, that God had granted him all his defire.

And I would not conclude my obfervations on the merciful circumftances of Mr. Brainerd's death, without acknowledging with thankfulnefs, the gracious difpentation of Providence to me and my family, in

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fo ordering, that he (though the ordinary place of his abode was more than two hundred miles distant) fhould be caft hither, to my house, in his last ficknefs, and fhould die here : So that we had opportunity for much acquaintance and conversation with him, and to fhew him kindnefs in fuch circumftances, and to fee his dying behaviour, to hear his dying fpeeches, to receive his dying counfels, and to have the benefit of his dying prayers. May God in infinite mercy grant that we may ever retain a proper remembrance of these things, and make a due improvement of the advantages we have had in thefe refpects ! The Lord grant alfo, that the foregoing account of Mr. Brainerd's life and death may be for the great spiritual benefit of all that shall read it, and prove a happy means of promoting the revival of true religion in these parts of the world.

AMEN.



Mirabilia Dei inter Indicos,

OR THE

RISE AND PROGRESS

OF A REMARKABLE WORK OF GRACE

AMONG A NUMBER OF THE

INDIANS,

IN THE PROVINCES OF NEW-JERSEY AND PENNSYLVANIA,

JUSTLY REPRESENTED IN A

JOURNAL

REPT BY ORDER OF THE HONOURABLE SOCIETY, IN SCOTLAND, FOR PROPA-GATING CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE.

WITH SOME GENERAL REMARKS.

By DAVID 'BRAINERD,

MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL, AND MISSIONARY FROM THE SAID SOCIETY.

PUBLISHED, AT THE FIRST, BY THE REVEREND AND WORTHY CORRESPOND-ENTS OF THE SAID SOCIETY.

Now republished, with some Diminution where the Matter was less interesting, by the EDITOR.

- Inflead of the thorn, fhall come up the fir tree; and inflead of the brier, fhall come up the myrtle tree: And it fhall be to the Lord for a name, for an evenlafting fign that fhall not be cut off. Ifaiah lv. 13.
- I am fought of them that afked not for me: I am found of them that fought me not: I.faid, Behold me, behold me, to a nation that was not called by my name. Ifaiah lxv. 1.
- All thy works fhall praife thee, O Lord, and thy faints fhall blefs thee; they fhall fpeak of the glory of thy kingdom, and talk of thy power. Pfalm exiv. 10, 11.

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THE

RISE AND PROGRESS, &c.

CROSWEEKSUNG, in New-Jerfey, June 19, 1745.

TAVING spent most of my time for more than L a year paft, amongst the Indians in the Forks of Delaware in Pennfylvania; and having in that time made two journeys to Sufquehannah river, far back in that province, in order to treat with the Indians there, respecting christianity; and not having had any confiderable appearance of fpecial fuccefs in either of those places, which damped my fpirits, and was not a little difcouraging to me; upon hearing that there was a number of Indians in and about a place called (by the Indians) Crofweekfung, in New-Jerfey, near fourfcore miles foutheastward from the Forks of Delaware, I determined to make them a vifit, and fee what might be done towards the chriftianizing of them; and accordingly arrived among them this day.

I found very few perfons at the place I vifited, and perceived the Indians in thefe parts were very much fcattered, there being not more than two or three families in a place, and thefe fmall fettlements fix, ten, fifteen, twenty and thirty miles, and fome more, from the place I was then at : However, I preached to those few I found, who appeared well disposed DIVINE GRACE DISPLAYED

difpofed, and not inclined to object and cavil, as the Indians had frequently done otherwhere.

When I had concluded my difcourfe, I informed them (there being none but a few women and children) that I would willingly vifit them again the next day. Whereupon they readily fet out and travelled ten or fifteen miles, in order to give notice to fome of their friends at that diftance. Thefe women, like the woman of Samaria, feemed defirous that others might *fee the man that told them what they had done* in their lives paft, and the mifery that attended their idolatrous ways.

June 20.—Vifited and preached to the Indians again as I proposed. Numbers more were gathered at the invitations of their friends, who heard me the day before. These also appeared as attentive, orderly and well disposed as the others. And none made any objection, as Indians in other places have usually done.

June 22.—Preached to the Indians again. Their number, which at first confisted of about feven or eight perfons, was now increased to near thirty.

There was not only a folemn attention among them, but fome confiderable imprefiions (it was apparent) were made upon their minds by divine truths. Some began to feel their mifery and perifhing flate, and appeared concerned for a deliverance from it.

Lord's Day, June 23.—Preached to the Indians, and fpent the day with them. Their number ftill increafed; and all, with one confent, feemed to rejoice in my coming among them. Not a word of opposition was heard from any of them against christianity, although in times past, they had been as opposite to any thing of that nature, as any Indians whatsoever. And fome of them, not many months before, were enraged with my interpreter because

because he attempted to teach them fomething of christianity.

June 24.—Preached to the Indians at their defire, fand upon their own motion. To fee poor pagans defirous of hearing the gofpel of Chrift, animated me to difcourfe to them, although I was now very weakly, and my fpirits much exhaufted. They attended with the greateft ferioufnefs and diligence; and there was fome concern for their fouls' falvation, 'apparent among them.

June 27.—Vifited and preached to the Indians again. Their number now amounted to about forty perfons. Their folemnity and attention ftill continued; and a confiderable concern for their fouls became very apparent among fundry of them.

June 28.—The Indians being now gathered a confiderable number of them, from their feveral and diftant habitations, requefted me to preach twice a day to them, being defirous to hear as much as they poffibly could while I was with them. I cheerfully complied with their motion, and could not but admire the goodnefs of God, who, I was perfuaded, Thad inclined them thus to inquire after the way of falvation.

June 29:—Preached again twice to the Indians. Saw, as I thought, the hand of God very evidently, and in a manner formewhat remarkable, making provifion for their fubfiftence together, in order to their being inftructed in divine things. For this day and the day before, with only walking a little way from the place of our daily meeting; they killed three deer, which were a feafonable fupply for their wants, and without which, it feems, they could not have fubfifted together in order to attend the means of grace. Lord's Day, June 30.—Preached twice this day allo. Obferved yet more concern and affection among the poor heathens than ever : So that they even confirmined me to tarry yet longer with them; although my conflitution was exceedingly worn out, and my health much impaired by my late fatigues and labours, and efpecially by my late journey to Sufquehannah in May laft, in which I lodged on the ground for feveral weeks together.

July 1.—Preached again, twice, to a very ferious and attentive affembly of Indians, they having now learned to attend the worfhip of God, with christian decency in all respects.

There were now between forty and fifty perfons of them prefent, old and young.

I fpent fome confiderable time in difcourfing with them in a more private way, inquiring of them what they remembered of the great truths that had been taught them from day to day; and may juftly fay it was amazing to fee how they had received and retained the inftructions given them, and what a meafure of knowledge fome of them had acquired in a few days.

July 2.-Was obliged to leave these Indians at Crofweekfung, thinking it my duty, as foon as health would admit, again to vifit these at the Forks of Delaware. When I came to take leave of them. and fpoke fomething particularly to each of them, they all earneftly inquired when I would come again, and expressed a great defire of being further instructed. And of their own accord agreed, that when I fhould come again, they would all meet and live together during my continuance with them. And that they would do their utmost endeavours to gather all the other Indians in these parts that were yet further remote. And when I parted, one told me with many tears, the withed God would change her heart ! Another that fhe wanted to find Chrift ! And an old man that had been one of their chiefs, wept bitterly with concern for his foul. I then promifed

promifed them to return as fpeedily as my health and bufinefs elfewhere would admit, and felt not a little concerned at parting, left the good impreffions then apparent upon numbers of them, might decline and wear off, when the means came to ceafe ; and yet could not but hope that he who, I trufted, had begun a good work among them, and who I knew did not ftand in need of means to carry it on, would maintain and promote it in the absence of them ; although at the fame time I must confess, that I had fo often feen fuch encouraging appearances among the Indians otherwhere prove wholly abortive, and it appeared the favour would be fo great, if God fhould now, after I had paffed through fo confiderable a feries of almost fruitless labours and fatigues, and after my rifing hopes had been fo often fruftrated among these poor pagans, give me any special fucces in my labours with them, that I could not believe, and fcarce dared to hope that the event would be fo happy, and fcarce ever found myfelf more suspended between hope and fear, in any affair, or at any time, than this.

This encouraging difposition and readiness to receive inftruction, now apparent among these In-dians, seems to have been the happy effect of the conviction that one or two of them met with fome time fince at the Forks of Delaware, who have fince endeavoured to shew their friends the evil of idolatry. &c. And although the other Indians feemed but little to regard, but rather to deride them, yet this, perhaps has put them into a thinking posture of mind, or at least, given them fome thoughts about chriftianity, and excited in fome of them a curiofity to hear, and fo made way for the prefent encouraging attention. An apprehension that this might be the cafe here, has given me encouragement that God may in fuch a manner blefs the means I have used Y

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with Indians in other places, where there is as yet no appearance of it. If fo, may his name have the glory of it; for I have learned by experience that he only can open the ear, engage the attention, and incline the heart of poor benighted prejudiced pagans to recieve inftruction.

FORKS of DELAWARE, in Pennfylvania, 1745.

Lord's Day, July 14.—Difcourfed to the Indians twice, feveral of whom appeared concerned, and were, I have reafon to think, in fome meafure convinced by the Divine Spirit, of their fin and milery: So that they wept much the whole time of divine fervice.

Afterwards difcourfed to a number of white people then prefent.

July 18.—Preached to my people, who attended diligently, beyond what had been common among these Indians: And some of them appeared concerned for their souls.

Lord's Day, July 21.—Preached to the Indians first, then to a number of white people prefent, and in the afternoon to the Indians again. Divine truths seemed to make very confiderable impressions upon several of them, and caused the tears to flow freely.

Afterwards I baptized my interpreter and his wife, who were the first I baptized among the Indians.

They are both perfons of fome experimental knowledge in religion; have both been awakened to a folemn concern for their fouls; have, to appearance, been brought to a fenfe of their mifery and undonenefs in themfelves; have both appeared to be comforted with divine confolations; and it is apparent both have paffed a great, and I cannot but hope a faving change.

July

AMONG THE INDIANS.

July 23.—Preached to the Indians, but had few hearers: Those who are constantly at home seem of late to be under some serious impressions of a religious nature.

July 26.—Preached to my people, and, afterwards, baptized my interpreter's children.

Lord's Day, July 28.—Preached again, and perceived my people, at leaft fome of them, more thoughtful than ever about their fouls' concerns. I was told by fome, that feeing my interpreter and others baptized made them more concerned than any thing they had ever feen or heard before. There was indeed a confiderable appearance of divine power amongft them at the time that ordinance was adminiftered. May that divine influence fpread and increafe more abundantly.

July 30.—Difcourfed to a number of my people, and gave them fome particular advice and direction, being now about to leave them for the prefent, in order to renew my vifit to the Indians in New-Jerfey. They were very attentive to my difcourfe, and earneftly defirous to know when I defigned to return to them again.

CROSWEEKSUNG, in New-Jerfey, 1745.

August 3:—Having visited the Indians in these parts in June last, and tarried with them fome confiderable time, preaching almost daily; at which seafon God was pleased to pour upon them a spirit of awakening and concern for their souls, and furprisingly to engage their attention to divine truths. I now found them serious, and a number of them under deep concern for an interest in Christ: Their convictions of their finful and perishing state having, in my absence from them, been much promoted by the labours and endeavours of the Rev. Mr. Willi-

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am Tennent, to whom I had advifed them to apply for direction, and whofe houfe they frequented much while I was gone. I preached to them this day with fome view to Rev. xxii. 17. And whofoever will, let bim take the water of life freely: Though I could not pretend to handle the fubject methodically among them.

The Lord, I am perfuaded, enabled me, in a manner fomewhat uncommon, to fet before them the Lord Jefus Chrift as a kind and compaffionate Saviour, inviting diftreffed and perifhing finners to accept everlafting mercy. And a furprifing concern foon became apparant among them. There were about twenty adult perfons together, (many of the Indians at remote places not having as yet had time to come fince my return hither) and not above two that I could fee with dry eyes.

Lord's Day, August 4.—Being invited by a neighbouring minister to affist in the administration of the Lord's supper, I complied with his request, and took the Indians along with me, not only those that were together the day before, but many more that were coming to hear me, so that there were near fifty in all, old and young.

They attended the feveral difcourfes of the day, and fome of them that could understand English, were much affected, and all feemed to have their concern in fome measure raifed.

Now a change in their manners began to appear very vifible. In the evening when they came to fup together, they would not tafte a morfel until they had fent to me to come and afk a bleffing on their food, at which time fundry of them wept, efpecially when I minded them how they had in times paft eat their feafts in honour to devils, and neglected to thank God for them.

Auguft

AMONG THE INDIANS. II

August 5 .- After a fermon had been preached by another minister, I preached, and concluded the publick work of the folemnity from John vii. 37. And in my difcourfe addreffed the Indians in particular, who fat by themfelves in a part of the house; at which time one or two of them were ftruck with deep concern, as they afterwards told me, who had been little affected before : Others had their concern increafed to a confiderable degree. In the evening (the greater part of them being at the houfe where I lodged) I difcourfed to them, and found them univerfally engaged about their fouls' concern, inquiring what they should do to be faved ! And all their conversation among themselves turned upon religious matters, in which they were much affifted by my interpreter, who was with them day and night.

This day, there was one woman, that had been much concerned for her foul, ever fince fhe firft heard me preach in June laft, who obtained comfort, I truft, folid and well grounded : She feemed to be filled with love to Chrift, at the fame time behaved humbly and tenderly, and appeared afraid of nothing fo much as of grieving and offending him whom her foul loved.

August 6.—In the morning I difcourfed to the Indians at the house where we lodged : Many of them were then much affected, and appeared surprisingly tender, so that a few words about their souls' concerns would cause the tears to flow freely, and produce many sobs and groans.

In the afternoon, they being returned to the place where I have ufually preached amongft them, I again difcourfed to them there. There were about fifty five perfons in all, about forty that were capable of attending divine fervice with understanding : I infifted upon I John iv. 10. Herein is love, &c.

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They

They feemed eager of hearing ; but there appeared nothing very remarkable, except their attention, until near the clofe of my difcourfe, and then divine truths were attended with a furprifing influence, and produced a great concern among them. There was fcarce three in forty that could refrain from tears and bitter cries. They all, as one, feemed in an agony of foul to obtain an intereft in Chrift ; and the more I difcourfed of the love and compaffion of God in fending his Son to fuffer for the fins of men ; and the more I invited them to come and partake of his love, the more their diftrefs was aggravated, becaufe they felt themfelves unable to come.

It was furprifing to fee how their hearts feemed to be pierced with the tender and melting invitations of the gofpel, when there was not a word of terror fpoken to them.

There were this day two perfons that obtained relief and comfort, which (when I came to difcourfe with them particularly) appeared folid, rational and fcriptural. After I had inquired into the grounds of their comfort, and faid many things I thought proper to them, I afked them what they wanted God to do further for them. They replied, they wanted Chrift fhould wipe their hearts quite clean, &c.

Surprifing were now the doings of the Lord, that I can fay no lefs of this day, and I need fay no more of it, than that the *arm of the Lord* was powerfully and marvelloufly *revealed* in it.

August 8.—In the afternoon I preached to the Indians; their number was now about fixty five perfons, men, women, and children : I difcourfed from Luke xiv. 16.—23. and was favoured with uncommon freedom in my difcourfe.

There was much visible concern among them while I was difcourfing publickly; but afterwards,

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when I fpoke to one and another more particularly, whom I percieved under much concern, the powerof God feemed to defcend upon the affembly like a rushing mighty wind, and with an aftonishing energy bore down all before it.

I ftood amazed at the influence that feized the audience almost univerfally, and could compare it to nothing more aptly, than the irrefiftible force of a mighty torrent, or fwelling deluge, that with its insupportable weight and preffure, bears down and fweeps before it whatever is in its way! Almost all perfons of all ages were bowed down with concern together, and fcarce one was able to with ftand the fhock of this furprifing operation ! Old men and women, who had been drunken wretches for many years, and fome little children, not more than fix or feven years of age, appeared in diffrefs for their fouls, as well as perfons of middle age. And it was apparent these children (fome of them at least) were not merely frighted with feeing the general con-• cern ; but were made fenfible of their danger, the badnefs of their hearts, and their mifery without Chrift, as fome of them expressed it. The most ftubborn hearts were now obliged to bow. A principal man among the Indians, who before was most fecure and felf righteous, and thought his frate good because he knew more than the generality of the Indians had formerly done, and who with a great degree of confidence the day before, told me, he had been a chriftian more then ten years, was now brought under folemn concern for his foul, and wept bitterly. Another man confiderable in years, who had been a murderer, a powwww, (or cunjurer) and a notorious drunkard, was likewife brought now to cry for mercy with many tears, and to complain much that he could be no more concerned when he faw his danger fo very great. Y4

They

They were almost univerfally praying and crying for mercy in every part of the house, and many out of doors, and numbers could neither go nor stand : Their concern was so great, each one for himself, that none feemed to take any notice of those about them, but each prayed as freely for themselves, and (I am apt to think) were, to their own apprehension, as much retired as if they had been every one by themfelves in the thickest defert : Or, I believe rather that they thought nothing about any but themselves, and their own states, and so were every one praying apart, although all together.

It feemed to me there was now an exact fulfilment of that prophefy, Zech. xii. 10. 11. 12. for there was now a great mourning, like the mourning of Hadadrimmon. And each feemed to mourn apart. Methought this had a near refemblance to the day of God's power, mentioned Jofh. x. 14. for I muft fay, I never faw any day like it in all refpects : It was a day wherein, I am perfuaded, the Lord did much to deftroy the kingdom of darknefs among this people.

This concern in general was most rational and just. Those who had been awakened any considerable time, complained more especially of the badness of their hearts; and those newly awakened of the badness of their lives and actions past; and all were astraid of the anger of God, and of everlasting misery as the defert of their fins.

Some of the white people, who came out of curiofity to hear what this babbler would fay, to the poor ignorant Indians, were much awakened, and tome appeared to be wounded with a view of their perifhing ftate.

Those who had lately obtained relief, were filled with comfort at this feason; they appeared calm and composed, and seemed to rejoice in Christ Jesus: And some of them took their distressed friends by

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the hand, telling them of the goodness of Christ, and the comfort that is to be enjoyed in him, and thence invited them to come and give up their hearts to him. And I could obferve fome of them in the most honeft and unaffected manner (without any defign of being taken notice of) lifting up their eyes to heaven as if crying for mercy, while they faw the diffrefs of the poor fouls around them.

There was one remarkable inftance of awakening this day, that I cannot but take particular notice of here. A young Indian woman, who, I believe, never knew before that the had a foul, nor ever thought of any fuch thing, hearing that there was fomething ftrange among the Indians, came, it feems, to fee what was the matter: She in her way to the Indians, called at my lodgings, and when I told her I defigned prefently to preach to the Indians, laughed and feemed to mock; but went however to them. I had not proceeded far in my publick difcourfe before the felt effectually that the had a foul, and before I had concluded my dilcourfe, was fo convinced of her fin and mifery, and fo diffreffed with concern for her foul's falvation, that fhe feemed like one pierced through with a dart, and cried out inceffantly. She could neither go nor ftand, nor fit on her feat without being held up. After publick fervice was over, the lay flat on the ground, praying earnestly, and would take no notice of, nor give any anfwer to any that fpoke to her. I hearkened to hear what fhe faid, and perceived the burden of her prayer to be, Guttummaukalummeb wechaumeb kmeleb Ndab, i.e. Have mercy on me, and help me to give you my heart. And thus the continued praying inceffantly for many hours together.

This was indeed a furprifing day of God's power, and feemed enough to convince an atheist of the truth, importance and power of God's word.

Augult

August 9.—Spent almost the whole day with the Indians, the former part of it in difcoursing to many of them privately, and especially to fome who had lately received comfort, and endeavouring to inquire into the grounds of it, as well as to give them fome proper instructions, cautions and directions.

In the afternoon difcourfed to them publickly. There were now prefent about feventy perfons, old and young. I opened and applied the parable of the fower, Matth. xiii. Was enabled to difcourfe with much plainnefs, and found afterwards that this discourse was very instructive to them. There were many tears among them while I was difcourfing publickly, but no confiderable cry : Yet fome were much affected with a few words spoken from Matth. xi. 28. with which I concluded my difcourfe. But while I was difcourfing near night to two or three of the awakened perfons, a divine influence. feemed to attend what was fpoken to them in a powerful manner, which caufed the perfons to cry out in anguish of foul, although I spoke not a word of terror, but on the contrary, fet before them the fulnefs and allfufficiency of Chrift's merits, and his willingnefs to fave all that came to him; and thereupon preffed them to come without delay.

The cry of thefe was foon heard by others, who, though fcattered before, immediately gathered round. I then proceeded in the fame ftrain of gofpel invitation, until they were all melted into tears and cries, except two or three; and feemed in the greateft diftrefs to find and fecure an intereft in the great Redeemer. Some who had but little more than a ruffle made in their paffions the day before, feemed now to be deeply affected and wounded at heart : And the concern in general appeared near as prevalent as it was the day before. There was indeed a very great mourning among them, and yet every one feemed feemed to mourn apart. For fo great was their concern, that almost every one was praying and crying for himfelf, as if none had been near, *Guttummaukalummeb*, *guttummaukalummeb*: i. e. *Have mercy upon me*, *have mercy upon me*, was the common cry.

It was very affecting to fee the poor Indians, who the other day were hollowing and yelling in their idolatrous feafts and drunken frolicks, now crying to God with fuch importunity for an intereft in his dear Son.

Lord's Day, August 11.—Difcourfed in the forenoon from the parable of the prodigal fon, Luke xv. Observed no such remarkable effect of the word upon the affembly as in days past. There were numbers of careles spectators of the white people; some Quakers and others.

In the afternoon I difcourfed upon a part of St. Peter's fermon, Acts ii. And at the clofe of my difcourfe to the Indians, made an addrefs to the white people, and divine truths feemed then to be attended with power both to Englifh and Indians. Several of the white heathen were awakened, and could not longer be idle fpectators, but found they had fouls to fave or lofe as well as the Indians, and a great concern fpread through the whole affembly, fo that this alfo appeared to be a day of God's power, efpecially towards the conclusion of it, as well as feveral of the former, although the influence attending the word feemed fcarce fo powerful now, as in fome days paft.

The number of the Indians, old and young, was now upwards of feventy, and one or two were newly awakened this day, who never had appeared to be moved with concern for their fouls before.

Those that had obtained relief and comfort, and had given hopeful evidences of having passed a faving

ing change, appeared humble and devout, and behaved in an agreeable and chriftian manner. I was refreshed to see the tenderness of confcience manifest in fome of them; one instance of which I cannot but take notice of. Perceiving one of them very forrowful in the morning, I inquired into the cause of her forrow, and found the difficulty was, such had been angry with her child the evening before, and was now exercised with fears, left her anger had been inordinate and finful, which so grieved her that she waked and began to so before daylight, and continued weeping for feveral hours together.

August 14 .- Spent the day with the Indians. There was one of them who had fome time fince put away his wife, as is common among them, and taken another woman, and being now brought under fome ferious impreffions, was much concerned about that affair in particular, and feemed fully convinced of the wickedness of that practice, and earneftly defirous to know what God would have him do in his prefent circumstances. When the law of God refpecting marriage had been opened to them; and the caufe of his leaving his wife inquired into : and when it appeared fhe had given him no just occafion by unchastity to defert her, and that fhe was willing to forgive his paft mifconduct, and to live peaceably with him for the future, and that fhe moreover infifted on it as her right to enjoy him ; he was then told, that it was his indifpenfable duty to renounce the woman he had last taken, and receive the other who was his proper wife, and live peaceably with her during life; with which he readily and cheerfully complied, and thereupon publickly renounced the woman he had laft taken, and publickly promifed to live with and be kind to his wife during life, fhe alfo promifing the fame to him. And here appeared a clear demonstration of the power

power of God's word upon their hearts. I fuppofe a few weeks before the whole world could not have perfuaded this man to a compliance with chriftian rules in this affair.

August 16.—Spent confiderable time in conversing privately with fundry of the Indians. Found one that had got relief and comfort, after preffing concern, and could not but hope, when I came to difcourse particularly with her, that her comfort was of the right kind.

In the afternoon preached to them from John vi. 26.—34. Toward the clofe of my difcourfe, divine truths were attended with confiderable power upon the audience, and more efpecially after publick fervice was over, when I particularly addreffed fundry diftreffed perfons.

There was a great concern for their fouls foread pretty generally among them : But efpecially there were two perfons newly awakened to a fenfe of their fin and mifery, one of whom was lately come, and the other had all along been very attentive, and defirous of being awakened, but could never before have any lively view of her perifhing state. But now her concern and fpiritual diffrefs was fuch, that I thought, I had never feen any more preffing. Sundry old men were also in diffres for their souls : fo that they could not refrain from weeping and crying out aloud, and their bitter groans were the most convincing as well as affecting evidence of the reality and depth of their inward anguish. God is powerfully at work among them ! True and genuine convictions of fin are daily promoted in many inftances, and fome are newly awakened from time to time; although fome few, who felt a commotion in their paffions in days paft, feem now to difcover that their hearts were never duly affected. I never faw the work of God appear fo independent of means as

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at this time. I difcourfed to the people, and fpoke what I fuppofe had a proper tendency to promote convictions, and God's manner of working upon them appeared foentirely fupernatural, and above means, that I could scarce believe he used me as an instrument, or what I fpake as means of carrying on his work : For it feemed, as I thought, to have no connexion with, or dependence upon means in any refpect. And although I could not but continue to use the means I thought proper for the promotion of the work, yet God feemed, as I apprehended, to work entirely without them : So that I feemed to do nothing, and indeed to have nothing to do, but to fland still and see the falvation of God, and found myself obliged and delighted to fay, Not unto us, not unto instruments and means, but to thy name be glory. God appeared to work entirely alone, and I faw no room to attribute any part of this work to any created arm.

Lord's Day, August 25.—Preached in the forenoon from Luke xv. 3.—7. There being a multitude of white people prefent, I made an addrefs to them at the close of my difcourfe to the Indians : But could not fo much as keep them orderly; for fcores of them kept walking and gazing about, and behaved more indecently than any Indians I ever addreffed; and a view of their abusive conduct to funk my fpirits, that I could fcarce go on with my work.

In the afternoon difcourfed from Rev. iii. 20. At which time the Indians behaved ferioufly, though many others were vain.

Afterwards baptized twenty five perfons of the Indians, fifteen adults and ten children. Moft of the adults I have comfortable reafon to hope are renewed perfons, and there was not one of them but what I entertained fome hopes of in that refpect,

though

though the cafe of two or three of them appeared more doubtful.

After the crowd of fpectators was gone, I called the baptized perfons together, and difcourfed to them in particular, at the fame time inviting others to attend, minded them of the folemn obligations they were now under to live to God, warned them of the evil and dreadful confequences of carelefs living, especially after this publick profession of chriftianity; gave them directions for their future conduct, and encouraged them to watchfulnefs and devotion, by fetting before them the comfort and happy conclusion of a religious life. This was a defirable and fweet feafon indeed! Their hearts were engaged and cheerful in duty, and they rejoiced that they had in a publick and folemn manner dedicated themfelves to God. Love feemed to reign among them ! They took each other by the hand with tenderness and affection, as if their hearts were knit together, while I was difcourfing to them : And all their deportment toward each other was fuch, that a ferious fpectator might justly be excited to cry out with admiration, Behold how they love one another ! Sundry of the other Indians at feeing and hearing thefe things, were much affected and wept bitterly, longing to be partakers of the fame joy and comfort that these discovered by their very countenances as well as conduct.

August 26.—Preached to my people from John vi. 51.—55. After I had difcourfed fome time, I addreffed those in particular who entertained hopes that they were *passed from death to life*. Opened to them the perfevering nature of those consolations Christ gives his people, and which I trusted he had bestowed upon fome in that assembly, shewed them that fuch have already the *beginnings of eternal life*, verse 54. and that their heaven shall speedily be completed, &c.

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I no fooner began to difcourfe in this ftrain, but the dear chriftians in the congregation began to be melted with affection to, and defire of the enjoyment of Chrift, and of a state of perfect purity. They wept affectionately and yet joyfully, and their tears and fobs difcovered brokennels of heart, and yet were attended with real comfort and fweetnefs, fo that this was a tender, affectionate, humble, delightful melting, and appeared to be the genuine effect of a fpirit of adoption, and very far from that fpirit of bondage that they not long fince laboured under. The influence feemed to fpread from these through the whole affembly, and there quickly appeared a wonderful concern among them. Many who had not yet found Chrift as an allfufficient Saviour, were furprifingly engaged in feeking after him. It was indeed a lovely and very defirable affembly. Their number was now about ninety five perfons, old and young, and almost all affected either with joy in Chrift Jefus, or with utmost concern to obtain an interest in him.

Being fully convinced it was now my duty to take a journey far back to the Indians on Sufquehannah river, it being now a proper feafon of the year to find them generally at home, after having fpent fome hours in publick and private difcourfes with my people, I told them that I must now leave them for the prefent, and go to their brethren far remote and preach to them : That I wanted the Spirit of God fhould go with me, without whom nothing could be done to any good purpose among the Indians, as they themfelves had had opportunity to fee and obferve by the barrennefs of our meetings at fome times, when there was much pains taken to effect and awaken finners, and yet to little or no purpofe : And afked them if they could not be willing to fpend the remainder of the day in prayer for me, that God

would

would go with me, and fucceed my endeavours, for the conversion of those poor fouls. They cheerfully complied with the motion, and foon after 1 left them, the fun being then about an hour and half high at night, they began, and continued praying all night, until break of day, or very near, never mistrusting, they tell me, until they went out and viewed the ftars, and faw the morning ftar a confiderable height, that it was later than common bed time. Thus eager and unwearied were they in their devotions ! A remarkable night it was, attended, as my interpreter tells me, with a powerful influence upon those who were yet under concern, as well as those that had received comfort.

There were, I truft, this day, two diftreffed fouls brought to the enjoyment of folid comfort in him, in whom the weary find reft.

It was likewife remarkable that, this day, an old Indian, who has all his days been an obfinate idolater, was brought to give up his rattles, which they ufe for mufick in their idolatrous feafts and dances, to the other Indians, who quickly deftroyed them, and this without any attempt of mine, in the affair, I having faid nothing to him about it; fo that it feemed it was nothing but juft the power of God's word, without any particular application to this fin, that produced this effect. Thus God has begun, thus he has hitherto furprifingly carried on, a work of grace amongft thefe Indians. May the glory be afcribed to him, who is the fole author of it.

FORKS of DELAWARE, in Pennsylvania, 1745.

September 19.—Vifited an Indian town called Juneautd, fituate on an ifland in Sufquehannah. Was much difcouraged with the temper and behaviour of the Indians here, although they appeared friendly Z when when I was with them the last fpring, and then gave me encouragement to come and fee them again. But they now feemed refolved to retain their pagan notions, and perfift in their idolatrous practices.

September 20 .- Visited the Indians again at Juneauta Island, and found them almost universally very bufy in making preparations for a great facrifice and dance. Had no opportunity to get them together in order to difcourfe with them about chriftianity, by reason of their being so much engaged about their facrifice. My fpirits were much funk with a profpect fo very difcouraging, and efpecially feeing I had now no interpreter but a pagan, who was as much attached to idolatry as any of them. (my own interpreter having left me the day before, being obliged to attend upon fome important bufinefs otherwhere, and knowing that he could neither fpeak nor understand the language of these Indians) fo that I was under the greateft difadvantages imaginable : however, I attempted to difcourfe privately with fome of them, but without any appearance of fuccefs : Notwithstanding, I still tarried with them.

In the evening they met together, near a hundred of them, and danced round a large fire, having prepared ten fat deer for the facrifice; the fat of whofe inwards they burned in the fire, while they were dancing, and fometimes raifed the flame to a prodigious height, at the fame time yelling and fhouting in fuch a manner, that they might eafily have been heard two miles or more.

They continued their facred dance all night, or near the matter; after which they ate the flefh of the facrifice, and fo retired each one to his lodging.

I enjoyed little fatisfaction this night, being entirely alone on the ifland, as to any chriftian company, and in the midst of this idolatrous revel; and having walked to and fro until body and mind were pained

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pained and much oppreffed, I at length crept into a little crib made for corn, and there flept on the poles. Lord's Day, September 21.—Spent the day with the Indians on the ifland. As foon as they were well up in the morning, I attempted to inftruct them, and laboured for that purpose to get them together, but quickly found they had fomething elfe to do; for near noon they gathered together all their powwows, or conjurers, and fet about half a dozen of them to playing their juggling tricks, and acting their frantick distracted postures, in order to find out why they were then fo fickly upon the ifland, numbers of them being at that time difordered with a fever and bloody flux. In this exercise they were engaged for feveral hours, making all the wild, ridiculous and diffracted motions imaginable ; fometimes finging, fometimes howling, fometimes extending their hands to the utmost stretch, spreading all their fingers, and feemed to push with them, as if they defigned to fright fomething away, or, at least, keep it off at arm's end ; fometimes stroking their faces with their hands, then spurting water as fine as mist : fometimes fetting flat on the earth, then bowing down, their faces to the ground ; wringing their fides as if in pain and anguish; twifting their faces, turning up their eyes, grunting, puffing, &c.

Their monstrous actions tended to excite ideas of horror, and feemed to have fomething in them, as I thought, peculiarly fuited to raife the devil, if he could be raifed by any thing odd, ridiculous and frightful. Some of them I could obferve were much more fervent and devout in the business than others. and feemed to chant, peep and mutter with a great degree of warmth and vigour, as if determined to awaken and engage the powers below. I fat at a finall diftance, not more than thirty feet from them. though undifcovered, with my Bible in my hand, 72

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refolving if poffible to fpoil their fport, and prevent their receiving any answers from the infernal world, and there viewed the whole scene. They continued their hideous charms and incantations for more than three hours, until they had all wearied themselves out, although they had in that space of time taken fundry intervals of reft, and at length broke up, I apprehended, without receiving any answer at all.

After they had done powwowing, I attempted to difcourfe with them about christianity; but they foon fcattered, and gave me no opportunity for any thing of that nature.

CROSWEEKSUNG, in New-Jerfey, 1745.

Preached to my people from John xiv. 1.—6. The divine prefence feemed to be in the affembly. Numbers were affected with divine truths, and it was a feason of comfort to some in particular.

O! what a difference is there between thefe and the Indians I had lately treated with upon Sufquehannah! To be with those feemed like being banished from God and all his people; to be with these like being admitted into his family, and to the enjoyment of his divine prefence! How great is the change lately made upon numbers of these Indians, who not many months ago were many of them as thoughtless, and averse to christianity, as those upon Sufquehannah! And how astonishing is that grace that has made this change !

Lord's Day, October 6.—Preached in the forenoon from John x. 7.—11. There was a confiderable melting among my people, the dear young chriftians were refreshed, comforted and strengthened, and one or two perfons newly awakened.

In the afternoon I difcourfed on the ftory of the jailor, Acts xvi. and in the evening expounded Acts

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xx. 1.—12. There was at this time a very agreeable melting fpread through the whole affembly. I think I fcarce ever faw a more defirable affection in any number of people in my life. There was fcarce a dry eye to be feen among them, and yet nothing boifterous or unfeemly, nothing that tended to difturb the publick worfhip; but rather to encourage and excite a chriftian ardour and fpirit of devotion. Thofe, who I have reafon to hope were favingly renewed, were firft affected, and feemed to rejoice much, but with brokennefs of fpirit and godly fear; their exercifes were much the fame with thofe mentioned in my Journal of August 26, evidently appearing to be the genuine effect of a fpirit of adop-. tion.

After publick fervice was over I withdrew, being much tired with the labours of the day, and the Indians continued praying among themfelves for near two hours together, which continued exercifes appeared to be attended with a bleffed quickening influence from on high.

I could not but earneftly with that numbers of God's people had been prefent at this feafon, to fee and hear these things, which I am fure must refresh the heart of every true lover of Zion's interest. To fee those, who very lately were favage pagans and idolaters, having no hope, and without God in the world, now filled with a sense of divine love and grace, and worshipping the Father in Spirit and in truth, as numbers here appeared to do, was not a. little affecting; and especially to see them appear fo tender and humble, as well as lively, fervent and deyout in the divine fervice.

October 24.—Difcourfed from John iv. 13. 14. There was a great attention, a defirable affection, and an unaffected melting in the affembly. It is furprifing to fee how eager they are of hearing the

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word

word of God. I have oftentimes thought they would cheerfully and diligently attend divine worfhip twenty four hours together, had they an opportunity fo to do.

October 25.—Difcourfed to my people refpecting the refurrection, from Luke xx. 27.—36. And when I came to mention the bleffednefs the godly fhall enjoy at that feafon, their final freedom from death, fin and forrow; their equality to the angels in regard of their nearnefs to and enjoyment of Chrift; fome imperfect degree of which they are favoured with in the prefent life, from whence fprings their fweeteft comfort; and their being the children of God, openly acknowledged by him as fuch: I fay, when I mentioned thefe things, numbers of them were much affected, and melted with a view of this bleffed ftate.

October 28.—Difcourfed from Matth. xxii. 1.—13. I was enabled to open the fcripture, and adapt my difcourfe and expreffions to the capacities of my people I know not how, in a plain, eafy, and familiar manner, beyond all that I could have done by the utmost ftudy : And this, without any fpecial difficulty, with as much freedom as if I had been addreffing a common audience, who had been inftructed in the doctrine of chriftianity all their days.

The word of God at this time feemed to fall upon the affembly with a divine power and influence, efpecially toward the clofe of my difcourfe : There was both a fweet melting and bitter mourning in the audience. The dear chriftians were refreshed and comforted, convictions revived in others, and fundry perfons newly awakened who had never been with us before; and fo much of the divine prefence appeared in the affembly, that it feemed, *this was none* other than the house of God, and the gate of beaven. And all that had any favour and relish of divine things

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things were even conftrained by the fweetnefs of that feafon to fay, Lord, it is good for us to be here. If ever there was amongft my people an appearance of the New-Jerufalem, as a bride adorned for her hufband, there was much of it at this time; and fo agreeable was the entertainment where fuch tokens of the divine prefence were, that I could fcarce be willing in the evening to leave the place, and repair to my lodgings. I was refreshed with a view of the continuance of this bleffed work of grace among them, and its influence upon ftrangers of the Indians that had of late, from time to time, providentially fallen into thefe parts.

Lord's Day, November 3.—Preached to my people from Luke xvi. 17. more efpecially for the fake of feveral lately brought under deep concern for their fouls. There was fome apparent concern and affection in the affembly, though far lefs than has been ufual of late.

* Afterwards I baptized fourteen perfons of the Indians, fix adults and eight children : One of thefe was near fourfcore years of age, and I have reafon to hope God has brought her favingly home to himfelf : Two of the others were men of fifty years old, who had been fingular and remarkable, even among the Indians, for their wickednefs. One of them had been a murderer, and both notorious drunkards as well as exceffive quarrelfome ; but now I cannot but hope both are become fubjects of God's fpecial. grace, especially the worst of them. I deferred their baptism for many weeks after they had given evidences of having paffed a great change, that I might have more opportunities to obferve the fruits of those impreffions they had been under, and apprehended the way was now clear : And there was not one of the adults I baptized, but what had given me fome comfortable grounds to hope, that God had wrought

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a work of fpecial grace in their hearts ; although I could not have the fame degree of fatisfaction refpecting one or two of them, as the reft.

November 4.—Difcourled from John xi. briefly explaining most of the chapter. Divine truths made deep impressions upon many in the affembly; numbers were affected with a view of the power of Christ, manifested in his raising the dead, and efpecially when this instance of his power was improved to shew his power and ability to raise dead fouls, such as many of them then felt themselves to be, to assure to them them due rewards and punishments.

There were fundry of the perfons lately come here . from remote places, that were now brought under deep and preffing concern for their fouls, particularly one, who not long fince came half drunk, and railed on us, and attempted by all means to diffurb us while engaged in the divine worthip, was now fo concerned and diffreffed for her foul, that the feemed unable to get any ease without an interest in Chrift. There were many tears and affectionate fobs... and groans in the affembly in general, fome weeping for themfelves, others for their friends. And ... although perfons are doubtless much easier affected now, than they were in the beginning of this religious concern, when tears and cries for their fouls were things unheard of among them, yet I must fay, their affection in general appeared genuine and unfeigned; and efpecially this appeared very confpicuous in those newly awakened. So that true and genuine convictions of fin, feem still to be begun ?and promoted in many inftances.

Baptized a child this day, and perceived fundry of the baptized perfons affected with the administration of this ordinance, as being thereby minded of their own folemn engagements.

I have now baptized in all forty feven perfons of the Indians, twenty three adults, and twenty four children. Thirty five of them belonging to thefe parts, and the reft to the Forks of Delaware : And, through rich grace, they have none of them as yet been left to difgrace their profession of chriftianity by any fcandalous or unbecoming behaviour.

Lord's Day, November 24 .- Preached both parts of the day from the ftory of Zaccheus, Luke xix. 1.-9. In the latter exercise, when I opened and infifted upon the falvation that comes to the finner, upon his becoming a fon of Abraham, or a true believer, the word feemed to be attended with divine power to the hearts of the hearers. Numbers were much affected with divine truths. Former convictions were revived. One or two perfons newly, awakened. And a most affectionate engagement in divine fervice appeared among them univerfally.

The impressions they were under appeared to be the genuine effect of God's word brought home to their hearts, by the power and influence of the Divine Spirit.

November 26 .- After having spent some time in private conferences with my people, I difcourfed publickly among them, from John v. 19. I was favoured with fome special freedom and fervency in my discourse, and a powerful energy accompanied divine truths. Many wept and fobbed affectionately. and fcarce any appeared unconcerned in the whole affembly. The influence that feized the audience appeared gentle, and yet pungent and efficacious. It produced no boisterous commotion of the paffions, but feemed deeply to affect the heart; and excited in the perfons under convictions of their loft state, heavy groans and tears. And in others who had

had obtained comfort, a fweet and humble melting. It feemed like the gentle but fteady fhowers that effectually water the earth, without violently beating upon the furface.

November 30.—Preached near night, after having fpent fome hours in private conference with fomes of my people about their fouls' concerns. Explained and infitted upon the ftory of the rich man and Lazarus, Luke xvi. 19.—26. The word made powerful imprefiions upon many in the affembly, efpecially while I difcourfed of the bleffednefs of Lazarus in Abraham's bofom.

Lord's Day, December 1.—Difcourfed to my people, in the forenoon, from Luke xvi. 27.—31. There' appeared an unfeigned affection in divers perfons, and fome feemed deeply impressed with divinetruths.

Lord's Day, December 8.—Difcourfed on the ftorys of the blind man, John ix. There appeared no remarkable effect of the word upon the affembly at this time. The perions who have lately been much concerned for their fouls, feemed now not fo affected nor folicitous to obtain an intereft in Chrifteas has been ufual; although they attended divine ferst vice with ferioufnefs and diligence.

Such have been the doings of the Lord here, in awakening finners, and affecting the hearts of those who are brought to folid comfort, with a fresh sense of divine things from time to time, that it is now strange to see the affembly fit with dry eyes, and without fobs and groans !

Lord's Day, December 15.—Preached to the Indians from Luke xiii. 24.—28. Divine truths fell with weight and power upon the audience, and feemed to reach the hearts of many. Near night difcourfed to them again from Matth. xxv. 31.—46. At which feafon alfo, the word appeared to be accompanied

companied with a divine influence, and made power erful impreffions upon the affembly in general, as well as upon divers perfons in a very special and particular manner. This was an amazing feafon, of grace ! The word of the Lord, this day, was quick and powerful, Charper than a two edged found, and pierced to the hearts of many. The affembly was greatly affected, and deeply wrought upon ; yet without fo much apparent commotion of the paffions, as was usual in the beginning of this work of, grace. The impreffions made by the word of God upon the audience, appeared folid, rational and deep. worthy of the folemn truths by means of which. they were produced, and far from being the effects of any fudden fright or groundlefs perturbation of mind.

O, how did the hearts of the hearers feem to bow. under the weight of divine truths! And how evident. did it now appear that they received and felt them, notas the word of man but as the word of God ! None. can frame a just idea of the appearance of our affem-. bly at this time, but those who have feen a congregation folemnly awed, and deeply impreffed by the fpecial power and influence of divine truths delivered to them in the name of God !

December 16 .- Difcourfed to my people in the evening from Luke xi. 1.-13. There was much. affection and concern in the affembly ; and efpecially one woman appeared in great diffrefs for her foul. She was brought to fuch an agony in feeking after. Chrift, that the fweat ran off her face for a confiderable time together, although the evening was very cold; and her bitter cries were the most affecting indication of the inward anguish of her. heart. 7 7 1 11 T O 142.34

Lord's Day, December 22 .- Discourfed upon the fory of the young man in the golpel, Matth. ix. barnearrio 16 --- 22.

16-22. God made it a feafonable word, I am perfuaded, to fome fouls.

There were fundry perfons of the Indians newly come here, who had frequently lived among Quakers, and being more civilized and conformed to English manners than the generality of Indians, they had imbibed fome of the Quakers' errors ; especially this fundamental one, viz. That if men will but live foberly and honeftly, according to the dictates of their own confciences (or the light within) there is then no danger or doubt of their falvation, &c. Thefe perfons I found much worfe to deal with than those who are wholly under pagan darkness, who make no pretences to knowledge in christianity at all, nor have any felf righteous foundation to frand upon. However, they all, except one, appeared now convinced, that this fober honeft life of itself, was not fufficient to falvation ; fince Chrift himfelf had declared it fo in the cafe of the young man. And feemed, in fome meafure, concerned to obtain that change of heart which I had been labouring to fhew them the neceffity of.

This was likewife a fealon of comfort to fomefouls, and in particular to one (the fame mentioned' in my journal of the 16th inftant) who never before obtained any fettled comfort, though I have abundant reason to think she had passed a faving change fome days before.

She now appeared in a heavenly frame of mind, composed and delighted with the divine will. When-I came to discourse particularly with her, and to inquire of her, how the got relief and deliverance from the fpiritual diffreffes she had lately been under, she anfwered in broken English, Me try, me try, fave myfelf, laft my ftrength be all gone, (meaning her. ability to fave herfelf) coud'nt me ftir bit further. Den last, me forc'd let Jefus Christ alone, send me. a the set of the set

hell .

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hell if he pleafe*. I faid, But you was not willing to go to hell, was you ? She replied, Could not me help it. My heart he would wicked for all. Could not me make him good +, (meaning the faw it was right the thould go to hell, because her heart was wicked, and would be fo after all fhe could do to mend it.) I asked her, how she got out of this cafe. She answered still in the fame broken language, By by my heart be grad desperately. I asked her, why her heart was glad. She replied, Grad my heart Jefus Chrift do what he pleafe with me. Den me tink, grad my heart Jefus Chrift fend me hell. Did'at me care where he put me, me lobe him for all t. &c.

And the could not readily be convinced, but that the was willing to go to hell, if Chrift was pleafed to fend her there. Though the truth evidently was, her will was fo fwallowed up in the divine will, that the could not frame any hell in her imagination that would be dreadful or undefirable, provided it was but the will of God to fend her to it.

Towards night difcourfed to them again in the catechetical method I entered upon the evening before. And when I came to improve the truths I had explained to them, and to answer that question. But how shall I know whether God hath chosen me to everlafting life ? by preffing them to come and give up their hearts to Chrift, and thereby to make their election fure, they then appeared much affected : And the perfons under concern were afresh engaged in feeking after an interest in him ; while fome others, who had obtained comfort before, were refreshed

* In proper English, thus, I tried and tried to lave my felf, until at lash my Reength was all gone, and I could not fir any further. Then, at lash, I was forced to let Jefus Chrift alone to fend me to hell if he pleafed.

+ In plain English, thus, I could not help it. My heart would be wicked for all what I could do. I could not make it good, ‡ By and by my heart was exceeding glad. My heart was glad that Jelus Christ would do with me what he pleased. Then I thought my heart would be glad although Christ floudd fend me to hell. I did not care where he put me, I should love him for all, i. e. do what he would with me,

refreshed to find that love to God in themselves. which was an evidence of his electing love to them? December 25 .- The Indians having been used upon Chriftmas days to drink and revel among fome of the white people in thefe parts, I thought it proper this day to call them together and difcourfe to them upon divine things; which I accordingly did from the parable of the barren fig tree, Luke xiii. 6.-0. A divine influence, I am perfuaded, accompanied the word at this feafon. The power of God appeared in the affembly, not by producing any remarkable cries, but by thocking and roufing at heart, (as it feemed) feveral stupid creatures, that were fcarce ever moved with any concern before. The power attending divine truths, feemed to have the influence of the earthquake rather than the whirlwind upon them. Their paffions were not fo much alarm ed as has been common here, in times paft; but their judgments appeared to be powerfully convinced by the masterly and conquering influence of divine truths. The impreffions made upon the affembly in general, feemed not fuperficial, but deep and heart affecting. O how ready did they now appear univerfally to embrace and comply with every thing they heard. and were convinced was duty ! God was in the midst of us of a truth, bowing and melting stubborn hearts ! How many tears and fobs were then to be feen and heard among us ! What livelinefs and ftrict attention ! What eagerness and intensenefs of mind appeared in the whole affembly in the time of divine fervice ! They feemed to watch and wait for the dropping of God's word, as the thirfty earth for the former and latter rain.

December 28 .- Difcoursed to my people in the catechetical method I lately entered upon. And in the improvement of my difcourfe, wherein I was comparing man's prefent with his primitive fate ; and

and flewing what he had fallen from, and the miferies he is now involved in, and exposed to in his natural eftate; and preffing finners to take a view of their deplorable circumstances without Chrift ; as alfo to firive that they might obtain an intereft in him; the Lord, I truft, granted a remarkable influence of his bleffed Spirit to accompany what was fpoken, and there was a great concern appeared in the affembly : Many were melted into tears and fobs, and the impreffions made upon them, feemed deep and heart affecting.

1 Lord's Day, December 29 .- Preached from John iii. 1.-5. A number of white people were prefent as is usual upon the Sabbath. The difcourse was accompanied with power, and feemed to have a filent, but deep and piercing influence upon the audience. Many wept and fobbed affectionately. And there were fome tears among the white people as well as the Indians. Some could not refrain from crying out, though there were not many fo exercifed. But the impressions made upon their hearts, appeared chiefly by the extraordinary earnestness of their attention, and their heavy fighs and tears.

After publick worfhip was over, I went to my house, proposing to preach again after a short feafon of intermission. But they foon came in one after another, with tears in their eyes, to know what they should do to be faved. And the Divine Spirit in fuch a manner fet home upon their hearts what I fpoke to them, that the houfe was foon filled with cries, and groans. They all flocked together upon this occafion, and those whom I had reason to think in a chriftlefs state, were almost universally feized with concern for their fouls.

It was an amazing feafon of power among them, and feemed as if God had bowed the beavens and come down. So aftonishingly prevalent was the operation Lus

eration upon old as well as young, that it feemed as if none would be left in a fecure and natural ftate, but that God was now about to convert all the world. And I was ready to think then, that I fhould never again defpair of the conversion of any man or woman living, be they who or what they would.

It is impoffible to give a just and lively defcription of the appearance of things at this feafon, at least, fuch as to convey a bright and adequate idea of the effects of this influence ! A number might now be feen rejoicing that God had not taken away the powerful influence of his bleffed Spirit from this place; refreshed to see fo many striving to enter in at the strait gate; and animated with fuch concern for them, that they wanted to pulh them forward, as fome of them expressed it. At the fame time numbers, both of men and women, old and young, might be feen in tears, and fome in anguifh of fpirit, appearing in their very countenances like condemned malefactors, bound towards the place of execution, with a heavy folicitude fitting in their faces; fo that there feemed here, as I thought, a lively emblem of the folemn day of accounts ! A mixture of heaven and hell, of joy unspeakable, and anguish inexpressible !

The concern and religious affection was fuch, that I could not pretend to have any formal religious exercife among them; but fpent the time in difcourfing to one and another, as I thought moft proper, and feafonable for each, and fome times addreffed them all together, and finally concluded with prayer. Such were their circumftances at this feafon, that I could fcarce have half an hour's reft from fpeaking, from about half an hour before twelve o'clock (at which time I began publick worfhip) until paft feven at night.

There appeared to be four or five perfons newly awakened this day, and the evening before, fome of whom but very lately came among us.

December 30 .- Was visited by four or five young perfons under concern for their fouls, most of whom were very lately awakened. They wept much while I difcourfed to them, and endeavoured to prefs upon them the neceffity of flying to Chrift, without delay, for falvation.

December 31 .- Spent fome hours this day in vifiting my people from houfe to houfe, and converfing with them about their fpiritual concerns ; endeavouring to prefs upon chriftlefs fouls the neceffity of a renovation of heart : And fcarce left a houfe, without leaving fome or other of its inhabitants in tears, appearing folicitoufly engaged to obtain an intereft in Chrift.

The Indians are now gathered together from all quarters to this place, and have built them little cottages, to that more than twenty families live within a quarter of a mile of me. A very convenient fituation in regard both of publick and private instruction.

January 1, 1745,6.-Spent fome confiderable time in visiting my people again. Found scarce one but what was under some ferious impressions respecting their spiritual concerns.

January 2 .- Visited fome perfons newly come among us, who had fearce ever heard any thing of christianity (except the empty name) before. Endeavoured to instruct thein particularly in the first principles of religion, in the most easy and familiar manner I could.

There are ftrangers' from remote parts almost continually dropping in amongus, fo that I have occasion repeatedly to open and inculcate the first principles of christianity. January

January 4.—Profecuted my catechetical method of inftructing. Found my people able to anfwer queftions with propriety, beyond what could have been expected from perfons fo lately brought out of heathenifh darknefs.

Lord's Day, January 5.—Difcourfed from Matth. xii. 10.—13. There appeared not fo much livelinefs and affection in divine fervice as ufual. The fame truths that have often produced many tears and fobs in the affembly, feemed now to have no fpecial influence upon any in it.

Near night I propoled to have proceeded in my ufual method of catechifing. But while we were engaged in the first prayer, the power of God feemed to defcend upon the affembly in fuch a remarkable manner, and fo many appeared under preffing concern for their fouls, that I thought it much more expedient to infift upon the plentiful provision made by divine grace for the redemption of perifhing finners, and to prefs them to a fpeedy acceptance of the great falvation, than to alk them questions about doctrinal points. What was most practical, feemed most feasonable to be infisted upon, while numbers appeared fo extraordinarily folicitous to obtain an interest in the great Redeemer.

Baptized two perfons this day; one adult (the woman particularly mentioned in my Journal of December 22,) and one child.

This woman has difcovered a very fweet and heavenly frame of mind, from time to time, fince her first reception of comfort. One morning in particular she came to see me, discovering an unufual joy and fatisfaction in her countenance; and when I inquired into the reason of it, she replied, that God had made her seel that it was right for him to do what he pleased with all things; and that it would be right if he should 'cast her husband and fon both

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into hell; and fhe faw it was fo right for God to do what he pleafed with them, that the could not but rejoice if God fhould fend them into hell. Though it was apparent fhe loved them dearly. She, moreover, inquired whether I was not fent to preach to the Indians, by fome good people a great way off. I replied, Yes, by the good people in Scotland. She anfwered, that her heart loved those good people fo, the evening before, that fhe could fcarce help praying for them all night, her heart would go to God for them, &c. fo that the bleffing of those ready to perish is like to come upon those pious perfons who have communicated of their substance to the propagation of the gospel.

January 11.—Difcourfed in a catechetical method, as ufual of late. And having opened our first parent's primitive apostafy, from God, and our fall in him, I proceeded to improve my difcourfe, by shewing the necessity we shood in of an almighty Redeemer, and the absolute need every sinner has of an interest in his merits and mediation. There was some tenderness and affectionate concern appeared in the affembly.

Lord's Day, January 12.—Preached from Ifaiah lv. 6. The word of God feemed to fall upon the audience, with a divine weight and influence, and evidently appeared to be not the word of man. The bleffed Spirit, I am perfuaded, accompanied what was fpoken to the hearts of many. So that there was a powerful revival of conviction in numbers who were under fpiritual exercife before.

January 13.—Was vifited by divers perfons under deep concern for their fouls: One of whom was newly awakened. It is a most agreeable work to treat with fouls who are folicitously inquiring what they fhall do to be faved. And as we are never to be weary in well doing, fo the obligation feems to be A a 2 peculiarly

peculiarly firong when the work is fo very defirable. And yet I muft fay, my health is fo much impaired, and my fpirits fo wafted with my labours and folitary manner of living (there being no human creature in the houfe with me) that their repeated and almost inceffant applications to me for help and direction, are fometimes exceeding burdenfome, and foexhauft my fpirits, that I become fit for nothing at all, entirely unable to profecute any bufinefs fometimes for days together.

January 14.—Spent fome time in private conferences with my people, and found fome difpofed to take comfort, as I thought, upon flighty grounds. They are now generally awakened, and it is become fo difgraceful, as well as terrifying to the confcience, to be defititute of religion, that they are in eminent danger of taking up with any appearances of grace, rather than to live under the fear and difgrace of an unregenerate flate.

Lord's Day, January 19.—Difcourfed to my people from Ifaiah lv. 7. Towards night catechized in my ordinary method. And this appeared to be a powerful feafon of grace among us. Numbers were much affected. Convictions powerfully revived. Divers of the chriftians refreshed and strengthened. And one weary *beavy laden* foul, I have abundant reason to hope, brought to true rest and folid comfort in Chrift, who afterwards gave me such an account of God's dealing with his foul as was abundantly fatisfying as well as refreshing to me.

He told me, he had often heard me fay, that perfons must fee and feel themselves utterly helpless and undone, that they must be emptied of a dependence upon themselves, and of all hope of faving themfelves by their own doings in order to their coming to Christ for falvation. And he had long been striving after this view of things ; fupposing this would

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be an excellent frame of mind to be thus emptied of a dependence upon his own goodnefs : That God would have refpect to this frame ; would then be well pleafed with him, and bestow eternal life upon him. But when he came to feel himfelf in this helpless undone condition, he found it quite contrary to all his thoughts and expectations; fo that it was not the fame nor indeed any thing like the frame he had been feeking after. Instead of its being a good frame of mind, he now found nothing but badnefs in himfelf, and faw it was forever impoffible for him to make himfelf any better. He wondered, he faid, that he had ever hoped to mend his own heart. He was amazed he had never before feen it was utterly impoffible for him, by all his contrivances and endeavours, to do any thing that way, fince the matter now appeared to him in fo clear a light.

Inftead of imagining now, that God would be pleafed with him for the fake of this frame of mind, and this view of his undone eftate, he faw clearly, and felt it would be juft with God to fend him to eternal mifery; and that there was no goodnefs in what he then felt; for he could not help feeing, that he was naked, finful and miferable, and there was nothing in fuch a fight to deferve God's love or pity.

He faw thefe things in a manner fo clear and convincing, that it feemed to him, he faid, he could convince every body of their utter inability ever to help themfelves, and their unworthincfs of any help from God.

In this frame of mind he came to publick worfhip, this evening, and while I was inviting finners to come to Chrift naked and empty, without any goodnefs of their own to recommend them to his acceptance, then he thought with himfelf, that he had oft-

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en tried to come and give up his heart to Chrift, and he ufed to hope that fome time or other he fhould be able to do fo. But now he was convinced he could not, and it feemed utterly vain for him ever to try any more : And he could not, he faid, find a heart to make any further attempt, becaufe he faw it would fignify nothing at all : Nor did he now hope for a better opportunity, or more ability hereafter, as he had formerly done, becaufe he faw, and was fully convinced, his own ftrength would forever fail.

While he was musing in this manner, he faw, he faid, with his heart (which is a common phrafe among them) fomething that was unspeakably good and lovely, and what he had never feen before; and this ftole away his heart whether he would or no. He did not, he faid, know what it was he faw. He did not fay, this is Jefus Chrift, but it was fuch glory and beauty as he never faw before. He did not now give away his heart fo as he had formerly intended and attempted to do, but it went away of itfelf after that glory he then difcovered. He ufed to try to make a bargain with Chrift, to give up his heart to him, that he might have eternal life for it. But now he thought nothing about himfelf, or what would become of him hereafter. But was pleafed, and his mind was wholly taken up with the unfpeak-able excellency of what he then beheld.

After fome time he was wonderfully pleafed with the way of falvation by Chrift; fo that it feemed unfpeakably better to be faved altogether by the mere free grace of God in Chrift, than to have any hand in faving himfelf. And the confequence of this exercife is, that he appears to retain a fenfe and relifh of divine things, and to maintain a life of ferioufnefs and true religion.

February 8.—Spent a confiderable part of the day in visiting my people from house to house, and con-

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verfing with them about their fouls' concerns. Divers perfons wept while I difcourfed to them, and appeared concerned for nothing fo much as for an intereft in the great Redeemer.

Lord's Day, February 9.—Difcourfed to my people from the ftory of the blind man, Matth. x. 46.--52. The word of God feemed weighty and powerful upon the affembly at this time, and made confiderable imprefions upon many. Divers in particular who have generally been remarkably ftupid and carelefs under the means of grace, were now awakened, and wept affectionately. And the most earness at tention, as well as tenderness and affection, appeared in the audience univerfally.

Baptized three perfons, two adults and one child. The adults, I have reafon to hope, were both truly pious. There was a confiderable melting in the affembly, while I was difcourfing particuliarly to the perfons, and administering the ordinance.

March 1.—Catechifed in my ordinary method. Was pleafed and refreshed to fee them answer the questions proposed to them, with such remarkable readiness, differentian and knowledge.

Towards the clofe of my difcourfe, divine truths made confiderable impreflions upon the audience, and produced tears and fobs in fome under concern; and more efpecially a fweet and humble melting in fundry that, I have reafon to hope, were truly gracious.

Lord's Day, March 2.—Preached from John xv. 1.—6. The affembly appeared not folively in their attention as ufual, nor fo much affected with divine truths in general as has been common.

Some of my people who went up to the Forks of Delaware with me, being now returned, were accompanied by two of the Indians belonging to the

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Forks,

Forks, who had promifed me a fpeedy vifit. May the Lord meet with them here. They can fcarce go into a house now, but they will meet with christian conversation, whereby, it is hopeful, they may be both instructed and awakened.

Difcourfed to the Indians again in the afternoon, and obferved among them fome livelinefs and engagement in divine fervice, though not equal to what has often appeared here.

I know of no affembly of chriftians, where there feems to be fo much of the prefence of God, where brotherly love fo much prevails, and where I fhould take fo much delight in the publick worfhip of God, in the general, as in my own congregation. Although not more than nine months ago, they were worfhipping devils and dumb idols, under the power of pagan darknefs and fuperfition ! Amazing change this ! effected by nothing lefs than divine power and grace ! This is the doing of the Lord, and it is juftly marvellous in our eyes !

Lord's Day, March 9.—Preached from Luke x. 38.—42. The word of God was attended with power and energy upon the audience. Numbers were affected and concerned to obtain the *ene thing needful*. And fundry that have given good evidences of their being truly gracious, were much affected with a fenfe of their want of fpirituality; and faw the need they ftood in of growing in grace. And moft that had been under any imprefilons of divine things in times paft, feemed now to have those imprefilons revived.

In the afternoon proposed to have catechized in my usual method. But while we were engaged in the first prayer in the Indian language, as usual, a great part of the affembly was fo much moved and affected with divine things, that I thought it feasonable and proper to omit the proposing of questions

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for that time, and infift upon the most practical truths! And accordingly did fo: Making a further improvement of the passage of for inture I discoursed upon in the former part of the day.

There appeared to be a powerful divine influence in the congregation. Sundry that I have reafon to think are truly pious, were fo deeply affected with a fenfe of their own barrennefs, and their unworthy treatment of the bleffed Redeemer, that they *looked* on bim as pierced by themtelves, and mourked, yea fome of them were in bitternefs as for a firft born. Some poor awakened finners alfo appeared to be in anguish of foul to obtain an interest in Christ. So that there was a great mourning in the affembly: Many heavy groans, fobs and tears ! And one of two perfons newly come among us, were confiderably awakened.

Methinks it would have refreshed the heart of any who truly love Zion's interest, to have been in the midst of this divine influence, and seen the effects of it upon faints and finners. The place of divine worship appeared both solemn and sweet ! And was so endeared by a display of the divine prefence and grace, that those who had any reliss of divine things, could not but cry, How amiable are thy tabernacles, O Lord of Hosts !

After publick worfhip was over, numbers came to my houfe, where we fang and difcourfed of divine things; and the prefence of God feemed here alfo to be in the midft of us.

While we were finging there was one woman, who, I may venture to fay, if I may be allowed to fay fo much of any perfon I ever faw, was filled with joy unfpeakable and full of glory, and could not but burft forth in prayer and praifes to God before us all, with many tears, crying, fometimes in English and fometimes in Indian, O bleffed Lord, do

come,

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come, do come ! O do take me away, do let me die and go to Jefus Chrift ! I am afraid if I live I shall fin again ! O do let me die now ! O dear Jesus, do come ! I cannot flay, I cannot flay ! O how can I live in this world ! Do take my foul away from this finful place ! O let me never fin any more ! O what shall I do, what shall I do ! Dear Jesus, O dear Jefus, &c. In this ecstafy fhe continued fome time, uttering thefe and fuch like expreffions inceffantly. And the grand argument fhe used with God to take her away immediately, was, that if fhe lived the fhould fin against him.

When the had a little recovered herfelf, I afked her, if Chrift was not now fweet to her foul: Whereupon, turning to me with tears in her eyes, and with all the tokens of deep humility I ever faw in any perfon, the faid, I have many times heard you fpeak of the goodness and the fweetness of Christ, that he was better than all the world. But O ! I knew nothing what you meant, I never believed you ! I never believed you; but now I know it is true. Or words to that effect. I answered, And do you see enough in Chrift for the greateft of finners? She replied, O, enough, enough for all the finners in the world if they would but come. And when I asked her, if fhe could not tell them of the goodnefs of Chrift ; turning herfelf about to fome poor chriftlefs fouls who flood by, and were much affected, fhe faid, O, there is enough in Chrift for you, if you would but come ! O strive, strive to give up your hearts to him, &c. And upon hearing fomething of the glory of heaven mentioned, that there was no fin in that world, &c. fhe again fell into the fame ecftafy of joy, and defire of Chrift's coming ; repeating her former expressions, O dear Lord, do let me go ! O what fhall I do, what fhall I do ! I want to go to Chrift ! I cannot live ! O do let me die, &c. She

She continued in this fweet frame for more than two hours, before the was well able to get home.

I am very fenfible there may be great joys, arifing even to an ecstafy, where there is still no fubstantial evidence of their being well grounded. But in the prefent cafe there feemed to be no evidence wanting in order to prove this joy to be divine, either in regard of its preparatives, attendants, or confequents.

Of all the perfons I have feen under fpiritual exercife, I fcarce ever faw one appear more bowed and broken under convictions of fin and mifery, (or what is ufually called a preparatory work,) than this woman. Nor fcarce any who feemed to have a greater acquaintance with her own heart than fhe had. She would frequently complain to me of the hardnefs and rebellion of her heart. Would tell me her heart rofe and quarrelled with God, when she thought he would do with her as he pleafed, and fend her to hell, notwithstansting her prayers, good frames, &c. That her heart was not willing to come to Chrift for falvation, but tried every where elfe for help.

And as the feemed to be remarkably fenfible of her flubbornnefs and contrariety to God, under conviction, fo fhe appeared to be no lefs remarkably bowed and reconciled to divine fovereignty before fhe obtained any relief or comfort. Something of which I have before noticed in my Journal of February 9. Since which time fhe has feemed conftantly to breath the fpirit and temper of the new creature; crying after Chrift, not through fear of hell as before, but with ftrong defires after him as her only fatisfying portion. And has many times wept and fobbed bitterly, becaufe (as fhe apprehended) fhe did not and could not love him. When I have fometimes afked her, why the appeared to forrowful, and whether it was becaufe the was afraid of hell ; the

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would anfwer, No, I ben't diftreffed about that ; but my heart is fo wicked I cannot love Chrift ; and thereupon burft out into tears. But although this has been the habitual frame of her mind for feveral weeks together, fo that the exercise of grace appeared evident to others, yet she feemed wholly infensible of it herfelf, and never had any remarkable comfort, and fensible fatisfaction until this evening.

This fweet and furprifing ecftafy, appeared to fpring from a true fpiritual difcovery of the glory, ravifhing beauty and excellency of Chrift : And not from any grofs imaginary notions of his human nature; fuch as that of feeing him in fuch a place or pofture, as hanging on the crofs, as bleeding, dying, as gently fmiling, and the like; which delufions fome have been carried away with. Nor did it rife from a fordid felfifh apprehenfion of her having any benefit whatfoever conferred on her, but from a view of his perfonal excellency, and transferdent lovelinefs, which drew forth those vehement defires of enjoying him the now manifested, and made her long to be absent from the body, that she might be prefent with the Lord.

The attendants of this ravifhing comfort, were fuch as abundantly difcovered its fpring to be divine, and that it was truly a *joy in the Holy Ghoft*. Now fhe viewed divine truths as living realities; and could fay, I know thefe thing are fo, I feel they are true ! Now her foul was refigned to the divine will in the moft tender points; fo that when I faid to her, What if God fhould take away your* hufband from you, (who was then very fick) how do you think you could bear that ? She replied, He belongs to God, and not me; he may do with him juft what he pleafes ! Now fhe had the moft tender fenfe of the evil of fin, and difcovered the utmoft averfion

* The man particularly raentioned in my Journal of January 19.

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to it; longing to die that fhe might be delivered from it. Now the could freely truth her all with God for time and eternity. And when I queried with her, how the could be willing to die and leave her little infant, and what fhe thought would become of it in cafe fhe fhould ; fhe answered, God will take care of it. It belongs to him, he will take care of it.

Now the appeared to have the most humbling fense of her own meanness and unworthiness, her weaknefs and inability to preferve herfelf from fin; and to perfevere in the way of holinefs, crying, If I live I shall fin. And I then thought I had never feen fuch an appearance of ecftafy and humility meeting in any one perfon in all my life before.

The confequents of this joy are no lefs defirable and fatisfactory than its attendants. She fince appears to be a most tender, broken hearted, affectionate, devout, and humble christian, as exemplary in life and converfation as any perfon in my congregation. May the ftill grow in grace and in the knowledge of Christ.

March 10.-Toward night the Indians met together of their own accord and fang, prayed, and difcourfed of divine things among themfelves. At which time there was much affection among them. Some, who are hopefully gracious, appeared to be melted with divine things. And fome others feemed much concerned for their fouls. Perceiving their engagement, and affection in religious exercifes, I went among them, and prayed and gave a word of exhortation ; and obferved two or three formewhat affected and concerned, who fcarce ever appeared to be under any religious impressions before. It feemed to be a day and evening of divine power. Numbers retained the warm imprefiions of divine things that had been made upon their minds the day before. March

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March :4.—Was vifited by a confiderable number of my people, and fpent fome time in religious exercifes with them.

March 24.—Numbered the Indians, to fee how many fouls God had gathered together here, fince my coming into thefe parts, and found there was now about an hundred and thirty perfons together, old and young. Sundry of thofe that are my flated hearers, perhaps to the number of fifteen or twenty, were abfent at this feafon. So that if all had been together, the number would now have been very confiderable; efpecially confidering how few were together at my first coming into thefe parts, the whole number not amounting to ten perfons at that time.

My people going out this day upon the defign of clearing fome of their lands above fifteen miles diftant from this fettlement, in order to their fettling there in a compact form, where they might be under advantages of attending the publick worship of God, of having their children schooled, and at the fame time have a conveniency for planting, &c. their land in the place of our prefent refidence being of little or no value for that purpofe. And the defign of their fettling thus in a body, and cultivating their lands, (which they have done very little at in their pagan state) being of fuch necessity and importance to their religious intereft, as well as worldly comfort, I thought it proper to call them together, and fhew them the duty of labouring with faithfulnefs and industry; and that they must not now be flothful in business, as they had ever been, in their pagan state. And endeavoured to prefs the importance of their being laborious, diligent and vigorous in the profecution of their bufinefs, especially at the prefent juncture, (the feafon of planting being now near) in order to their being in a capacity of living

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together, and enjoying the means of grace and inftruction. And having given them directions for their work (which they very much wanted) as well as for their behaviour in divers refpects, I explained, fang, and endeavoured to inculcate upon them, Pfalm cxxviith, common metre, Dr. Watts's verfion. And having recommended them, and the defign of their going forth, to God, by prayer with them, I difmiffed them to their bufinefs.

In the evening read and expounded to my people, (those of them who were yet at home, and the ftrangers newly come,) the fubftance of the third chapter of the Acts. Numbers feemed to melt under the word, efpecially while I was difcourfing upon verfe 19. Sundry of the ftrangers also were affected. When I asked them afterwards, whether they did not now feel that their hearts were wicked, as I had taught them; one replied, Yes, the felt it now. Although before the came here (upon hearing that I taught the Indians their hearts were all bad by nature, and needed to be changed and made good by the power of God) fhe had faid, her heart was not wicked, and fhe never had done any thing that was bad in her life. And this indeed feems to be the cafe with them, I think univerfally, in their pagan state.

They feem to have no confcioufnels of fin and guilt, unlefs they can charge themfelves with fome grofs acts of fin contrary to the commands of the fecond table.

March 29.—In the evening catechifed as ufual upon Saturday. Treated upon the benefits which believers receive from Cbrift at death. The queftions were answered with great readiness and propriety. And those who I have reason to think, are the dear people of God, were sweetly melted almost in general. There appeared such a livelines and vigour

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in their attendance upon the word of God, and fuch eagernefs to be made partakers of the benefits then mentioned, that they feemed to be not only *looking* for, but baftening to the coming of the day of God. Divine truths feemed to diftil upon the audience with a gentle, but melting efficacy, as the refrefhing fhowers upon the new mown grafs. The affembly in general, as well as thole who appear truly religious, were affected with fome brief account of the bleffednefs of the godly at death : And most then difcovered an affectionate inclination to cry, Let me die the death of the righteous, &zc. Although many were not duly engaged to obtain the change of heart that is neceffary in order to that bleffed end.

March 31.—Called my people together, as I had done the Monday morning before, and difcourfed to them again on the neceffity and importance of their labouring industriously, in order to their living together and enjoying the means of grace, &c. And having engaged in folemn prayer to God among them, for a bleffing upon their attempts, I difmiffed them to their work.

Numbers of them, both men and women, feemed to offer themfelves willingly to this fervice; and fome appeared affectionately concerned that God might go with them, and begin their little town for them; that by his bleffing it might be a place comfortable for them and theirs, in regard both of procuring the neceffaries of life, and of attending the worfhip of God.

After publick worfhip, a number of those I have reafon to think are truly religious, came to my house and feemed eager of fome further entertainment upon divine things. And while I was conversing with them about their spiritual exercises, observing to them, that God's work in the hearts of all his children, was, for substance, the same; and that their trials trials and temptations were alfo alike ; and fhewing the obligations fuch were under to love one another in a peculiar manner, they feemed to be melted into tendernefs and affection toward each other : And I thought that particular token of their being the difciples of Chrift, viz. of their having *love one toward another*, had fcarce ever appeared more evident than at this time.

April 25.—Having of late apprehended that a number of perfons in my congregation, were prop-er fubjects of the ordinance of the Lord's fupper, and that it might be feafonable fpeedily to adminifter it to them : And having taken advice of fome of the reverend Correspondents in this folemn affair; and accordingly having propofed and appointed the next Lord's Day, with the leave of Divine Providence, for the administration of this ordinance, this day, as preparatory thereto, was fet apart for folemn fasting and prayer, to implore the bleffing of God upon our defign of renewing covenant with him, and with one another, to walk together in the fear of God, in love and christian fellowship; and to entreat that his divine prefence might be with us in our defigned approach to his table; as well as to humble ourfelves before God on account of the apparent withdrawment, (at least in a measure,) of that blessed influence that has been fo prevalent upon perfons of all ages among us : As alfo on account of the rifing appearance of careleffnefs, vanity and vice among fome, who, fometime fince, appeared to be touched and affected with divine truths, and brought to fome fenfibility of their miferable and perifhing state by nature. And that we might alfo importunately pray for the peaceable fettlement of the Indians together in a body, that they might be a commodious congregation for the worfhip of God; and that God

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would blaft and defeat all the attempts that were or might be made against that pious defign*.

The folemnity was obferved and ferioufly attended, not only by those who proposed to communicate at the Lord's table, but by the whole congregation univerfally. In the former part of the day, I endeavoured to open to my people the nature and defign of a fast, as I had attempted more briefly to do before, and to instruct them in the duties of such a folemnity. In the afternoon, I infifted upon the fpecial reafons there were for our engaging in thefe folemn exercifes at this time ; both in regard of the need we stood in of divine affistance, in order to a due preparation for that facred ordinance we were fome of us proposing (with the leave of Divine Providence) fpeedily to attend upon : And alfo in refpect of the manifest decline of God's work here, as to the effectual conviction and conversion of finners. there having been few of late deeply awakened out of a state of fecurity.

The worfhip of God was attended with great folemnity and reverence, with much tendernefs and many tears, by those who appear to be truly religious: And there was fome appearance of divine power upon those who had been awakened fome time before, and who were ftill under concern.

After repeated prayer and attendance upon the word of God, I proposed to the religious people, with as much brevity and plainness as I could, the fubstance of the doctrine of the christian faith, as I had formerly done, previous to their baptism, and had their renewed cheerful affent to it. I then led them

^{*} There being at this time a terrible clamour raifed against the Indians in various places in the country, and infinuations as though I was training them up to cut people's throats. Numbers wishing to have them banished out of these parts, and some giving out great words in order to fright and deter them from fettling upon the best and most convenient tract of their own lands, threatening to molest and trouble them in the law, pretending a claim to these lands themselves, although never purchafed of the Indians.

them to a folemn renewal of their baptifmal covenant, wherein they had explicitly and publickly given up themfelves to God, the Father, Son and Holy Ghoft, avouching him to be their God; and at the fame time renouncing their heathenifh vanities, their idolatrous and fuperfitious practices, and folemnly engaging to take the word of God, fo far as it was, or might be made known to them, for the rule of their lives, promifing to walk together in love, to watch over themfelves, and one another; to lead lives of ferioufnefs and devotion, and to difcharge the relative duties incumbent upon them refpectively, &c.

This folemn transaction was attended with much gravity and ferioufnefs : And at the fame time with utmost readinefs, freedom, and cheerfulnefs ; and a religious union and harmony of foul, feemed to crown the whole folemnity. I could not but think in the evening, that there had been manifest tokens of the divine prefence with us in all the feveral fervices of the day ; though it was alfo manifest there was not that concern among christlefs fouls that has often appeared here.

April 26.—Toward noon prayed with a dying child, and gave a word of exhortation to the by ftanders to prepare for death, which feemed to take effect upon fome.

In the afternoon difcourfed to my people from Matth. xxvi. 26.—30. of the author, the nature and defign of the Lord's fupper; and endeavoured to point out the worthy receivers of that ordinance.

The religious people were affected and even melted with divine truths, with a view of the dying love of Chrift. Sundry others who had been for fome months under convictions of their perifhing flate appeared now to be much moved with concern, and afresh engaged in feeking after an interest in Chrift

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although I cannot fay the word of God appeared *fo* quick and powerful, fo fharp and piercing to the affembly, as it had fometimes formerly done.

Lord's Day, April 27.—Preached from Tit. ii. 14. Who gave himfelf for us, &c. The word of God at this time was attended with fome appearance of divine power upon the affembly; fo that the attention and gravity of the audience was remarkable; and efpecially towards the conclusion of the exercise, divers perfons were much affected.

Administered the facrament of the Lord's supper to twenty three perfons of the Indians, (the number of men and women being nearly equal) divers others, to the number of five or fix, being now abfent at the Forks of Delaware, who would otherwise have communicated with us.

The ordinance was attended with great folemnity, and with a moft defirable tendernefs and affection. And it was remarkable that in the feafon of the performance of the facramental actions, efpecially in the diffribution of the bread, they feemed to be affected in a moft lively manner, as if Chrift had been really crucified before them. And the words of the inftitution when repeated and enlarged upon in the feafon of the administration, feemed to meet with the fame reception, to be entertained with the fame full and firm belief and affectionate engagement of foul, as if the Lord Jefus Chrift himfelf had been prefent, and had perfonally fpoken to them.

The affections of the communicants, although confiderably raifed, were notwithftandingagreeably regulated, and kept within proper bounds. So that there was a fweet, gentle and affectionate melting, without any indecent or boifterous commotion of the paffions.

Having refted fome time after the administration of the facrament, (being extremely tired with the neceffary

AMONG THE INDIANS.

neceffary prolixity of the work,) I walked from houfe to houfe, and converfed particularly with moft of the communicants, and found they had been almoft univerfally refreshed at the Lord's table, as with new wine. And never did I fee fuch an appearance of christian love among any people in all my life. It was fo remarkable, that one might well have cried with an agreeable furprife, Behold how they love one another ! I think there could be no greater tokens of mutual affection among the people of God in the early days of christianity, than what now appeared here. The fight was fo defirable, and fo well becoming the gospel, that nothing less could be faid of it, than that it was *the doing of the Lord*, the genuine operations of him who is love !

Toward night difcourfed again on the forementioned Tit. ii. 14. and infifted on the immediate end and defign of Chrift's death, viz. That he might redeem his people from all iniquity, &c.

This appeared to be a feafon of divine power among us. The religious people were much refreshed, and seemed remarkably tender and affectionate, full of love, joy, peace, and defires of being completely redeemed from all iniquity; fo that some of them afterwards told me, they had never felt the like before. Convictions also appeared to be revived in many instances; and divers perfons were awakened whom I had never observed under any religious impressions before.

Such was the influence that attended our affembly, and fo unfpeakably defirable the frame of mind that many enjoyed in the divine fervice, that it feemed almoft grievous to conclude the publick worfhip. And the congregation, when difmiffed, although it was then almoft dark, appeared loth to leave the place and employments that had been rendered fo dear to B b 3 them

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them by the benefits enjoyed, while a bleffed quickening influence diftilled upon them.

And upon the whole, I muft fay, I had great fatisfaction with relation to the administration of this ordinance in divers refpects. I have abundant reafon to think, that those who came to the Lord's table, had a good degree of doctrinal knowledge of the nature and defign of the ordinance; and that they acted understandingly in what they did.

In the preparatory fervices I found (I may juftly fay) uncommon freedom in opening to their underftandings and capacities, the covenant of grace, and in fhewing them the nature of this ordinance as a feal of that covenant : Although many of them knew of no fuch thing as a feal before my coming among them, or at leaft of the ufe and defign of it in the common affairs of life. They were likewife thoroughly fenfible that it was no more than a feal or fign, and not the real body and blood of Chrift. That it was defigned for the refreshment and edification of the foul, and not for the feasting of the body. They were alfo acquainted with the end of the ordinance, that they were therein called to commemorate the dying love of Chrift, &c.

And this competency of doctrinal knowledge, together with their grave and decent attendance upon the ordinance; their affectionate melting under it; and the fweet and christian frame of mind they difcovered confequent upon it, gave me great fatisfaction respecting my administration of it to them.

And O what a fweet and bleffed feafon was this t God himfelf, I am perfuaded, was in the midft of his people, attending his own ordinances : And I doubt not but many, in the conclusion of the day, could fay with their whole hearts, Verily, a day thus *fpent in God's houfe, is better than a thoufand* elfewhere. There feemed to be but one heart among the the pious people ! The fweet union, harmony, and endearing love and tendernefs fubfifting among them, was, I thought, the most lively emblem of the heavenly world, I had ever feen.

April 28.-Concluded the facramental folemnity with a discourse upon John xiv. 15. If ye love me, keep my commandments. At which time there appeared a very agreeable tenderness in the audience in general, but especially in the communicants. O how free, how engaged and affectionate did thefe appear in the fervice of God : They feemed willing to have their ears bored to the door posts of God's house, and to be his fervants forever.

Obferving numbers in this excellent frame, and the affembly in general affected, and that by a divine influence, I thought it proper to improve this advantageous feason, as Hezekiah did the defirable feason of his great paffover, 2 Chron xxxi. in order to promote the bleffed reformation begun amongthem; and to engage those that appeared ferious and religious, to perfevere therein; and accordingly proposed to them, that they fhould renewedly enter into covenant before God, that they would watch over themfelves and one another, left they should dishonour the name of Chrift by falling into finful and unbecoming practices. And efpecially that they would watch against the fin of drunkennefs, the fin that eafily befets them, and the temptations leading thereto; as well as the appearance of evil in that refpect. They cheerfully complied with the propofal, and explicitly joined in that covenant. Whereupon I proceeded in the most folemn manner I was capable of, to call God to witnefs refpecting their facred engagement; and minded them of the greatness of the, guilt they would contract to themfelves in the violation of it; as well as observed to them, that God would be a terrible witnefs against those who should

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prefume

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prefume to do fo, in the great and notable day of the Lord.

It was a feafon of amazing folemnity ! And a divine awe appeared upon the face of the whole affembly in this transaction ! Affectionate fobs, fighs and tears were now frequent in the audience : And I doubt not but that many filent cries were then fent up to the Fountain of grace, for fupplies of grace fufficient for the fulfilment of these folemn engagements.

Baptized fix children this day.

Lord's Day, May 4 .- My people being now removed to their lands, mentioned in my Journal of March 24, where they were then, and have fince been making provision for a compact fettlement, in order to their more convenient enjoyment of the gofpel, and other means of instruction, as well as the comforts of life : I this day visited them (being now obliged to board with an English family at fome diftance from them,) and preached to them in the forenoon from Markiv. 5. Endeavoured to shew them the reason there was to fear left many promising appearances and hopeful beginnings in religion, might prove abortive, like the feed dropped upon flony places.

May 9.-Preached from John v. 40. in the open wildernefs; the Indians having as yet no houfe for publick worfhip in this place, nor fcarce any fhelters for themfelves. Divine truths made confiderable impreffions upon the audience, and it was a feafon of folemnity, tenderness, and affection.

May 19.—Vifited and preached to my people from Acts xx. 18. 19. And endeavoured to rectify their notions about religious affections : Shewing them on the one hand, the defirablenefs of religious affection, tendernefs and fervent engagement in the worship and fervice of God, when such affection flows from a true spiritual discovery of divine glories; from a juftly affecting fense of the transcendent excellency

excellency and perfections of the bleffed God ; a view of the glory and lovelinefs of the great Redeemer : And that fuch views of divine things, will naturally excite us to ferve the Lord with many tears, with much affection and fervency, and yet with all humility of mind. And on the other hand, obferving the finfulnefs of feeking after high affections immediately, and for their own fakes, that is, of making them the object our eye and heart is nextly and principally fet upon, when the glory of God ought to be fo. Shewed them, that if the heart be directly and chiefly fixed on God, and the foul engaged to glorify him, fome degree of religious affection will be the effect and attendant of it. But to feek after affection, directly and chiefly to have the heart principally fet upon that, is to place it in the room of God and his glory. If it be fought that others may take notice of and admire us for our fpirituality and forwardness in religion, it is then abominable pride : If for the fake of feeling the pleafure of being affected, it is then idolatry and felf gratification. Laboured alfo to expose the difagreeableness of those affections that are fometimes wrought up in perfons by the power of fancy and their own attempts for that purpofe, while I still endeavoured to recommend to them that religious affection, fervency and devotion, which ought to attend all our religious exercifes, and without which religion will be but an empty name and lifeless carcass.

Lord's Day, June 1, 1746.—Preached both forenoon and afternoon from Matth. xi. 27. 28. The prefence of God feemed to be in the affembly, and numbers were confiderably melted and affected under divine truths. There was a defirable appearance in the congregation in general, an earnest attention and agreeable tenderness, and it feemed as if God defigned to visit us with further showers of divine

grace.

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grace. I then baptized ten perfons, five adults and five children, and was not a little refreshed with this addition made to the church, of fuch as (I hope) shall be faved.

June 6.—Difcourfed to my people from part of Ifaiah liji. The divine prefence appeared to be amongft us in fome meafure. Divers perfons were much melted and refreshed; and one man in particular, who had long been under concern for his foul, was now brought to see and feel in a very lively manner, the impossibility of doing any thing to help himsfelf, or to bring him into the favour of God, by his tears, prayers and other religious performances, and found himsfelf undone as to any power or goodness of his own, and that there was no way left him, but to leave himsfelf with God to be disposed of as he pleafed.

June 7.—Being defired by the Rev. Mr. William Tennent to be his affiftant in the administration of the Lord's fupper : My people alfo being invited to attend the facramental folemnity, they cheerfully embraced the opportunity, and this day attended the preparatory fervices with me.

Lord's Day, June 8.—Moft of my people, who had been communicants at the Lord's table before, being prefent at this facramental occafion, communicated, with others, in this holy ordinance, at the defire, and, I truft, to the fatisfaction and comfort of numbers of God's people, who had longed to fee this day, and whofe hearts had rejoiced in this work of grace among the Indians, which prepared the way for what appeared fo agreeable at this time.

June 9.—A confiderable number of my people met together early in the day, in a retired place in the woods, and prayed, fang and converfed of divine things, and were feen by fome religious perfons of the white people, to be affected and engaged,

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and divers of them in tears in these religious exercifes.

June 19.—Vifited my people with two of the reverend Correspondents. Spent some time in conversation with some of them upon spiritual things; and took some care of their worldly concerns.

This day makes up a complete year from the first time of my preaching to these Indians in New-Jerfey. What amazing things has God wrought in this space of time for these poor people! What a furprising change appears in their tempers and behaviour ! How are morose and favage pagans, in this short space of time, transformed into agreeable, affectionate and humble christians ! And their drunken and pagan howlings, turned into devout and fervent prayers and praises to God! They who were sometimes darkness, are now become light in the Lord. May they walk as children of the light and of the day. And now to him that is of power to shablish them according to the gospel and the preaching of Christ; to God only wise, be glory, through Jesus Christ, forever and ever. Amen.

BEFORE I conclude the prefent Journal, I would make a few general remarks upon what to me appears worthy of notice, relating to the continued work of grace among my people.

It is worthy of remark, that numbers of thefe people are brought to a ftrict compliance with the rules of morality and fobriety, and to a confcientious performance of the external duties of chriftianity, by the internal power and influence of divine truths (the peculiar doctrines of grace) upon their minds ; without their having thefe moral duties frequently repeated and inculcated upon them, and

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the contrary vices particularly exposed and fpoken against.

Those doctrines which had the most direct tendency to humble the fallen creature; to shew him the misery of his natural state; to bring him 'down to the foot of sovereign mercy, and to exalt the great Redeemer, discover his transcendent excellency and infinite precious fields, and so to recommend him to the sinner's acceptance, were the subject matter of what was delivered in publick and private to them, and from time to time repeated and inculcated upon them.

And God was pleafed to give thefe divine truths fuch a powerful influence upon the minds of thefe people, and fo to blefs them for the effectual awakening of numbers of them, that their lives were quickly reformed, without my infifting upon the precepts of morality, and fpending time in repeated harangues upon external duties.

When thefe truths were felt at heart, there was now no vice unreformed; no external duty neglected. Drunkennefs, the darling vice, was broken off from, and fcarce an inftance of it known among my hearers for months together. The abufive practice of hufbands and wives in putting away each other, and taking others in their flead, was quickly reformed : So that there are three or four couple who have voluntarily difmiffed those they had wrongfully taken, and now live together again in love and peace. The fame might be faid of all other vicious practices. The reformation was general; and all fpringing from the internal influence of divine truths upon their hearts; and not from any external refraints, or becaufe they had heard thefe vices particularly exposed, and repeatedly spoken against : For fome of them I never fo much as mentioned ; particularly that of the parting of men and their wives, until fome, having their confcience awakened by God's

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God's word, came, and of their own accord confested themfelves guilty in that respect.

And as all vice was reformed upon their feeling the power of these truths upon their hearts, so the external duties of christianity were complied with, and confcientioully performed from the fame internal influence; family prayer fet up and conftantly maintained, unlefs among fome few more lately come, who had felt little of this divine influence. This duty conftantly performed even in fome families where there were none but females, and fcarce a prayerless perfon to be found among near a hundred of them. The Lord's Day ferioufly and religioufly observed, and care taken by parents to keep their children orderly upon that facred day, &c. And this, not because I had driven them to the performance of these duties by a frequent inculcating of them, but because they had felt the power of God's word upon their hearts, were made fenfible of their fin and milery, and thence could not but pray, and comply with every thing they knew was duty, from what they felt within themfelves. When their hearts were touched with a fenfe of their eternal concernments, they could pray with great freedom as well as fervency, without being at the trouble first to learn set forms for that purpose. And fome of them who were fuddenly awakened at their first coming among us, were brought to pray and cry for mercy with utmost importunity, without ever being inftructed in the duty of prayer, or fo much as once directed to a performance of it.

The happy effects of these peculiar doctrines of grace which I have so much infissed upon with this people, plainly discover, even to demonstration, that instead of their opening a door to licentiousness (as many vainly imagine, and flanderously infinuate) they have a direct contrary tendency : So that a close application, application, a fenfe and feeling of them, will have the most powerful influence towards the renovation and effectual reformation both of heart and life.

A view of the bleffed effect of honeft endeavours to bring home divine truths to the confcience, and duly to affect the heart with them, has often minded me of those words of our Lord, (which I have thought might be a proper exhortation for ministers in refpect of their treating with others, as well as for perfons in general with regard to themfelves) Cleanse first the infide of the cup and platter, that the outfide may be clean alfo. Cleanfe, fays he, the infide, that the outfide may be clean. g. d. The only effectual way to have the outfide clean, is, to begin with what is within; and if the fountain be purified, the ftreams will naturally be pure. And most certain it is, if we can awaken in finners a lively fenfe of their inward pollution and depravity ; their need of a change of heart; and fo engage them to feek after inward cleanfing, their external defilement will naturally be cleanfed; their vicious ways, of courfe, be reformed, and their conversation and behaviour become regular.

Now, although I cannot pretend that the reformation among my people, does, in every inftance, fpring from a faving change of heart, yet I may truly fay, it flows from fome heart affecting view and fenfe of divine truths that all have had in a greater or leffer degree.

I do not intend by what I have obferved here, to reprefent the preaching of morality, and preffing perfons to the external performance of duty, to be altogether unneceffary and ufelefs at any time; and efpecially at times when there is lefs of divine power attending the means of grace: When for want of internal influences, there is need of external reftraints. It is, doubtlefs, among the things that ought

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ought to be done, while others are not to be left undone. But what I principally defigned by this remark, was to difcover plain matter of fact, viz. That the reformation, the fobriety and external compliance with the rules and duties of christianity, appearing among my people, are not the effect of any mere doctrinal instruction, or merely rational view of the beauty of morality, but from the internal power and influence that divine truths (the foul humbling doctrines of grace) have had upon their hearts.

It is remarkable alfo that God has fo continued and renewed the thowers of his grace here ; fo quickly fet up his vifible kingdom among thefe people; and to fmiled upon them in relation to their acquirement of knowledge, both divine and human. It is now near a year fince the beginning of this gracious outpouring of the divine Spirit among them : And although it has often feemed to decline and abate for fome fhort fpace of time (as may be obferved by feveral paffages in my Journal, where I have endeavoured to note things juft as they appeared to me from time to time) yet the fhower has feemed to be renewed, and the work of grace revived again.

And as God has continued and renewed the flowers of his grace among this people for fome time, fo he has with uncommon quicknefs fet up his vifible kingdom, and gathered himfelf a church in the midft of them. I have now baptized feventy feven perfons ; whereof thirty eight are adults, and thirty nine children ; and all within the fpace of eleven months paft. And it muft be noted that I have baptized no adults, but fuch as appeared to have a work of fpecial grace wrought in their hearts : I mean fuch who have had the experience not only of the awakening and humbling, but (in a judgment of charity) of the renewing and comforting influences of the divine Spirit.

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I likewife administered the Lord's fupper to a number of perfons, who, I have abundant reason to think (as I elsewhere observed) were proper subjects of that ordinance, within the space of ten months and ten days after my first coming among these Indians in New-Jersey. And from the time that, I am informed, some of them were attending an idolatrous feast and facrifice in honour to devils, to the time they fat down at the Lord's table (I trust) to the honour of God, was not more than a full year. Surely Christ's little flock here, fo fuddenly gathered from among pagans, may justly so, in the language of the church of old, The Lord bath done great things for us, whereof we are glad.

Much of the goodness of God has also appeared in relation to their acquirement of knowledge, both in religion and in the affairs of common life. There has been a wonderful thirft after chriftian knowledge prevailing among them in general, and an eager defire of being instructed in christian doctrines and manners. This has prompted them to ask many pertinent as well as important questions ; the anfwers to which have tended much to enlighten their minds and promote their knowledge in divine things. Many of the doctrines I have delivered, they have queried with me about, in order to gain further light and infight into them ; particularly the doctrine of predestination. And have from time to time manifested a good understanding of them, by the answers to the questions proposed to them in my chatechetical lectures.

They have likewife queried with me, refpecting a proper method as well as proper matter of prayer, and expressions fuitable to be made use of in that religious exercise; and have taken pains in order to the performance of this duty with understanding. They They have likewife taken pains, and appeared remarkably apt in learning to fing pfalm tunes, and are now able to fing with a good degree of decency in the worfhip of God.

They have alfo acquired a confiderable degree of uleful knowledge in the affairs of common life : So that they now appear like rational creatures, fit for human fociety, free of that favage roughnefs and brutifh flupidity, which rendered them very difagreeable in their pagan flate.

And as they are defirous of inftruction, and furprifingly apt in the reception of it, fo Divine Providence has finiled upon them in regard of proper means in order to it. The attempts made for the procurement of a fchool among them have been fucceeded, and a kind Providence has fent them a fchoolmafter, of whom I may juftly fay, I know of no man like minded, who will naturally care for their flate.

He has generally thirty or thirty five children in his fchool: And when he kept an evening fchool (as he did while the length of the evenings would admit of it) he had fifteen or twenty people, married and fingle.

The children learn with furprifing readinefs; fo that their mafter tells me, he never had an Englifh fchool that learned, in general, comparably fo faft. There were not above two in thirty, although fome of them were very fmall, but what learned to know all the letters in the alphabet diftinctly, within three days after his entrance upon his bufinefs; and divers in that fpace of time learned to fpell confiderably: And fome of them fince the beginning of February laft (at which time the fchool was fet up) have learned fo much, that they are able to read in a Pfalter or Teftament without fpelling.

They are inftructed twice a week in the reverend affembly's fluorter catechifm, viz. on Wednefday

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and Saturday. And fome of them, fince the latter end of February, (at which time they began) have learned to fay it pretty dictinctly by heart confiderably more than half through : And most of them have made fome proficiency in it.

They are likewife inftructed in the duty of fecret prayer, and most of them constantly attend it night and morning, and are very careful to inform their master if they apprehend any of their little school mates neglect that religious exercise.

It is worthy to be noted alfo, to the praife of fovereign grace, that amidft fo great a work of conviction, fo much concern and religious affection, there has been no pravelency, nor indeed any confiderable appearance of falfe religion, (if I may fo term it) or heats of imagination, intemperate zeal, and fpiritual pride; which corrupt mixtures too often attend the revival and powerful propagation of religion; and that there have been fo very few inftances of irregular and fcandalous behaviour among those who have appeared ferious.

But this work of grace has, in the main, been carried on with a furprifing degree of purity, and freedom from trash and corrupt mixture. The religious concern that perfons have been under has generally been rational and juft; arifing from a fenfe of their fins and exposedness to the divine displeasure on the account of them ; as well as their utter inability to deliver themfelves from the mifery they felt and feared. And if there has been in any infances an appearance of irrational concern and perturbation of mind, when the fubjects of it knew not why, yet there has been no prevalency of any fuch thing; and indeed I fcarce know of any inftance of that nature at all. And it is very remarkable, that although the concern of many perfons under convictions of their perifhing flate has been very great and

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and preffing, yet I have never feen any thing like defperation attending it in any one inftance. They have had the most lively fense of their undoneness in themfelves; have been brought to give up all hopes of deliverance from themfelves; and their spiritual exercises leading hereto, have been attended with great distress and anguish of foul: And yet, in the feasons of the greatest extremity, there has been no appearance of despair in any of them.

The comfort that perfons have obtained after their diffrefies, has likewife in general appeared folid, well grounded and fcriptural; arifing from a fpiritual and fupernatural illumination of mind, a view of divine things (in a meafure) as they are, a complacency of foul in the divine perfections, and a peculiar fatisfaction in the way of falvation, by free fovereign grace in the great Redeemer.

Their joys have feemed to rife from a variety of views and confiderations of divine things, although for fubftance the fame. Some, who under conviction feemed to have the hardeft ftruggles and heart rifings against divine fovereignty, have feemed at the first dawn of their comfort, to rejoice in a peculiar manner in that divine perfection, have been delighted to think that themselves, and all things elfe, were in the hand of God, and that he would difpofe of them just as he pleafed.

Others, who just before their reception of comfort, have been remarkably oppressed with a fense of their undoneness and poverty, who have seen themselves, as it were, falling down into remediless perdition, have been at first more peculiarly delighted with a view of the freeness and riches of divine grace, and the offer of falvation made to perissing sinners without money and without price.

Some have at first appeared to rejoice especially in the wisdom of God, discovered in the way of falva-C c 2 tion

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tion by Chrift; it then appearing to them a new and living way, a way they had never thought nor had any just conception of, until opened to them by the fpecial influence of the Divine Spirit. And fome of them, upon a lively fpiritual view of this way of falvation, have wondered at their pass folly in feeking falvation other ways, and have admired that they never faw this way of falvation before, which now appeared fo plain and easy, as well as excellent, to them.

Others again have had a more general view of the beauty and excellency of Chrift, and have had their fouls delighted with an apprehension of his divine glory, as unspeakably exceeding all they had ever conceived of before : Yet without fingling out (as it were) any one of the divine perfections in particular. So that although their comforts have seemed to arise from a variety of views and confiderations of divine glories, still they were spiritual and supernatral views of them, and not groundless fancies, that were the spiring of their joys and comforts.

Yet it must be acknowledged, that when this work became fo univerfal and prevalent, and gained fuch general credit and effeem among the Indians, that Satan feemed to have little advantage of working against it in his own proper garb ; he then transformed bimself into an angel of light, and made fome vigorous attempts to introduce turbulent commotions of the paffions in the room of genuine convictions of fin, imaginary and fanciful notions of Chrift, as appearing to the mental eye in a human shape, and being in fome particular postures, &c. in the room of fpiritual and supernatural discoveries of his divine glory and excellency, as well as divers other delufions. And I have reason to think, that if these things had met with countenance and encouragement, there would have been a very confiderable har-

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vest of this kind of converts here. Spiritual pride alfo difcovered itfelf in various instances. Some perfons who had been under great affections, feemed very defirous from thence of being thought truly gracious; who, when I could not but express to them my fears respecting their spiritual states, difcovered their refentments to a confiderable degree upon that occafion. There also appeared in one or two of them an unbecoming ambition of being teachers of others. So that Satan has been a bufy adverfary here as well as elfewhere. But bleffed be God, though fomething of this nature has appeared yet nothing of it has prevailed, nor indeed made any confiderable progrefs at all. My people are now apprized of these things, are acquainted that Satan in fuch a manner transformed bimfelf into an angel of light in the first featon of the great outpouring of the Divine Spirit in the days of the apostles, and that fomething of this nature, in a greater or leffer degree, has attended almost every revival and remarkable propagation of true religion ever fince. And they have learned fo to diffinguish between the gold and drofs, that the credit of the latter is trod down like the mire of the fireets : And it being natural for this kind of stuff to die with its credit, there is now scarce any appearance of it among them.

And as there has been no prevalency of irregular heats, imaginary notions, fpiritual pride, and fatanical delutions, among my people, fo there has been very few inftances of fcandalous and irregular behaviour among those who have made a profession, or even an appearance of ferioulnels. I do not know of more than three or four fuch perfons that have been guilty of any open milconduct, fince their first acquaintance with christianity, and not one that perfifts in any thing of that nature. And perhaps the remarkable purity of this work in the latter respect. C.c.3 its

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its freedom from frequent inftances of fcandal, is very much owing to its purity in the former refpect, its freedom from corrupt mixtures of fpiritual pride, wild fire and delufion, which naturally lay a foundation for fcandalous practices.

May this bleffed work in the power and purity of it prevail among the poor Indians here, as well as fpread elfewhere, until their remotes tribes shall fee the falvation of God. Amen.

ENUMERATING fome of the difficulties which obstructed his fuccefs in christianizing the Indians,

Mr. Brainerd fays, I have met with great difficulty in my work among thefe Indians, from the rooted averfion to chriftianity that generally prevails among them. They are not only brutifhly flupid and ignorant of divine things, but many of them are obftinately fet againft chriftianity, and feem to abhor even the chriftian name.

This averfion to christianity arifes partly from the view of the immorality and vicious behaviour of many who are called chriftians. They observe that horrid wickednefs in nominal chriftians, which the light of nature condemns in themfelves : And not having diffinguishing views of things, are ready to look upon all the white people alike, and to condemn them alike for the abominable practices of fome. Hence, when I have attempted to treat with them about christianity, they have frequently objected the fcandalous practices of chriftians, and caft in my teeth all they could think of that was odious in the conduct of any of them. Have observed to me, that the white people lie, defraud, steal, and drink, worse than the Indians : That thev

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they have taught the Indians thefe things, efpecially the latter of them ; who before the coming of the English, knew of no fuch thing as strong drink : That the English have by these means, made them quarrel, and kill one another, and in a word, brought them to the practice of all those vices that now prevail among them. So that they are now vaftly more vicious, as well as much more miferable, than they were before the coming of the white people into the country.

Thefe, and fuch like objections, they frequently make against christianity, which are not eafily anfwered to their fatisfaction; many of them being facts too notorioufly true.

The only way I have to take in order to furmount this difficulty, is, to diffinguish between nominal and real chriftians, and to fhew them that the ill conduct of many of the former proceeds not from their being christians, but from their being christians only in name, not in heart, &c. To which it has fometimes been objected, that if all those who will cheat the Indians, are chriftians only in name, there are but few left in the country to be chriftians in heart. This, and many other of the remarks they pafs upon the white people, and their mifcarriages, I am forced to own, and cannot but grant, that many nominal chriftians are more abominably wicked than the Indians. But then I attempt to flow them that there are fome who feel the power of chriftianity, that are not fo. And I afk them when they ever faw me guilty of the vices they complain of, and charge chriftians in general with. But still the great difficulty is, that the people who live back in the country nearest to them, and the traders that go among them, are generally of the most irreligious and vicious fort, and the conduct of one or two perfons, be it never fo exemplary, is not-fufficient to Cc4 counterbalance

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counterbalance the vicious behaviour of fo many of the fame denomination, and fo to recommend christianity to pagans.

Another thing that ferves to make them more averse to christianity, is a fear of being enflaved. They are, perhaps, fome of the most jealous people living, and extremely averfe to a ftate of fervitude, and hence are always afraid of fome defign forming against them. Befides, they feem to have no fentiments of generofity, benevolence and goodnefs : That if any thing be proposed to them, as being for. their good, they are ready rather to fufpect that there is at bottom fome defign forming against them, than that fuch propofals flow from good will to them, and a defire of their welfare. And hence, when I have attempted to recommend christianity to their acceptance, they have fometimes objected, that the white people have come among them; have cheated them out of their lands, driven them back to the mountains, from the pleafant places they used to enjoy by the fea fide, &c. That therefore they have no reafonto think the white people are now feeking their welfare ; but rather that they have fent me out to draw them together under a pretence of kindnefs to them, that they may have an opportunity to make flaves of them as they do of the poor negroes, or elfe to fhip them on board their veffels, and make them fight with their enemies, &c. Thus they have oftentimes conftrued all the kindnefs I could fliew them, and the hardships I have endured in order to treat with them about christianity. "He never would (fay they) take all this pains to do us good; he muft have fome wicked defign to hurt us fome way or other." And to give them affurance of the contrary, :: is not an eafy matter, while there are fo many, who (agreeable to their apprehenfion) are only feeking. their own, not the good of others.

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To remove this difficulty I inform them, that I am not fent out among them by those perfons in these provinces, who, they suppose, have cheated them out of their lands, but by pious people at a great distance, who never had an inch of their lands, nor ever thought of doing them any hurt, &c.

But here will arife fo many frivolous and impertinent queftions, that it would tire one's patience, and wear out one's fpirits to hear them ; fuch as that, "But why did not thefe good people fend you to teach us before, while we had our lands down by the fea fide, &c? If they had fent you then, we fhould likely have heard you and turned chriftians." The poor creatures ftill imagining that I fhould be much beholding to them in cafe they would hearken to chriftianity, and infinuating that this was a favour they could not now be fo good as to fhew me, feeing they had received fo many injuries from the white people.

Another fpring of averfion to christianity in the Indians, is, their ftrong attachment to their own religious notions, (if they may be called religious) and the early prejudices they have imbibed in favour of their own frantick and ridiculous kind of worship. What their notions of God are, in their pagan state, is hard precifely to determine. I have taken much pains to inquire of my christian people whether they, before their acquaintance with christianity, imagined there was a plurality of great invisible powers, or whether they supposed but one such being, and worshipped him in a variety of forms and fhapes : But cannot learn any thing of them fo diftinct as to be fully fatisfying upon the point. Their notions in that ftate were fo prodigioufly dark and confused, that they feemed not to know what they thought themselves. But fo far as I can learn, they had a notion of a plurality of invifible deities, and paid fome kind of homage to them promifcuoufly, under

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under a great variety of forms and shapes. And it is certain, those who yet remain pagans pay fome kind of superstitious reverence to beasts, birds, fishes, and even reptiles; that is, fome to one kind of animal and fome to another. They do not indeed fuppose a divine power effential to, or inherent in these creatures, but that fome invisible beings (I cannot learn that it is always one fuch being only, but divers; not diftinguished from each other by certain names, but only notionally) communicate to these animals a great power, either one or other of them, (just as it happens) or perhaps fometimes all of them, and fo make these creatures the immediate authors of good to certain perfons. Whence fuch a creature becomes facred to the perfons to whom he is fuppofed to be the immediate author of good, and through him they must worship the invisible powers, though to others he is no more than another creature. And perhaps another animal is looked upon to be the immediate author of good to another, and confequently he must worship the invisible powers in that animal. And I have known a pagan burn fine tobacco for incense, in order to appease the anger of that invifible power which he fuppofed prefided over rattlefnakes, becaufe one of thefe ani-" mals was killed by another Indian near his houfe.

But after the ftricteft inquiry refpecting their notions of the Deity, I find, that in ancient times, before the coming of the white people, fome fuppofed there were four invifible powers who prefided over the four corners of the earth. Others imagined the fun to be the only deity, and that all things were made by him : Others at the fame time having a confused notion of a certain body or fountain of deity, fomewhat like the anima mundi, fo frequently mentioned by the more learned ancient heathens, diffusing itself to various animals, and even to inanimate mate things, making them the immediate authors of good to certain perfons, as was before obferved with refpect to various fuppofed deities. But after the coming of the white people, they feemed to fuppofe there were three deities, and three only, becaufe they faw people of three different kinds of complexion, viz. Englifh, Negroes and themfelves.

It is a notion pretty generally prevailing among them, that it was not the fame God made them who made us; but that they were made after the white people ; which further fhews, that they imagine a plurality of divine powers. And I fancy they fuppofe their god gained fome fpecial skill by feeing the white people made, and fo made them better : For it is certain they look upon themfelves and their methods of living (which, they fay, their god exprefsly prefcribed for them) vaftly preferable to the white people, and their methods. And hence will frequently fit and laugh at them, as being good for nothing elfe but to plough, and fatigue themfelves with hard labour; while they enjoy the fatisfaction of ftretching themfelves on the ground, and fleeping as much as they pleafe, and have no other trouble but now and then to chafe the deer, which is often attended with pleafure rather than pain. Hence, by the way, many of them look upon it as difgraceful for them to become chriftians, as it would be effeemed among chriftians for any to become pagans. And now although they fuppofe our religion will do well enough for us, becaufe prefcribed by our God, yet it is no ways proper for them, becaufe not of the fame make and original. This they have fometimes offered as a reafon why they did not incline to hearken to christianity.

They feem to have fome confused notion about a future state of existence, and many of them imagine

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that the Chichung (i. e. The fhadow) or what furvives the body, will at death go fouthward, and in an unknown, but curious place, will enjoy fome kind of happinefs, fuch as hunting, feafting, dancing, and the like. And what they fuppofe will contribute much to their happinefs in that ftate is, that they fhall never be weary of thofe entertainments. It feems by this notion of their going fouthward to obtain happinefs, as if they had their courfe into thefe parts of the world from fome very cold climate, and found the further they went fouth ward the more comfortable they were ; and thence concluded, that perfect felicity was to be found further towards the fame point.

They feem to have fome faint and glimmering notion about rewards and punifhments, or at leaft happinefs and mifery in a future flate, that is, fome that I have converfed with, though others feem to know of no fuch thing. Those that fuppose this, feem to imagine that most will be happy, and that those who are not fo, will be punished only with privation, being only excluded the walls of that good world where happy fouls shall dwell.

Thefe rewards and punifhments they fuppofe to depend entirely upon their conduct with relation to the duties of the fecond table, i.e. their behaviour towards mankind, and feem, fo far as I can fee, not to imagine that they have any reference to their religious notions or practices, or any thing that relates to the worfhip of God. I remember I once confulted a very ancient, but intelligent Indian, upon this point, for my own fatisfaction; afked him whether the Indians of old times had fuppofed there was any thing of the man that would furvive the body. He replied, Yes. I afked him, where they fuppofed its abode would be. He replied, It would go fouthward. I afked him further, whether it would be happy there.

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there. He anfwered, after a confiderable paufe, that the fouls of good folks would be happy, and the fouls of bad folks miferable. I then afked him, who he called bad folks. His anfwer (as I remember) was, those who lie, steal, quarrel with their neighbours, are unkind to their friends, and especially to aged parents, and in a word, such as are a plague to mankind. These were his bad folks; but not a word was faid about their neglect of divine worship, and their badness in that respect.

They have indeed fome kind of religious worfhip, are frequently offering facrifices to fome fuppofed invifible powers, and are very ready to impute their calamities in the prefent world, to the neglect of thefe facrifices; but there is no appearance of reverence and devotion in the homage they pay them; and what they do of this nature, feems to be done only to appeale the fuppoled anger of their deities, to engage them to be placable to themfelves, and do them no hurt, or at moft, only to invite thefe powers to fucceed them in thofe enterprifes they are engaged in refpecting the prefent life. So that in offering thefe facrifices, they feem to have no reference to a future ftate, but only to prefent comfort.

What further contributes to their averfion to chriftianity, is, the influence that their powwows (conjurers or diviners) have upon them. Thefe are a fort of perfons who are fuppofed to have a power of foretelling future events, of recovering the fick, at leaft oftentimes, and of charming, enchanting, or poifoning perfons to death, by their magick divinations. And their fpirit, in its various operations, feems to be a fatanical imitation of the fpirit of prophecy that the church in early ages was favoured with. Some of thefe diviners are endowed with this fpirit in infancy. Others in adult age. It feems not to depend upon their own will, nor to be acquir-

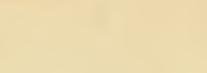
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ed by any endeavours of the perfon who is the fubject of it, although it is fuppofed to be given to children fometimes in confequence of fome means the parents ufe with them for that purpofe : One of which is to make the child fwallow a fmall living frog, after having performed fome fuperfitious rites and ceremonies upon it. They are not under the influence of this fpirit always alike; but it comes upon them at times. And those who are endowed with it, are accounted fingularly favoured.

Thefe things ferve to fix them down in their idolatry, and to make them believe there is no fafety to be expected, but by their continuing to offer fuch facrifices. And the influence that thefe powwows have upon them, either through the efteem or fear they have of them, is no fmall hindrance to their cmbracing chriftianity.

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